Fiscal Estimate - 2005 Session

X	Original		Updated		Corrected		Suppler	mental
LRB	Number	05-0904/1		Introc	duction Num	ber AE	3-323	
Subjec	et							
Extend	ling tax credi	t carry-over prov	risions					
Fiscal	Effect							
Ø	No State Fiscondeterminate Increase E Appropriat Decrease Appropriat Create Ne	e Existing tions Existing	Reven Decrea Reven	ase Existing	absorb	se Costs - I o within age ⊠Yes ase Costs		
	Indeterminate 1. Increase Permiss 2. Decrease	e Costs sive Mandator	4. Decrea	ssive Manda ase Revenue	Units Af Tov atory Cou	vns 🔲	vernment Village Others WTCS Districts	t Cities
Fund S	Sources Affe		PRS S	SEG 🔲 SE	Affected Ch	1. 20 Appro	priation	S
Agenc	y/Prepared I	Зу		Authorized S	ignature			Date
DOR/ Pamela Walgren (608) 266-7817				Dennis Collier (608) 266-5773				12/15/2004

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 4/15/2005

LRB Number	05-0904/1	Introduction Number	AB-323	Estimate Type	Original						
Subject				· ·							
Extending tax credit carry-over provisions											
						į					

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under current law, most income and franchise tax credits for businesses are nonrefundable. If the credit claimed exceeds the claimant's tax liability in the current year, the claimant may carry forward the unused portion of the credit for 15 years to offset tax liability in those years. Nonrefundable business credits include: supplement to the federal historic rehabilitation credit, technology zone credit, agricultural zone credit, development zone credit, development zone credit, development zone investment credit, research credit, research facilities credit, and community development finance credit. The carryforward period of the manufacturers sales tax credit was extended from 15 to 20 years with 2003 Act 267.

The draft would extend the carryforward period from 15 years to 20 years for all nonrefundable business credits computed for taxable years beginning on January 1, 1988. As a result, credits that would have expired for taxable years beginning in 2003 would continue to be carried forward for use in offsetting future tax liability for an additional five years.

Data are not available to estimate the fiscal effect of extending the carryforward period for the credits. However, it is believed that the fiscal effect may be small since claimants that cannot use the credit carryforward under the current 15-year period may also not have tax liability to offset in the next 5 years. The Department estimates it would have increased return storage and retrieval costs, but could absorb those costs.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications