

2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: **01/23/2009**

Received By: **pgrant**

Wanted: **As time permits**

Identical to LRB:

For: **Legislative Council - JLC 6-0922**

By/Representing: **Russ Whitesel**

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**

Drafter: **pgrant**

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Subject: **Education - school boards**

Extra Copies: **TKK**

Submit via email: **YES**

Requester's email: **russ.whitesel@legis.wisconsin.gov**

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

School safety plans

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

<u>Vers.</u>	<u>Drafted</u>	<u>Reviewed</u>	<u>Typed</u>	<u>Proofed</u>	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Required</u>
/?							
/P1	pgrant 01/27/2009	nnatzke 01/30/2009		_____			S&L
/P2	pgrant 02/04/2009	nnatzke 02/04/2009	rschluet 01/30/2009	_____	mbarman 01/30/2009		S&L
/P3	pgrant 03/30/2009	nnatzke 03/30/2009	jfrantze 02/05/2009	_____	sbasford 02/05/2009		S&L

<u>Vers.</u>	<u>Drafted</u>	<u>Reviewed</u>	<u>Typed</u>	<u>Proofed</u>	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Required</u>
/1			mduchek 03/31/2009	_____	sbasford 03/31/2009	sbasford 03/31/2009	

FE Sent For: "/1" @ intro. 4/6/09

<END>

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/P3		<i>1 nwn</i> 3/30	jfrantze 02/05/2009	_____	sbasford 02/05/2009		

Please Jacket for analysis

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/P2		/P3 ^{nwn} 2/4	rschluet 01/30/2009	_____	mbarman 01/30/2009		

FE Sent For:


2/5


2/5

<END>

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/?	pgrant	1/23/09	Jb	JC cont. 1/23			

FE Sent For:

<END>

1791

1 **AN ACT** *to renumber and amend* 120.12 (26); and *to amend* 118.07 (2) (a) of the
 2 statutes; **relating to**: ???

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

JOINT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PREFATORY NOTE: This draft was prepared for the Joint Legislative Council’s Special Committee on School Safety.

Under current law, school boards of common or union high school districts must have in place a school safety plan. Wisconsin law does not provide specific details as to what components should be in the school safety plan. Wisconsin law does not have minimum standards for the plan’s training or practice drills. The statutes also do not direct school boards to create or review plans with any specific party.

Current law also requires public, as well as private schools to conduct fire and tornado or other hazard drills. There is no requirement for either public or private schools to practice school safety plans. Only public schools are required, however, to have safety plans.

This draft expands current statutory requirements by providing specific details regarding school safety plans. The draft requires both public and private schools to do all of the following:

1. Create a school safety plan with active participation from appropriate parties such as local law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, pupil service professionals, and mental health professionals.
2. Specify the process for reviewing the plan.
3. Include general guidelines specifying procedures for emergency prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery as well as specify the process for reviewing the plan, the persons who are to receive training of the plan’s procedures, and methods for conducting drills required to comply with the plan.
4. Determine who shall receive the school safety plan training, which is based upon the school district’s prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities.

5. Drill school safety plan procedures twice a year or substitute a school safety drill for a fire, tornado, or other hazard drill.

6. Have the school safety plan in place within 3 years after this bill goes into effect and review it at least once every 3 years following implementation.

1 **SECTION 1.** 118.07 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 118.07 (2) (a) Once each month, without previous warning, the person having direct
3 charge of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper method of departure
4 from the building as if in case of fire, except when the person having direct charge deems that
5 the health of the pupils may be endangered by inclement weather conditions. At least twice
6 annually, without previous warning, the person having direct charge of any public or private
7 school shall drill all pupils in the proper method of evacuation to a safe location as if in the
8 case of a tornado or other hazard. At least twice annually, without previous warning, the
9 person having direct charge of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper
10 method of evacuation or other appropriate actions as if in the case of a school safety incident.
11 The public and private school safety drill shall be based on the school safety plan adopted
12 under s. 118.07 (4). A safety drill may be substituted for any other drill required under this
13 paragraph The school board or governing body of the private school shall maintain for at least
14 7 years a record of each fire drill and tornado or other hazard, and school safety drill conducted.

NOTE: SECTION 1 requires the person in charge of both public and private schools to conduct 2 school safety drills each school year in addition to monthly fire drills and 2 tornado or other hazard drills. A school safety drill may be substituted for a fire, tornado, or other hazard drill.

15 **SECTION 2.** 120.12 (26) of the statutes is renumbered 118.07 (4) and amended to read:

16 118.07 (4) ~~SCHOOL SAFETY PLANS.~~ Have Each school board and the governing body of
17 a private school shall have in effect a school safety plan for each public or private school in
18 the school district.

1 (a) School safety plans shall be created with active participation from appropriate
2 parties specified by the school board, or governing body of the private school and may include
3 local law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, pupil services
4 professionals as defined in s. 118.257 (1) (c), and mental health professionals. Each school
5 safety plan shall include general guidelines specifying procedures for emergency prevention
6 and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery. The plan shall also specify the process
7 for reviewing the plan, the persons who are to receive training of the plan's procedures, and
8 methods for conducting drills required to comply with the plan.

NOTE: SECTION 2 requires school boards and governing body of a private school to create a school safety plan with participation from appropriate parties specified by the school board. The suggested list includes law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, school social workers, and mental health professionals. Under the draft, school safety plans are required to specify the procedures for prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery. School boards are also required to specify the plan's review process the persons who are required to receive school safety plan training, and methods for conducting drills.

9 (b) The school board or governing body of the private school shall determine which
10 persons are required to receive school safety plan training and the frequency of the training.
11 The training shall be based upon the school district or private school's prioritized needs, risks,
12 and vulnerabilities.

NOTE: This provision allows public school boards and governing bodies of private schools to determine who receives school safety plan training or how often the training must occur. There is also discretion as to what the training includes, as it is based upon the school district or private school's prioritized needs, risks and vulnerabilities.

13 (d) The school board or governing body of a private school shall have in effect a school
14 safety plan for each school in the school district within 3 years of the effective date of this
15 subsection [revisor inserts date...].

1 a school district may not be held personally liable for any damages caused by the
2 nondisclosure of any information specified in this paragraph unless the member or employee
3 acted with actual malice in failing to disclose the information. A school district may not be
4 held liable for any damages caused by the nondisclosure of any information specified in this
5 paragraph unless the school district or its agent acted with gross negligence or with reckless,
6 wanton, or intentional misconduct in failing to disclose the information.

NOTE: This SECTION amends the statutes to require that pupil records be made available to law enforcement officers who are individually designated by the school board and assigned to the school district on the same basis as other school employees or officials.

7 **SECTION 5.** 118.125 (2) (n) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 118.125 (2) (n) ~~For the any purpose of providing services to a pupil before adjudication.~~
9 a concerning the juvenile justice system and the system's ability to effectively serve a pupil,
10 prior to adjudication;

11 ~~(1) A school board may disclose pupil records to a law enforcement agency, district~~
12 ~~attorney, city attorney, corporation counsel, agency, as defined in s. 938.78 (1), intake worker~~
13 ~~under s. 48.067 or 938.067, court of record, municipal court, private school, or another school~~
14 ~~board if disclosure is pursuant to an interagency agreement and the person to whom the records~~
15 ~~are disclosed certifies in writing that the records will not be disclosed to any other person~~
16 ~~except as permitted under this subsection otherwise authorized by law;~~

17 (2) A school board shall disclose pertinent pupil records to an investigating law
18 enforcement agency or district attorney if the person to whom the records are disclosed
19 certifies in writing that the records concern the juvenile justice system and the system's ability
20 to effectively serve the pupil, relate to an ongoing investigation or pending delinquency
21 petition, and will not be disclosed to any other person except as otherwise authorized by law.

NOTE: SECTION 5 deals with the release of pupil records by school districts for juvenile justice purposes. The SECTION amends current law to require school boards to disclose pupil records that are pertinent to an investigation law enforcement agency or district attorney if that person certifies in writing that the records concern the juvenile justice system and the system's ability to serve the pupil, relate to an ongoing investigation or pending delinquency petition, and will not be disclosed to any other person except as otherwise authorized by law.

1 **SECTION 6.** 118.127 (1) of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: This provision repeals s. 118.127 (1), stats., that currently requires a school district administrator or private school administrator who receives information regarding a law enforcement action notify any pupil named in the information and the parent or guardian of any minor pupil named in the information of that information.

The repeal is designed to encourage law enforcement agencies to share information with schools in situations where they might otherwise withhold information out of concern that notification could undermine an investigation. The repeal of the section does not preclude a school district from notifying students and parents when it is deemed appropriate.

2 **SECTION 7.** 118.128 of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: Section 118.125 (2) (d), stats., currently requires all pupil records to be made available to teachers and other designated school officials who have legitimate educational interests, including safety interests. However, s. 118.128 implies that school districts may not share information that a student is a physical risk to others with teachers and law enforcement units within schools, unless the school district has "reasonable cause" to believe, based only on past acts, that the student presents a risk of physically harming others. Section 118.128 also limits the use and disclosure of such information.

Repeal of the s. 118.128, stats., leaves the school district with the discretion to disseminate to the school district employees all information the school district believes relates to the harm a pupil may present to others. When information is shared, school personnel can better assess risk and the educational needs of both the student presenting a risk of harm to others and other children. With s. 118.128 repealed, school districts may want to adopt policies that encourage the reporting of information relating to harm posed by a pupil to others. This would be permitted by statutory language contained in SECTION 3 of this draft.

1 **SECTION 8.** 950.08 (2w) of the statutes is created to read:

2 **950.08 (2w)** INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED BY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS
3 IN CRIMINAL CASES. If a criminal complaint is issued under s. 968.02 or if a petition for waiver
4 is granted pursuant to s. 938.18, and the district attorney reasonably believes the person
5 charged is a pupil enrolled in a school district, a private school, or a charter school established
6 pursuant to 118.40 (2r), the district attorney shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the
7 school district, private school governing board or charter school governing board in which the
8 pupil is enrolled of the charges pending against the pupil. The district attorney shall also notify
9 the school district, private school governing board or charter school governing board in which
10 the pupil is enrolled of the final disposition of the charges.

NOTE: SECTION 8 requires that a district attorney issuing criminal charges against a pupil make a reasonable attempt to the pupil's school that criminal charges have been filed and the final disposition of the charges. A similar requirement currently applies in juvenile cases, see s. 938.396 (2g) (m), stats., but no notification is currently required where a juvenile attends a (2r) charter school or where the pupil is charged as an adult or is waived into adult court. This provision would require the district attorney to notify the school district, private school, or (2r) charter school whenever a pupil is criminally charged as an adult and the district attorney reasonably believes the person charged is an enrolled pupil.

11 **SECTION 9.** 118.02 (9t) of the statutes is created to read:

12 **118.02 (9t)** Wednesday of the 4th week in September, Bullying Awareness Day.

13 **SECTION 10.** 118.46 of the statutes is created to read:

14 **118.46 Policy on bullying. (1)** By March 1, 2010, the department shall do all of the
15 following:

16 (a) Develop a model school policy on bullying by pupils. The policy shall include all
17 of the following:

18 1. A definition of bullying.

- 1 2. A prohibition on bullying.
- 2 3. A procedure for reporting bullying that allows reports to be made confidentially.
- 3 4. A prohibition against a pupil retaliating against another pupil for reporting an
- 4 incident of bullying.
- 5 5. A procedure for investigating reports of bullying. The procedure shall identify the
- 6 school district employee in each school who is responsible for conducting the investigation
- 7 and require that the parent or guardian of each pupil involved in a bullying incident be notified.
- 8 6. A requirement that school district officials and employees report incidents of
- 9 bullying and identify the persons to whom the reports must be made.
- 10 7. A list of disciplinary alternatives for pupils that engage in bullying or who retaliate
- 11 against a pupil who reports an incident of bullying.
- 12 8. An identification of the school-related events at which the policy applies.
- 13 9. An identification of the property owned, leased, or used by the school district on
- 14 which the policy applies.
- 15 10. An identification of the vehicles used for pupil transportation on which the policy
- 16 applies.
- 17 (b) Develop a model education and awareness program on bullying.
- 18 (c) Post the model policy under par. (a) and the model program under par. (b) on its
- 19 Internet site.
- 20 **(2)** By August 15, 2010, each school board shall adopt a policy prohibiting bullying by
- 21 pupils. The school board may adopt the model policy under sub. (1) (a). The school board
- 22 shall provide a copy of the policy to any person who requests it. Annually, the school board
- 23 shall distribute the policy to all pupils enrolled in the school district and to their parents or
- 24 guardians.



SOUH
DN

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

P.W.F.

SAV
x-ref ✓

school safety plans ↑ pupil records ↑ and bullying ⊙

the Joint Legislative
Council in the bill
FE-SL

generate

1 AN ACT ... relating to: ???.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill is explained in the NOTES provided by CS

LPS: Please
close up line
spaces.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

JOINT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PREFATORY NOTE: This ~~draft~~ was prepared for the Joint Legislative Council's Special Committee on School Safety.

bill

Under current law, school boards of common or union high school districts must have in place a school safety plan. Wisconsin law does not provide specific details as to what components should be in the school safety plan. Wisconsin law does not have minimum standards for the plan's training or practice drills. The statutes also do not direct school boards to create or review plans with any specific party.

Current law also requires public, as well as private schools, to conduct fire and tornado or other hazard drills. There is no requirement for either public or private schools to practice school safety plans. Only public schools are required, however, to have safety plans.

This ~~draft~~ expands current statutory requirements by providing specific details regarding school safety plans. The ~~draft~~ requires both public and private schools to do all of the following:

1. Create a school safety plan with active participation from appropriate parties such as local law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, pupil service professionals, and mental health professionals.

2. Specify the process for reviewing the plan. ✓

3. Include general guidelines specifying procedures for emergency prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery as well as ~~specify the process for reviewing the plan, the persons who are to receive training of the plan's procedures, and methods for conducting drills required to comply with the plan.~~ ✓

4. Determine who shall receive the school safety plan training, ✓ which is based upon the school district's prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities. ✓

5. Drill school safety plan procedures twice a year or substitute a school safety drill for a fire, tornado, or other hazard drill. ✓

6. Have the school safety plan in place within 3 years after this bill goes into effect and review it at least once every 3 years following implementation. ✓

ins. from P. 4

1 SECTION 1. 118.07 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 118.07 (2) (a) Once each month, without previous warning, the person having

3 direct charge of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper method

4 of departure from the building ~~as if~~ ^a in case of fire, except when the person having

5 direct charge deems that the health of the pupils may be endangered by inclement

6 weather conditions. ✓ At least twice annually, without previous warning, the person

7 having direct charge of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper

8 method of evacuation to a safe location ~~as if~~ ^a in the case of a tornado or other hazard.

9 At least twice annually, without previous warning, the person having direct charge

10 of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper method of evacuation

11 or other appropriate actions ~~as if~~ ^a in the case of a school safety incident. The public

12 and private school safety drill shall be based on the school safety plan adopted under

13 s. 118.07 (4). A safety drill may be substituted for any other drill required under this

14 paragraph. The school board or governing body of the private school shall maintain

15 for at least 7 years a record of each fire drill ^{drill} and tornado or other hazard, and school

16 safety drill conducted. ✓

NOTE: SECTION requires the person in charge of both public and private schools to conduct 2 school safety drills each school year in addition to monthly fire drills and 2 tornado or other hazard drills. A school safety drill may be substituted for a fire, tornado, or other hazard drill.

(ins. from P. 4)

SECTION 2

1 SECTION 2. 120.12 (26) of the statutes is renumbered 118.07 (4) (a) and amended
 2 to read:
 3 118.07 (4) SCHOOL SAFETY PLANS. Have Each school board and the governing
 4 body of a private school shall have in effect a school safety plan for each public or
 5 private school in the school district.

6 118.07 (4) (a) School safety plans shall be created with active participation from
 7 appropriate parties specified by the school board or governing body of the private
 8 school and may include local law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school
 9 administrators, teachers, pupil services professionals as defined in s. 118.257 (1) (c),
 10 and mental health professionals. Each school safety plan shall include general
 11 guidelines specifying procedures for emergency prevention and mitigation,
 12 preparedness, response, and recovery. The plan shall also specify the process for
 13 reviewing the plan, the persons who are to receive training of the plan's procedures,
 14 and methods for conducting drills required to comply with the plan.

NOTE: SECTION requires school boards and governing body of a private school to create a school safety plan with participation from appropriate parties specified by the school board. The suggested list includes law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, school social workers, and mental health professionals. Under the draft, school safety plans are required to specify the procedures for prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery. School boards are also required to specify the plan's review process, the persons who are required to receive school safety plan training, and methods for conducting drills.

15 (c) (b) The school board or governing body of the private school shall determine
 16 which persons are required to receive school safety plan training and the frequency
 17 of the training. The training shall be based upon the school district or private school's
 18 prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities.

NOTE: This provision allows public school boards and governing bodies of private schools to determine who receives school safety plan training or how often the training must occur. There is also discretion as to what the training includes, as it is based upon the school district or private school's prioritized needs, risks and vulnerabilities.

within 3 years of the effective date of this bill

Handwritten notes:
 - circled numbers 1-14 and 15-18
 - "each" written above line 4
 - "LA" written below line 6
 - "The appropriate parties" written above line 8
 - "in" written above line 13
 - "of" written to the right of line 6
 - "or private school or governing body" written to the left of line 15
 - "bill" written to the left of line 15
 - "The plan must also" written to the right of line 15
 - "and" written to the right of line 18
 - "within 3 years of the effective date of this bill" written at the bottom

plan

1 (d) The school board or governing body of a private school shall have in effect
 2 a school safety plan for each school in the school district within 3 years of the effective
 3 date of this subsection (revisor inserts date).

4 (d) (e) The school safety plan shall be reviewed at least once every 3 years after the
 5 plan goes into effect.

NOTE: Paragraph (d) provides school boards and governing bodies of private schools 3 years from the effective date of this bill to comply with the school safety plan requirements. Paragraph (e) requires school safety plans to be reviewed at least once every 3 years after the plan goes into effect.

JOINT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PREFATORY NOTE. This draft was prepared for the Joint Legislative Council's Special Committee on School Safety.

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4. Determine who shall receive the school safety plan training, which is based upon the school district's prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities.
5. Drill school safety plan procedures twice a year or substitute a school safety drill for a fire, tornado, or other hazard drill.
6. Have the school safety plan in place within 3 years after this bill goes into effect and review it at least once every 3 years following implementation.

SECTION 3. 118.02 (9t) of the statutes is created to read:

118.02 (9t) Wednesday of the 4th week in September, Bullying Awareness Day. ✓

SECTION 4. 118.07 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6
 move to
 7
 P.2
 8

1 118.07 (2) (a) Once each month, without previous warning, the person having
2 direct charge of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper method
3 of departure from the building as if in case of fire, except when the person having
4 direct charge deems that the health of the pupils may be endangered by inclement
5 weather conditions. At least twice annually, without previous warning, the person
6 having direct charge of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper
7 method of evacuation to a safe location as if in the case of a tornado or other hazard.
8 At least twice annually, without previous warning, the person having direct charge
9 of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper method of evacuation
10 or other appropriate actions as if in the case of a school safety incident. The public
11 and private school safety drill shall be based on the school safety plan adopted under
12 s. 118.07 (4). A safety drill may be substituted for any other drill required under this
13 paragraph The school board or governing body of the private school shall maintain
14 for at least 7 years a record of each fire drill and tornado or other hazard, and school
15 safety drill conducted.

NOTE: SECTION requires the person in charge of both public and private schools to
conduct 2 school safety drills each school year in addition to monthly fire drills and 2
tornado or other hazard drills. A school safety drill may be substituted for a fire, tornado,
or other hazard drill.

16 SECTION 5. ⁴ 118.125 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 118.125 (2) CONFIDENTIALITY AND DISCLOSURE OF PUPIL RECORDS. All pupil
18 records maintained by a public school shall be confidential, except as provided in
19 pars. (a) to (p) and sub. (2m). The school board shall adopt regulations policies to
20 maintain the confidentiality of such records and may adopt policies to promote the
21 disclosure of pupil records and information permitted by law for purposes of school
22 safety. ✓

and assigned to the school district

NOTE: The proposed language retains current law that requires school boards to adopt regulations to maintain the confidentiality of pupil records and also permits (but does not require) school boards to adopt regulations designed to promote the disclosure of pupil records and information permitted by law for school safety. The draft also replaced the term "regulations" with the more appropriate term "policies" to conform to current school board practices and terminology.

1 SECTION 6. 118.125 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 118.125 (2) (d) Pupil records shall be made available to persons employed by
3 the school district which the pupil attends who are required by the department under
4 s. 115.28 (7) to hold a license, law enforcement officers who are individually
5 designated by the school board and other school district officials who have been
6 determined by the school board to have legitimate educational interests, including
7 safety interests, in the pupil records assigned to the school district. Law enforcement
8 officers' records obtained under s. 938.396 (1) (c) 3. shall be made available as
9 provided in s. 118.127 (2). A school board member or an employee of a school district
10 may not be held personally liable for any damages caused by the nondisclosure of any
11 information specified in this paragraph unless the member or employee acted with
12 actual malice in failing to disclose the information. A school district may not be held
13 liable for any damages caused by the nondisclosure of any information specified in
14 this paragraph unless the school district or its agent acted with gross negligence or
15 with reckless, wanton, or intentional misconduct in failing to disclose the
16 information.

NOTE: This SECTION amends the statutes to require that pupil records be made available to law enforcement officers who are individually designated by the school board and assigned to the school district on the same basis as other school employees or officials.

17 *Chg. Comp.* SECTION 7. 118.125 (2) (n) of the statutes is *renumbered 118.125 (2) (n) (intro.)* amended to read:

18 118.125 (2) (n) *(intro.)* For the any purpose of providing services to a pupil before
19 adjudication *strike extra space* a concerning the juvenile justice system and the system's ability to
20 effectively serve a pupil, prior to adjudication:

this should be a strikethrough comma

This is supposed to be a colon

1 ~~(1)~~ A school board may disclose pupil records to a law enforcement agency,
 2 district attorney, city attorney, corporation counsel, agency, as defined in s. 938.78
 3 (1), intake worker under s. 48.067 or 938.067, court of record, municipal court,
 4 private school, or another school board if disclosure is pursuant to an interagency
 5 agreement and the person to whom the records are disclosed certifies in writing that
 6 the records will not be disclosed to any other person except as permitted under this
 7 subsection otherwise authorized by law.

SEC. CR. 118.125 (2)(c) 2.

plain

8 (2) A school board shall disclose pertinent pupil records to an investigating law
 9 enforcement agency or district attorney if the person to whom the records are
 10 disclosed certifies in writing that the records concern the juvenile justice system and
 11 the system's ability to effectively serve the pupil, relate to an ongoing investigation
 12 or pending delinquency petition, and will not be disclosed to any other person except
 13 as otherwise authorized by law.

plain

NOTE: SECTION ~~7~~ deals with the release of pupil records by school districts for juvenile justice purposes. The SECTION amends current law to require school boards to disclose pupil records that are pertinent to an investigation law enforcement agency or district attorney if that person certifies in writing that the records concern the juvenile justice system and the system's ability to serve the pupil, relate to an ongoing investigation or pending delinquency petition, and will not be disclosed to any other person except as otherwise authorized by law.

investigating

14 SECTION 8. 118.127 (1) of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: This provision repeals s. 118.127 (1), stats., ~~that~~ ^{which} currently requires a school district administrator or private school administrator who receives information regarding a law enforcement action notify any pupil named in the information and the parent or guardian of any minor pupil named in the information of that information.

The repeal is designed to encourage law enforcement agencies to share information with schools in situations where they might otherwise withhold information out of concern that notification could undermine an investigation. The repeal of the section does not preclude a school district from notifying students and parents when it is deemed appropriate.

15 SECTION 9. 118.128 of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: Section 118.125 (2) (d), stats., currently requires all pupil records to be made available to teachers and other designated school officials who have legitimate educational interests, including safety interests. However, s. 118.128 implies that school districts may not share information that a student is a physical risk to others with

SEC. RN. 118.127 (2); 118.127

teachers and law enforcement units within schools, unless the school district has "reasonable cause" to believe, based only on past acts, that the student presents a risk of physically harming others. Section 118.128 also limits the use and disclosure of such information. ✓

Repeal of ~~the~~ s. 118.128, [^]stats., leaves the school district with the discretion to disseminate to ~~the~~ school district employees all information the school district believes relates to the harm a pupil may present to others. ✓ When information is shared, school personnel can better assess risk and the educational needs of both the student presenting a risk of harm to others and other children. ✓ With s. 118.128 repealed, school districts may want to adopt policies that encourage the reporting of information relating to harm posed by a pupil to others. ✓ This would be permitted by statutory language contained in SECTION of this draft.

1 **SECTION 10.** 118.46 of the statutes is created to read:

2 **118.46 Policy on bullying.** (1) By March 1, 2010, the department shall do
3 all of the following:

4 (a) Develop a model school policy on bullying by pupils. The policy shall include
5 all of the following:

- 6 1. A definition of bullying. ✓
- 7 2. A prohibition on bullying. ✓
- 8 3. A procedure for reporting bullying that allows reports to be made
9 confidentially. ✓
- 10 4. A prohibition against a pupil retaliating against another pupil for reporting
11 an incident of bullying. ✓
- 12 5. A procedure for investigating reports of bullying. The procedure shall
13 identify the school district employee in each school who is responsible for conducting
14 the investigation and require that the parent or guardian of each pupil involved in
15 a bullying incident be notified. ✓
- 16 6. A requirement that school district officials and employees report incidents
17 of bullying and identify the persons to whom the reports must be made. ✓
- 18 7. A list of disciplinary alternatives for pupils that engage in bullying or who
19 retaliate against a pupil who reports an incident of bullying. ✓

1 8. An identification of the school-related events at which the policy applies.✓

2 9. An identification of the property owned, leased, or used by the school district
3 on which the policy applies.✓

4 10. An identification of the vehicles used for pupil transportation on which the
5 policy applies.✓

6 (b) Develop a model education and awareness program on bullying.✓

7 (c) Post the model policy under par. (a)✓ and the model program under par. (b)✓
8 on its Internet site.✓

9 (2) By August 15, 2010, each school board shall adopt a policy prohibiting
10 bullying by pupils. The school board may adopt the model policy under sub. (1) (a)✓.
11 The school board shall provide a copy of the policy to any person who requests it.
12 Annually, the school board shall distribute the policy to all pupils enrolled in the
13 school district and to their parents or guardians.✓

14 SECTION 11. ^X119.04 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

15 119.04 (1) Subchapters IV, V and VII of ch. 115, ch. 121 and ss. 66.0235 (3) (c),
16 66.0603 (1m) to (3), 115.01 (1) and (2), 115.28, 115.31, 115.33, 115.34, 115.343,
17 115.345, 115.361, 115.365 (3), 115.38 (2), 115.445, ~~115.445~~✓, 115.45, 118.001 to 118.04,
18 118.045, 118.06, 118.07, 118.10, 118.12, 118.125 to 118.14, 118.145 (4), 118.15,
19 118.153, 118.16, 118.162, 118.163, 118.164, 118.18, 118.19, 118.20, 118.24 (1), (2) (c)
20 to (f), (6) and (8), 118.245, 118.255, 118.258, 118.291, 118.30 to 118.43, 118.46✓, 118.51,
21 118.52, 118.55, 120.12 (5) and (15) to ~~(26)~~ (25)✓, 120.125, 120.13 (1), (2) (b) to (g), (3), (14),
22 (17) to (19), (26), (34), (35), (37), (37m), and (38), 120.14, 120.21 (3), and 120.25 are
23 applicable to a 1st class city school district and board.✓

24 SECTION 12. 120.12 (26) of the statutes is renumbered 118.07 (4) (a)✓ and amended
25 to read:

1 118.07 (4) ^(a) SCHOOL SAFETY PLANS. Have Each school board and the governing
 2 body of a private school shall have in effect a school safety plan for each public or ^{each} ^{plain spaces} ^{inserts}
 3 private school in the school district. ^{within 3 years of the effective} ^{date of this paragraph... [LRB date]}

4 (a) School safety plans shall be created with active participation from
 5 appropriate parties specified by the school board, or governing body of the private
 6 school and may include local law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school
 7 administrators, teachers, pupil services professionals as defined in s. 118.257 (1) (c),
 8 and mental health professionals. Each school safety plan shall include general
 9 guidelines specifying procedures for emergency prevention and mitigation,
 10 preparedness, response, and recovery. The plan shall also specify the process for
 11 reviewing the plan, the persons who are to receive training of the plan's procedures,
 12 and methods for conducting drills required to comply with the plan.

NOTE: SECTION requires school boards and governing body of a private school to create a school safety plan with participation from appropriate parties specified by the school board. The suggested list includes law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, school social workers, and mental health professionals. Under the draft, school safety plans are required to specify the procedures for prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery. School boards are also required to specify the plan's review process the persons who are required to receive school safety plan training, and methods for conducting drills.

13 (b) The school board or governing body of the private school shall determine
 14 which persons are required to receive school safety plan training and the frequency
 15 of the training. The training shall be based upon the school district or private school's
 16 prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities.

NOTE: This provision allows public school boards and governing bodies of private schools to determine who receives school safety plan training or how often the training must occur. There is also discretion as to what the training includes, as it is based upon the school district or private school's prioritized needs, risks and vulnerabilities.

17 (d) The school board or governing body of a private school shall have in effect
 18 a school safety plan for each school in the school district within 3 years of the effective
 19 date of this subsection [revisor inserts date...].

1 (e) The school safety plan shall be reviewed at least once every 3 years after the
2 plan goes into effect.

NOTE: Paragraph (d) provides school boards and governing bodies of private schools 3 years from the effective date of this bill to comply with the school safety plan requirements. Paragraph (e) requires school safety plans to be reviewed at least once every 3 years after the plan goes into effect.

3 **SECTION 13.** 950.08 (2w) of the statutes is created to read:

4 950.08 (2w) INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED BY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS TO SCHOOL^S
5 DISTRICTS IN CRIMINAL CASES. If a criminal complaint is issued under s. 968.02 or if a
6 petition for waiver is granted pursuant to s. 938.18, and the district attorney
7 reasonably believes the person charged is a pupil enrolled in a school district, a
8 private school, or a charter school established pursuant to 118.40 (2r), the district
9 attorney shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the school district, private school
10 governing board, or charter school governing board in which the pupil is enrolled of
11 the charges pending against the pupil. The district attorney shall also notify the
12 school district, private school governing board, or charter school governing board in
13 which the pupil is enrolled of the final disposition of the charges.

NOTE: SECTION requires that a district attorney issuing criminal charges against a pupil make a reasonable attempt to the pupil's school that criminal charges have been filed and the final disposition of the charges. A similar requirement currently applies in juvenile cases, see s. 938.396 (2g) (m), stats, but no notification is currently required where a juvenile attends a (2r) charter school or where the pupil is charged as an adult or is waived into adult court. This provision would require the district attorney to notify the school district, private school, or (2r) charter school whenever a pupil is criminally charged as an adult and the district attorney reasonably believes the person charged is an enrolled pupil.

11-2

11-2

Section #. 938.396 (1) (c) 3. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.396 (1) (c) 3. (intro.) A law enforcement agency, on its own initiative or on the request of the school district administrator of a public school district, the administrator of a private school, or the designee of the school district administrator or the private school administrator, may, subject to official agency policy, provide to the school district administrator, private school administrator, or designee, for use as provided in s. 118.127 (2), any information in its records relating to any of the following: ✓

History: 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1995 a. 77, 352, 440, 448; 1997 a. 27, 35, 80, 95, 181, 205, 252, 258, 281; 1999 a. 9, 32, 89; 2001 a. 95; 2003 a. 82, 292; 2005 a. 344, 434; 2005 a. 443 s. 265; 2007 a. 20 ss. 3826 to 3827, 9121 (6) (a); 2007 a. 97.

-1741/PZdn
PG: DWA:

DN

Date

Russ:

Russ:

INSERT DN-1

~~Note that I have to amend s. 119.04(1)~~

~~to delete the cross-reference to s. 120.12(26)~~
and I have to amend s. (incorporating the language of s. 118.07(4))

2. Section 118.07(4)(a) does not create a

deadline for having a school safety plan in effect for school districts and private schools

that do not exist on the bill's effective date

3. Section 118.07(4)(d) does not specify who is responsible for reviewing the plan

4. Section 118.07(4)(b) states "The plan shall... specify... the persons who are to receive training in the plan's procedures..." Section 118.07(4)(c)

states "The school board or governing body of the private school shall determine which persons are required to receive school safety plan training..."

I think this is unintended redundancy, but because the statements are slightly different (e.g., ^{in par. (b),} the plan, including the persons who are to receive training, must be developed with the active participation of appropriate parties; in par. (c), there is no mention of ~~these~~ appropriate parties) ↗ I didn't know

how you wished to resolve it. ✓
 5. Note that I changed the title of s. 95U.02 (2W) to make it more general. Also, this section requires a DA

to notify ~~a school district, private school~~
~~governing board, or charter school~~ ^{the} governing body
 of a charter school established under s. 118.040 (2r) ✓

What about other types of charter schools? Is notification of the school board that has contracted with a person to establish a charter

school sufficient? Do you want to amend
 s. 938.395 (2g) to include charter
 schools? Should either section include
 tribal schools? ✓

g. 6. PG
 (6) ~~The~~ The treatment of s. 118.125 (2)(d) ✓

~~ref~~ referred to pupil records assigned to the
 school district. the note explaining the changes,
 however, referred to
 law enforcement officers who are assigned to
 the school district. I suspect the latter is the
 intended meaning, so I modified the treatment
 of s. 118.125 (2)(d) ✓ OK?

PG

STATE OF WISCONSIN - LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB

Research (608-266-0341)

Library (608-266-7040)

Legal (608-266-3561)

LRB

Section

DN-1

1. Sec. s. 120.12 (26) \uparrow is renumbered

to s. 118.07 (4)(a) \uparrow requires school districts
and private schools ^{school}
to have in effect a school safety plan for

each school \circ ^{Section} Sec. 118.07 (4)(d) \uparrow required

school districts and private schools to have

in effect a school safety plan for each

school within 3 years of the effective date

of the bill \circ In the interest of eliminating the

~~is~~ conflict between these two provisions,

I again ~~deleted~~ s. 118.07 (4)(d) \uparrow and

incorporated the 3-year requirement in

s. 118.07 (4)(a) \circ I also took the liberty

of modifying the ^{relevant} relevant notes so OK?

DRAFTER'S NOTE
FROM THE
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1741/P2dn
PG:nwn:rs

January 30, 2009

Russ:

1. Section 120.12 (26), as renumbered to s. 118.07 (4) (a), requires school districts and private schools to have in effect a school safety plan for each school. Section 118.07 (4) (d) required school districts and private schools to have in effect a school safety plan for each school within 3 years of the effective date of the bill. In the interest of eliminating the conflict between these two provisions, I deleted s. 118.07 (4) (d) and incorporated the 3-year requirement in s. 118.07 (4) (a). I also took the liberty of modifying the relevant notes. OK?
2. Section 118.07 (4) (a) [incorporating the language of s. 118.07 (4) (d)] does not create a deadline for having a school safety plan in effect for school districts and private schools that do not exist on the bill's effective date.
3. Section 118.07 (4) (d) does not specify who is responsible for reviewing the plan.
4. Section 118.07 (4) (b) states "the plan shall ... specify ... the persons who are to receive training in the plan's procedures" Section 118.07 (4) (c) states "The school board or governing body of the private school shall determine which persons are required to receive school safety plan training" I think this is unintended redundancy, but because the statements are slightly different (e.g., in par. (b), the plan, including the persons who are to receive training, must be developed with the active participation of appropriate parties; in par. (c), there is no mention of appropriate parties), I didn't know how you wished to resolve it.
5. Note that I changed the title of s. 950.08 (2w) to make it more general. Also, this section requires a DA to notify the governing body of a charter school established under s. 118.40 (2r). What about other types of charter schools? Is notification of the school board that has contracted with a person to establish a charter school sufficient? Do you want to amend s. 938.396 (2g) to include charter schools? Should either section include tribal schools?
6. The treatment of s. 118.125 (2) (d) referred to pupil records "assigned to the school district;" the note explaining the change, however, referred to law enforcement officers who are assigned to the school district. I suspect the latter is the intended meaning, so I modified the treatment of s. 118.125 (2) (d). OK?

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DRAFTER'S NOTE
FROM THE
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1741/P2dn
PG:nwn:rs

January 30, 2009

Russ:

- ✓ 1. Section 120.12 (26), as renumbered to s. 118.07 (4) (a), requires school districts and private schools to have in effect a school safety plan for each school. Section 118.07 (4) (d) required school districts and private schools to have in effect a school safety plan for each school within 3 years of the effective date of the bill. In the interest of eliminating the conflict between these two provisions, I deleted s. 118.07 (4) (d) and incorporated the 3-year requirement in s. 118.07 (4) (a). I also took the liberty of modifying the relevant notes. OK?
- fix 2. Section 118.07 (4) (a) [incorporating the language of s. 118.07 (4) (d)] does not create a deadline for having a school safety plan in effect for school districts and private schools that do not exist on the bill's effective date.
- fix 3. Section 118.07 (4) (d) does not specify who is responsible for reviewing the plan.
- ✓ 4. Section 118.07 (4) (b) states "the plan shall ... specify ... the persons who are to receive training in the plan's procedures" Section 118.07 (4) (c) states "The school board or governing body of the private school shall determine which persons are required to receive school safety plan training" I think this is unintended redundancy, but because the statements are slightly different (e.g., in par. (b), the plan, including the persons who are to receive training, must be developed with the active participation of appropriate parties; in par. (c), there is no mention of appropriate parties), I didn't know how you wished to resolve it.
5. Note that I changed the title of s. 950.08 (2w) to make it more general. Also, this section requires a DA to notify the governing body of a charter school established under s. 118.40 (2r). What about other types of charter schools? Is notification of the school board that has contracted with a person to establish a charter school sufficient? Do you want to amend s. 938.396 (2g) to include charter schools? Should either section include tribal schools?
- OK 6. The treatment of s. 118.125 (2) (d) referred to pupil records "assigned to the school district;" the note explaining the change, however, referred to law enforcement officers who are assigned to the school district. I suspect the latter is the intended meaning, so I modified the treatment of s. 118.125 (2) (d). OK?

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Monday
2/9 P3

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

1 AN ACT *to repeal* 118.127 (1), 118.128 and 120.12 (26) (title); *to renumber*
 2 118.127 (2); *to renumber and amend* 118.125 (2) (n) and 120.12 (26); *to*
 3 *amend* 118.07 (2) (a), 118.125 (2), 118.125 (2) (d), 119.04 (1) and 938.396 (1) (c)
 4 3. (intro.); and *to create* 118.02 (9t), 118.07 (4) (b) to (d), 118.125 (2) (n) 2.,
 5 118.46 and 950.08 (2w) of the statutes; **relating to:** school safety plans, pupil
 6 records, and ^{school}bullying. ✓

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill is explained in the NOTES provided by the Joint Legislative Council in the bill.

For further information see the ***state and local*** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

JOINT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PREFATORY NOTE: This bill was prepared for the Joint Legislative Council's Special Committee on School Safety.

Under current law, school boards of common or union high school districts must have in place a school safety plan. Wisconsin law does not provide specific details as to what components should be in the school safety plan. Wisconsin law does not have

① School safety plans

② School Bullying ③ Pupil Records

minimum standards for the plan's training or practice drills. The statutes also do not direct school boards to create or review plans with any specific party.

Current law also requires public, as well as private schools, to conduct fire and tornado or other hazard drills. There is no requirement for either public or private schools to practice school safety plans. Only public schools are required, however, to have safety plans.

This bill expands current statutory requirements by providing specific details regarding school safety plans. The bill requires both public and private schools to do all of the following:

1. Create a school safety plan with active participation from appropriate parties such as local law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, pupil service professionals, and mental health professionals.
2. Specify the process for reviewing the plan.
3. Include general guidelines specifying procedures for emergency prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery as well as methods for conducting drills required to comply with the plan.
4. Determine who shall receive the school safety plan training, which is based upon the school district's prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities.
5. Drill school safety plan procedures twice a year or substitute a school safety drill for a fire, tornado, or other hazard drill.
6. Have the school safety plan in place within 3 years after this bill goes into effect and review it at least once every 3 years following implementation.

ins. A →

1 **SECTION 1.** 118.02 (9t) of the statutes is created to read:

2 118.02 (9t) Wednesday of the 4th week in September, Bullying Awareness Day.

3 **SECTION 2.** 118.07 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 118.07 (2) (a) Once each month, without previous warning, the person having

5 direct charge of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper method

6 of departure from the building as if in case of a fire, except when the person having

7 direct charge deems that the health of the pupils may be endangered by inclement

8 weather conditions. At least twice annually, without previous warning, the person

9 having direct charge of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper

10 method of evacuation to a safe location as if in the case of a tornado or other hazard.

11 At least twice annually, without previous warning, the person having direct charge

12 of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper method of evacuation

13 or other appropriate action in case of a school safety incident. The public and private

14 school safety drill shall be based on the school safety plan adopted under s. 118.07

1 (4). A safety drill may be substituted for any other drill required under this
2 paragraph. The school board or governing body of the private school shall maintain
3 for at least 7 years a record of each fire drill and, tornado or other hazard drill, and
4 school safety drill conducted.

NOTE: SECTION requires the person in charge of both public and private schools to conduct 2 school safety drills each school year in addition to monthly fire drills and 2 tornado or other hazard drills. A school safety drill may be substituted for a fire, tornado, or other hazard drill.

Ins3-4 →

5 SECTION 3. 118.07 (4) (b) to (d) of the statutes are created to read:

6 118.07 (4) (b) A school safety plan shall be created with the active
7 participation of appropriate parties, as specified by the school board or governing
8 body of the private school. The appropriate parties may include local law
9 enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, pupil services
10 professionals, as defined in s. 118.257 (1) (c), and mental health professionals. A
11 school safety plan shall include general guidelines specifying procedures for
12 emergency prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery. The
13 plan shall also specify the process for reviewing the plan, ~~the persons who are to~~
14 ~~receive training in the plan's procedures,~~ and methods for conducting drills required
15 to comply with the plan.

NOTE: SECTION requires a school board and the governing body of a private school to create a school safety plan, within 3 years of the effective date of this bill, with participation from appropriate parties specified by the school board or private school governing body. The suggested list includes law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, school social workers, and mental health professionals. Under the bill, school safety plans are required to specify the procedures for prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery. The plan must also specify the plan's review process, ~~the persons who are required to receive school safety plan training,~~ and methods for conducting drills.

16 (c) The school board or governing body of the private school shall determine
17 which persons are required to receive school safety plan training and the frequency

1 of the training. The training shall be based upon the school district's or private
2 school's prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities.

NOTE: This provision allows public school boards and governing bodies of private schools to determine who receives school safety plan training and how often the training must occur. There is also discretion as to what the training includes, as it is based upon the school district or private school's prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities.

Each school board and the governing body of each private school shall review
(d) ~~The school safety plan shall be reviewed~~ at least once every 3 years after the

3
4 plan goes into effect.

NOTE: Paragraph (d) requires school safety plans to be reviewed at least once every 3 years after the plan goes into effect.

5 SECTION 4. 118.125 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 118.125 (2) CONFIDENTIALITY AND DISCLOSURE OF PUPIL RECORDS. All pupil
7 records maintained by a public school shall be confidential, except as provided in
8 pars. (a) to (p) and sub. (2m). The school board shall adopt ~~regulations~~ policies to
9 maintain the confidentiality of such records and may adopt policies to promote the
10 disclosure of pupil records and information permitted by law for purposes of school
11 safety.

NOTE: The proposed language retains current law that requires school boards to adopt regulations to maintain the confidentiality of pupil records and also permits (but does not require) school boards to adopt regulations designed to promote the disclosure of pupil records and information permitted by law for school safety. The draft also replaced the term "regulations" with the more appropriate term "policies" to conform to current school board practices and terminology.

12 SECTION 5. 118.125 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 118.125 (2) (d) Pupil records shall be made available to persons employed by
14 the school district which the pupil attends who are required by the department under
15 s. 115.28 (7) to hold a license, law enforcement officers who are individually
16 designated by the school board and assigned to the school district, and other school
17 district officials who have been determined by the school board to have legitimate
18 educational interests, including safety interests, in the pupil records. Law

1 enforcement officers' records obtained under s. 938.396 (1) (c) 3. shall be made
2 available as provided in s. 118.127 (2). A school board member or an employee of a
3 school district may not be held personally liable for any damages caused by the
4 nondisclosure of any information specified in this paragraph unless the member or
5 employee acted with actual malice in failing to disclose the information. A school
6 district may not be held liable for any damages caused by the nondisclosure of any
7 information specified in this paragraph unless the school district or its agent acted
8 with gross negligence or with reckless, wanton, or intentional misconduct in failing
9 to disclose the information.

NOTE: This SECTION amends the statutes to require that pupil records be made available to law enforcement officers who are individually designated by the school board and assigned to the school district on the same basis as other school employees or officials.

10 **SECTION 6.** 118.125 (2) (n) of the statutes is renumbered 118.125 (2) (n) (intro.)
11 and amended to read:

12 118.125 (2) (n) (intro.) For the any purpose of providing services to a pupil
13 before adjudication, a concerning the juvenile justice system and the system's ability
14 to effectively serve a pupil, prior to adjudication:

15 1. A school board may disclose pupil records to a law enforcement agency,
16 district attorney, city attorney, corporation counsel, agency, as defined in s. 938.78
17 (1), intake worker under s. 48.067 or 938.067, court of record, municipal court,
18 private school, or another school board if disclosure is pursuant to an interagency
19 agreement and the person to whom the records are disclosed certifies in writing that
20 the records will not be disclosed to any other person except as permitted under this
21 subsection otherwise authorized by law.

22 **SECTION 7.** 118.125 (2) (n) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

1 118.125 (2) (n) 2. A school board shall disclose pertinent pupil records to an
 2 investigating law enforcement agency or district attorney if the person to whom the
 3 records are disclosed certifies in writing that the records concern the juvenile justice
 4 system and the system's ability to effectively serve the pupil, relate to an ongoing
 5 investigation or pending delinquency petition, and will not be disclosed to any other
 6 person except as otherwise authorized by law.

NOTE: SECTION deals with the release of pupil records by school districts for juvenile justice purposes. The SECTION amends current law to require school boards to disclose pupil records that are pertinent to an investigating law enforcement agency or district attorney if that person certifies in writing that the records concern the juvenile justice system and the system's ability to serve the pupil, relate to an ongoing investigation or pending delinquency petition, and will not be disclosed to any other person except as otherwise authorized by law.

7 **SECTION 8.** 118.127 (1) of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: This provision repeals s. 118.127 (1), stats., which currently requires a school district administrator or private school administrator who receives information regarding a law enforcement action notify any pupil named in the information and the parent or guardian of any minor pupil named in the information of that information.

The repeal is designed to encourage law enforcement agencies to share information with schools in situations where they might otherwise withhold information out of concern that notification could undermine an investigation. The repeal does not preclude a school district from notifying students and parents when it is deemed appropriate.

8 **SECTION 9.** 118.127 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 118.127.

9 **SECTION 10.** 118.128 of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: Section 118.125 (2) (d), stats., currently requires all pupil records to be made available to teachers and other designated school officials who have legitimate educational interests, including safety interests. However, s. 118.128 implies that school districts may not share information that a student is a physical risk to others with teachers and law enforcement units within schools, unless the school district has "reasonable cause" to believe, based only on past acts, that the student presents a risk of physically harming others. Section 118.128 also limits the use and disclosure of such information.

Repeal of s. 118.128, stats., leaves the school district with the discretion to disseminate to school district employees all information the school district believes relates to the harm a pupil may present to others. When information is shared, school personnel can better assess risk and the educational needs of both the student presenting a risk of harm to others and other children. With s. 118.128 repealed, school districts may want to adopt policies that encourage the reporting of information relating to harm posed by a pupil to others. This would be permitted by statutory language contained in SECTION of this draft.

10 **SECTION 11.** 118.46 of the statutes is created to read:

1 **118.46 Policy on bullying.** (1) By March 1, 2010, the department shall do
2 all of the following:

3 (a) Develop a model school policy on bullying by pupils. The policy shall include
4 all of the following:

5 1. A definition of bullying.

6 2. A prohibition on bullying.

7 3. A procedure for reporting bullying that allows reports to be made
8 confidentially.

9 4. A prohibition against a pupil retaliating against another pupil for reporting
10 an incident of bullying.

11 5. A procedure for investigating reports of bullying. The procedure shall
12 identify the school district employee in each school who is responsible for conducting
13 the investigation and require that the parent or guardian of each pupil involved in
14 a bullying incident be notified.

15 6. A requirement that school district officials and employees report incidents
16 of bullying and identify the persons to whom the reports must be made.

