

Fiscal Estimate Narratives

DOC 4/29/2011

LRB Number	11-1095/1	Introduction Number	AB-0103	Estimate Type	Original
Description Receiving a stolen firearm and providing a penalty					

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Current law prohibits a person from stealing a firearm. The penalty for this crime is a Class H felony. Also, current law provides several penalties for receiving stolen property. The penalties vary depending on the value of the stolen goods.

This bill creates a new penalty for receiving a stolen firearm. If the person knew the firearm was stolen he or she will be subject to a Class H felony conviction.

The Department of Corrections is unable to estimate the number of offenders who will be subject to the criminal penalty provisions of this bill and therefore is unable to estimate the state fiscal impact.

The average FY10 annual cost for an inmate in a DOC institution is approximately \$32,100. However, when there is excess capacity in DOC facilities, the incremental costs (i.e. food, health care and clothing) of housing a small number of inmates is approximately \$5,100, based on FY10 costs. Should the Department use contract beds, the rate would be approximately \$18,800 annually per person. State costs could change if an increased or decreased number of offenders are convicted of this crime and placed on probation. The average FY10 annual cost to supervise one offender is approximately \$2,800.

A local impact will also occur if an adult offender is sentenced to a jail term under the provisions of this bill. A local fiscal impact cannot be estimated.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications