2019 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

For:

Van Wanggaard (608) 266-1832

Drafter:

emueller

By:

David Moore

Secondary Drafters:

Date:

8/26/2019

May Contact:

Same as LRB:

Submit via email:

YES

Requester's email: Carbon copy (CC) to: Sen.Wanggaard@legis.wisconsin.gov eric.mueller@legis.wisconsin.gov

zachary.wyatt@legis.wisconsin.gov

David.Moore@legis.wisconsin.gov

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Ignition interlock device restriction

Instructions:

Revised 19-2409/p1

Drafting History:

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Require</u>
/?	emueller 8/27/2019	anienaja 8/27/2019			
/P1	emueller 8/28/2019		dwalker 8/27/2019		State S&L
/1		anienaja 8/28/2019	mbarman 8/28/2019	dwalker 8/28/2019	State S&L

FE Sent For:

At Intro

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Occupational License / IID Update Proposals

There are 5 main areas of focus that the division would recommend reviewing for changes:

- 1. Hours of operation. Currently occupational licenses (OCCs) are limited to a certain number of hours, distributed across a standard week. These licenses are issued to individuals who are suspended or revoked for specific violations; operating while intoxicated (OWI) related offenses, point suspensions, drug convictions (except juveniles, non-payment of child support, and habitual traffic offenders). The division proposes removing the hours of operation restriction from OCCs that are issued to individuals who are revoked for OWI related offenses (assumption being refusal would be included as well) if that OCC has an IID restriction on it. This could either be achieved by allowing for 24 hour windows for each day or by removing the restriction altogether. This change would be in-line with the intention of LRB19-2409.
- 2. Single-Vehicle Installation. Currently an individual who has been convicted of OWI, and has been given an IID court order, must install IIDs in each of the vehicles on which their name is present on the title. A court may individually exempt vehicles from these orders, but that process can be burdensome for the courts, the division, and the individual. The division proposes to require that the individual only provide proof of IID installation on one vehicle. The ownership of this vehicle would not be considered, as the intent of the law is solely to have the vehicle that the individual intends to operate be installed with an IID. This approach is similar to that of LRB19-2409, but instead of requiring the court to order an IID on a specific vehicle or vehicles, the division recommends that the court order an IID and then have the individual simply provide the division with proof of installation on one or more vehicles without the court having to choose which vehicle(s).

The drawback with going to a single vehicle is that with the IID restriction pertaining to just Class D operation it means an offender could, in some circumstances, legally operate a motorcycle or other non-D vehicle without an IID installed during the restriction period. Our original proposal written with the Bureau of Transportation Safety (BOTS) a few years ago was going to expand the IID licensing restriction to all operation to deal with that caveat. Because IIDs are not generally installed on motorcycles, an "All Operation" change of this sort would effectively prohibit class M operation for an OWI offender.

3. Penalties for tampering/circumvention/non-IID operation. Currently a violation of an IID restriction on a driver's license or operating privilege is treated the same as a violation of any other license restriction (such as "no night driving" or an eyeglasses requirement). These violations of 343.43(1)(d), specifically dealing with operating in violation of an IID license restriction, could be increased to address individuals who operate a vehicle that does not have an IID installed. The penalties for violations of 347.413(1), dealing with tampering and circumvention of IIDs, could also be increased. This would address individuals who operate a vehicle that does have an IID installed, but use other measures to circumvent that IID.

