

1 2. A statement by the signing veterinarian that no pseudorabies vaccine has
2 been used on the swine, unless sub. (4)(b) permits vaccination.

3 3. A report of a negative pseudorabies test conducted not more than 30 days
4 before the swine enters this state, unless sub. (2)(b) exempts the swine from the
5 pseudorabies testing requirement.

6 4. A report of a negative brucellosis test conducted not more than 30 days
7 before the swine enters this state, unless sub. (3)(b) exempts the swine from the
8 brucellosis testing requirement.

9 5. Any other information required under this section.

10 (b) *Exemptions.* Paragraph (a) does not require a certificate of veterinary
11 inspection for any of the following:

12 1. An animal imported directly to a slaughtering establishment for slaughter.

13 2. An animal imported directly to a federally approved livestock import
14 market.

15 3. Micro pigs imported directly to a laboratory pursuant to a written import
16 permit under sub. (9).

17 (2) PSEUDORABIES TEST. (a) *Requirement.* Except as provided in par. (b), no
18 person may import any swine into this state unless the swine tests negative on a pre-
19 import pseudorabies test conducted not more than 30 days before the swine enters this
20 state.

21 (b) *Exemptions.* Paragraph (a) does not require a pre-import pseudorabies test
22 for any of the following:

23 1. An animal imported directly to a slaughtering establishment for slaughter.

1 2. An animal imported directly to a federally approved livestock import
2 market.

3 3. An animal originating from a qualified pseudorabies negative herd if the
4 certificate of veterinary inspection under sub. (1) certifies that the herd of origin
5 qualifies on the basis of monthly, not quarterly, testing.

6 4. An animal originating from a stage IV or V area designated by the national
7 pseudorabies control board, unless testing is required under s. ATCP 11.03(5)(c).

8 5. Feeder swine originating from a feeder swine pseudorabies monitored herd
9 if the certificate of veterinary inspection under sub. (1) certifies that the feeder swine
10 originate from a pseudorabies monitored herd.


11 6. Micro pigs imported directly to a laboratory pursuant to a written import
12 permit under sub. (9).

13 (3) BRUCELLOSIS TEST. (a) *Requirement.* Except as provided in par. (b), no
14 person may import a swine into this state unless the swine tests negative on a pre-
15 import brucellosis test conducted not more than 30 days before the swine enters this
16 state.

17 (b) *Exemptions.* Paragraph (a) does not require a pre-import brucellosis test
18 for any of the following:

19 1. An animal imported directly to a slaughtering establishment for slaughter.

20 2. An animal imported directly to a federally approved livestock import
21 market.

22 3. An animal originating from a brucellosis stage III state, unless testing is
23 required under s. ATCP 11.03(5)(c). — 

- 1 4. An animal originating from a validated brucellosis-free herd.
- 2 5. Feeder swine imported in compliance with sub. (6).
- 3 6. Micro pigs imported directly to a laboratory pursuant to a written permit
- 4 under sub. (9). *def.?*

5 (4) PSEUDORABIES VACCINATES PROHIBITED; EXEMPTIONS. (a) *Prohibition.*

6 Except as provided in par. (b), no person may import into this state any swine that has
7 been vaccinated for pseudorabies.

8 (b) *Exemptions.* Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:

- 9 1. An animal imported directly to a slaughtering establishment for slaughter.
- 10 2. Micro pigs imported directly to a laboratory pursuant to a written permit
- 11 under sub (9).

12 (5) IMPORTED SWINE; ISOLATION AND PSEUDORABIES TESTING. (a)

13 *Requirement.* Except as provided in par. (b), a person receiving imported swine in this
14 state shall do all the following:

- 15 1. Isolate the imported swine from all other swine on the premises until the
- 16 imported swine test negative for pseudorabies.
- 17 2. Have the imported swine tested for pseudorabies not less than 30 days nor
- 18 more than 45 days after the swine enter this state.

19 (b) *Exemptions.* Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:

- 20 1. An animal imported directly to a slaughtering establishment for slaughter.
- 21 2. An animal imported directly to a federally approved livestock import
- 22 market.

1 3. An animal originating from a stage IV or V state or area designated by the
2 national pseudorabies control board, unless testing is required under s. ATCP

3 11.03(5)(c). ~~no~~

4 4. Feeder swine imported in compliance with sub. (6).

5 5. Micro pigs imported directly to a laboratory pursuant to a written permit
6 under sub. (9).

7 (6) SWINE IMPORTED FROM PSEUDORABIES STAGE I OR II STATE. (a) *Imported*
8 *swine*. An imported swine originating from a pseudorabies stage I or II state may not
9 be removed from the premises at which it is received in this state, except that:

10 1. It may be shipped directly to a slaughtering establishment for slaughter.

11 2. It may be moved directly from a federally approved livestock import market
12 to a farm, provided it first tests negative on a pseudorabies test. The animal may only
13 leave that farm if it is shipped directly to a slaughtering plant for slaughter.

14 (b) *Swine commingled with imported swine*. A swine commingled with swine
15 imported from a pseudorabies stage I or II state may not be removed from the premises
16 where the commingling occurred, except that:

17 1. The swine may be shipped directly to a slaughtering plant for slaughter.

18 2. The swine may be moved directly from a federally approved livestock
19 import market to a farm, and from that farm shipped directly to a slaughtering
20 establishment for slaughter.

21 3. The swine may be moved from the premises if all swine originating from a
22 pseudorabies stage I or II state have been removed according to par. (a) and a

1 statistically significant sampling of the remaining swine have tested negative for
2 pseudorabies.

3 (7) FEEDER SWINE IMPORTS: (a) *Import destination.* No feeder swine may be
4 imported into this state unless the feeder swine is imported directly to one of the
5 following:

- 6 1. A slaughtering establishment for immediate slaughter.
- 7 2. A federally approved livestock import market.
- 8 3. A farm for finish feeding prior to slaughter.

9 (b) *Feeder swine imported to farms.* Feeder swine imported to a farm, either
10 directly or via a federally approved livestock import market, shall at all times be kept
11 separate from breeder swine on the farm. Imported feeder swine may not be removed
12 from the farm except for slaughter. Swine that are shipped to a farm after being
13 commingled with imported feeder swine at a federally approved livestock import
14 market are considered imported feeder swine under this paragraph.

15 (8) GARBAGE-FED SWINE; IMPORT PROHIBITED. Swine fed on raw commercial
16 garbage may not be imported into this state for slaughter or any other purpose. Swine
17 fed on cooked commercial garbage may not be imported into this state unless the
18 department first issues a written import permit under s. ATCP 11.03 that identifies the
19 imported swine as swine fed on cooked commercial garbage.

20 (9) LABORATORY IMPORT PERMIT. The department may issue a written import
21 permit under s. ATCP 11.03 authorizing the import of micro pigs directly to a
22 laboratory in this state, subject to the following conditions stated in the permit:

1 (a) The laboratory shall use the micro pigs for bona fide scientific research,
2 studies or tests.

3 (b) The micro pigs shall be imported to the laboratory in a closed, biologically
4 controlled environment that keeps the pigs biologically isolated from other swine.

5 (c) The micro pigs shall be confined in the laboratory so they are biologically
6 isolated from other swine.

7 (d) The laboratory operator shall euthanize all of the micro pigs at the end of
8 the study, test or experiment, and shall dispose of all carcasses in a manner that
9 prevents biological exposure to other swine.

10 **SECTION 154.** ATCP 11.21 is repealed. 

11 **SECTION 155.** ATCP 11.22 and 11.23 are repealed and recreated to read:

12 **ATCP 11.22 Slaughter swine identification. (1) IDENTIFICATION REQUIRED.**

13 Except as provided in sub. (3), a livestock trucker, livestock market operator or
14 slaughtering establishment operator shall do all the following whenever that person
15 receives a sow, boar or stag for slaughter, or for sale or shipment to slaughter:

16 (a) Identify the swine with an official swine backtag or other approved
17 slaughter identification, unless the swine already bears an official slaughter
18 identification.

19 (b) Make a record of the slaughter identification.

20 (2) **RECORDKEEPING.** (a) A record under sub. (1)(b) shall include all the
21 following:

- 22 1. The animal's slaughter identification number.
- 23 2. The date on which the animal was received.

1 3. The date on which the slaughter identification was applied. If the animal
2 already bore a slaughter identification when received, the record shall note that fact.

3 4. The name and address of the person from whom the animal was received.

4 5. The class of animal received.

5 (b) A person required to keep records under sub. (1)(b) shall keep those
6 records for at least 5 years, and shall make them available to the department for
7 inspection and copying upon request.

8 (3) **LOW-VOLUME SLAUGHTER ESTABLISHMENTS; EXEMPTION.** The department
9 may, by written notice, exempt a slaughtering establishment from sub. (1) if all the
10 following apply:

11 (a) The slaughtering establishment receives all of its swine directly from
12 producers.

13 (b) The slaughtering establishment can identify the herd of origin of every
14 swine slaughtered.

15 (c) The slaughtering establishment slaughters not more than 100 swine per day,
16 and operates no more than 5 days per week.

17 **ATCP 11.23 Swine; intrastate movement.** (1) **PSEUDORABIES TEST**
18 **REQUIRED.** Except as provided in sub. (2), no person may move a swine within this
19 state unless all the following apply:

20 (a) The swine first tests negative on a pseudorabies test conducted not more
21 than 30 days prior to the intrastate movement.

22 (b) A copy of the negative test report under par. (a) accompanies the swine.

23 The operator of a swine growth performance test station shall keep copies of

1 pseudorabies test reports for all swine moved into or out of the test station. The test
2 station operator shall retain the copies for a period of 5 years, and make them available
3 to the department for inspection and copying upon request.

4 (2) EXEMPTIONS. Sub. (1) does not apply if any of the following applies:

5 (a) This state qualifies as a pseudorabies stage IV or V state.

6 (b) The animal originates from a qualified pseudorabies negative herd or a
7 qualified pseudorabies negative grow-out herd.

8 (c) The animal is moved directly to a slaughtering establishment for slaughter.

9 (d) The animal is moved to the premises of a livestock dealer or livestock
10 market if the dealer or market operator complies with the testing requirement under
11 par. (a) before the animal is moved from those premises.

12 (e) The animal is moved between 2 premises, both of which are owned or
13 operated by the owner of the animal.

14 **SECTION 156.** ATCP 11.30 is repealed and recreated to read:

15 **ATCP 11.30 Equine animals; import.** (1) CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY

16 INSPECTION. (a) *Requirement.* Except as provided in pars. (b) to (e), no person may
17 import an equine animal into this state unless the animal is accompanied by a valid
18 certificate of veterinary inspection. The certificate shall comply with s. ATCP 11.02
19 and shall include all the following:

20 1. The official individual identification of the equine animal.

21 2. A report of a negative test for equine infectious anemia if required by sub.

22 (2).

1 (b) *Animal imported for slaughter.* Paragraph (a) does not apply to an equine
2 animal imported directly to a slaughtering establishment for slaughter.

3 (c) *Animal imported to livestock market.* Paragraph (a) does not apply to an
4 equine animal imported directly to a livestock market licensed under s. ATCP 12.02 if
5 any of the following apply:

6 1. The animal is shipped directly to a slaughtering establishment, for slaughter,
7 within 10 days after it arrives at the livestock market and before it is commingled with
8 any equine animal that is not shipped to slaughter.

9 2. A Wisconsin certified veterinarian issues a certificate of veterinary
10 inspection for the equine animal before the animal leaves the livestock market or is
11 commingled with any other equine animal at the market. The certificate shall include a
12 report of a negative test for equine infectious anemia if a test is required under sub. (2).

13 (d) *Animal imported for, or returned from, veterinary treatment.* Paragraph (a)
14 does not apply to any of the following:

15 1. An equine animal that is imported directly to a veterinary facility for
16 treatment, provided that the animal is returned to its place of origin immediately after
17 treatment.

18 2. An equine animal returning to its place of origin in this state immediately
19 after treatment in a veterinary facility outside this state.

20 (e) *Animal imported for trail ride, horse show or exhibition.* Paragraph (a)
21 does not apply to an equine animal imported for a trail ride, horse show or exhibition if
22 all the following apply:

23 1. Ownership does not change while the animal is in this state.

1 2. The animal remains in this state for no more than 7 days.

2 3. The animal is accompanied by a report of a negative equine infectious
3 anemia test conducted in compliance with sub. (2).

4 4. The animal originates from a state that allows Wisconsin equine animals to
5 attend trail rides, horse shows or exhibitions in that state under similar conditions.

6 (2) EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA; TEST. (a) *Requirement*. Except as provided
7 in pars. (b) to (d), no person may import any equine animal into this state unless one of
8 the following applies:

9 1. The animal tested negative on an equine infectious anemia test conducted
10 during the calendar year in which the animal is imported into this state.

11 2. The animal is imported on or before January 31 of any calendar year and the
12 animal tested negative for equine infectious anemia during the preceding calendar year.

13 (b) *Nursing foal*. Paragraph (a) does not apply to a nursing foal accompanying
14 its dam.

15 (b) *Animal imported to livestock market*. Paragraph (a) does not apply to an
16 equine animal imported directly to a livestock market licensed under s. ATCP 12.02,
17 provided that one of the following applies:

18 1. The equine animal is shipped directly to a slaughtering establishment, for
19 slaughter, within 10 days after it arrives at the livestock market and before it is
20 commingled with any other animal that is not shipped to slaughter.

21 2. The livestock market operator has the animal tested for equine infectious
22 anemia within 10 days after it arrives at the market, and obtains the test results before

1 the animal leaves the livestock market and before it is commingled with any other
2 equine animal at the livestock market.

3 (c) *Animal imported for, or returned from, veterinary treatment.* Paragraph (a)
4 does not apply to any of the following:

5 1. An equine animal that is imported directly to a veterinary facility for
6 treatment, provided that the animal is returned to its place of origin immediately after
7 treatment.

8 2. An equine animal returning to its place of origin in this state immediately
9 after treatment in a veterinary facility outside this state.

10 (d) *Animal imported under written permit.* The department may issue a written
11 permit under s. ATCP 11.03, authorizing the permit holder to import an equine animal
12 before that person obtains the results of an equine infectious anemia test under par. (a).
13 The department shall include the following conditions in the import permit:

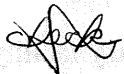
14 1. An equine infectious anemia test sample shall be collected before the animal
15 is imported.

16 2. The animal shall be confined to the premises at which the animal is first
17 received in this state until the test results are known. The animal may not be
18 commingled with any other equine animals on the premises during that confinement
19 period.

20 (3) EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA; TEST POSITIVE ANIMALS. (a) No person may
21 import an equine animal that has tested positive for equine infectious anemia.

1 (b) If an equine animal tests positive for equine infectious anemia under sub.
2 (2)(b) or (d) after it enters this state, the owner or custodian of the animal shall do one
3 of the following:

- 4 1. Euthanize the animal on the premises where it is located.
- 5 2. Ship the animal directly to a slaughtering establishment for slaughter, with
6 department approval under s. ATCP 10.41(9)(b).
- 7 3. Return the animal to its state of origin, with department approval under s.
8 ATCP 10.41(9)(b).

9 **SECTION 157.** ATCP 11.31 is repealed. 

10 **SECTION 158.** ATCP 11.32(3)(c) and (d), are amended to read:

11 ATCP 11.32(3)(c) The location of the equine quarantine station, specified by
12 county, township, ~~and~~ section and fire number.

13 (d) The name and address of the ~~accredited~~ Wisconsin certified veterinarian
14 who will perform all identification, handling, testing and treatment of equine animals at
15 the approved equine quarantine station under procedures or protocols established ~~by the~~
16 ~~department~~ under sub. (5).

17 **SECTION 159.** ATCP 11.32(5) is amended to read:

18 ATCP 11.32(5) TESTING AND TREATMENT PROCEDURES; WRITTEN AGREEMENT.
19 Before ~~any permit is issued for the operation of~~ the department issues any permit under
20 sub. (3) for an approved equine quarantine station, the station operator and the
21 ~~accredited~~ Wisconsin certified veterinarian designated under sub. (3)(d) shall enter into
22 a written agreement with the department ~~establishing procedures and protocols to be~~
23 ~~followed in the identification, handling, testing and treatment of equine animals~~

1 ~~quarantined at the station.~~ The agreement shall establish the procedures and protocols
2 that will be used to identify, handle, test and treat equine animals quarantined at the
3 station. The approved equine quarantine station shall be operated in compliance with
4 the agreed procedures and protocols. ~~Procedures~~ The designated veterinarian shall
5 perform the procedures and protocols ~~shall be performed by the designated~~
6 ~~veterinarian,~~ except as otherwise authorized by the department.

7 **SECTION 160.** ATCP 11.32(6)(b) is amended to read:

8 ATCP 11.32(6)(b) Records under par. (a) shall be retained for at least ~~2~~ 5
9 years and shall be made available for inspection and copying by the department upon
10 request.

11 **SECTION 161.** ATCP 11.34 is repealed and recreated to read:

12 **ATCP 11.34 Selling equine animals.** (1) TEST REQUIRED. Except as
13 provided in sub. (2), no person may sell or transfer ownership of any equine animal in
14 this state unless one of the following applies:

15 1. The animal has tested negative for equine infectious anemia during the
16 current calendar year and the official test report accompanies the animal.

17 2. The sale or transfer of ownership occurs on or before January 31, the animal
18 has tested negative for equine infectious anemia during the preceding calendar year and
19 the official test report accompanies the animal.

20 (2) EXEMPTIONS. Subsection (1) does not apply to any of the following:

21 (a) A nursing foal accompanying its dam.

22 (b) An equine animal sold directly to a slaughtering establishment for
23 slaughter.

1 (c) An equine animal consigned to a livestock market for sale directly to
2 slaughter. If the animal is not sold to slaughter within 10 days after it is received at the
3 market, it shall be tested immediately.

4 (d) An equine animal sold to a livestock market operator, provided that the
5 livestock market operator shall either ship the animal to slaughter or have the animal
6 tested within 10 days after purchase.

7 **SECTION 162.** ATCP 11.50 to 11.52 are amended to read:

8 **ATCP 11.50 Sheep imports.** No person may import a sheep into this state
9 for any purpose except immediate slaughter unless the sheep is accompanied by a valid
10 ~~interstate health certificate or~~ certificate of veterinary inspection. The certificate shall
11 comply with s. ATCP 11.02, ~~and shall state that the sheep originates from a flock~~
12 ~~which is free of foot rot and all other contagious and infectious diseases. No flock~~
13 ~~inspection is required for feeder lambs.~~

14 **ATCP 11.51 Goat imports.** No person may import a goat into this state
15 unless the goat is accompanied by a valid ~~interstate health certificate or~~ certificate of
16 veterinary inspection ~~which~~ that complies with s. ATCP 11.02.

17 **ATCP 11.52 Dogs and domestic cats; imports.** No person may import any
18 dog or domestic cat into this state unless it is accompanied by a valid ~~interstate health~~
19 ~~certificate or~~ certificate of veterinary inspection. The certificate shall comply with s.
20 ATCP 11.02, and shall indicate whether the dog or cat has been vaccinated for rabies
21 by a licensed veterinarian, the date of the last vaccination, and the date on which the
22 dog or cat is due for revaccination ~~or repeat vaccination~~. If the dog or cat has not been
23 vaccinated by a licensed veterinarian, or if the dog or cat is due for revaccination ~~or~~

1 ~~repeat vaccination~~ when it enters this state, the owner shall have the dog or domestic
2 cat vaccinated by a licensed veterinarian within 30 days after the dog or cat enters this
3 state, or within 30 days after the dog or domestic cat reaches 4 months of age,
4 whichever occurs later. Vaccinations shall comply with age and time standards and
5 label instructions approved by the federal bureau for the type of vaccine used.

6 **SECTION 163.** ATCP 11.53(1) is repealed and recreated to read:

7 **ATCP 11.53(1) PERMIT REQUIRED.** Except as provided in sub. (3), no person
8 may import any circus, rodeo, racing or menagerie animal into this state without a
9 written permit from the department under s. ATCP 11.03.

10 **SECTION 164.** ATCP 11.53(2)(a) to (c) are amended to read:

11 **ATCP 11.53(2)(a)** Every animal shall be accompanied by a valid ~~interstate~~
12 ~~health certificate or~~ certificate of veterinary inspection. The certificate shall comply
13 with s. ATCP 11.02, and shall contain the number of the written import permit issued
14 by the department under sub. (1).

15 (b) Every brucellosis test eligible bovine animal shall have a negative
16 brucellosis test conducted within 30 days prior to entry. ~~The exemptions under s.~~
17 ~~ATCP 11.11(3)(b) do not apply to circus, rodeo or menagerie animals.~~

18 (c) Every equine animal shall be tested and found negative for equine infectious
19 anemia within ~~180 days before a permit application is filed with the department~~ the
20 current calendar year, except if the equine animal is imported before January 31, the
21 equine animal shall have tested negative for equine infectious anemia within the
22 preceding calendar year.

23 **SECTION 165.** ATCP 11.53(2)(e) is repealed. *Deed*

1 SECTION 166. ATCP 11.54(title) is amended to read:

2 ATCP 11.54 Exotic ruminants ~~and South American camelidae~~; import.

3 SECTION 167. ATCP 11.54(1)(title) and (intro.) are amended to read:

4 ATCP 11.54(1) ~~HEALTH CERTIFICATE~~ CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY

5 INSPECTION. No person may import an exotic ruminant ~~or south American camlid~~ into

6 this state unless the animal is accompanied by a valid ~~interstate health certificate or~~

7 certificate of veterinary inspection. The certificate shall comply with s. ATCP 11.02,

8 and shall include the following information:

9 SECTION 168. ATCP 11.54(2) is repealed and recreated to read: *am.*

10 ATCP 11.54(2) IMPORT PERMIT. No person may import an exotic ruminant or

11 ~~South American camelid~~ into this state without a written import permit under s. ATCP

12 11.03.

13 SECTION 169. ATCP 11.54(3) is repealed and recreated to read:

14 ATCP 11.54(3) TUBERCULOSIS TEST REQUIRED. (a) Except as provided under

15 par. (b), no person may import an exotic ruminant into this state unless the animal tests

16 negative on a tuberculosis test that is approved by the department, and is conducted not

17 more than 60 days prior to the import date. The person who imports an exotic

18 ruminant shall contact the department and obtain a list of specific tests approved for the

19 species to be imported.

20 **NOTE:** A person may obtain a list of approved tests for a specific species by
21 contacting the department at the following address:

22 Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection

23 Division of Animal Health

24 P.O. Box 8911

25 Madison, WI 53708-8911

26 Phone: (608)224-4872

1
2 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to an exotic ruminant imported directly to an
3 institution accredited by the American association of zoological parks and aquariums.

4 An animal imported to an accredited institution under this paragraph may not be moved
5 to any place which is not an accredited institution unless the animal tests negative on a
6 tuberculosis test that is approved by the department, and conducted not more than 60
7 days before the animal is moved.

8 (c) The veterinarian performing a tuberculosis test under par. (a) or (b) shall be
9 one of the following:

10 1. An accredited veterinarian, except that a test performed in this state shall be
11 performed by a Wisconsin certified veterinarian.

12 2. An employee of the department or the federal bureau.

13 **SECTION 170.** ATCP 11.54(4) is amended to read:

14 (4) BRUCELLOSIS TEST REQUIRED. (a) Except as provided under par. (b) no
15 person may import an exotic ruminant ~~or south American camelid~~ into this state unless
16 the animal first tests negative on a brucellosis test conducted not more than 30 days
17 prior to the import date.

18 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to an exotic ruminant ~~or south American~~
19 ~~camelid~~ imported directly to an institution accredited by the American association of
20 zoological parks and aquariums. An animal imported to an accredited institution under
21 this paragraph may not be moved to any place which is not an accredited institution
22 unless the animal first tests negative on a brucellosis test conducted not more than 30
23 days before the animal is moved.

1 SECTION 171. ATCP 11.545(title) is amended to read:

2 ATCP 11.545 Farm-raised deer and other ~~cervidae~~ cervids; identification
3 requirements.

4 SECTION 172. ATCP 11.545(1)(b)(title) is amended to read:

5 ATCP 11.545(1)(b) *Veterinarian required to identify cervidae cervids.*

6 SECTION 173. ATCP 11.545(2)(a)(title) and (a) are amended to read:

7 ATCP 11.545(2)(a)(title) ~~Back-tag~~ Identification required. Whenever a
8 livestock trucker, livestock dealer, livestock market operator, ~~stockyard operator~~ or
9 slaughtering establishment operator receives any farm-raised deer for slaughter, or for
10 sale or shipment to slaughter, that recipient shall immediately identify that farm-raised
11 deer with an official backtag or other approved slaughter identification unless the farm-
12 raised deer already bears an official ~~backtag slaughter identification~~. ~~The recipient of~~
13 ~~the farm-raised deer shall affix the backtag to the deer at a point 4 inches behind the~~
14 ~~shoulder and 4 inches below the topline.~~

15 SECTION 174. ATCP 11.545(2)(b)1. is amended to read:

16 ATCP 11.545(2)(b)1. The number of the official ~~backtag~~ slaughter
17 identification under par. (a) which that recipient applied to that deer at the time of
18 receipt, or which that deer bore at the time of receipt.

19 SECTION 175. ATCP 11.545(2)(c)(title) and (c) is amended to read:

20 ATCP 11.545(2)(c)(title) *Records retained for at least 2 5 years; inspection*
21 *and copying*. A person required to keep records under par. (b) shall do all of the
22 following:

23 1. Retain those records for at least 2 5 years after the records are made.

1 2. Make those records available to the department, upon request, for inspection
2 and copying.

3 **SECTION 176.** ATCP 11.545(3) is repealed and recreated to read:

4 ATCP 11.545(3) TUBERCULOSIS REACTOR. Whenever the department classifies
5 a cervid as a tuberculosis reactor, the owner of the cervid shall take the actions
6 required under s. ATCP 10.66(7). ~~ATCP 10.66(7)~~

7 **SECTION 177.** ATCP 11.55(title) and (1) are repealed and recreated to read:

8 **ATCP 11.55 Cervids; import requirements.** (1) CERTIFICATE OF
9 VETERINARY INSPECTION REQUIRED. No person may import a cervid into this state
10 unless the cervid is accompanied by a valid certificate of veterinary inspection. The
11 certificate shall comply with s. ATCP 11.02 and shall include the following
12 information:

13 (a) A report of negative tuberculosis tests under sub. (2).

14 (b) The permit number of the import permit under sub. (4).

15 (c) A report of a negative pre-import brucellosis test conducted not more than
16 30 days before the cervid enters this state.

17 **SECTION 178.** ATCP 11.55(2)(b)3. to 5. are amended to read:

18 ATCP 11.55(2)(b)3. A cervid imported directly from an accredited
19 tuberculosis-free herd, provided that the cervid is accompanied by ~~an interstate health~~
20 ~~certificate or a~~ certificate of veterinary inspection ~~which~~ that includes the source herd
21 number and the date on which the source herd was last tested for tuberculosis.

22 4. A cervid originating from a tuberculosis qualified herd, provided that the
23 cervid is accompanied by ~~an interstate health certificate or a~~ certificate of veterinary

1 inspection ~~which that~~ includes the source herd number, the date on which the source
2 herd was last tested for tuberculosis, and a certification that the imported cervid tested
3 negative ~~on a single cervical tuberculin test conducted~~ on a tuberculosis test under par.
4 (a)1. not more than 90 days before the cervid was imported into this state.

5 5. A cervid originating from a tuberculosis monitored herd, provided that the
6 cervid is accompanied by ~~an interstate health certificate or~~ a certificate of veterinary
7 inspection ~~which that~~ includes the source herd number, the date on which the source
8 herd was first certified as a tuberculosis monitored herd, the most recent date on which
9 the source herd was recertified as a tuberculosis monitored herd, and certification that
10 the imported cervid tested negative ~~on a single cervical tuberculin test conducted~~ on a
11 tuberculosis test under par. (a)1. not more than 90 days before the cervid was imported
12 into this state.

13 **SECTION 179.** ATCP 11.55(2)(c) is created to read:

14 ATCP 11.55(2)(c) *Blood tuberculosis test does not qualify.* A blood
15 tuberculosis test (BTB test) does not qualify as a pre-import tuberculosis test under this
16 subsection.

17 **SECTION 180.** ATCP 11.55(3) and (4) are repealed and recreated to read:

18 ATCP 11.55(3) **ANIMAL FROM SUSPECT HERD MAY NOT BE IMPORTED.** No
19 cervid may be imported to this state from a herd of origin in which any animal is
20 classified as a tuberculosis suspect until the suspect status has been resolved. This
21 paragraph does not apply to a cervid imported directly to a slaughtering establishment
22 for slaughter.

1 (4) IMPORT PERMIT REQUIRED. No person may import a cervid into this state
2 without a written import permit under s. ATCP 11.03.

3 SECTION 181. ATCP 11.56(title) is amended to read:


4 ATCP 11.56 Keeping and moving ~~cervidae~~ cervids within Wisconsin.

5 SECTION 182. ATCP 11.56(1)(title) and (1) are amended to read:

6 ATCP 11.56(1) ~~HEALTH CERTIFICATE~~ CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION
7 REQUIRED FOR INTRASTATE MOVEMENT. Except as provided under sub. (2), no person
8 may move any cervid between locations in this state unless the cervid is accompanied
9 by a certificate of veterinary inspection ~~or an interstate health certificate~~ signed by an
10 ~~accredited~~ Wisconsin certified veterinarian. The certificate shall state that the cervid
11 tested negative on ~~the~~ a single cervical tuberculin test, or another tuberculosis test
12 approved by the department, not more than 90 days prior to the intrastate movement.

13 SECTION 183. ATCP 11.56(2)(f) is amended to read:

14 ATCP 11.56(2)(f) The cervid is a member of the species *Odocoileus*
15 *virginianus* (*white-tailed deer*), provided that the cervid has not commingled with
16 ~~cervidae~~ cervids of any other species during the 12 months preceding the intrastate
17 movement.

18 SECTION 184. ATCP 11.56(2)(g) is repealed. 

19 SECTION 185. ATCP 11.56(3) is amended to read:

20 (3) COMMINGLING WITH BOVINE ANIMALS PROHIBITED. No person may cause or
21 allow captive ~~cervidae~~ cervids to commingle with bovine animals on the same premises
22 or in the same building, enclosure or vehicle. ~~Captive cervidae and bovine animals~~
23 ~~kept in an outside environment on the same premises are not commingled if direct~~

1 ~~contact between the species is precluded by double fencing between adjoining pastures~~
2 ~~for each specie.~~

3 SECTION 186. ATCP 11.56(4)(a) is amended to read:

4 ATCP 11.56(4)(a) The department may approve tuberculosis isolation and
5 testing facilities for ~~cervidae~~ cervids. The department may approve a facility for a
6 period of up to 2 years, and may renew its approval for periods up to 2 years each.
7 The department may, for cause, suspend or revoke its approval.

8 SECTION 187. ATCP 11.57 is repealed and recreated to read:

9 ATCP 11.57 **Ratites; import.** No person may import a ratite into this state
10 unless both the following apply:

11 (1) The person holds an import permit under s. ATCP 11.03.

12 (2) The ratite is accompanied by a valid certificate of veterinary inspection that
13 complies with s. ATCP 11.02. A certificate of veterinary inspection is not required if
14 the ratite is imported directly from a federal quarantine facility.

15 **NOTE:** The department recommends, but does not require, that every ratite
16 imported into Wisconsin be isolated on the recipient's premises for at
17 least 14 days, and that the bird be tested for avian influenza before being
18 allowed to commingle with other ratites or poultry.

19
20 SECTION 188. ATCP 11.58(1)(k) is amended to read:

21 ATCP 11.58(1)(k) "Salmonid" means fish or fish eggs ~~of the Salmonidae~~
22 family. ~~"Salmonidae" means fish or fish eggs of the family that includes trout,~~
23 salmon, grayling, char, Dolly Vardon, whitefish, cisco and inconnu.

24 SECTION 189. ATCP 11.58(2)(intro.) is amended to read:

1 ATCP 11.58(2)(intro.) ANNUAL IMPORT PERMIT REQUIRED. Except as
2 provided in sub. (3), no person may import live fish or fish eggs into this state for any
3 of the following purposes except under an annual written import permit from the
4 department:

5 **SECTION 190.** ATCP 11.59(1)(am) is created to read:

6 ATCP 11.59(1)(am) "Certified veterinarian" means one of the following:

7 1. For actions taken in this state, a Wisconsin certified veterinarian whom the
8 department has trained to perform disease eradication and control functions related to
9 fish.

10 2. For actions taken outside this state, an accredited veterinarian.

11 **SECTION 191.** ATCP 11.59(1)(e) is amended to read:

12 ATCP 11.59(1)(e) "Salmonid" means fish or fish eggs ~~of the Salmonidae~~
13 ~~family.~~ "Salmonidae" means fish or fish eggs of the family that includes trout,
14 salmon, grayling, char, Dolly Vardon, whitefish, cisco and inconnu.

15 **SECTION 192.** ATCP 11.59(2)(a)(intro.) is amended to read:

16 ATCP 11.59(2)(a) No person may introduce live salmonids into waters of the
17 state after June 1, 1999, and no person may introduce other live fish or fish eggs into
18 waters of the state after December 31, 2001, unless ~~an accredited~~ a certified
19 veterinarian or certified fish inspector does one of the following:

20 **SECTION 193.** ATCP 11.59(3)(a) and (b) are amended to read:

21 ATCP 11.59(3)(a) ~~An accredited~~ A certified veterinarian or certified fish
22 inspector shall issue a health certificate under sub. (2) on a form provided by the
23 department, based on a personal inspection of the fish or fish farm. The ~~accredited~~

1 certified veterinarian or certified fish inspector shall use inspection, sampling and
2 diagnostic methods specified by the department on the certification form.

3 (b) ~~An accredited~~ A certified veterinarian or certified fish inspector who issues
4 a health certificate under sub. (2) shall file the original certificate with the department,
5 and shall provide at least 2 copies to the person introducing the fish or fish eggs into
6 waters of the state.

7 **SECTION 194.** ATCP 11.60(2) is amended to read:

8 ATCP 11.60(2) PARATUBERCULOSIS REACTORS; SALE OR MOVEMENT. No
9 person may sell or move, from a location in this state, an animal determined to be a
10 paratuberculosis reactor under s. ATCP 10.21(9) or 10.63(9) unless ~~an accredited~~ a
11 Wisconsin certified veterinarian first identifies that animal under s. ATCP 10.21(11)(a)
12 or s. ATCP 10.63(11)(a).

13 **SECTION 195.** ATCP 11.60(3)(dm) is created to read:

14 ATCP 11.60(3)(dm) Equine infectious anemia.

15 **SECTION 196.** ATCP 11.60(3)(mm) is created to read:

16 ATCP 11.60(3)(mm) Scrapie.

17 **SECTION 197.** ATCP 11.60(5)(b) is repealed. 

18 **SECTION 198.** ATCP 11.60(5)(c) is amended to read:

19 ATCP 11.60(5)(c) This subsection does not apply to a brucellosis reactor
20 ~~branded~~ identified in compliance with s. ATCP ~~11.10(3)(b)~~ 10.36.

21 **SECTION 199.** ATCP 11.62(2)(a) and (b) are amended to read:

22 ATCP 11.62(2)(a) No person may exhibit any swine at a fair or livestock
23 exhibition unless the swine are accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection or

1 ~~an interstate health certificate~~ signed by a Wisconsin certified veterinarian or by an
2 accredited veterinarian in the swine's state of origin. The certificate shall state that the
3 veterinarian has inspected the herd of origin ~~has been inspected on the farm~~ and that no
4 apparent disease has been present in the herd for the past 30 days.

5 (b) No person may exhibit any breeding swine at a fair or livestock exhibition
6 unless the swine tests negative for pseudorabies in a pseudorabies test performed not
7 more than 30 days before the person exhibits that swine, or the swine originates from a
8 qualified pseudorabies negative herd, a qualified pseudorabies negative grow-out herd
9 in this state, or a ~~state~~ stage IV or V state or area designated by the national
10 pseudorabies control board.

11 **SECTION 200.** ATCP 11.62(2)(c)3. is amended to read:

12 ATCP 11.62(2)(c)3. The non-breeding swine originate from a qualified
13 pseudorabies negative herd, a qualified negative pseudorabies grow-out herd in this
14 state, or a ~~state~~ stage IV or V state or area designated by the national pseudorabies
15 control board.

16 **SECTION 201.** ATCP 11.62(4)(b) is amended to read:

17 ATCP 11.62(4)(b) The poultry test negative for pullorum-typhoid on a test
18 approved by the department within 90 days before the poultry arrive at the fair or
19 exhibition. Testing is required only for sexually mature birds over 4 months of age.

20 ~~Turkeys may be tested for exhibition or fairs by the use of the negative plate test.~~

21 **SECTION 202.** ATCP 11.62(5) is repealed and recreated to read:

22 ATCP 11.62(5) HEALTH RECORDS. (a) Every person who exhibits livestock
23 or poultry at a fair, exhibition or show in this state shall do all the following:

1 1. Provide, to the show chairman or show veterinarian, copies of all
2 certificates of veterinary inspection and test reports required by this chapter.

3 2. Keep original copies of all certificates of veterinary inspection and test
4 reports required by this chapter. The exhibitor shall make these records available to
5 the department for inspection and copying upon request.

6 (b) The sponsor of the fair, exhibition or show shall maintain the copies
7 provided under par. (a)1. for at least 5 years, and shall make them available to the
8 department for inspection and copying upon request.

9 **SECTION 203.** ATCP 11.62(6) is repealed and recreated to read:

10 ATCP 11.62(6)(a) Except as provided under par. (am), no person may exhibit
11 any equine animal at a fair, exhibition or show unless the animal has tested negative for
12 equine infectious anemia during the previous 12 months.

13 (b) The sponsor of a fair, exhibition or show shall do one of the following:

14 1. Record the name and address of every person who owns an equine animal
15 exhibited at the fair, exhibition or show; the animal's name and identification; and the
16 accession or laboratory number of the test required under par. (a). The sponsor shall
17 keep the record for at least 5 years, and shall make it available to the department for
18 inspection and copying upon request.

19 2. Keep a copy of the test report for each equine infectious anemia test required
20 under par. (a). The sponsor shall keep the copy for at least 5 years, and shall make it
21 available to the department for inspection and copying upon request.

22 **SECTION 204.** ATCP 11.705 is created to read:

1 **ATCP 11.705 Temporary animal hold order. (1) DEPARTMENT MAY ISSUE.**

2 The department may issue a temporary animal hold order whenever the department has
3 reason to believe that animals may have been illegally imported, or may have been
4 exposed to an infectious, contagious or communicable disease. A temporary animal
5 hold order may prohibit the movement of animals for up to 90 days while the
6 department investigates the suspected illegal import or disease exposure. The
7 department may, for good cause, extend the animal hold order for up to 90 days.

8 **(2) CONTENTS.** A temporary animal hold order shall contain the following
9 information:

10 **(a)** The name and address of the person having custody or control of the
11 animals covered by the order, if known.

12 **(b)** A description of the animals covered by the order.

13 **(c)** A description of the premises where the animals are to be held.

14 **(d)** The reason or justification for the order.

15 **(e)** The duration of the order, and all terms and conditions applicable to the
16 order.

17 **(f)** Notice that a person adversely affected by the order may request a hearing
18 under sub. (6).

19 **(3) SERVICE.** The department shall serve a temporary animal hold order in one
20 of the following ways:

21 **(a)** Delivering the order, in person or by certified mail, to a person having
22 custody or control of the animals covered by the order.

1 (b) Posting the order at 2 conspicuous places on the premises where the
2 animals are kept.

3 (4) PROOF OF SERVICE. The department may prove service of a temporary
4 animal hold order by means of an affidavit or certified mail return receipt.

5 (6) REVIEW OF ANIMAL HOLD ORDER. A person adversely affected by a
6 temporary animal hold order may request a hearing before the department to review the
7 order. The department shall conduct an informal hearing as soon as reasonably
8 possible, and not later than 10 days after receiving a request for hearing. If the matter
9 is not resolved after informal hearing, the person requesting the hearing may seek a
10 formal hearing under ch. 227, Stats. A request for hearing does not automatically stay
11 a temporary animal hold order.

12 **SECTION 205.** ATCP 11.71(1)(a) is amended to read:

13 ATCP 11.71(1)(a) The owner or custodian of the animal fails to produce a
14 valid certificate of veterinary inspection ~~or an interstate health certificate~~, if a
15 certificate is required under this chapter.

16 **SECTION 206.** ATCP 11.72(2) is repealed and recreated to read:

17 ATCP 11.72(2) Sell or move an animal in violation of this chapter, or an order
18 issued under this chapter.

19 **SECTION 207.** ATCP 11.72(4) is amended to read:

20 ATCP 11.72(4) Transport any livestock without ~~health~~ certificates of veterinary
21 inspection, permits, or other documents required by ch. ATCP 10 or this chapter.

22 **SECTION 208.** ATCP 11.72(13) and (14) are created to read:

1 ATCP 11.72(13) Physically assault a department employee while the employee
2 is performing his or her official duties.

3 (14) Fail to identify the state of origin of animals consigned to a livestock
4 market in this state.

5 **SECTION 209.** ATCP 12.01(8x) is created to read:

6 ATCP 12.01(8x) “Federally approved livestock import market” means a
7 market that complies with s. ATCP 11.04.

8 **SECTION 210.** ATCP 12.01(10) is amended to read:

9 ATCP 12.01(10) “Feeder swine” means swine, ~~excluding boars, weighing less~~
10 ~~than 175 pounds~~ that weigh 80 pounds or less and are kept for the sole purpose of
11 feeding for slaughter.

12 **SECTION 211.** ATCP 12.01 (18) and (19) are amended to read:

13 ATCP 12.01(18) “Official ~~back tag~~ backtag” means an identification ~~back tag~~
14 backtag, approved by the federal bureau or the department, that conforms to the ~~8-~~
15 ~~character alpha-numeric~~ national uniform backtagging system.

16 (19) “Official eartag” means an identification eartag, approved by the federal
17 bureau or the department, that conforms to the ~~9-character alpha-numeric~~ national
18 uniform eartagging system.

19 **SECTION 212.** ATCP 12.01(20)(f)2. is amended to read:

20 ATCP 12.01(20)(f)2. The equine animal’s sexual status as a ~~gelding, mare or~~
21 ~~stallion, which may be abbreviated as “G”, “m” or “S” respectively.~~

22 **SECTION 213.** ATCP 12.01(20)(i) is renumbered ATCP 12.01(20)(j).

23 **SECTION 214.** ATCP 12.01(20)(i) is created to read:

1 ATCP 12.01(20)(i) For a swine weighing 80 pounds or less, the premises
2 identification of the premises of origin.

3 SECTION 215. ATCP 12.01(21) and (22) are repealed. *de/le*

4 SECTION 216. ATCP 12.01(24) is amended to read:

5 ATCP 12.01(24) "Person" ~~includes any~~ means an individual, corporation,
6 partnership, association, or firm limited liability company, trust, governmental entity,
7 or other organization or entity.

8 SECTION 217. ATCP 12.01(27) is repealed. *de/le*

9 SECTION 218. ATCP 12.02(2)(e) and (f) are repealed.

10 SECTION 219. ATCP 12.02(2m)(a)2. is amended to read:

11 ATCP 12.02(2m)(a)2. For a livestock market, other than an equine market,
12 that has conducted sales on fewer than 5 days during the year immediately preceding
13 the year for which a license is issued, a fee of \$115. A livestock market operator
14 paying this fee shall identify the dates on which the operator conducted the sales.

15 SECTION 220. ATCP 12.02(2r)(b) is amended to read:

16 ATCP 12.02(2r)(b) A livestock market operator shall register livestock vehicles
17 when the market operator submits an application under sub. (2) for an annual livestock
18 market license. The operator shall identify the number of vehicles being registered,
19 and shall pay the supplementary license fee required under sub. (2m)(b) for each
20 livestock vehicle. A livestock market operator may register additional livestock
21 vehicles during the license year.

22 SECTION 221. ATCP 12.02(2r)(c) is repealed.

23 SECTION 222. ATCP 12.03(2)(c) and (d) are repealed.

1 **SECTION 223.** ATCP 12.03(2r)(b) is amended to read:

2 ATCP 12.03(2r)(b) A livestock dealer shall register livestock vehicles when
3 that dealer submits an application under sub. (2) for an annual livestock dealer license.
4 The dealer shall identify the number of vehicles being registered, and shall pay the
5 supplementary license fee required under sub. (2m)(b) for each livestock vehicle. A
6 livestock dealer may register additional livestock vehicles during the license year.

7 **SECTION 224.** ATCP 12.03(2r)(c) is repealed.

8 **SECTION 225.** ATCP 12.03(2w)(title) is amended to read:

9 ATCP 12.03(2w) ACTION ~~OF~~ ON LICENSE APPLICATION.

10 **SECTION 226.** ATCP 12.04(2)(c) is repealed.

11 **SECTION 227.** ATCP 12.04(2r)(b) is amended to read:

12 ATCP 12.04(2r)(b) A livestock trucker shall register livestock vehicles when
13 that livestock trucker submits an application under sub. (2) for an annual livestock
14 trucker license. The livestock trucker shall identify the number of vehicles being
15 registered, and shall pay the supplementary license fee required under sub. (2m)(b) for
16 each livestock vehicle. A livestock trucker may register additional livestock vehicles
17 - during the license year.

18 **SECTION 228.** ATCP 12.04(2r)(c) is repealed.

19 **SECTION 229.** ATCP 12.045(1)(c) is created to read:

20 ATCP 12.045(1)(c) An annual livestock vehicle registration sticker issued by
21 the department. The registration sticker shall be in close proximity to the license
22 number required in par. (b).

23 **SECTION 230.** ATCP 12.05(1)(a) is amended to read:

1 ATCP 12.05(1)(a) *Official individual identification.* Whenever a livestock
2 dealer or livestock market operator receives a bovine animal, the livestock dealer or
3 market operator shall immediately record the animal's official individual identification.
4 If a bovine animal has no official individual identification at the time of receipt, the
5 ~~animal shall immediately be identified with an official eartag~~ livestock dealer or market
6 operator shall immediately identify that animal with an official individual identification.
7 ~~Eartagging is not required under this~~ This paragraph does not apply for to steers,
8 calves under 6 months old, or feeder cattle.

9 **SECTION 231.** ATCP 12.05(2)(a) is amended to read:

10 ATCP 12.05(2)(a) *Official individual identification.* Whenever a livestock
11 dealer or livestock market operator receives any swine, the livestock dealer or market
12 operator shall immediately record the official individual identification of that swine. If
13 a swine has no official individual identification at the time of receipt, the ~~swine shall~~
14 ~~immediately be identified with an official eartag~~ livestock dealer or market operator
15 shall immediately identify that swine with an official individual identification.
16 ~~Eartagging is not required under this paragraph for~~ This paragraph does not apply to
17 swine which are backtagged for slaughter under par. (b).

18 **SECTION 232.** ATCP 12.05(4) is amended to read:

19 ATCP 12.05(4) IDENTIFICATION OF SHEEP. Whenever a livestock dealer or
20 livestock market operator receives any sheep, the livestock dealer or market operator
21 shall immediately record the official individual identification of that sheep. If a sheep
22 has no official individual identification when received by a livestock dealer or market
23 operator, the livestock dealer or market operator shall immediately identify that sheep

1 with an official ~~ear~~tag individual identification. This subsection does not apply to sheep
2 under 6 months old.

3 SECTION 233. ATCP 12.05(5)(b) is amended to read:

4 ATCP 12.05(5)(b) *Slaughter identification.* Whenever a livestock dealer,
5 livestock market operator or livestock trucker receives a farm-raised deer for sale or
6 shipment to slaughter, that recipient shall immediately identify that deer with an official
7 backtag or other slaughter identification approved by the department unless that deer
8 already bears an official backtag slaughter identification. ~~The recipient shall affix the~~
9 ~~backtag to the deer at a point 4 inches behind the shoulder and 4 inches below the~~
10 ~~topline.~~ The livestock dealer, livestock market operator or livestock trucker shall
11 immediately record the backtag or slaughter identification number.

12 SECTION 234. ATCP 12.06(1) is repealed and recreated to read:

13 ATCP 12.06(1) LIVESTOCK MARKET OPERATORS. (a) *Daily record of*
14 *transactions.* Every livestock market operator shall keep a daily record of all
15 transactions involving the purchase, receipt, sale or delivery of livestock.

16 (b) *Animals purchased or received.* For each livestock animal purchased or
17 received by a livestock market operator, the daily record under par. (a) shall include all
18 the following:

19 1. The name and address of the person from whom the animal was purchased
20 or received.

21 2. The animal's official individual identification if required under s.
22 ATCP(1)(a), (2)(a), (3), (4) or (5)(a).

12.05

1 3. The animal's backtag number, if the animal is backtagged for slaughter
2 under s. ATCP 12.05(1)(b), (2)(b) or (5)(b). If the animal is not sold or delivered
3 directly to slaughter, the record must correlate the backtag number with the official
4 individual identification recorded under subd. 2.

5 4. The date of receipt, and the place where the animal was received.

6 5. The animal's breed or class if the animal is a bovine animal or swine. If a
7 bovine animal is a crossbreed of beef and dairy animals, the animal shall be classified
8 as a beef breed.

9 6. A copy of any certificate of veterinary inspection that is required to
10 accompany the animal under ch. ATCP 11. The copy may be kept at the livestock
11 market office or at the office of the market veterinarian.

12 7. Equine infectious anemia test results if required under s. ATCP 11.30(2) for
13 an equine animal.

14 (c) *Animals sold or delivered.* For each livestock animal sold or delivered by a
15 livestock market operator, the daily record under par (a) shall include all the following:

16 1. The name and address of the person to whom the animal was sold or
17 delivered.

18 2. The animal's official individual identification if required under s. ATCP
19 12.05(1)(a), (2)(a), (3), (4) or (5)(a)

20 3. The animal's backtag number if the animal is backtagged for slaughter under
21 s. ATCP 12.05(1)(b), (2)(b) or (5)(b).

22 4. The date of delivery, and the place to which the animal was delivered.

1 5. The animal's breed or class if the animal is a bovine animal or swine. If a
2 bovine animal is a crossbreed of beef and dairy animals, the animal shall be classified
3 as a beef breed.

4 6. A copy of any certificate of veterinary inspection that is required to
5 accompany the animal under ch. ATCP 11. The copy may be kept at the livestock
6 market office or at the office of the market veterinarian.

7 7. Equine infectious anemia test results if required under s. ATCP 11.30(2) for
8 an equine animal.

9 (d) *Animals dying in custody.* Every livestock market operator shall keep a
10 record of every livestock animal which dies in the custody of the livestock market
11 operator. The record shall indicate the disposition of the dead animal.

12 (e) *Records retained for 5 years; inspection and copying.* Records required
13 under this subsection shall be retained for at least 5 years, and shall be made available
14 for inspection and copying by the department upon request.

15 **SECTION 235.** ATCP 12.06(2)(a) to (d) are renumbered ATCP 12.06(3)(a) to
16 (d).

17 **SECTION 236.** ATCP 12.06(2)(e) is renumbered ATCP 12.06(3)(e) and
18 amended to read:

19 ATCP 12.06(3)(e)(title) *Records retained for 2 5 years; inspection and*
20 *copying.* Records required under this subsection shall be retained for at least 2 5 years,
21 and shall be made available for inspection and copying by the department upon request.

22 **SECTION 237.** ATCP 12.06(2) is created to read:

1 ATCP 12.06(2) LIVESTOCK DEALERS. (a) *Daily record of transactions.* Every
2 livestock dealer shall keep a daily record of all transactions involving the purchase,
3 receipt, sale or delivery of livestock.

4 (b) *Animals purchased or received.* For each livestock animal purchased or
5 received by a livestock dealer, the daily record under par. (a) shall include all the
6 following:

7 1. The name and address of the person from whom the livestock dealer
8 purchased or received the animal.

9 2. The animal's official individual identification if required under s. ATCP
10 12.05.

11 3. The animal's slaughter identification number if the animal is identified for
12 slaughter under s. ATCP 12.05. If the animal is not sold or delivered directly to
13 slaughter, the record must correlate the slaughter identification number with the official
14 individual identification recorded under subd. 2.

15 4. The date of receipt, and the place where the animal was received.

16 5. The animal's breed or class if the animal is a bovine animal or swine. If a
17 bovine animal is a crossbreed of beef and dairy animals, the animal shall be classified
18 as a beef breed.

19 (c) *Animals sold or delivered.* For each livestock animal sold or delivered by a
20 livestock dealer, the daily record under par. (a) shall include all the following:

21 1. The name and address of the person to whom the animal was sold or
22 delivered.

1 2. The animal's official individual identification if required under s. ATCP
2 12.05.

3 3. The animal's slaughter identification number if the animal is identified for
4 slaughter under s. ATCP 12.05.

5 4. The date of delivery, and the place to which the animal was delivered.

6 5. The animal's breed or class if the animal is a bovine animal or swine. If a
7 bovine animal is a crossbreed of beef and dairy animals, the animal shall be classified
8 as a beef breed.

9 (d) *Animals dying in custody.* Every livestock dealer shall keep a record of
10 every livestock animal which dies in the custody of the livestock dealer. The record
11 shall indicate the disposition of the dead animal.

12 (e) *Records retained for 5 years; inspection and copying.* Records required
13 under this subsection shall be retained for at least 5 years, and shall be made available
14 for inspection and copying by the department upon request.

15 **SECTION 238.** ATCP 12.08(2) is repealed and recreated to read:

16 ATCP 12.08(2) Sell or move any animal in violation any of the following:

17 (a) Chapter ATCP 10 or any order issued under that chapter.

18 (b) Chapter ATCP 11 or any order issued under that chapter.

19 (c) This chapter.

20 **SECTION 239.** ATCP 12.08(10) is repealed and recreated to read:

21 ATCP 12.08(10) Receive interstate shipments of bovine animals or swine as a
22 federally approved import market unless the market is specifically approved as a
23 federally approved import market under ATCP 11.04.

1 **SECTION 240.** ATCP 12.08(11) is repealed. *Agenda*

2 **SECTION 241.** ATCP 12.08(12) is amended to read:

3 ATCP 12.08(12) Use ~~or possess any unauthorized~~ brand or tattoo device, ~~or~~
4 ~~use or possess an official brand or official tattoo device~~ for official identification
5 purposes, without authorization from the department.

6 **SECTION 242.** ATCP 12.08(24) is created to read:

7 ATCP 12.08(24) Physically assault a department employee while the employee
8 is performing his or her official duties.

9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The rules contained in this order shall take effect on the
10 first day of the month following publication in the Wisconsin administrative register, as
11 provided under s. 227.22(2)(intro), Stats.

12
13 Dated this _____ day of _____, 2000.

STATE OF WISCONSIN
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, TRADE
AND CONSUMER PROTECTION

By: _____
Ben Brancel, Secretary

INITIAL REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ANALYSIS

Rule Related to Animal Diseases, Animal Movement and Livestock Markets, Dealers and Truckers

Overview:

This rule updates and expands current rules relating to animal disease, animal movement and livestock markets, dealers and truckers. It brings state requirements for disease control into conformity with federal requirements as delineated in the uniform methods and rules, with some exceptions. For instance, the uniform methods and rules permit use of the blood tuberculosis test (BTB) for cervids (deer, moose, elk etc.). This rule prohibits use of the BTB because the test has consistently to identify animals as suspects or reactors when the animals were confirmed infected by culture positive results.

This rule will affect small businesses in Wisconsin. Small businesses which will be affected include farmers/producers; veterinarians; livestock market operators; livestock dealers; livestock truckers; and sponsors of horse shows, exhibitions or fairs.

Recordkeeping:

Current rules require businesses to keep records relating to disease control, animal movement and animal identification for a period of two years. This proposed rule increases the retention period to 5 years. While this increased retention period will cause some additional costs for involved businesses, the additional cost is justified to permit the department to have access to these records to assure adequate traceback of diseased animals. Such traceback is necessary to control the spread of infectious or contagious disease.

Restraining animals for testing:

This rule requires the owner or custodian of animals to present and restrain the animals to allow department employees to safely test the animals for disease control purposes. This requirement may add some costs for some animal owners. If the owner does not have adequate animal handling facilities, the owner will have to do one of the following:

- Build adequate animal handling facilities.
- Have the animal tranquilized.
- Provide enough people to adequately restrain the animal.

This rule is consistent with s. 95.23(3) Stats. It clarifies that the owner or custodian is responsible for presenting the animal in a way that promotes safety to the animal and to the department employee during testing. The need to assure safety outweighs the costs the owner or custodian will have to expend.

This rule creates a state certification program for veterinarians who perform official disease control and eradication duties in the state. Initially this program costs veterinarians nothing, because any veterinarian who is licensed to practice in Wisconsin and is accredited by the federal government to perform duties related to the federal disease control and eradication programs will be automatically certified in Wisconsin. The only time a veterinarian will incur costs related to this program is if the department determines there is cause to suspend or revoke the state certification. If that happens, the veterinarian will incur either the cost of lost business while he/she is not certified and not able to perform these functions, or the cost of challenging the department determination in an administrative hearing conducted under ch. 227, Stats.

Reportable diseases:

This rule significantly increases the number of diseases which a veterinarian must report to the department when the veterinarian diagnoses the disease. There will be a slight increase in costs associated with this reporting. It is not anticipated that it will be significant.

Many of the diseases added to the list of reportable diseases are not found in the United States, so many of these diseases will add no additional costs. There are other diseases which may exist in the United States and therefore may require additional reporting. To offset the costs of reporting additional diseases, this rule simplifies the manner in which reporting occurs, thus reducing the actual impact of the changes.

The newly reportable diseases have been identified by the world organization for animal health. If Wisconsin does not require reporting of all the diseases identified by that body, international export markets will be closed to Wisconsin animals. The threat of closing international export markets to Wisconsin animals significantly outweighs the minimal costs of reporting if the disease occurs in the state.

Equine Infectious Anemia:

This rule requires the department to inform sponsors of horse shows, fairs, competitions etc. when the department determines that an equine animal that is infected with equine infectious anemia attended sponsored events. The rule requires the sponsor to notify all participants at the event that their animals may have been exposed to equine infectious anemia while at the event. Once the animal owner or custodian is notified of possible exposure, the owner or custodian can determine what action is appropriate to manage the situation.

This requirement will cause extra recordkeeping for the show sponsors, but will result in participants receiving information which will allow them to make informed decisions about the animals in their care.

Licensing of livestock markets, dealers and truckers:

This rule simplifies applications for livestock markets, dealers and truckers. While the rule does not exempt livestock markets, dealers and truckers from complying with federal bonding or insurance requirements, it eliminates the requirement that the applicant prove to the department that he/she has complied with federal requirements. It also eliminates the requirement that a person registering a livestock vehicle report the vehicle identification and serial number for any vehicle being registered.

Overall impact:

The overall impact on small businesses is negligible. In some instances requirements have been reduced. In other instances requirements have been increased. It is not anticipated that any of the changes will have a large impact on small businesses.

Dated this 23 day of November, 1999.



Clarence J. Siroky, DVM
Administrator, Division of Animal Health

FISCAL ESTIMATE

DOA-2048 N(R 10/98)

ORIGINAL UPDATED
 CORRECTED SUPPLEMENTAL

List both LRB No. and Bill/Adm. Rule No.
 ATCP 10, 11, 12
 Amendment No. (If Applicable)

Subject
 DATCP amendments to chs. ATCP 10,11, and 12 relating to animal health, animal imports and livestock markets, dealers and truckers

Fiscal Effect
 State: No State Fiscal Effect
 Check columns below only if bill makes a direct appropriation or affects a sum sufficient appropriation

Increase Existing Appropriation Increase Existing Revenues
 Decrease Existing Appropriation Decrease Existing Revenues
 Create New Appropriation

Increase Costs - May be possible to Absorb Within Agency's Budget
 X Yes No

Decrease Costs

Local: No local government costs

1. Increase Costs
 Permissive Mandatory
 2. Decrease Costs
 Permissive Mandatory

3. Increase Revenues
 Permissive Mandatory
 4. Decrease Revenues
 Permissive Mandatory

5. Types of Local Governmental Unit Affected:
 Towns Villages Cities
 Counties Others _____
 School Districts WTCS Districts

Fund Source Affected

XGPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEG-S

Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations s. 20.115(2)(a) and (ha)

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The proposed rule establishes a system of state certification of private veterinarians to perform disease eradication and control work in Wisconsin. The department does not anticipate any additional costs related to granting certification. If a veterinarian's certification is revoked or suspended for cause, the department will experience costs. The department assumes it will take three weeks of employee time to complete the investigation and an additional three weeks of employee time to conduct the hearing. Priorities of job assignments will be made to accommodate time required to complete investigations.

This rule adopts federal disease control standards in the place of current state standards that are being repealed for brucellosis, pseudorabies, and tuberculosis. The rule incorporates these uniform methods and rules (UM&R) by reference. The department assumes that in the first year, it will have to print and distribute 500 copies of the brucellosis eradication UM&R, 500 copies of the tuberculosis UM&R, and 300 copies of the pseudorabies UM&R.

The department assumes the costs of shipping and handling for the disease control standards to be:

- \$1.00 for brucellosis eradication UM&R
- .80 for tuberculosis eradication UM&R
- .60 for pseudorabies eradication UM&R

Agency/prepared by: (Name & Phone No.)

DATCP *Clarence J. Siroky*
 Clarence J. Siroky (608)224-4872

Authorized Signature/Telephone No.

Barbara Knapp
 Barbara Knapp (608) 224-4746

Date

11/24/99

FISCAL ESTIMATE WORKSHEET

1999 SESSION

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect
DOA-2047 (R10/94)

ORIGINAL UPDATED
 CORRECTED SUPPLEMENTAL

| | |
|---|---------------|
| LRB or Bill No/Adm.Rule No. ATCP 10, 11 and 12 | Amendment No. |
|---|---------------|

| | | |
|--|--|------------------------|
| Subject Animal disease, animal imports and livestock markets, dealers and truckers | | |
| I. One-time Cost or Revenue Impacts for State and/or Local Government (do not include in annualized fiscal effect): \$1500 | | |
| II. Annualized Cost: | Annualized Fiscal Impact on State funds from: | |
| A. State Costs by Category | Increased Costs | Decreased Costs |
| State Operations - Salaries and Fringes | \$ 3000 | \$ - |
| (FTE Position Changes) | (FTE) | (- FTE) |
| State Operations - Other Costs | 200 | - |
| Local Assistance | | - |
| Aids to Individuals or Organizations | | - |
| TOTAL State Costs by Category | \$ | \$ - |
| B. State Costs by Source of Funds | Increased Costs | Decreased Costs |
| GPR | \$ 3200 | \$ - |
| FED | | - |
| PRO/PRS | | - |
| SEG/SEG-S | | - |
| III. State Revenues - Complete this only when proposal will increase or decrease state revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in license fee, etc.) | Increased Rev. | Decreased Rev. |
| GPR Taxes | \$ | \$ - |
| GPR Earned | | - |
| FED | | - |
| PRO/PRS | | - |
| SEG/SEG-S | | - |
| TOTAL State Revenues | \$ | \$ - |

NET ANNUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT

| | | |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <u>STATE</u> | <u>LOCAL</u> |
| NET CHANGE IN COSTS | \$ 3200 | \$ ----- |
| NET CHANGE IN REVENUES | \$ ----- | \$ ----- |

| | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| Agency Prepared by: (Name & Phone No.) DATCP <i>[Signature]</i> Clarence J. Siroky (608) 224-4872 | Authorized Signature/Telephone No. <i>[Signature]</i> Barbara Knapp (608) 224-4746 | Date 11/23/99 |
|--|---|-------------------------|



State of Wisconsin
Tommy G. Thompson, Governor

JUL 05 2000

Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection
Ben Brancel, Secretary

DATE: June 30, 2000

TO: The Honorable Fred Risser
President, Wisconsin State Senate
Room 220S, State Capitol
Madison, WI 53702

The Honorable Scott Jensen
Speaker, Wisconsin State Assembly
Room 211W, State Capitol
Madison, WI 53702

FROM: Ben Brancel, Secretary *Ben Brancel*
Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection

SUBJECT: **Animal Health Rule (Clearinghouse Rule No. 99-168)**

In accordance with ss. 227.19(2) and (3), Stats., The Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (DATCP) hereby transmits the above rule for legislative committee review. We are enclosing three copies of the final draft rule, together with the following report. Pursuant to s. 227.19(2) Stats., we will publish a notice of this referral in the Wisconsin administrative register.

Rule Background and Summary

This revises and updates DATCP's current animal health rules under chs. ATCP 10-12, Wis. Adm. Code. It updates current rules to reflect new disease information, new industry practices, and new interstate and international regulations. It streamlines regulatory requirements, and improves DATCP's ability to respond to rapidly changing or developing conditions. Among other things, this rule:

- Clarifies current animal import permit requirements, and authorizes the state veterinarian to impose new import requirements in response to disease risks. If the new import requirements have general application, DATCP will also adopt the requirements by rule.
- Requires state certification of veterinarians who perform official disease eradication and control functions in this state under Wisconsin animal health programs. A federally accredited veterinarian is automatically certified, but DATCP may suspend or revoke the state certification for cause.
- Expands the current list of "reportable diseases" but simplifies reporting methods.

- Clarifies that DATCP's animal health rules apply to government agencies as well as private individuals and businesses.
- Extends, from 2 years to 5 years, the time period for which animal health records must be kept.
- Incorporates federal standards by reference under several state disease control programs, including: brucellosis in cattle, cervids and swine; tuberculosis in cattle and cervids; and pseudorabies in swine. This rule incorporates the federal standards in place of current state standards.
- Authorizes DATCP to issue a temporary "animal hold order" pending investigation to determine whether animals are diseased or illegally imported.
- Authorizes DATCP to conduct disease testing at the owner's expense if the owner fails to conduct tests that are required by law. DATCP testing does not relieve the owner from other sanctions that may apply.
- Requires exhibitors at fairs and exhibitions to give copies of required animal health papers to the show chairman or show veterinarian. The show sponsor must keep the records for at least 5 years.
- Modifies livestock market requirements, including license application requirements.
- Eliminates the requirement for livestock market operators, dealers and truckers to provide vehicle identification numbers or serial numbers when registering livestock vehicles with DATCP.
- Eliminates obsolete disease control programs for anaplasmosis and mastitis.
- Implements special requirements for swine imports from pseudorabies high incidence (stage I, II or III) states. Importers must obtain a permit from DATCP. Imported swine must originate from qualified negative pseudorabies herds, and must be tested for pseudorabies after they arrive in this state.
- Modifies current import and EIA testing requirements for horses, and modifies current rules related to equine markets, shows and quarantine stations.
- Modifies current disease control programs related to cervids (deer and elk), and creates a brucellosis control program for cervids.
- Modifies current rules related to goats, sheep, llamas, mink and ratites (ostriches and emus).

Public Hearings

DATCP conducted public hearings in Madison (March 7, 2000), Green Bay (March 8) and Eau Claire (March 9). Eleven people attended the hearing in Madison. No one attended the hearings in Green Bay or Eau Claire. One person submitted written comments for the hearing record.

Appendix A contains a list of hearing participants. All hearing comments pertained to swine. Comments addressed the following issues:

- Under the hearing draft rule, swine imported from pseudorabies stage I and II states could not be moved from the farm of destination in Wisconsin. This restriction applied to any imported swine, co-mingled swine and offspring from the imported swine. People speaking at the hearings requested that the rule be changed so that imported swine could be retested after arrival and then be moved without restriction in Wisconsin.
- The hearing draft rule extended record keeping requirements from 2 years to 5 years. One speaker felt that this requirement was onerous for exhibitors such as county fairs that rely heavily on volunteers.

Action Following Public Hearings

In early April, 2000, DATCP held 2 meetings with representatives of the pork industry. One meeting was held in Lancaster, and was attended by producers whose herds have previously been affected by pseudorabies. The second meeting was held in Madison, and was attended by members of the Wisconsin Pork Producers Executive Board. Participants discussed problems related to pseudorabies transmission and swine imports from pseudorabies stage I and II states.

Following these meetings, DATCP developed a modified proposal related to swine imports from pseudorabies stage I, II and III states. In late April, DATCP discussed the proposal at a meeting of the Pseudorabies Advisory Council. Based on that discussion, DATCP modified the final draft rule. Under this final draft rule:

- Swine imported from pseudorabies stage I or II states must originate from a pseudorabies qualified negative herd or qualified negative grow-out herd that qualifies on the basis of monthly testing.
- Breeder swine or show pigs imported from a pseudorabies stage III state must meet one of the following requirements:
 - * They must originate from a pseudorabies qualified negative herd or qualified negative grow-out herd that qualifies on the basis of monthly testing.

- * They must test negative on a pseudorabies test conducted not more than 30 days before they are imported into Wisconsin.
- The person who imports swine from a pseudorabies stage I, II or III state must obtain an import permit from the department. If the swine originate from a pseudorabies stage I or II state, DATCP may not issue the permit until the person receiving the import shipment enters into a herd plan with DATCP.
- All breeder swine and all show pigs imported from a pseudorabies stage I, II or III state must be tested for pseudorabies not less than 30 nor more than 45 days after import.
- A person receiving swine (other than breeder swine or show pigs) from a pseudorabies stage I, II or III state must test a representative statistical sample of those swine for pseudorabies not less than 30 nor more than 45 days after import.
- All slaughter swine originating from a pseudorabies stage I or II state must be shipped directly to a slaughter establishment in a sealed vehicle, and must be accompanied by a USDA permit (Form VS 1-27) or a Wisconsin "import for slaughter" form completed by a person approved by DATCP.
- No swine imported from a pseudorabies stage I or II state for feeding prior to slaughter may be removed from the feeding premises except for shipment directly to slaughter.
- A veterinarian issuing a certificate of veterinary inspection for swine imported from a pseudorabies stage I, II or III state must submit the certificate to DATCP by fax or electronic transmission within 24 hours.

Under the final draft rule, if an animal owner fails to conduct required tests, DATCP may conduct the tests at the owner's expense. DATCP retained, in the final draft rule, hearing draft recordkeeping requirements for fairs and exhibitions. If records are not maintained, it may be impossible to identify potentially exposed animals until a disease has spread throughout exhibitors' herds.

Response to Rules Clearinghouse Comments

The Legislative Council Rules Clearinghouse made a number of comments on the hearing draft rule. DATCP addressed all of the comments, except the following, in the final draft rule:

Comment 4.h. DATCP does not believe that a cross-reference is necessary.

Comment 5.a. DATCP will determine "comparability" based on a number of factors that may vary by state, by type of animal and by type of disease. It is not possible to define all of the relevant factors in this rule.

Comment 5.c. DATCP does not believe that it is necessary to define “common ground.”

Comment 5.f. DATCP does not believe that the suggested limitation is necessary.

Comment 5.g. DATCP did not include a time limit because timing may be affected by a variety of factors including prior EIA tests, the time of year, and the nature of the potential disease vectors.

Comment 5.h. DATCP does not believe it is necessary to define “captive cervid.”

Comment 5.i. USDA, in its latest “uniform methods and rules” for eradicating bovine tuberculosis, included provisions relating to eradication of bovine tuberculosis from cervids.

Comment 5.j. The blood tuberculosis test was developed specifically for use on cervids. However, DATCP will no longer recognize it as an official test in cervids because it is unreliable. Since it has never been used as an official test for other animals, there is no need to refer to it in other portions of the rule. The parenthetical reference to “BTB test” will clarify this provision for readers in the industry.

Comment 5.l. DATCP does not believe it is necessary to add “if any.”

Comment 5.n. A person may call or write the department to determine whether DATCP has approved a test method that is not listed in the rule. DATCP must be able to approve new test methods as they are developed. DATCP will periodically update the rule to include test methods approved since the last rule update.

Comment 5.o. The note in question uses the term “feeder swine.” “Feeder swine” is defined in s. ATCP 11.01(32) to mean swine that weigh 80 pounds or less and are kept for the sole purpose of feeding for slaughter. Since the term is defined in the rule, DATCP does not believe it is necessary to add to the note.

Comment 5.p. DATCP does not believe it is necessary to define “micro pig.”

Comment 5.q. DATCP does not believe it is necessary to define “stage IV or V area.” Federal regulations define these areas.

Comment 5.r. DATCP does not believe it is necessary to define the term “stag” which is used in its normal dictionary sense.

Fiscal Estimate

A fiscal estimate is attached as *Appendix B*.

Small Business Analysis

A small business analysis ("final regulatory flexibility analysis") is attached as Appendix C.

APPENDIX A

Public Hearing Participants

| <u>Identity</u> | <u>Hearing Location</u> | <u>Position</u> |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Wisconsin Pork Producers representative | Lancaster | Speaking in opposition |
| Pork Producer | Madison | Speaking in opposition |
| Pork Producer | Lowell | Registering in opposition |
| Pork Producer | Waterloo | Speaking in opposition |
| Pork Producer | Chili | Registering in opposition |
| Pork Producer | Brooklyn | Registering in opposition |
| Pork Producer | Columbus | Registering in opposition |
| Pork Producer | Campbellsport | Registering in opposition |
| Pork Producer | Watertown | Registering in opposition |
| Department Employee | McFarland | Neutral |
| Department Employee | Montello | Neutral |
| Pork Producer | Sauk City | Writing in opposition |