Fiscal Estimate - 2005 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected		Supplemental			
LRB Number 05-2867/1	Introduction N	lumber A	B-457			
Subject Eliminate condemnation by nongovernmental	entities					
Fiscal Effect						
Appropriations Re	crease Existing		- May be possible agency's budget No			
Permissive Mandatory Per 2. Decrease Costs 4. Dec	rease Revenue missive Mandatory	Counties	ts Affected Village ⊠ Cities Others WTCS Districts			
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS						
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature		Date			
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOT 6/24/2005

LRB Number	05-2867/1	Introduction Number	AB-457	Estimate Type	Original	
Subject				<u> </u>		
Eliminate condemnation by nongovernmental entities						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Utility companies typically move their facilities in anticipation of transportation projects. DOT believes the statutory change proposed will result in utility companies & railroads increasingly dependent upon DOT to acquire sufficient real estate along transportation projects to site facilities. If such is the case, DOT will be financially impacted due to the following:

- The entire duration of a transportation project will be extended; more projects will be delayed as time goes on. This will become increasingly expensive as the pressure to assist utilities and railroads increases.
- More utilities will be forced to locate along highway corridors.
- · Acquisition costs may increase (additional right of way and/or non-exclusive rights to utility corridors). DOT's need to control utility corridors for increasing utility accommodations.
- · The number and complexity of the real estate parcels will increase for DOT. The time to acquire the required real estate will increase, resulting in the need for more real estate staff and consultants.
- The labor costs to deliver the required real estate will increase, because of greater demand for labor to accommodate the increased workload.
- The cost of the real estate itself will increase relative to the increased size of the average parcel (more relocations and proximity damage).
- Increase in parcel severance damages will result in an increased condemnation rate (increase in appeals and litigation, for which DOT will be responsible as the condemning authority).
- · Construction costs will rise based on increased time to site additional utility facilities concurrent with roadway construction.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

BTS, Real Estate Acquisition Services Section, estimates that annualized State and local real estate acquisition and project costs could increase anywhere from \$1M in early years to at least \$40M over time as acquisition problems increase.

SUPPLEMENT TO FISCAL ESTIMATE DOA-2048 ASSUMPTIONS USED IN ARRIVING AT FISCAL ESTIMATE - CONTINUED

The impacts of AB744 on DOT are extremely difficult to project and quantify. DOT has prepared this estimate predicting that the fiscal impacts will become progressively worse as utilities and railroads run into increasing problems with acquisition. DOT will be increasingly forced to include utility issues in acquisition plans, thus shifting the costs to the transportation program. Below is the best possible estimate on potential impacts that will become more significant as time passes. This estimate is the result of collective discussions between the Bureaus of Highway Real estate, Highway Development and Rails and Harbors.

Fiscal Impact in early years

1. DOT will pay greater amounts for compensable utility relocations, because of increased problems in acquisition due to holdouts and project delays - and DOT's "quick take" condemnation authority. Assume costs will at least double:

\$1,000,000 (last year costs) X 2 = \$2M Net increase = \$1M annually

Assumptions: Fiscal Impact over time

 DOT will be pressured to acquire more and more utility parcels because of their inability to negotiate and our need to keep projects on schedule. Assume that DOT's acquisition program, historically averaging about 2,000 parcels for state projects and 600 parcels for local projects, is increased by 50%, or by 1300 parcels. Also assume that cost of labor will increase by 20%:

2. There will be more and more pressure to locate utilities on and along highway right of way - forcing DOT to accommodate requests for increasing utility interests. Over time, DOT will find that it makes more sense on some corridors to acquire wider right of way for utility accommodation or adjacent easements, rather than seek reimbursements for non-compensable utility relocations on adjacent land interests. (Reimbursements to a specific utility would provide them exclusive rights to that interest and force DOT to be involved in acquiring or accommodating other utility needs). The argument could be made that DOT could then charge a fee to remain in that corridor - but would be significantly offset by the staff needed to manage and coordinate the leasing of a growing number of utilities. Assume that parcel acquisition will increase by 50% from current state and local program levels (1,300 parcels):

3. The largest impact on the DOT will be increases in costs for design modifications and for construction costs due to project delays. These impacts will increase contract costs over time as more projects are impacted by utility concerns. Assume the highway development program remains at the \$600M level and delays have a 5% cost impact:

\$6.5M

\$600M X .05 = \$30M increase in contract costs

5. TOTAL ESTIMATED INCREASE BASED ON ASSUMPTIONS:

$$1.(\$3.6M) + 2.(\$6.5M) + 3.(\$30M) = >\$40M$$

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2005 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

×	Original		Updated		Correcte	ed		Supplemental
LRB	3 Number	05-2867	/1	Inti	roduction	Numbe	er /	AB-457
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(FT	TE Position Cha	anges)						
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Agend	cy/Prepared B	Зу		Authorized	d Signature			Date
DOT/	Tanace Matthi	esen (608) 2f	64-8716	Julie Johnson (608) 267-3703 6/24/2005				