- 4. Wait times, credit for time served. The intention of LRB19-2409 was to allow these individuals, who were convicted of OWI related offenses, to apply for an IID-restricted occupational license immediately upon being administratively suspended or revoked by the court and credit that time against the period of IID restriction ordered by the court. The division agrees with this intention and would recommend dropping the wait times for OCCs in the case of an OWI that involves an IID restriction and counting that time towards the duration of the IID restriction.
- 5. Data availability and usage. The intention of LRB19-2409 was to allow individuals charged with OWI to apply for an IID-restricted occupational license immediately upon being administratively suspended or revoked while still achieving driver behavior modification through IID use and compliance monitoring. Trans 313 requires that an ignition interlock device record the date, time, and alcohol concentration of each breath sample provided to the device, as well as any instances of tampering, circumvention, or failures to provide a retest sample. Currently, this data is made available to the state via paper in raw log format, which is difficult to interpret and received weeks or months after an event occurs. If data were readily available, in near real-time, to people who can administer sanctions for non-compliance, literature suggests that long-term behavior modification can be achieved. If the state were to build a data repository and dictate the format and frequency of data download from the device as well as upload to the repository, it could be made available in an easy to use format to law enforcement officers, DMV, probation and parole, DHS, etc. Data-driven and near real-time sanctions would ensure that people who might benefit from intervention or represent a traffic safety concern receive attention while compliant customers easily complete their ignition interlock order without additional penalty.

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State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-2409/P1 4085/P1 EVM:kjf+amn

(PMNR)

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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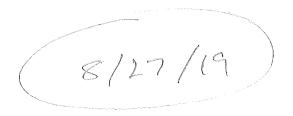
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AN ACT to repeal 343.301 (1m), 343.31 (3m) and 347.50 (1t); to renumber 343.13 (3); to renumber and amend 343.301 (2m) (a) and 347.413; to consolidate, renumber and amend 343.301 (1g) (am) (intro.) and 1.; to amend 303.08 (10r), 343.10 (1) (a), 343.10 (2) (f), 343.10 (5) (a) 3., 343.10 (5) (b), 343.10 (7) (cm), 343.30 (1q) (b) 2., 343.30 (1q) (b) 3., 343.30 (1q) (b) 4., 343.301 (1g) (am) 2., 343.301 (3) (a), 343.305 (10) (b) 2., 343.305 (10) (b) 3., 343.305 (10) (b) 4., 343.305 (10) (em), 343.31 (3) (bm) 2., 343.31 (3) (bm) 3., 343.31 (3) (bm) 4., 343.43 (1) (d), 347.50 (1) and 347.50 (1s); and to create 343.06 (1) (n), 343.10 (1) (c), 343.13 (3) (b), 343.13 (3) (c), 343.13 (4), 343.301 (2m) (a) 2., 343.301 (2t), 343.301 (6) and 343.302 (4) of the statutes; relating to: operating privilege of persons who have committed certain offenses related to drunken driving, restricted operators' licenses, ignition interlock devices, and providing a penalty.

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Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill provides for an operating license restriction/limiting the holder to operating only vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device (IID) and

makes various related changes to statutes governing operating privilege revocations for certain offenses related to operating a vehicle while intoxicated (OWI offense).

Under current law, if a person commits a first OWI offense in which his or her blood alcohol concentration was 0.15 or greater or a second or subsequent OWI offense or improperly refuses to take a test for intoxication, a court must order one of the following: 1) that the person's operating privilege be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an IID and that each of the person's motor vehicles be equipped with an IID; or 2) that the person participate in a 24–7 sobriety program.

Under this bill, in the situation described above, with limited exceptions, a court must order that the person's operating privilege be restricted to operating motor vehicles that are equipped with an IID, but need not order that a person's motor vehicles be equipped with an IID.

Also under this bill, a person whose license or operating privilege is suspended or revoked for an OWI offense or for failing or improperly refusing a test for intoxication may apply to the Department of Transportation for an operator's license limiting the person to operating only vehicles equipped with an IID. Before DOT may issue such a license, the applicant must provide proof that he or she has access to a motor vehicle equipped with an IID and provide certain proof of financial responsibility.

Under current law, a court must revoke the driving privileges of persons convicted of certain OWI offenses for periods ranging from not less than six months for a first OWI offense to not less than two years for a third or subsequent OWI offense. Persons whose operating privilege is suspended under these provisions are eligible for occupational licenses with a waiting period of 15 to 45 days. Under current law, with certain exceptions and limitations, a person may apply for an occupational license if the person's operating privilege is revoked or suspended and the person is engaged in an occupation making it essential that he or she operate a motor vehicle. The occupational license must contain definite restrictions as to hours of the day, hours per week, type of occupation, and areas or routes of travel that are permitted under the occupational license.

Under this bill a person is eligible for an IID restricted/license after 15 days have elapsed from the day of suspension or revocation. Also under this bill, other than certain first offense OWI offenses and suspensions for failed tests for intoxication, a person whose license or operating privilege is suspended or revoked for an OWI offense is not eligible for an occupational license.

Current law prohibits a person from circumventing the operation of an IID installed under a court order, failing to have an IID installed as ordered by a court, and violating certain court orders restricting a person's operating privilege. Violation of any of these prohibitions is punishable by a forfeiture of not less than \$10 nor more than \$200 and extension of the period of IID restriction.

This bill increases the penalty for these violations to, for a first offense, a fine of not less than \$150 nor more than \$600 and imprisonment for not more than six months or both and, for a second or subsequent offense, a fine of not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than six months or both. This

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bill also provides that a person who violates the IID restriction of an IID restricted license is subject to the penalties, as modified in this bill.

Also under this bill, if an IID service provider removes or disconnects an IID from a motor vehicle, the service provider must inform DOT of the removal or disconnection no later than three days after the removal or disconnection.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 303.08 (10r) of the statutes is amended to read:

303.08 (10r) The sheriff may not permit a prisoner whose operating privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles is restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device who is subject to an ignition interlock device installation order under s. 343.301 (1g) to leave the jail under sub. (1) unless, within 2 weeks after the court issues an order under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 1. or the person's operating privilege is restricted under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 2., the person submits proof to the sheriff that an ignition interlock device has been installed in each motor vehicle to which the order applies.

Section 2. 343.06 (1) (n) of the statutes is created to read:

343.06 (1) (n) To any person whose operating privilege is restricted to operating vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device, unless the person provides proof to the department that the person has access to a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.

SECTION 3. 343.10 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (1) (a) If Except as provided in par. (c), if a person's license or operating privilege is revoked or suspended under this chapter or s. 767.73, 938.34 (14q),

943.21 (3m), or 961.50 and if the person is engaged in an occupation, including homemaking or full-time or part-time study, or a trade making it essential that he or she operate a motor vehicle, the person, after payment of the fee provided in sub. (6), may file an application with the department setting forth in detail the need for operating a motor vehicle. No person may file more than one application with respect to each revocation or suspension of the person's license or operating privilege under this chapter or s. 767.73, 938.34 (14q), 943.21 (3m), or 961.50, except that this limitation does not apply to an application to amend an occupational license restriction.

Section 4. 343.10 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

343.10 (1) (c) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., a person whose license is suspended or revoked for an offense counted under s. 343.307 (1) is not eligible for an occupational license under this section.

2. A person whose operating privilege is revoked for a first violation of s. 346.63 (1) or a local ordinance in conformity with that section and who had an alcohol concentration below 0.15 at the time of the offense and a person whose operating privilege is suspended under s. 343.305 (7) may be eligible for an occupational license under this section.

SECTION 5. 343.10 (2) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (2) (f) If the court orders under s. 343.301 (1g) that the person's operating privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device, no occupational license may be granted until the person pays the surcharge under s. 343.301 (5) and. If the court orders the installation of an ignition interlock device under s. 343.301 (1g), no occupational license may be granted until the person submits proof that an ignition

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interlock device has been installed in each motor vehicle to which the order under s. 343.301 applies. A person who is subject to an order under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 2. need not submit proof that an ignition interlock device has been installed if he or she is participating in a program designated in the order, unless he or she is also subject to an order under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 1.

Section 6. 343.10 (5) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (5) (a) 3. The occupational license of the applicant shall restrict the applicant's operation under the occupational license to vehicles that are equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device if the court has ordered under s. 343.301 (1g) that the person's operating privilege for Class D vehicles be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device or has ordered under s. 346.65 (6) (a) 1., 1999 stats., that the motor vehicle owned by the person and used in the violation or improper refusal be equipped with an ignition interlock device. A person to whom a restriction under this subdivision applies violates that restriction if he or she removes or disconnects an ignition interlock device, requests or permits another to blow into an ignition interlock device or to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device for the purpose of providing the person an operable motor vehicle without the necessity of first submitting a sample of his or her breath to analysis by the ignition interlock device, or otherwise tampers with or circumvents the operation of the ignition interlock device. Except as provided in s. 343.301 (3) (b), if the court orders the installation of an ignition interlock device under s. 343.301 (1g) and the occupational license restricts the applicant's operation to a vehicle that is equipped with an ignition interlock device, the applicant shall be liable for the reasonable costs of equipping the vehicle with the ignition interlock device. This subdivision does not apply to an applicant who is subject to an order

1	under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 2. while the applicant is participating in a program
2	designated in the order, unless he or she is also subject to an order under s. 343.301
3	(lg) (am) 1.
4	SECTION 7. 343.10 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	343.10 (5) (b) Limitations. Occupational licenses are subject to the limitations
6	specified in ss. 343.30 (1q) (b) and (h), 343.305 (8) (d) and (10) (b) and (em), 343.31
7	(3m), 343.32 (1m), 767.73, and 961.50.
8	SECTION 8. 343.10 (7) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	343.10 (7) (cm) If the occupational license includes the restriction specified in
10	sub. (5) (a) 3. court orders the installation of an ignition interlock device under s.
11	343.301 (1g), the department shall not issue the occupational license until the
12	applicant provides evidence satisfactory to the department that any motor vehicle
13	that the applicant will be permitted to operate subject to the order has been equipped
14	with a functioning ignition interlock device.
15	Section 9. 343.13 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 343.13 (3) (a).
16	Section 10. 343.13 (3) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
17	343.13 (3) (b) If a person is convicted of violating s. 343.302 (1), the department
18	shall include on the person's license a restriction of the person's operating privilege
19	to operating vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device for 6 months. A
20	restriction under this paragraph is consecutive to any existing restriction period
21	under this paragraph or par. (a).
22	SECTION 11. 343.13 (3) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

343.13 (3) (c) If a person requests that his or her operating privilege be

restricted to operating vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device, the

license shall include that restriction.

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Section 12. 343.13 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

343.13 (4) (a) A person whose license or operating privilege is suspended or revoked under s. 343.30 (1q) (b), 343.305 (7) (a) or (10), or 343.31 (2) may apply for an operator's license that includes a restriction under sub. (3). Subject to par. (b) and s. 343.06 (1) (a), the department may issue a license to that person authorizing the operation of "Class D" vehicles.

- (b) 1. The department may not issue a license under par. (a) to a person unless the person files proof of financial responsibility as specified under s. 343.38 (1) (c) covering all vehicles that the person seeks permission to operate.
- 2. The department may not issue a license under par. (a) unless at least 15 days have elapsed since the date of suspension or revocation, or, in the case of an appeal that is subsequently dismissed or affirmed, at least 15 days have elapsed since the date of suspension or revocation following the dismissal or affirmance of the appeal, unless another minimum waiting period or immediate eligibility is expressly provided by law.
- 3. A license under par. (a) may not permit the operation of any motor vehicles for which the applicant did not hold valid authorization at the time of revocation or suspension of the person's license or operating privilege.
- 4. The department may not issue a license under par. (a) to a person whose operating privilege is suspended or revoked under s. 343.30 (1q) (d) or 343.305 (10) (d).
- 5. If the court orders a person to submit to and comply with an assessment and driver safety plan and if the person has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions, or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), the department may not issue a license

