



**Fiscal Estimate Narratives**

**DOC 3/6/2003**

LRB Number <b>03-0114/1</b>	Introduction Number <b>AB-101</b>	Estimate Type <b>Original</b>
<b>Subject</b> Juvenile in need of protection or services jurisdiction over 3rd-time underage drinking offender		

**Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

Under current law, the juvenile court and the municipal court have concurrent jurisdiction over a juvenile who has committed any of a number of alcohol beverage violations. This bill grants to the juvenile court exclusive juvenile in need of protection or services (JIPS) jurisdiction over a juvenile who is alleged to have committed an alcohol beverage violation and who has two or more previous adjudications for an alcohol beverage violation.

This bill would create new jurisdictional criteria for JIPS leading to a shift of an unknown number of cases from the municipal court to the circuit (juvenile) court system. The higher number of JIPS cases would increase workload for juvenile court intake, which in most counties is performed by the human or social services department, and in about 12 counties is performed by an office of the juvenile court. The workload increase would also impact the circuit (juvenile) court and district attorneys, along with the county human/social services departments that would provide supervision and dispositional services for the new category of JIPS youth.

Because it is not possible to estimate the number of juveniles who would be shifted to the juvenile court system as a result of this new jurisdictional criteria, an estimate of the fiscal impact on local government agencies can not be determined.

**Long-Range Fiscal Implications**