



**Fiscal Estimate Narratives**  
**SPD 11/15/2007**

LRB Number <b>07-0001/1</b>	Introduction Number <b>AB-0566</b>	Estimate Type <b>Original</b>
<b>Description</b> Creating a registry for violent offenders, requiring the exercise of rule-making authority, and providing penalties		

**Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

The State Public Defender (SPD) is statutorily authorized and required to appoint attorneys to represent indigent defendants in criminal proceedings. The SPD plays a major role in ensuring that the Wisconsin justice system complies with the right to counsel provided by both the state and federal constitutions. Any legislation that creates a new criminal offense or expands the definition of an existing criminal offense has the potential to increase SPD costs.

Because this bill creates new felony and misdemeanor offenses, it would increase SPD costs. The average SPD cost to provide representation in a felony case is \$543.01 (for felony classes D-I, based upon fiscal year 2007 data). The average SPD cost to provide representation in a misdemeanor case is \$224.78. We do not know how many cases would be brought under the proposed new criminal law, but we could track the number of cases in the future (after the law takes effect).

Because the newly-created offenses could not be committed until the individual had been properly ordered to comply with the proposed registration requirements, there would be a period of time between the law's effective date and the commencement of prosecutions for alleged registration violations. Thus, the SPD might not experience the full fiscal effect in the first biennium following the bill becoming law.

Counties are also subject to increased costs when a new crime is created. There are some defendants who, despite exceeding the SPD's statutory financial guidelines, are constitutionally eligible for appointment of counsel because it would be a substantial hardship for them to retain an attorney. The court is required to appoint counsel at county expense for these defendants. The counties also incur costs associated with incarceration of defendants, both pending trial and after sentencing.

**Long-Range Fiscal Implications**