17 7. A list of disciplinary alternatives for pupils that engage in bullying or who
18 retaliate against a pupil who reports an incident of bullying.

19 8. An identification of the school-related events at which the policy applies.

20 9. An identification of the property owned, leased, or used by the school district
21 on which the policy applies.

22 10. An identification of the vehicles used for pupil transportation on which the
23 policy applies.

24 (b) Develop a model education and awareness program on bullying.

1 (c) Post the model policy under par. (a) and the model program under par. (b)
2 on its Internet site.

3 (2) By August 15, 2010, each school board shall adopt a policy prohibiting
4 bullying by pupils. The school board may adopt the model policy under sub. (1) (a).
5 The school board shall provide a copy of the policy to any person who requests it.
6 Annually, the school board shall distribute the policy to all pupils enrolled in the
7 school district and to their parents or guardians.

ins. B →

8 SECTION 12. 119.04 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 119.04 (1) Subchapters IV, V and VII of ch. 115, ch. 121 and ss. 66.0235 (3) (c),
10 66.0603 (1m) to (3), 115.01 (1) and (2), 115.28, 115.31, 115.33, 115.34, 115.343,
11 115.345, 115.361, 115.365 (3), 115.38 (2), 115.445, ~~115.445~~, 115.45, 118.001 to 118.04,
12 118.045, 118.06, 118.07, 118.10, 118.12, 118.125 to 118.14, 118.145 (4), 118.15,
13 118.153, 118.16, 118.162, 118.163, 118.164, 118.18, 118.19, 118.20, 118.24 (1), (2) (c)
14 to (f), (6) and (8), 118.245, 118.255, 118.258, 118.291, 118.30 to 118.43, 118.46, 118.51,
15 118.52, 118.55, 120.12 (5) and (15) to ~~(26)~~ (25), 120.125, 120.13 (1), (2) (b) to (g), (3),
16 (14), (17) to (19), (26), (34), (35), (37), (37m), and (38), 120.14, 120.21 (3), and 120.25
17 are applicable to a 1st class city school district and board.

18 SECTION 13. 120.12 (26) (title) of the statutes is repealed.

19 SECTION 14. 120.12 (26) of the statutes is renumbered 118.07 (4) (a) ^{1.} and
20 amended to read: |.

21 118.07 (4) (a) ^{1.} Have Each school board and the governing body of each private
22 school shall have in effect a school safety plan for each public or private school in the
23 school district within 3 years of the effective date of this paragraph [LRB inserts

24 date].

25 SECTION 15. 938.396 (1) (c) 3. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

Handwritten scribbles and arrows pointing to line 24.

Ins 8-24 note

1 938.396 (1) (c) 3. (intro.) A law enforcement agency, on its own initiative or on
2 the request of the school district administrator of a public school district, the
3 administrator of a private school, or the designee of the school district administrator
4 or the private school administrator, may, subject to official agency policy, provide to
5 the school district administrator, private school administrator, or designee, for use
6 as provided in s. 118.127 (2), any information in its records relating to any of the
7 following:

8 **SECTION 16.** 950.08 (2w) of the statutes is created to read:

9 **950.08 (2w)** INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED BY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS TO SCHOOLS IN
10 CRIMINAL CASES. If a criminal complaint is issued under s. 968.02 or if a petition for
11 waiver is granted pursuant to s. 938.18, and the district attorney reasonably believes
12 the person charged is a pupil enrolled in a school district, a private school, or a
13 charter school established pursuant to 118.40 (2r), the district attorney shall make
14 a reasonable attempt to notify the school board, private school governing body, or
15 charter school governing body of the charges pending against the pupil. The district
16 attorney shall also notify the school board, private school governing body, or charter
17 school governing body of the final disposition of the charges.

NOTE: SECTION 16 requires that a district attorney issuing criminal charges against a pupil make a reasonable attempt to notify the pupil's school that criminal charges have been filed and the final disposition of the charges. A similar requirement currently applies in juvenile cases, see s. 938.396 (2g) (m), stats., but no notification is currently required where a juvenile attends a (2r) charter school or where the pupil is charged as an adult or is waived into adult court. This provision would require the district attorney to notify the school district, private school, or (2r) charter school whenever a pupil is criminally charged as an adult and the district attorney reasonably believes the person charged is an enrolled pupil.

The Department of Public Instruction

A:1

B-1

8

School

~~Per Note Bullying~~

~~Bullying~~

The bill requires (DPI) by 2010 to do all the following: no ft

- 1) Develop a model school policy on bullying by pupils. The policy must include all of the following:
 - a) A definition of bullying.
 - b) A prohibition on bullying.
 - c) A procedure for reporting bullying that permits reports to be made confidentially.
 - d) A prohibition against pupil retaliation against another pupil for reporting an incident of bullying.
 - e) A procedure for investigating reports of bullying.
 - f) A requirement that school district officials and employees report incidents of bullying and identify the person's to whom the reports must be made.
 - g) A list of disciplinary alternatives for pupils that engage in bullying.
 - h) An identification of the school-related events to which the policy applies.
 - i) An identification of the property owned, leased, or used by the school district on which the policy applies.
 - j) An identification of the vehicles used for pupil transportation on which the policy applies.

DPI is also directed to develop a model education and awareness ^{program} on bullying and to post the model policy and the model program on its Internet site. The bill further directs each school board, by August 15, 2010, to adopt a policy prohibiting bullying by pupils. The bill permits the school board to adopt the model policy developed by the department. The school board, under the bill, must provide a copy of the policy to any person who requests it and annually distribute the policy to all pupils enrolled in the school district and their parents and guardians.

The bill also designates the Wednesday of the fourth week in September as bullying awareness day for purposes of school recognition. Finally, the bill includes a section to make the provisions of the bill applicable to a first-class city school district and board.

Provisions Relating to Pupil Records

The bill includes a series of provisions dealing with the confidentiality and disclosure of pupil records. The following provisions are included in the bill:

1. The bill retains current law, which requires school boards to adopt regulations maintaining the confidentiality of pupil records. However, it adds the additional authority for school

A: 2

boards to adopt regulations designed to promote the disclosure of pupil records and information permitted by law for school safety purposes. ✓

2. The bill amends the statutes to require that pupil records be made available to law enforcement officers on the same basis as other school employees or officials, provided that law enforcement officers are individually designated by the school board and assigned to the school district. ✓
3. The bill contains a provision relating to the release of pupil records by school districts for juvenile justice purposes. The bill amends current law to require school boards to disclose pertinent pupil records to an investigating law enforcement agency or district attorney. ✓ Disclosure shall be made only if the requesting person certifies in writing that the records concern the juvenile justice system and the system's ability to serve the pupil, relate to an ongoing investigation or pending delinquency petition and will not be disclosed to any other person accept as otherwise authorized by law. ✓
4. The bill repeals a statute currently requiring a school district administrator or private school administrator who receives information regarding a law enforcement action to notify any pupil named in the information and the pupil's parent or guardian of any minor pupil named in the information of that information. The repeal is designed to encourage law enforcement agencies to share information with schools in situations where they might otherwise withhold information out of concern that notification could undermine the investigation. The repeal does not preclude a school district from notifying students and parents when it is deemed appropriate. ✓
an
5. Current statutes require all pupil records to be made available to teachers and other designated school officials who have legitimate educational interests, including safety interests. ✓ However, a different section, s. 118.128, *stat. (but lowercase)* implies that school districts may not share information that a student is a physical risk to others with teachers and law enforcement units within schools, unless the school district has "reasonable cause" to believe, *stats. ↗* based only on past acts, that the student presents a physical risk of harming others. Section 118.128 also limits the use and disclosure of such information. ✓ By repealing s. 118.128, *stats. ↗* the school district can continue to disclose records under s. 118.125 (2) (d). ✓ When information is shared, school personnel can better assess risk and the educational needs of both students presenting a risk of harm to others and to other children. ✓ *stats*

The bill requires that a district attorney issuing criminal charges against a pupil make a reasonable attempt to notify the pupil's school that criminal charges have been filed and the final disposition of those charges. ✓ A similar requirement currently applies to noncriminal juvenile cases but notification is currently not required when a juvenile attends an independent charter school, or where the pupil is either charged as an adult or waived into adult court. The bill would require the district attorney to notify the school district, private school or independent charter school whenever a pupil is criminally charged as an adult and the district attorney reasonably believes the person charged is an enrolled pupil. ✓

After section 11 - insert note

(B)

-3-

Note: This SECTION creates a requirement for school boards to adopt a policy on bullying. [See Prefatory Note section dealing with school policies on bullying.]

