for governor first, followed in order by those of the candidates for the other state offices, for presidential electors, for United States senator, for member of congress, state senator and assemblyman.

Section 94—22. At least \* \* twenty days before the primary, the secretary of state shall forward by mail to each voter in the state, who appears on the list forwarded to him as provided in section 62n of the statutes, as made up from voters voting at the last general election, a copy of the pamphlet provided for herein for such primary.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 6, 1912.

No. 1, S.]

[Published May 8, 1912,

## CHAPTER 15.

AN ACT to amend sections 1668 and 4432 of the statutes, relating to weights and measures.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Sections 1668 and 4432 of the statutes are amended to read: Section 1668. 1. A barrel shall contain thirty-one and one-half gallons, and the hogshead two barrels.

- 2. A liquid gallon, two hundred thirty-one cubic inches.
- 3. A barrel of flour measured by weight shall contain one hundred ninety-six pounds.
- 4. A barrel \* \* \* for potatoes or other vegetables \* \* \* shall be the same as the standard barrel for apples or pears or other fruit as provided in subsection six of this section.
- 5. A barrel of unstacked lime shall contain two hundred pounds.
- 6. The standard barrel for apples or pears or other fruit, unless otherwise specifically defined, shall have an interior capacity of seven thousand and fifty-six cubic inches, and shall not be less than twenty-six inches between the heads inside; the diameter of the heads shall be seventeen and one-eighth inches, including the beyeled edge; the outside bilge or circumference shall be not less than sixty-four inches, the thickness of the staves being four-tenths of an inch; provided, however, that any barrel of a different form, but of an interior capacity of seven thousand and fifty-six cubic inches, shall be a legal barrel.
- 7. The standard barrel for cranberries shall measure not less than twenty-five and one-quarter inches between the heads inside;

the diameter of the heads shall be sixteen and one-quarter inches, including the beveled edge; the outside bilge, or circumference, shall measure not less than fifty-eight and one-half inches, the thickness of the staves being four-tenths of an inch. But any barrel of different form, but of the same interior capacity shall be considered a legal barrel.

- 8. A \* \* \* standard crate for apples, pears, plums, peaches, and other fruits not secondarily contained in quart or other boxes within such crate, \* \* is a box having an interior capacity \* \* of not less than two thousand three hundred fifty-two cubic inches.
- 9. A bushel crate of cranberries or blueberries shall have an interior capacity of one bushel struck measure.
- 10. All sales of blackberries, blueberries, \* \* currants, gooseberries, raspberries, cherries, strawberries, and similar berries in \* \* \* quantities of less than one bushel shall be by the quart, pint, or half-pint, dry measure, and all berry boxes or baskets sold, used, or offered for sale within the state shall be of the interior capacity of not less than one quart, pint, or half pint, dry measure. Any person \* \* who, by himself or by his servant or agent or as the servant or agent of another, shall violate any of the provisions of this \* \* subsection shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than \* \* one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than ten days nor more than three months. \* \* In addition thereto, the illegal boxes or baskets and the fruit therein contained may be confiscated.
- 11. Every manufacturer of apple barrels or cranberry barrels shall stamp or brand his name with the letters "W. S." on the outside in plain and conspicuous letters, at least two inches in height, to indicate that such barrel is of the Wisconsin standard size of barrel.
- 12. Any person, who, by himself or by his servant or agent or as the servant or agent of another, \* \* \* shall sell apples, pears, cranberries, or other fruit in barrels of less capacity than is herein provided for; \* \* \* and any person, who, by himself or by his servant or agent or as the servant or agent of another, shall stamp or brand any such barrel of less capacity than is herein prescribed with the letters "W. S.," shall \* \* \* be punished as provided in subsection 10 of this section.
- 13. All contracts for the sale of apples, pears, cranberries, or other fruits, potatoes or other vegetables, by the barrel or crate, unless it is otherwise expressly stipulated in writing, shall be construed to mean barrels or crates of the capacity \* \*

prescribed in subsections four, six, seven, eight, and nine of this section.

- 14. \* (a) Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing the sale and shipment into other states of barrels, crates, berry boxes, or baskets of other capacities than those herein specified, nor as prohibiting the use of barrels, crates, berry boxes, or baskets of other capacities than those herein specified for the sale and shipment therein into other states of the fruits or vegetables named or designated in this section; and until the first day of March, 1913, nothing in this section shall prevent the sale by net avoirdupois weight of any of the fruits or vegetables named or designated in this section, if in containers of other capacities than the standards fixed by this section; and until the first day of March, 1913, nothing in this section shall prevent the sale of any of the fruits or vegetables named or designated in this section, if the containing barrel, crate, berry box, or basket in which the same are sold is plainly and indelibly stamped or branded on the outside thereof in characters in color different from the container, at least one inch high in the case of barrel or crate, and at least one-half inch high in the case of berry box or basket, so as to show the correct interior capacity thereof by fractional part of the standard barrel or crate or of the standard quart or pint dry measure, as the case may be, if sold for such capacity.
- (b) The requirement of subsection 4 of section 1661 of the statutes as to sealing by the scaler of weights and measures shall not be construed as applying to the barrels, crates, boxes, or baskets designated in this section.

1. Any person, who, by himself or by his servant or agent or as the servant or agent of another, shall use or retain in his possession any false weight or measure or any weight or measure, or weighing or measuring device, to be used in the buying or selling of any commodity or thing which has not been sealed by a scaler of weights and measures within one year; or any person who, by himself or by his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of another, shall sell or offer or expose for sale or keep for the purpose of sale, less than the quantity he represents; or who by himself, or by his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of another, shall use any false weight or measure in buying or selling any commodity or thing, or shall sell or offer or expose for sale or keep for the purpose of sale any commodity in a manner contrary to law; or any person, who, by himself or by his servant or agent or as the servant or agent of another, shall sell or offer to sell or have in his possession for the purpose of selling any device or machine to be used or calculated to falsify any weight or measure, shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not less than ten days nor more than three months, or by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than \* \* one hundred dollars. \* \* \*.

- 2. Or any person who wilfully, with intent to cheat or defraud the buyer or seller of electric current, gas, water, or steam, shall make or cause to be made or aid in the making of any electric conductor, gas pipe, water pipe, steam pipe, or other instrument or contrivance, or any connection as to conduct or supply or intended to conduct or supply electric current, gas, water, or steam to any lamp or motor or machine or burner or orifice or appliance from which such electricity, gas, water, or steam may be consumed or utilized, without passing through or being registered by a meter; or any person who shall wilfully use a false meter for the measurement of electric current, gas, water, or steam in the buying or selling of the same; or who shall wilfully obstruct or interfere with the working of any meter used for such purposes, so as to cause or be intended to cause a false registration of the amount of electric current, water, gas, or steam consumed with the intent to cheat or defraud the seller or buyer of such electric current, gas, water, or steam; shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not more than one year or by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars; but in case the amount of damages occasioned by such cheat or fraud shall not exceed twenty dollars, he shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not more than three months or by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars: and in computing the amount of damages occasioned, the value of such electric current, water, gas, or steam shall be the regular current price therefor, charged to the consumer by the seller thereof.
- 3. But nothing contained in sections 1658 to 1670, inclusive, shall prohibit the use by any person, or by his servant or agent, in good faith, of any unscaled weight or measure or weighing or measuring device purchased or acquired by such person after the last visit of a sealer to such person for the purpose of inspection and sealing of weights and measures, or any sealed weight or measure or weighing or measuring device in his possession after the expiration of one year next after the last inspection and sealing thereof, provided the said person shall have notified the city sealer in cities subject to the provisions of section 1661, or the superintendent of weights and measures, respectively, in writing, signed by said person, of the fact that he has such weight or measure or weighing or measuring device, giving the number thereof and a general description of the same, and the place where

the same may be found for the purpose of inspection, and shall have received a written acknowledgment of said notice, signed by such city scaler or superintendent of weights and measures.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 6, 1912.

No. 12, S.]

[Published May 8, 1912.

## CHAPTER 16.

AN ACT to amend section 1, subsections 1 and 4 of section 4, sections 9, 10, 12, 17, subsection 2 of section 20 of chapter 391 of the laws of 1911, relative to the appointment of election commissioners and subordinate election officials, and the conduct of elections and registration of qualified voters in cities of more than one hundred thousand inhabitants, and providing a penalty.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 1, subsections 1 and 4 of section 4, sections 9, 10, 12, 17, subsection 2 of section 20 of chapter 391 of the laws of 1911 are amended to read:

(Laws of 1911, Chapter 391.) Section 1. There is created a board of election commissioners for each city having more than one hundred thousand inhabitants, composed of three members, who shall be appointed as follows: The mayor of each said city shall appoint three members for terms of one, two, and three years, respectively, dating from July 1st, in the year in which they are appointed, and until their successors are commissioned and qualified. Successors shall be appointed in like manner and their terms of office shall be three years in all cases and until their successors are commissioned and qualified. The board shall be composed of one member from each of the three dominant political parties, as shown by the returns of the last preceding general election, and appointments shall be made in accordance with this rule. The party affiliation in each case shall be attested by the respective chairmen of the city committees, of the several political parties before such appointment shall be in force. The board shall choose its own chairman. In case of vacancy for any cause in said board, the same shall be filled by the appointment of the mayor for the unexpired term. Such commissioners shall be legal voters, and residents of the state for at least five years, and of the city for a like period of time. They shall hold