## Fiscal Estimate - 2017 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental			
LRB Number 17-1115/1	Introduction Numb	oer <b>SB-095</b>			
<b>Description</b> Regulation of aquaculture and fish farms, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, and granting rule-making authority					
Fiscal Effect					
Appropriations Reve	rease Existing to absenues	ase Costs - May be possible sorb within agency's budget Yes No ease Costs			
Permissive Mandatory Perm 2. Decrease Costs 4. Decr	Affects  nissive Mandatory  rease Revenue  nissive Mandatory	nment Units			
Fund Sources Affected  GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS					
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date			
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## Fiscal Estimate Narratives DATCP 3/8/2017

LRB Number 17-1115/1	Introduction Number	SB-095	Estimate Type	Original	
Description					
Regulation of aquaculture and fish farms, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, and					
granting rule-making authority					

## Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

2017 Senate Bill 95 changes or exempts aquaculture and fish farm activities from certain Department of Natural Resources (DNR) requirements relating to wetland permits, natural bodies of water used as fish farms, dams on navigable streams, Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (WPDES) permits, variances to water quality standards, water withdrawals under the Great Lakes Compact, Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA) loan guarantees, and navigable water permits.

The bill allows a person to develop or use land in the Lower Wisconsin State Riverway for aquaculture use if done in compliance with soil and water resource management rule promulgated by the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (DATCP).

The bill creates a sales and use tax exemption for farm-raised fish sold to a fish farm that is registered with DATCP.

The bill also allows the Department of Transportation to issue permits for the transportation of fish and minnows in vehicles that exceed certain weight limitations.

Under the bill, DNR and DATCP must review the departments' rules relating to viral hemorrhagic septicemia and promulgate new rules as necessary. The bill also requires DNR to assess, with DATCP, the efficiency and utility of the fish hatchery classification system under rules promulgated by DATCP, and requires DATCP to promulgate new rules as necessary.

The Division of Animal Health in the DATCP currently registers approximately 3,000 fish farms in Wisconsin. Of these registered fish farms, approximately 200 are commercial fish farms that are required to be registered in order to sell or distribute live fish or fish eggs. Approximately 2,500 of these fish farms are not required to be registered but do so in order to legally stock or fish from their personal ponds.

Annual fish farm registration fees are determined by the activities of the fish farm and the number of fish farms to be registered. Fish farm registration fees range from \$37.50 to \$300.

The bill may allow fish farms currently registered with DATCP to expand their facility. It is unknown how many registered fish farms would be impacted by the changes proposed in the bill. Regardless, there is no fiscal effect on DATCP as these entities are already registered.

The bill may increase the number of entities that wish to register with DATCP as a fish farm as a result of the proposed bill. It is unknown how many entities would become registered as fish farms. Therefore, the revenue generated by and the costs associated with DATCP licensing any new fish farms are indeterminate.

Any costs associated with promulgating new rules would be absorbed by the agency.

## **Long-Range Fiscal Implications**