

☞ **07hr\_JCR-AR\_CRule\_08-067\_pt01**



(FORM UPDATED: 08/11/2010)

# WISCONSIN STATE LEGISLATURE ... PUBLIC HEARING - COMMITTEE RECORDS

## 2007-08

(session year)

## Joint

(Assembly, Senate or Joint)

## Committee for Review of Administrative Rules...

### COMMITTEE NOTICES ...

- Committee Reports ... **CR**
- Executive Sessions ... **ES**
- Public Hearings ... **PH**

### INFORMATION COLLECTED BY COMMITTEE FOR AND AGAINST PROPOSAL

- Appointments ... **Appt** (w/Record of Comm. Proceedings)
- Clearinghouse Rules ... **CRule** (w/Record of Comm. Proceedings)
- Hearing Records ... bills and resolutions (w/Record of Comm. Proceedings)
  - (**ab** = Assembly Bill)                      (**ar** = Assembly Resolution)                      (**ajr** = Assembly Joint Resolution)
  - (**sb** = Senate Bill)                              (**sr** = Senate Resolution)                              (**sjr** = Senate Joint Resolution)
- Miscellaneous ... **Misc**

\* Contents organized for archiving by: Stefanie Rose (LRB) (August 2012)



State of Wisconsin  
Jim Doyle, Governor

Senator Robert Jauch  
JCRAR Co-Chair  
Room 118 South, State Capitol

Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection  
Rod Nilsestuen, Secretary

## PUBLIC NOTICE

### FINAL DRAFT RULE TO LEGISLATURE

The Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection announces that it is submitting the following rule for legislative committee review, pursuant to s. 227.19, Stats.:

CLEARINGHOUSE RULE #: 08-067  
SUBJECT: Customer Access to Subscription Video Services  
ADM. CODE REFERENCE: ATCP 123  
DATCP DOCKET #: 08-R-03

Dated this 17<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2008.

STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, TRADE AND  
CONSUMER PROTECTION

By

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Rodney J. Nilsestuen  
Secretary

*Agriculture generates \$51.5 billion for Wisconsin*



State of Wisconsin  
Jim Doyle, Governor

Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection  
Rod Nilsestuen, Secretary

**DATE:** November 17, 2008

**TO:** The Honorable Fred Risser  
President, Wisconsin State Senate  
Room 220, South, State Capitol  
PO Box 7882  
Madison, WI 53707-7882

The Honorable Michael Huebsch  
Speaker, Wisconsin State Assembly  
Room 211 West, State Capitol  
PO Box 8952  
Madison, WI 53708-8952

**FROM:** Rodney J. Nilsestuen, Secretary   
Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection

**SUBJECT:** **Customer Access to Subscription Video Services**  
*(Clearinghouse Rule #08-067)*

The Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection ("DATCP") is transmitting this rule for legislative committee review, as provided in s. 227.19(2) and (3), Stats. DATCP will publish notice of this referral in the Wisconsin Administrative Register, as provided in s. 227.19(2), Stats.

2007 Wisconsin Act 42 regulates providers of subscription video services. Among other things, the act regulates customer access to video services, and prohibits discrimination in the provision of video services based on race or income. This rule interprets and clarifies those regulations.

### ***Background***

2007 Wisconsin Act 42 eliminates municipal franchising of cable television services and creates a new state system for franchising and regulating "video service providers" (including but not limited to cable television service providers). The act regulates subscription video services provided, under a state franchise, via cable or local telephone lines. Among other things, the act does all of the following (see s. 66.0420(8), Stats.):

- Prohibits a state-franchised video service provider from denying access to a "group" of potential customers based on race or income. A provider has a defense against a claim of discrimination based on income if, within 3 years after the provider first offered video services, at least 30% of the households with access to the provider's video service are "low-income households." The Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection ("DATCP") may extend the applicable time period, at the request of a video service provider.

*Agriculture generates \$51.5 billion for Wisconsin*

- Requires a state-franchised “large telecommunications video service provider” to do all of the following, unless DATCP grants a waiver or extension:
  - Provide video service access to at least 35 percent of the households in each of the provider’s basic local exchange service areas within the state franchise area no later than 3 years after the provider first offers video service.
  - Provide video service access to at least 50 percent of the households within each basic local exchange service area not more than 5 years after the provider first offers video service in that area, or not more than 2 years after at least 30 percent of the households with access have subscribed for at least 6 consecutive months, whichever occurs later.
- Requires a state-franchised “large telecommunications service provider” to file an annual report with DATCP regarding the provider’s progress in complying with minimum access requirements.
- Allows a video service provider to satisfy access requirements with an alternative technology (other than satellite service) that offers the same basic service, function and content features offered by the provider’s normal video service network.
- Provides that a telecommunications video service provider is not required to provide video service outside its basic local exchange service area.
- Provides that an incumbent cable service provider is not required to provide video service outside the area in which it provided cable television service when it first received a state franchise.

Act 42, as passed by the Legislature, gave DATCP very limited authority to adopt rules interpreting the access and anti-discrimination provisions of the new video services law. The Governor’s partial veto effectively expanded DATCP’s rulemaking authority to interpret those provisions. In his veto message, the Governor stated: “It is imperative that the state agencies responsible for ... enforcing the anti-discrimination provisions have the ability to interpret these statutes through administrative rule.”

### *Rule Contents*

This rule implements and clarifies certain Act 42 provisions related to video service access and anti-discrimination. This rule incorporates the new provisions into current DATCP rules under ch. ATCP 123, Wis. Adm. Code. This rule does all of the following:

- Clarifies that a “group” means 2 or more households. A video service provider denies access to a “group” if it denies access to all of the households comprising that “group.”

- Defines “household” consistent with current statutes.
- Defines “low-income household” as a household with a combined annual income equal to less than 200% of the federal poverty level for a family of 3.
- Clarifies that a video service provider provides video service “access” to a household if the provider is able to provide video service to that household using the provider’s normal service network or an equivalent alternative technology, regardless of whether any customer has ordered the service.
- Spells out the procedure by which a video service provider may ask DATCP to waive or extend the deadline for complying with a minimum access requirement:
  - A provider must submit a request in writing, in hard-copy and electronic form. The request must justify the proposed waiver or extension, based on statutory criteria, and must include facts and evidence supporting the justification. DATCP may request relevant supplementary information.
  - Within 30 business days after DATCP receives a written request, it must issue a proposed order granting the request, denying the request, or granting the request in modified form. DATCP must issue a press release announcing the proposed order and inviting public comment. DATCP may hold one or more public hearings on the proposed order.
  - Within 60 business days after DATCP issues a proposed order, DATCP must issue a final order. If the final order differs from the proposed order, DATCP must explain the reasons for difference.
- Clarifies that a “large telecommunications service provider” must file its required annual progress report with DATCP by January 31 of each calendar year, beginning with the first calendar year after the provider first provides video service under a state franchise. The provider must provide annual progress reports until DATCP makes a written determination that the provider has met applicable minimum access requirements.

In a separate rule-making proceeding (*Clearinghouse Rule No. 08-027*), DATCP has proposed a definition of “video service” that would also apply to this rule. That definition is identical to the definition in s. 66.0420(1)(y), Stats.

#### ***Public Hearings***

DATCP held one public hearing on this rule. DATCP held the hearing on August 26, 2008 in Madison and accepted written comments until September 12, 2008. Three persons attended but only one offered verbal comments, and 1 person offered written comments.

### ***Changes from Hearing Draft***

In response to comments, DATCP made the following changes in the final draft rule:

- Modified the definitions of “group,” “video service network” and “video service provider.”
- Clarified anti-discrimination provisions in s. 123.22.
- Clarified that minimum access requirements in s. ATCP 123.24 apply only to “large telecommunication video service providers.”
- Incorporated technical changes (including definitional changes) recommended by the Legislative Council Rules Clearinghouse.

### ***Response to Rules Clearinghouse Comments***

DATCP modified the final draft rule to address all of the comments from the Legislative Council Rules Clearinghouse.

### ***Fiscal Impact***

This rule will have no significant fiscal impact on DATCP or local units of government. A complete *Fiscal Estimate* is attached.

### ***Business Impact***

2007 Act 42 will have a major impact on video service providers in Wisconsin. This rule interprets and clarifies portions of Act 42 related to customer access to video services, and discrimination in service access. This rule does not add any substantive requirements or prohibitions, beyond what is already contained in Act 42.

None of the video service providers affected by Act 42 or this rule are small businesses, so this rule will have no impact on small business. For the most part, this rule will have a positive impact on video service providers, because it will clarify requirements and procedures under Act 42. A complete *Business Impact Analysis* is attached.

### ***Environmental Impact***

This rule will not have a significant impact on the environment.

The Honorable Fred Risser  
The Honorable Michael Huebsch  
November 17, 2008  
Page 5

### *Federal and Surrounding State Regulations*

#### **Federal Programs**

Federal law regulates cable television service, including cable ownership, use of cable channels, and cable franchising. Federal law also regulates video services provided by telephone companies.

State and local governments may regulate video services, as long as the regulations do not conflict with federal law. Federal law imposes consumer protection and customer service obligations on cable television service providers, but does not prevent states from imposing more stringent requirements.

Federal law does not establish minimum access requirements. Federal law does prohibit discrimination against a "group" of customers based on the income of residents of the "local area" in which the "group" resides. Federal law does not define "group" or "local area."

#### **Surrounding State Programs**

During 2007, Illinois, Michigan and Iowa enacted laws that created new state systems for franchising and regulating video service providers. Minnesota has yet to adopt such a law. The laws adopted by Illinois, Michigan and Iowa are similar in relevant respects to the Wisconsin law, but are not identical to the Wisconsin law or to each other.

## Public Hearing Summary

### Customer Access to Subscription Video Services

ATCP 123, Wis. Adm. Code  
Clearinghouse Rule # 08-067

**Hearing Held: August 26, 2008 – Madison**

The hearing commenced at 1:00 p.m. Three persons attended, but only one offered verbal comments.

The public hearing record for written comments remained open until September 12, 2008. The department received one (1) written comment for the hearing record. The comments may be summarized as follows:

#### Person/Organization

#### Comments

Carson Young

Disappointed the department did not find a way to include privacy, so companies could not track the use of channels. Understood that there was no provision in the bill to give the department authority to do this.

Disappointed the department did not find a way to regulate the location of information channels (peg channels).

AT&T

Proposed the use of statutory reference to the definition of "video service provider" (final draft rule changed to include reference).

Proposed the use of statutory terms for consistency in the section dealing with the prohibition against discrimination.

Opposed hearing draft section dealing with when a video service provider provides video service access to a group of households (removed from final draft rule).

Opposed hearing draft section dealing with build-out requirements: use of the term "each" when referring to "basic local exchange service areas"; and limits on a provider's build-out obligation.

**PROPOSED ORDER  
OF THE WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,  
TRADE AND CONSUMER PROTECTION  
ADOPTING RULES**

1 The Wisconsin department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection proposes the  
2 following rule *to repeal* ch. ATCP 123(note); *to amend* ATCP 123.12(1)(intro.) and (2);  
3 and *to create* ch. ATCP 123 subch. I(title), subch. II(title) and (note), and subch. III;  
4 *relating to* customer access to subscription video services and discriminatory practices by  
5 video service providers.

---

**Analysis Prepared by the Department of Agriculture,  
Trade and Consumer Protection**

2007 Wisconsin Act 42 regulates providers of subscription video services. Among other things, the act regulates customer access to video services, and prohibits discrimination in the provision of video services based on race or income. This rule interprets and clarifies those regulations.

***Statutes Interpreted***

Statutes Interpreted: s. 66.0420(8), Stats.

***Statutory Authority***

Statutory Authority: ss. 66.0420(13)(a) and 93.07(1), Stats.

***Explanation of Statutory Authority***

2007 Wisconsin Act 42 eliminates municipal franchising of cable television services and creates a new state system for franchising and regulating “video service providers” (including but not limited to cable television service providers). The act regulates subscription video services provided, under a state franchise, via cable or local telephone lines. Among other things, the act does all of the following (see s. 66.0420(8), Stats.):

- Prohibits a state-franchised video service provider from denying access to a “group” of potential customers based on race or income. A provider has a defense against a claim of discrimination based on income if, within 3 years after the provider first offered video services, at least 30% of the households with access to the provider’s video service are “low-income households.” The Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (“DATCP”) may extend the applicable time period, at the request of a video service provider.
- Requires a state-franchised “large telecommunications video service provider” to do all of the following, unless DATCP grants a waiver or extension:
  - Provide video service access to at least 35 percent of the households in each of the provider’s basic local exchange service areas within the state franchise area no later than 3 years after the provider first offers video service.
  - Provide video service access to at least 50 percent of the households within each basic local exchange service area not more than 5 years after the provider first offers video service in that area, or not more than 2 years after at least 30 percent of the households with access have subscribed for at least 6 consecutive months, whichever occurs later.
- Requires a state-franchised “large telecommunications service provider” to file an annual report with DATCP regarding the provider’s progress in complying with minimum access requirements.
- Allows a video service provider to satisfy access requirements with an alternative technology (other than satellite service) that offers the same basic service, function and content features offered by the provider’s normal video service network.
- Provides that a telecommunications video service provider is not required to provide video service outside its basic local exchange service area.
- Provides that an incumbent cable service provider is not required to provide video service outside the area in which it provided cable television service when it first received a state franchise.

Act 42, as passed by the Legislature, gave DATCP very limited authority to adopt rules interpreting the access and anti-discrimination provisions of the new video services law. The Governor’s partial veto effectively expanded DATCP’s rulemaking authority to interpret those provisions. In his veto message, the Governor stated: “It is imperative that the state agencies responsible for ...enforcing the anti-discrimination provisions have the ability to interpret these statutes through administrative rule.”

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10

### *Related Statutes or Rules*

DATCP currently administers s. 100.20, Stats. (methods of competition and trade practices), s. 100.207, Stats. (telecommunications services), and s. 100.209, Stats. (cable television subscriber rights). DATCP has adopted rules under ch. ATCP 123, Wis. Adm. Code, related to subscription and billing practices by telecommunications and cable television service providers.

The Department of Financial Institutions administers s. 66.0420, Stats., and has adopted rules under ch. DFI-CCS 20, Wis. Adm. Code, relating to video service franchises.

### *Rule Content*

This rule incorporates and clarifies interprets and implements certain Act 42 provisions related to video service access and anti-discrimination. This rule incorporates the new provisions into current DATCP rules under ch. ATCP 123, Wis. Adm. Code. This rule does all of the following:

- Clarifies that a “group” means 2 or more households. A video service provider denies access to a “group” if it denies access to all of the households comprising that “group.”
- Defines “household” consistent with current statutes.
- Defines “low-income household” as a household with a combined annual income equal to less than 200% of the federal poverty level for a family of 3.
- Clarifies that a video service provider provides video service “access” to a household if the provider is able to provide video service to that household using the provider’s normal service network or an equivalent alternative technology, regardless of whether any customer has ordered the service.
- Spells out the procedure by which a video service provider may ask DATCP to waive or extend the deadline for complying with a minimum access requirement:
  - A provider must submit a request in writing, in hard-copy and electronic form. The request must justify the proposed waiver or extension, based on statutory criteria, and must include facts and evidence supporting the justification. DATCP may request relevant supplementary information.
  - Within 30 business days after DATCP receives a written request, it must issue a proposed order granting the request, denying the request, or granting the request in modified form. DATCP must issue a press release announcing the proposed order and inviting public comment. DATCP may hold one or more public hearings on the proposed order.

- Within 60 business days after DATCP issues a proposed order, DATCP must issue a final order. If the final order differs from the proposed order, DATCP must explain the reasons for difference.
- Clarifies that a “large telecommunications service provider” must file its required annual progress report with DATCP by January 31 of each calendar year, beginning with the first calendar year after the provider first provides video service under a state franchise. The provider must provide annual progress reports until DATCP makes a written determination that the provider has met applicable minimum access requirements.

In a separate rule-making proceeding (*Clearinghouse Rule No. 08-027*), DATCP has proposed a definition of “video service” that would also apply to this rule. That definition is identical to the definition in s. 66.0420(1)(y), Stats.

#### ***Fiscal Impact***

This rule will have no significant fiscal impact on DATCP or local units of government. A complete *Fiscal Estimate* is attached.

#### ***Business Impact***

2007 Act 42 will have a major impact on video service providers in Wisconsin. This rule interprets and clarifies portions of Act 42 related to customer access to video services, and discrimination in providing access. This rule does not add any substantive requirements or prohibitions, beyond what is already contained in Act 42.

None of the video service providers affected by Act 42 or this rule are small businesses, so this rule will have no impact on small business. For the most part, this rule will have a positive impact on video service providers, because it will clarify requirements and procedures under Act 42. A complete *Business Impact Analysis* is attached.

#### ***Federal and Surrounding State Regulations***

##### **Federal Regulations**

Federal law regulates cable television service, including cable ownership, use of cable channels, and cable franchising. Federal law also regulates video services provided by telephone companies.

State and local governments may regulate video services, as long as the regulations do not conflict with federal law. Federal law imposes consumer protection and customer service obligations on cable television service providers, but does not prevent states from imposing more stringent requirements.

Federal law does not establish minimum access requirements. Federal law does prohibit discrimination against a “group” of customers based on the income of residents of the “local area” in which the “group” resides. Federal law does not define “group” or “local area.”

### **Surrounding State Regulations**

During 2007, Illinois, Michigan and Iowa enacted laws creating new state systems for franchising and regulating video service providers. Minnesota has yet to adopt such a law. The laws adopted by Illinois, Michigan and Iowa are similar in relevant respects to the Wisconsin law, but are not identical to the Wisconsin law.

#### *Illinois*

The Illinois law does the following:

- Prohibits a video service provider from denying access to a group of potential residential subscribers because of the race or income of residents in the local area where the potential subscribers reside.
- Requires a “large video service provider” to provide access to 25% of the households in its telecommunication service area within 3 years after it began providing video service, and 35% within 5 years after it began providing video service. The provider is not required to meet the 35% requirement until 2 years after at least 15% of the households with access to the provider’s video service subscribe to the service for at least 6 months.
- Requires that, within 3 years after a video service provider is granted a franchise, at least 30% of the households with “access” to the video service must be “low-income households.”
  - The law defines “low-income household” as households with average annual household income less than \$35,000, based on U.S. census bureau estimates adjusted annually.
  - The law defines “access” to mean that the video service provider is capable of providing broadband internet and video programming services at the household address using any technology except satellite television, regardless of whether any customer has ordered the service.
- Requires a video service provider to file with the state an annual report describing factors related to the access requirements.
- Allows a video service provider to assert, as a defense to a charge of violating minimum access requirements, a need to extend the compliance deadline (based on stated factors).

## Michigan

The Michigan law does the following:

- Prohibits a video service provider from denying service access to any group of potential residential subscribers because of the race or income of residents in the local area where the potential subscribers reside.
- Requires a “large video service provider” to provide access to 25% of households in its telecommunication service area within 3 years after it began providing video service, and 50% within 6 years after it began providing video service. The provider is not required to meet the 50% requirement until 2 years after at least 30% of the households with access to the provider’s video service subscribe to the service for at least 6 months.
- Allows a video service provider to assert a defense to a discrimination claim if it can show any of the following:
  - Within 3 years after it began providing video service, at least 25% of the households with access to that service are “low-income households.”
  - Within 5 years after it began providing video service, and from that point forward, at least 30% of the households with access to that service are “low-income households.”
- Allows a video service provider to apply for a waiver of, or extension of time to comply with, access requirements (based on stated factors).
- Requires a video service provider to submit to the Michigan public service commission any information necessary for the commission to prepare an annual report.
- Defines “low-income household” as a household with an average annual household income of less than \$35,000 as determined by the most recent U.S. decennial census.
- Does *not* define “access.”

## Iowa

The Iowa law does the following:

- Prohibits a video service provider from denying access to any group of potential residential providers because of the income of the residents in the local area in which the potential subscribers reside. The Iowa law does *not* prohibit denying access based on race, and does *not* provide the video service provider with an affirmative defense to an allegation that it violated this law.

- Requires a “large video service provider” to extend its system to a potential subscriber located within its authorized service area if all of the following occur:
  - At least 250 dwelling units are located within 2,500 feet of a remote terminal.
  - The dwelling units do not have cable service or video service available from another provider.
  - The video service provider is providing cable service and video service to over 50% of all cable service or video service subscribers in the potential subscriber’s franchise area.
- Does *not* specify any reporting requirements for the video service providers.

***Data and Analytical Methodologies***

This rule does not depend on any complex analysis of data. In this rule, “low-income household” is defined as a household with a combined annual income equal to less than 200% of the federal poverty level for a family of 3, as determined by the U.S. office of management and budget based on the most recent data available from the U.S. census bureau. The definition of “access” is based on industry practices and consumer experience.

***DATCP Contact***

Questions and comments related to this rule may be directed to:

Michelle Reinen, Program & Planning Analyst  
 Department of Agriculture, trade and Consumer Protection  
 P.O. Box 8911  
 Madison, WI 53708-8911  
 Telephone (608) 224-5160  
 E-Mail: [hearingcomments@datcp.state.wi.us](mailto:hearingcomments@datcp.state.wi.us)

1           **SECTION 1.** Chapter ATCP 123(note) is repealed.

2           **SECTION 2.** Chapter ATCP 123 subchapter I(title), inserted before ATCP 123.01,  
 3 is created to read:

**Subchapter I  
 Definitions and General Provisions**

4  
 5  
 6

1 SECTION 3. Chapter ATCP 123 subchapter II(title), inserted after ATCP 123.01,

2 is created to read:

3 **Subchapter II**  
4 **Subscription and Billing Practices**

5  
6 SECTION 4. Chapter ATCP 123 subchapter II (note), inserted after subchapter  
7 II(title), is created to read.

8 **NOTE:** This subchapter regulates subscription and billing practices related to  
9 telecommunications services and cable television services provided to  
10 consumers.

11  
12 This subchapter is adopted under authority of ss. 100.20(2) and  
13 100.207(6)(e), Stats. Violations of this chapter may be subject to  
14 prosecution under ss. 100.20 (6), 100.26 (3) and (6) and, in the case of  
15 telecommunications services, s. 100.207 (6) (b) and (c), Stats. Persons  
16 damaged by violations of this subchapter may bring private actions against  
17 the violators under ss. 100.20(5) and 100.207(6)(a), Stats.

18  
19 State administrative rules may, under certain circumstances, be preempted  
20 by federal law or administrative action. A provision of this subchapter  
21 that conflicts with federal law may be preempted.

22  
23 SECTION 5. ATCP 123.12(1)(intro.) is amended to read:

24 ATCP 123.12(1)(intro.) This ~~chapter~~ subchapter does not apply to any of the  
25 following:

26 SECTION 6. ATCP 123.12(2) is amended to read:

27 ATCP 123.12(2) This ~~chapter~~ subchapter does not authorize any activity  
28 prohibited by ch. 196, Stats., or by the state of Wisconsin public service commission  
29 under ch. 196, Stats.

30 SECTION 7. Chapter ATCP 123 subchapter III, inserted after s. ATCP 123.12, is  
31 created to read:

32 **Subchapter III**  
33 **Customer Access to Video Services**

1  
2 **NOTE:** Pursuant to 2007 Wisconsin Act 42, this subchapter interprets s.  
3 66.0420(8), Stats., which regulates customer access to video services and  
4 prohibits discriminatory practices by video service providers. Act 42 does  
5 not authorize the department to take enforcement action against video  
6 service providers who violate s. 66.0420(8), Stats., or this subchapter.  
7 However, affected individuals, municipalities, interim cable operators, or  
8 video service providers adversely affected by violations of s. 66.0420(8),  
9 Stats., or this subchapter may initiate legal action against the violator to  
10 the extent authorized by law.

11 **ATCP 123.20 Definitions.** In this subchapter:

12  
13 (1) "Alternative technology" means a technology, other than satellite service, that  
14 is not part of the provider's normal video service network but that does all of the  
15 following:

16 (a) Offers service, functionality, and content demonstrably similar to the service,  
17 functionality, and content provided through the provider's normal video service network.

18 (b) Provides access to PEG channels, as defined in s. 66.0420, Stats., and  
19 messages broadcast over the emergency alert system.

20 (2) "Basic local exchange service area" has the meaning given in s.  
21 66.0420(2)(b), Stats.

22 (3) "Cable service" has the meaning given in s. 66.0420(2)(e), Stats.

23 (4) "Franchise area" means the geographic area covered by a state franchise.

24 (5) "Group" means 2 or more households.

25 (6) "Household" has the meaning given in s. 66.0420(2)(k), Stats.

26 (7) "Incumbent cable operator" has the meaning given in s. 66.0420(2)(L), Stats.

27 (8) "Large telecommunications video service provider" has the meaning given in  
28 s. 66.0420(2)(p), Stats.

1 (9) "Low-income household" means a household with a combined annual income  
2 that is not more than 200% of the poverty level for a family of 3 as defined by 42 USC  
3 9902(2).

4 (10) "State franchise" means a video service franchise issued by the Wisconsin  
5 department of financial institutions under s. 66.0420, Stats.

6 (11) "Telecommunications video service provider" has the meaning given in s.  
7 66.0420(1)(v), Stats.

8 (12) "Video service access" means the availability of video service to a  
9 household at the household address which the video service provider is able to provide  
10 using the video service provider's video service network or an alternate technology,  
11 regardless of whether any customer has ordered the service.

12 (13) "Video service network" has the meaning given in s. 66.0420(2)(zb), Stats.

13 (14) "Video service provider" has the meaning given in s. 66.0420(2)(zg), Stats..

14 **ATCP 123.22 Discrimination prohibited.** (1) No video service provider that  
15 offers a video service under a state franchise may fail to provide video service access to  
16 any group of potential residential customers in the franchise area because of the race or  
17 income of residents in any local area in which all of the potential residential customers  
18 comprising the group are located.

19 (2) In an action alleging discrimination based on income under sub. (1), it is a  
20 defense for the video service provider to prove any of the following:

21 (a) The video service provider has provided the video service under the state  
22 franchise for less than 3 years, or for less than an extended time period specified by the  
23 department under s. ATCP 123.26.

1 (b) At least 30 percent of the households with access to the video service in the  
2 franchise area are low-income households.

3 **ATCP 123.24 Large telecommunications video service provider; customer**  
4 **access to video service. (1) ACCESS REQUIREMENTS.** A large telecommunications video  
5 service provider that offers a video service under a state franchise shall do all of the  
6 following:

7 (a) Provide video service access to at least 35 percent of the households within  
8 the large telecommunications video service provider's basic local exchange service area  
9 included in the franchise area, beginning within 3 years after the date on which the large  
10 telecommunications video service provider first provides video service in that basic local  
11 exchange service area under the state franchise.

12 (b) Provide video service access to at least 50 percent of the households within  
13 the large telecommunications video service provider's basic local exchange service area  
14 included in the franchise area, beginning by the later of the following dates:

15 1. The 5th anniversary of the date on which the provider first provides video  
16 service in that basic local exchange service area under the state franchise.

17 2. The 2nd anniversary of the first date on which at least 30 percent of the  
18 households having access to the video service in its basic local exchange service area  
19 have subscribed to that service for at least 6 consecutive months.

20 (2) ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT. A large telecommunications video service  
21 provider shall file an annual written report with the department, documenting the  
22 provider's progress in complying with sub. (1). The provider shall file the report on or  
23 before January 31 of each year, beginning with the first calendar year after the provider

1 first provides video service under a state franchise. The provider shall file an annual  
2 report until the department makes a written determination that the provider has fully  
3 complied with sub. (1).

4 **ATCP 123.26 Extension or waiver. (1) DEPARTMENT MAY GRANT EXTENSION**  
5 **OR WAIVER.** In response to a request from a video service provider under sub. (2), the  
6 department may by order do any of the following:

7 (a) Extend the applicable time period under s. ATCP 123.22(2)(a).

8 (b) Extend the deadline for compliance with an access requirement under s.  
9 ATCP 123.24(1).

10 (c) Waive an access requirement under s. ATCP 123.24(1).

11 **(2) REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OR WAIVER.** A video service provider may request  
12 an extension or waiver under sub. (1) by filing a written request with the department.

13 The video service provider shall file the request and supporting information with the  
14 department in hard copy form, and in an electronic form that is acceptable to the  
15 department. The request shall include all of the following information:

16 (a) The nature and scope of the requested extension or waiver.

17 (b) The justification for the extension or waiver under s. 66.0420(8)(c), Stats., the  
18 facts supporting that justification, and relevant evidence documenting the facts.

19 (c) The names and addresses of individuals, including expert witnesses if any,  
20 who are available to testify regarding the facts or justification under par. (b).

21 (d) Relevant supplementary information, if any, requested by the department.

22 **(3) PROPOSED ORDER.** Within 30 business days after the department receives a  
23 complete request under sub. (2), the department shall issue a proposed order granting the

1 request, denying the request, or granting the request with modifications. The department  
2 shall issue a news release announcing the proposed order, and soliciting public comment  
3 on the proposed order. The department may schedule one or more public hearings on the  
4 proposed order.

5 (4) FINAL ORDER. Within 60 business days after the department issues a  
6 proposed order under par. (c), the department shall issue a final order. If the final order  
7 differs from the proposed order, the department shall explain the reason for the  
8 modification.

9 **ATCP 123.28 Video service access requirements; limitations.** (1) This  
10 subchapter does not require a telecommunications video service provider to provide  
11 video service outside the provider's basic local exchange service area.

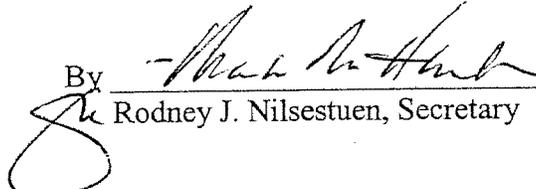
12 (2) This subchapter does not require an incumbent cable operator to provide  
13 video service outside the area in which the incumbent cable operator provided cable  
14 service when the Wisconsin department of financial institutions first issued a state  
15 franchise to the incumbent cable operator.

16 **EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule takes effect on the first day of the month following  
17 publication in the Wisconsin administrative register, as provided in s. 227.22 (2) (intro.),  
18 Stats.

Dated this 17<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2008.

STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,  
TRADE AND CONSUMER PROTECTION

By

  
Rodney J. Nilsestuen, Secretary

Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection

**Business Impact Analysis**

**Rule Subject:** Customer Access to Subscription Video Services  
**Adm. Code Reference:** ATCP 123  
**Rules Clearinghouse #:** 08-067  
**DATCP Docket #:** 08-R-03

**Background**

2007 Wisconsin Act 42 eliminates municipal franchising of cable television services and creates a new state system for franchising and regulating "video service providers" (including but not limited to cable television service providers). The act regulates subscription video services provided, under a state franchise, via cable or local telephone lines. Among other things, the act does all of the following (see s. 66.0420(8), Stats.):

- Prohibits a state-franchised video service provider from denying access to a "group" of potential customers based on race or income. A provider has a defense against a claim of discrimination based on income if, within 3 years after the provider first offered video services, at least 30% of the households with access to the provider's video service are "low-income households." The Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection ("DATCP") may extend the applicable time period, at the request of a video service provider.
- Requires a state-franchised "large telecommunications video service provider" to do all of the following, unless DATCP grants a waiver or extension:
  - Provide video service access to at least 35 percent of the households in each of the provider's basic local exchange service areas within the state franchise area no later than 3 years after the provider first offers video service.
  - Provide video service access to at least 50 percent of the households within each basic local exchange service area not more than 5 years after the provider first offers video service in that area, or not more than 2 years after at least 30 percent of the households with access have subscribed for at least 6 consecutive months, whichever occurs later.
- Requires a state-franchised "large telecommunications service provider" to file an annual report with DATCP regarding the provider's progress in complying with minimum access requirements.

- Allows a video service provider to satisfy access requirements with an alternative technology (other than satellite service) that offers the same basic service, function and content features offered by the provider's normal video service network.
- Provides that a telecommunications video service provider is not required to provide video service outside its basic local exchange service area.
- Provides that an incumbent cable service provider is not required to provide video service outside the area in which it provided cable television service when it first received a state franchise.

Act 42, as passed by the Legislature, gave DATCP very limited authority to adopt rules interpreting the access and anti-discrimination provisions of the new video services law. The Governor's partial veto effectively expanded DATCP's rulemaking authority to interpret those provisions. In his veto message, the Governor stated: "It is imperative that the state agencies responsible for ...enforcing the anti-discrimination provisions have the ability to interpret these statutes through administrative rule."

### ***Rule Content***

This rule incorporates and clarifies certain video service access and anti-discrimination provisions contained in Act 42. This rule does all of the following:

- Clarifies that a "group" means 2 or more households. A video service provider denies access to a "group" if it denies access to all of the households comprising that "group."
- Defines "household" consistent with current statutes.
- Defines "low-income household" as a household with a combined annual income equal to less than 200% of the federal poverty level for a family of 3.
- Clarifies that a video service provider provides video service "access" to a household if the provider is able to provide video service to that household using the provider's normal service network or an equivalent alternative technology, regardless of whether any customer has ordered the service.
- Spells out the procedure by which a video service provider may ask DATCP to waive or extend the deadline for complying with a minimum access requirement:
  - A provider must submit a request in writing, in hard-copy and electronic form. The request must justify the proposed waiver or extension, based on statutory criteria, and must include facts and evidence supporting the justification. DATCP may request relevant supplementary information.

- Within 30 business days after DATCP receives a written request, it must issue a proposed order granting the request, denying the request, or granting the request in modified form. DATCP must issue a press release announcing the proposed order and inviting public comment. DATCP may hold one or more public hearings on the proposed order.
- Within 60 business days after DATCP issues a proposed order, DATCP must issue a final order. If the final order differs from the proposed order, DATCP must explain the reasons for difference.
- Clarifies that a “large telecommunications service provider” must file its required annual progress report with DATCP by January 31 of each calendar year, beginning with the first calendar year after the provider first provides video service under a state franchise. The provider must provide annual progress reports until DATCP makes a written determination that the provider has met applicable minimum access requirements.

In a separate rule-making proceeding (*Clearinghouse Rule No. 08-027*), DATCP has proposed a definition of “video service” that would also apply to this rule. That definition is identical to the definition in s. 66.0420(1)(y), Stats. This rule also incorporates new statutory definitions created by 2007 Wis. Act 42.

### ***Business Impact***

2007 Act 42 will have a major impact on video service providers in Wisconsin. This rule merely interprets and clarifies portions of Act 42 related to customer access to video services, and discrimination in providing access. This rule does not add any substantive requirements or prohibitions, beyond what is already contained in Act 42.

None of the video service providers affected by Act 42 or this rule are small businesses, so this rule will have no impact on small business. For the most part, this rule will have a positive impact on video service providers, because it will clarify requirements and procedures under Act 42.

### ***Steps to Assist Small Business***

None of the businesses affected by this rule are “small businesses.” This rule does not make special exceptions for “small businesses.”

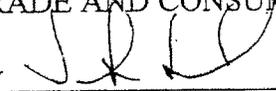
### ***Conclusion***

This rule clarifies portions of 2007 Wisconsin Act 42 relating to customer access to subscription video services. This rule does not add any substantive requirements or prohibitions, beyond what is already contained in Act 42. This rule will have few, if any, negative effects on business. This rule will have no effect on “small business,” and is not subject to the delayed “small business” effective date provided in s. 227.22(2)(e), Stats.

Dated this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2008

STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,  
TRADE AND CONSUMER PROTECTION

By



Janet Jenkins, Administrator,  
Division of Trade & Consumer Protection

**FISCAL ESTIMATE**

DOA-2048 N(R10/98)

- ORIGINAL       UPDATED  
 CORRECTED       SUPPLEMENTAL

LRB No. and Bill/Adm. Rule No.	<b>Ch. ATCP 123</b>
Amendment No. If Applicable	

Subject  
**Electronic Communication Service**

**Fiscal Effect**  
**State:**  No State Fiscal Effect  
 Check columns below only if bill makes a direct appropriation or affects a sum certain appropriation

<input type="checkbox"/> Increase Existing Appropriation	<input type="checkbox"/> Increase Existing Revenues	<input type="checkbox"/> Increase Costs - May be possible to Absorb Within Agency's Budget <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> Decrease Existing Appropriation	<input type="checkbox"/> Decrease Existing Revenues	
<input type="checkbox"/> Create New Appropriation	<input type="checkbox"/> Decrease Costs	

**Local:**  No Local Government Costs

1. <input type="checkbox"/> Increase Costs <input type="checkbox"/> Permissive <input type="checkbox"/> Mandatory	3. <input type="checkbox"/> Increase Revenues <input type="checkbox"/> Permissive <input type="checkbox"/> Mandatory	5. Types of Local Governmental Units Affected: <input type="checkbox"/> Towns <input type="checkbox"/> Villages <input type="checkbox"/> Cities <input type="checkbox"/> Counties <input type="checkbox"/> Others <input type="checkbox"/> School Districts <input type="checkbox"/> WTCS Districts
2. <input type="checkbox"/> Decrease Costs <input type="checkbox"/> Permissive <input type="checkbox"/> Mandatory	4. <input type="checkbox"/> Decrease Revenues <input type="checkbox"/> Permissive <input type="checkbox"/> Mandatory	

<b>Fund Sources Affected</b> <input type="checkbox"/> GPR <input type="checkbox"/> FED <input type="checkbox"/> PRO <input type="checkbox"/> PRS <input type="checkbox"/> SEG <input type="checkbox"/> SEG-S	<b>Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations</b>
---	---------------------------------------

**Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

This rule will have no significant fiscal impact on DATCP or local units of government.

**Background**

Chapter ATCP 123, Wis. Adm. Code, protects consumers against unfair sales and billing practices related to telecommunications and cable television services. Due to recent legislation affecting video service, it is necessary to create a new subchapter to the rule to incorporate and clarify certain video service access requirements and anti-discrimination practices contained in 2007 Wisconsin Act 42.

Specifically, this rule creates a new subchapter titled "Customer Access to Video Services". In this subchapter the rule clarifies that a "group" means two or more households, defines household and low-income household, clarifies "access" to a household, and spells out the procedure by which a large telecommunications service provider may request a waiver or extend the deadline for complying with minimum access requirements under Act 42.

**Impact of the Proposed Rule on State Government**

This rule will have no significant fiscal impact on DATCP or other state government because Act 42 gave DATCP very limited authority to adopt rules interpreting the access and anti-discrimination provisions of the new video services law. DATCP also has limited enforcement responsibility. Therefore the rule itself has no fiscal impact on DATCP.

**Impact of the Proposed Rule on Local Government**

This rule will have no fiscal impact on local government.

**Long-Range Fiscal Implications**

Agency/Prepared by: (Name & Phone No.) Dept of Agriculture, Trade & Consumer Protection	Authorized Signature/Telephone No. <i>(608) 224-4800</i> <i>Haren Van Schoonhoven</i>	Date 10/29/2008
DATCP / Michelle Reinen (608) 2 224-5160	William Walker (608) 224-4353	