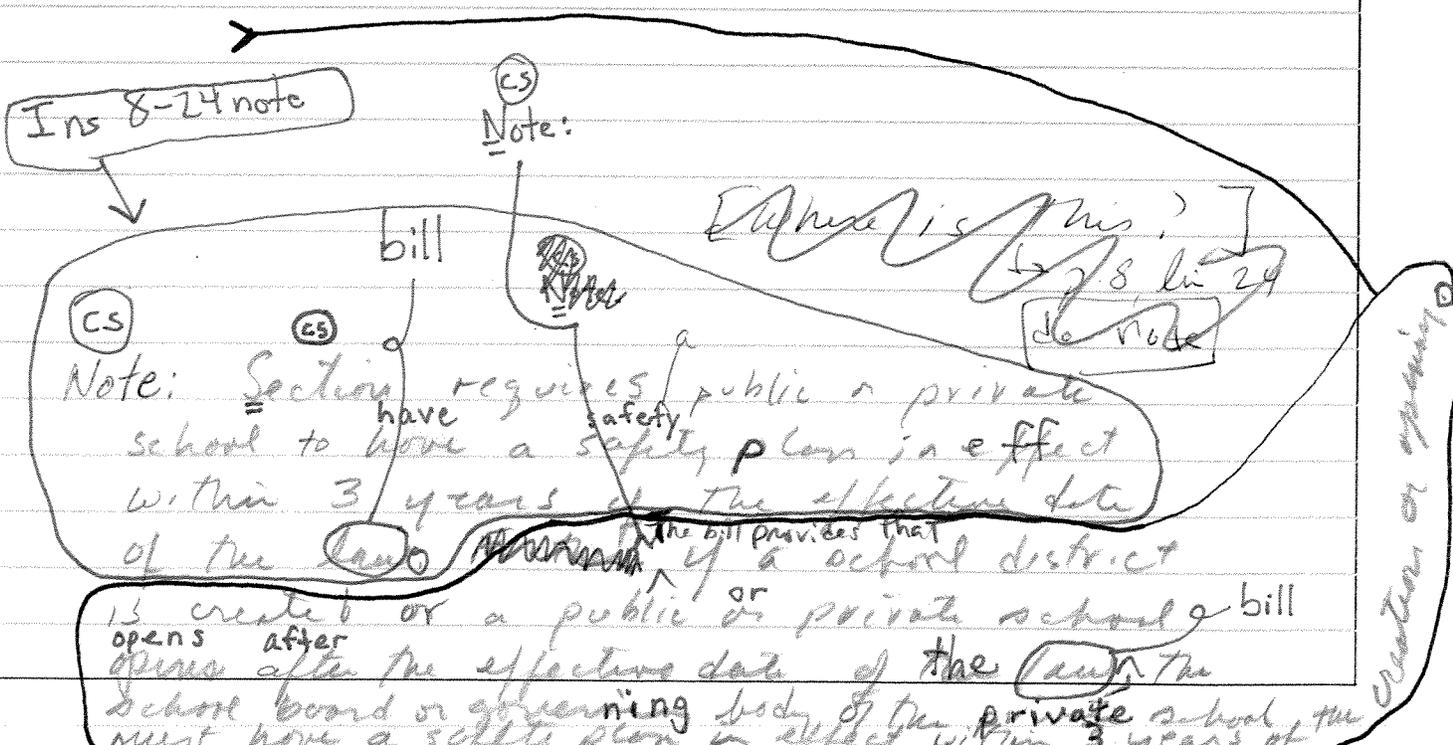
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8-24 e 3-4

SEC. CR. 118.07 (4)(a) 2.

118.07(4)(a)2. If a school district is created or a public or private school opens after the effective date of this paragraph ...

[LRB inserts date], the school board or body of the governing private school shall have in effect a school safety plan for each public or private school within 3 years of its creation or opening of the school.



5002

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

SAJ

Regen.

1 AN ACT *to repeal* 118.127 (1), 118.128 and 120.12 (26) (title); *to renumber*
 2 118.127 (2); *to renumber and amend* 118.125 (2) (n) and 120.12 (26); *to*
 3 *amend* 118.07 (2) (a), 118.125 (2), 118.125 (2) (d), 119.04 (1) and 938.396 (1) (c)
 4 3. (intro.); and *to create* 118.02 (9t), 118.07 (4) (a) 2., 118.07 (4) (b) to (d), 118.125
 5 (2) (n) 2., 118.46 and 950.08 (2w) of the statutes; **relating to:** school safety
 6 plans, pupil records, and school bullying.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill is explained in the NOTES provided by the Joint Legislative Council in the bill.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

JOINT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PREFATORY NOTE: This bill was prepared for the Joint Legislative Council's Special Committee on School Safety.

School safety plans

Under current law, school boards of common or union high school districts must have in place a school safety plan. Wisconsin law does not provide specific details as to

what components should be in the school safety plan. Wisconsin law does not have minimum standards for the plan's training or practice drills. The statutes also do not direct school boards to create or review plans with any specific party.

Current law also requires public, as well as private schools, to conduct fire and tornado or other hazard drills. There is no requirement for either public or private schools to practice school safety plans. Only public schools are required, however, to have safety plans.

This bill expands current statutory requirements by providing specific details regarding school safety plans. The bill requires both public and private schools to do all of the following:

1. Create a school safety plan with active participation from appropriate parties such as local law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, pupil service professionals, and mental health professionals.
2. Specify the process for reviewing the plan.
3. Include general guidelines specifying procedures for emergency prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery as well as methods for conducting drills required to comply with the plan.
4. Determine who shall receive the school safety plan training, which is based upon the school district's prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities.
5. Drill school safety plan procedures twice a year or substitute a school safety drill for a fire, tornado, or other hazard drill.
6. Have the school safety plan in place within 3 years after this bill goes into effect and review it at least once every 3 years following implementation.

School Bullying

The bill requires the Department of Public Instruction (DPI) by 2010 to develop a model school policy on bullying by pupils. The policy must include all of the following:

1. A definition of bullying.
2. A prohibition on bullying.
3. A procedure for reporting bullying that permits reports to be made confidentially.
4. A prohibition against pupil retaliation against another pupil for reporting an incident of bullying.
5. A procedure for investigating reports of bullying.
6. A requirement that school district officials and employees report incidents of bullying and identify the persons to whom the reports must be made.
7. A list of disciplinary alternatives for pupils that engage in bullying.
8. An identification of the school-related events to which the policy applies.
9. An identification of the property owned, leased, or used by the school district on which the policy applies.
10. An identification of the vehicles used for pupil transportation on which the policy applies.

DPI is also directed to develop a model education and awareness program on bullying and to post the model policy and the model program on its Internet site. The bill further directs each school board, by August 15, 2010, to adopt a policy prohibiting bullying by pupils. The bill permits the school board to adopt the model policy developed by the department. The school board, under the bill, must provide a copy of the policy to any person who requests it and annually distribute the policy to all pupils enrolled in the school district and their parents and guardians.

> The bill also designates the Wednesday of the fourth week in September as Bullying Awareness Day for purposes of school recognition. Finally, the bill includes a section to make the provisions of the bill applicable to a first-class city school district and board.

> Provisions Relating to Pupil Records ← bold + (I) ← anal: title: sub-sub

The bill includes a series of provisions dealing with the confidentiality and disclosure of pupil records. The following provisions are included in the bill:

1. The bill retains current law, which requires school boards to adopt regulations maintaining the confidentiality of pupil records. However, it adds the additional authority for school boards to adopt regulations designed to promote the disclosure of pupil records and information permitted by law for school safety purposes.

2. The bill amends the statutes to require that pupil records be made available to law enforcement officers on the same basis as other school employees or officials, provided that law enforcement officers are individually designated by the school board and assigned to the school district.

3. The bill contains a provision relating to the release of pupil records by school districts for juvenile justice purposes. The bill amends current law to require school boards to disclose pertinent pupil records to an investigating law enforcement agency or district attorney. Disclosure shall be made only if the requesting person certifies in writing that the records concern the juvenile justice system and the system's ability to serve the pupil, relate to an ongoing investigation or pending delinquency petition and will not be disclosed to any other person except as otherwise authorized by law.

4. The bill repeals a statute currently requiring a school district administrator or private school administrator who receives information regarding a law enforcement action to notify any pupil named in the information and the pupil's parent or guardian of any minor pupil named in the information of that information. The repeal is designed to encourage law enforcement agencies to share information with schools in situations where they might otherwise withhold information out of concern that notification could undermine an investigation. The repeal does not preclude a school district from notifying students and parents when it is deemed appropriate.

5. Current statutes require all pupil records to be made available to teachers and other designated school officials who have legitimate educational interests, including safety interests. However, a different section, s. 118.128, stats., implies that school districts may not share information that a student is a physical risk to others with teachers and law enforcement units within schools, unless the school district has "reasonable cause" to believe, based only on past acts, that the student presents a physical risk of harming others. Section 118.128, stats., also limits the use and disclosure of such information. By repealing s. 118.128, stats., the school district can continue to disclose records under s. 118.125 (2) (d), stats. When information is shared, school personnel can better assess risk and the educational needs of both students presenting a risk of harm to others and to other children.

> 6. The bill requires that a district attorney issuing criminal charges against a pupil make a reasonable attempt to notify the pupil's school that criminal charges have been filed and the final disposition of those charges. A similar requirement currently applies to noncriminal juvenile cases but notification is currently not required when a juvenile attends an independent charter school, or where the pupil is either charged as an adult or waived into adult court. The bill would require the district attorney to notify the school district, private school or independent charter school whenever a pupil is criminally charged as an adult and the district attorney reasonably believes the person charged is an enrolled pupil.

1 **SECTION 1.** [✓] 118.02 (9t) of the statutes is created to read:

2 118.02 (9t) Wednesday of the 4th week in September, Bullying Awareness Day.

3 **SECTION 2.** [✓] 118.07 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 118.07 (2) (a) Once each month, without previous warning, the person having
5 direct charge of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper method
6 of departure from the building as if in case of a fire, except when the person having
7 direct charge deems that the health of the pupils may be endangered by inclement
8 weather conditions. At least twice annually, without previous warning, the person
9 having direct charge of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper
10 method of evacuation to a safe location as if in the case of a tornado or other hazard.
11 At least twice annually, without previous warning, the person having direct charge
12 of any public or private school shall drill all pupils in the proper method of evacuation
13 or other appropriate action in case of a school safety incident. The public and private
14 school safety drill shall be based on the school safety plan adopted under s. 118.07
15 (4). A safety drill may be substituted for any other drill required under this
16 paragraph. The school board or governing body of the private school shall maintain
17 for at least 7 years a record of each fire drill and, tornado or other hazard drill, and
18 school safety drill conducted.

NOTE: ^{This} SECTION requires the person in charge of both public and private schools to
conduct 2 school safety drills each school year in addition to monthly fire drills and 2
tornado or other hazard drills. A school safety drill may be substituted for a fire, tornado,
or other hazard drill.

19 **SECTION 3.** [✓] 118.07 (4) (a) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

20 118.07 (4) (a) 2. If a school district is created or a public or private school opens
21 after the effective date of this paragraph ... [LRB inserts date], the school board or
22 governing body of the private school shall have in effect a school safety plan for each
23 public or private school within 3 years of its creation or opening.

NOTE: The bill provides that if a school district is created or a public or private school opens after the effective date of the bill, the school board or governing body of the private school must have a safety plan in effect within 3 years of the creation or opening.

1 **SECTION 4.** 118.07 (4) (b) to (d) of the statutes are created to read:

2 118.07 (4) (b) A school safety plan shall be created with the active
3 participation of appropriate parties, as specified by the school board or governing
4 body of the private school. The appropriate parties may include local law
5 enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, pupil services
6 professionals, as defined in s. 118.257 (1) (c), and mental health professionals. A
7 school safety plan shall include general guidelines specifying procedures for
8 emergency prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery. The
9 plan shall also specify the process for reviewing the and methods for conducting drills
10 required to comply with the plan.

> NOTE: ^{This} SECTION requires a school board and the governing body of a private school to create a school safety plan, within 3 years of the effective date of this bill, with participation from appropriate parties specified by the school board or private school governing body. The suggested list includes law enforcement officers, fire fighters, school administrators, teachers, school social workers, and mental health professionals. Under the bill, school safety plans are required to specify the procedures for prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery. The plan must also specify the plan's review process and methods for conducting drills.

11 (c) The school board or governing body of the private school shall determine
12 which persons are required to receive school safety plan training and the frequency
13 of the training. The training shall be based upon the school district's or private
14 school's prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities.

NOTE: This provision allows public school boards and governing bodies of private schools to determine who receives school safety plan training and how often the training must occur. There is also discretion as to what the training includes, as it is based upon the school district or private school's prioritized needs, risks, and vulnerabilities.

15 (d) Each school board and the governing body of each private school shall
16 review the school safety plan at least once every 3 years after the plan goes into effect.

NOTE: Paragraph (d) requires school safety plans to be reviewed at least once every 3 years after the plan goes into effect.

create A.R. A ✓

1 SECTION 5. 118.125 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 118.125 (2) CONFIDENTIALITY AND DISCLOSURE OF PUPIL RECORDS. All pupil
3 records maintained by a public school shall be confidential, except as provided in
4 pars. (a) to (p) and sub. (2m). The school board shall adopt ~~regulations~~ policies to
5 maintain the confidentiality of such records and may adopt policies to promote the
6 disclosure of pupil records and information permitted by law for purposes of school
7 safety.

NOTE: The proposed language retains current law that requires school boards to adopt regulations to maintain the confidentiality of pupil records and also permits (but does not require) school boards to adopt regulations designed to promote the disclosure of pupil records and information permitted by law for school safety. The ~~draft~~ also replaced the term "regulations" with the more appropriate term "policies" to conform to current school board practices and terminology.

replaces

bill

8 SECTION 6. 118.125 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 118.125 (2) (d) Pupil records shall be made available to persons employed by
10 the school district which the pupil attends who are required by the department under
11 s. 115.28 (7) to hold a license, law enforcement officers who are individually
12 designated by the school board and assigned to the school district, and other school
13 district officials who have been determined by the school board to have legitimate
14 educational interests, including safety interests, in the pupil records. Law
15 enforcement officers' records obtained under s. 938.396 (1) (c) 3. shall be made
16 available as provided in s. 118.127 (2). A school board member or an employee of a
17 school district may not be held personally liable for any damages caused by the
18 nondisclosure of any information specified in this paragraph unless the member or
19 employee acted with actual malice in failing to disclose the information. A school
20 district may not be held liable for any damages caused by the nondisclosure of any
21 information specified in this paragraph unless the school district or its agent acted

1 with gross negligence or with reckless, wanton, or intentional misconduct in failing
2 to disclose the information.

NOTE: This SECTION amends the statutes to require that pupil records be made available to law enforcement officers who are individually designated by the school board and assigned to the school district on the same basis as other school employees or officials.

3 SECTION 7. 118.125 (2) (n) of the statutes is renumbered 118.125 (2) (n) (intro.)
4 and amended to read:

5 118.125 (2) (n) (intro.) For the any purpose of ~~providing services to a pupil~~
6 ~~before adjudication, a~~ concerning the juvenile justice system and the system's ability
7 to effectively serve a pupil, prior to adjudication:

8 1. A school board may disclose pupil records to a law enforcement agency,
9 ~~district attorney, city attorney, corporation counsel, agency, as defined in s. 938.78~~
10 (1), intake worker under s. 48.067 or 938.067, court of record, municipal court,
11 private school, or another school board if disclosure is pursuant to an interagency
12 agreement and the person to whom the records are disclosed certifies in writing that
13 the records will not be disclosed to any other person except as ~~permitted under this~~
14 subsection otherwise authorized by law.

15 SECTION 8. 118.125 (2) (n) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

16 118.125 (2) (n) 2. A school board shall disclose pertinent pupil records to an
17 investigating law enforcement agency or district attorney if the person to whom the
18 records are disclosed certifies in writing that the records concern the juvenile justice
19 system and the system's ability to effectively serve the pupil, relate to an ongoing
20 investigation or pending delinquency petition, and will not be disclosed to any other
21 person except as otherwise authorized by law.

NOTE: ^{This} SECTION deals with the release of pupil records by school districts for juvenile justice purposes. The SECTION amends current law to require school boards to disclose pupil records that are pertinent to an investigating law enforcement agency or district attorney if that person certifies in writing that the records concern the juvenile justice

system and the system's ability to serve the pupil, relate to an ongoing investigation or pending delinquency petition, and will not be disclosed to any other person except as otherwise authorized by law.

1 **SECTION 9.** 118.127 (1) of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: This provision repeals s. 118.127 (1), stats., which currently requires a school district administrator or private school administrator who receives information regarding a law enforcement action to notify any pupil named in the information and the parent or guardian of any minor pupil named in the information of that information.

The repeal is designed to encourage law enforcement agencies to share information with schools in situations where they might otherwise withhold information out of concern that notification could undermine an investigation. The repeal does not preclude a school district from notifying students and parents when it is deemed appropriate.

2 **SECTION 10.** 118.127 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 118.127.

3 **SECTION 11.** 118.128 of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: Section 118.125 (2) (d), stats., currently requires all pupil records to be made available to teachers and other designated school officials who have legitimate educational interests, including safety interests. However, s. 118.128 stats., implies that school districts may not share information that a student is a physical risk to others with teachers and law enforcement units within schools, unless the school district has "reasonable cause" to believe, based only on past acts, that the student presents a risk of physically harming others. Section 118.128, stats., also limits the use and disclosure of such information.

Repeal of s. 118.128, stats., leaves the school district with the discretion to disseminate to school district employees all information the school district believes relates to the harm a pupil may present to others. When information is shared, school personnel can better assess risk and the educational needs of both the student presenting a risk of harm to others and other children. With s. 118.128, stats., repealed, school districts may want to adopt policies that encourage the reporting of information relating to harm posed by a pupil to others. This would be permitted by statutory language contained in SECTION of this draft bill

5
use A.R.A

4 **SECTION 12.** 118.46 of the statutes is created to read:

5 **118.46 Policy on bullying. (1)** By March 1, 2010, the department shall do

6 all of the following:

7 (a) Develop a model school policy on bullying by pupils. The policy shall include

8 all of the following:

9 1. A definition of bullying.

10 2. A prohibition on bullying.

11 3. A procedure for reporting bullying that allows reports to be made

12 confidentially.

1 4. A prohibition against a pupil retaliating against another pupil for reporting
2 an incident of bullying.

3 5. A procedure for investigating reports of bullying. The procedure shall
4 identify the school district employee in each school who is responsible for conducting
5 the investigation and require that the parent or guardian of each pupil involved in
6 a bullying incident be notified.

7 6. A requirement that school district officials and employees report incidents
8 of bullying and identify the persons to whom the reports must be made.

9 7. A list of disciplinary alternatives for pupils that engage in bullying or who
10 retaliate against a pupil who reports an incident of bullying.

11 8. An identification of the school-related events at which the policy applies.

12 9. An identification of the property owned, leased, or used by the school district
13 on which the policy applies.

14 10. An identification of the vehicles used for pupil transportation on which the
15 policy applies.

16 (b) Develop a model education and awareness program on bullying.

17 (c) Post the model policy under par. (a) and the model program under par. (b)
18 on its Internet site.

19 **(2)** By August 15, 2010, each school board shall adopt a policy prohibiting
20 bullying by pupils. The school board may adopt the model policy under sub. (1) (a).
21 The school board shall provide a copy of the policy to any person who requests it.
22 Annually, the school board shall distribute the policy to all pupils enrolled in the
23 school district and to their parents or guardians.

> Note: This ^(CS)section creates a requirement for school boards to adopt a policy on
bullying. [See PREFATORY NOTE section dealing with school policies on bullying.]

1 as provided in s. 118.127 (2), any information in its records relating to any of the
2 following:

3 **SECTION 17.** [✓]950.08 (2w) of the statutes is created to read:

4 **950.08 (2w)** INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED BY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS TO SCHOOLS IN
5 CRIMINAL CASES. If a criminal complaint is issued under s. 968.02 or if a petition for
6 waiver is granted pursuant to s. 938.18, and the district attorney reasonably believes
7 the person charged is a pupil enrolled in a school district, a private school, or a
8 charter school established pursuant to 118.40 (2r), the district attorney shall make
9 a reasonable attempt to notify the school board, private school governing body, or
10 charter school governing body of the charges pending against the pupil. The district
11 attorney shall also notify the school board, private school governing body, or charter
12 school governing body of the final disposition of the charges.

^{This}
NOTE: SECTION requires that a district attorney issuing criminal charges against
a pupil make a reasonable attempt to notify the pupil's school that criminal charges have
been filed and the final disposition of the charges. A similar requirement currently
applies in juvenile cases, see s. 938.396 (2g) (m), stats., but no notification is currently
required where a juvenile attends a (2r) charter school or where the pupil is charged as
an adult or is waived into adult court. This provision would require the district attorney
to notify the school district, private school, or (2r) charter school whenever a pupil is
criminally charged as an adult and the district attorney reasonably believes the person
charged is an enrolled pupil.

13

(END)