

State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE



2011 SENATE BILL 114

1	AN ACT to create 13.102, 13.39 and 13.95 (1r) of the statutes; relating to:
2	legislative consideration of a biennial budget bill.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 13.102 of the statutes is created to read:

4 **13.102** Joint committee on finance; consideration of biennial budget

bill. (1) The joint committee on finance may not vote to recommend passage of a
biennial budget bill or an amendment thereto until the legislative fiscal bureau has
distributed a copy of an earmark transparency report on the biennial budget bill, as
amended, prepared under s. 13.95 (1r) (b), to each member of the legislature and has
made the report available on the legislature's Internet Web site.

(2) If a member of the joint committee on finance makes a motion during
committee deliberations on a biennial budget bill to remove an earmark, as defined

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- in s. 13.95 (1r) (a), from the biennial budget bill, the motion shall prevail on either
 a majority or a tie vote.
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SECTION 2. 13.39 of the statutes is created to read:

13.39 Legislative consideration of biennial budget bill. (1) Neither
house of the legislature may pass a biennial budget bill until the legislative fiscal
bureau has distributed a copy of an earmark transparency report on the biennial
budget bill, as amended, prepared under s. 13.95 (1r) (b), to each member of the
legislature and has made the report available on the legislature's Internet Web site.

9 (2) If a committee of conference is convened on a biennial budget bill, a 10 conference report may not contain any earmark, as defined in s. 13.95 (1r) (a), that 11 was not included in the executive budget bill or an amendment thereto that was 12 passed by either house of the legislature. The committee of conference, however, may 13 reduce the amount of any earmark that requires a payment to a specific beneficiary 14 or beneficiaries or may reduce the cost to the state of any earmark that is a tax 15 deduction, credit, exclusion, or exemption.

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SECTION 3. 13.95 (1r) of the statutes is created to read:

17 13.95 (1r) EARMARK TRANSPARENCY REPORT. (a) In this subsection, "earmark"
18 means a provision in a bill or amendment that does any of the following:

Authorizes or requires the payment of state moneys to a specific beneficiary
 or beneficiaries in a manner not determined by laws of general applicability for the
 selection of the beneficiary or beneficiaries.

22 2. Creates or modifies a tax deduction, credit, exclusion, or exemption that
23 applies to a specific beneficiary or beneficiaries in a manner not determined by laws
24 of general applicability for the selection of the beneficiary or beneficiaries.

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1 (b) The legislative fiscal bureau shall prepare an earmark transparency report 2 on each biennial budget bill and on each amendment thereto. The report shall 3 contain all of the following:

- 4 1. A list of all earmarks.
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2. The cost of each earmark.

6 3. The beneficiary of each earmark. If the beneficiary is an individual, the 7 legislative fiscal bureau shall identify the assembly and senate district in which the 8 beneficiary resides. If the beneficiary is an entity, the legislative fiscal bureau shall 9 identify the assembly and senate district in which the beneficiary is located, 10 incorporated, or organized. If the legislative fiscal bureau cannot determine the 11 identity of a beneficiary, the legislative fiscal bureau shall note that fact in the report. 12 If the earmark is a tax deduction, credit, exclusion, or exemption, all of the following 13 shall apply:

a. All businesses and associations that are members of the same controlledgroup of corporations shall be treated as a single beneficiary.

b. All shareholders of a corporation, partners of a partnership, members of an
association or organization, or beneficiaries of a trust or estate, respectively, shall be
treated as a single beneficiary.

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c. All employees of a single employer shall be treated as a single beneficiary.

d. All health or other benefit plans of an employer that are qualified under the
federal Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as a single beneficiary.

e. All contributors to a charitable organization shall be treated as a singlebeneficiary.

f. All holders of the same bond or note issue shall be treated as a singlebeneficiary.

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1 g. If a corporation, partnership, association or organization, or trust or estate 2 is the beneficiary, the shareholders of the corporation, the partners of the 3 partnership, the members of the association or organization, or the beneficiaries of 4 the trust or estate shall not be considered beneficiaries.

5 4. If an amendment, the name of the representative to the assembly or senator6 who proposed the earmark.

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(END)