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1	under par. (a) to the person unless the person has completed the assessment and is
2	complying with the driver safety plan.
3	(c) Section 343.44 (1) (a) and (b) does not apply to a person who possesses a valid
4	license issued to the person under par. (a) that is not revoked, suspended, canceled,
5	or expired.
6	Section 13. 343.30 (1q) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
7	343.30 (1q) (b) 2. Except as provided in sub. (1r) or subd. 3., 4. or 4m., for the
8	first conviction, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less
9	than 6 months nor more than 9 months. The person is eligible for an occupational
10	license under s. 343.10 at any time. There is no minimum waiting period before
11	issuance of an occupational license under s. 343.10 to a person whose operating
12	privilege is revoked under this subdivision.
13	Section 14. 343.30 (1q) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
14	343.30 (1q) (b) 3. Except as provided in sub. (1r) or subd. 4m., if the number
15	of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total
16	number of other convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under s. 343.307
17	(1) within a 10-year period, equals 2, the court shall revoke the person's operating
18	privilege for not less than one year nor more than 18 months. After the first 45 days
19	of the revocation period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license
20	under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the

Section 15. 343.30 (1q) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

driver safety plan ordered under par. (c).

343.30 (1q) (b) 4. Except as provided in sub. (1r) or subd. 4m., if the number of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total number of other convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under s. 343.307

(1), equals 3 or more, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 2 years nor more than 3 years. After the first 45 days of the revocation period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan ordered under par. (c).

SECTION 16. 343.301 (1g) (am) (intro.) and 1. of the statutes are consolidated, renumbered 343.301 (1g) (am) 1. and amended to read:

343.301 (1g) (am) 1. A Except as provided in this subdivision, a court shall order one or more of the following: 1. That that the person's operating privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device and, except as provided in sub. (1m), shall may order that each any motor vehicle for which the person's name appears on the vehicle's certificate of title or registration be equipped with an ignition interlock device. A court that has issued an order under subd. 2. and that is a court for a county designated under s. 165.957 (2) may issue an order under this subdivision.

SECTION 17. 343.301 (1g) (am) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.301 (1g) (am) 2. That A court may order that the person participate in a program described in s. 165.957 or that meets the definition of a 24-7 sobriety program under 23 USC 405 (d) (7) (A) and regulations adopted thereunder. If the court enters an order under this subdivision, when the person completes or otherwise does not participate in the program, the court shall order that the person's operating privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device, shall specify the duration of the order, shall, except as provided in sub. (1m), may order that each any motor vehicle for which the person's name appears on the vehicle's certificate of title or registration

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1	be equipped with an ignition interlock device, and shall notify the department of such
2	order.
3	Section 18. 343.301 (1m) of the statutes is repealed.
4	Section 19. 343.301 (2m) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 343.301 (2m) (a)
5	1. and amended to read:
6	343.301 (2m) (a) 1. If the court enters an order under sub. (1g) (am) 1. with
7	respect to a person to whom the department has issued an operator's license or who
8	is a resident of the state, the restriction of the person's operating privilege under the
9	order under sub. (1g) (am) 1. shall begin on the date the order under sub. (1g) (am)
10	1. is issued and extend for a period of not less than one year after the date the
11	department issues any license granted under this chapter nor more than the
12	maximum operating privilege revocation period permitted for the refusal or violation
13	after the date the department issues any license granted under this chapter except
14	that if the maximum operating privilege revocation period is less than one year, the
15	restriction of the person's operating privilege under sub. (1g) (am) 1. shall extend for
16	a period of one year after the department issues any license granted under this
17	chapter.
18	3. If the court enters an <u>ignition interlock device installation</u> order under sub.
19	(1g) (am) 1., the court may specify the date by which an ignition interlock device
20	under sub. (1g) (am) 1. shall be installed.
21	SECTION 20. 343.301 (2m) (a) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
22	343.301 (2m) (a) 2. If the court enters an order under sub. (1g) (am) 1. with
23	respect to a person to whom the department has not issued an operator's license and

who is not a resident of the state, the restriction of the person's operating privilege

under the order under sub. (1g) (am) 1. shall begin on the date the order under sub.

T	(1g) (am) 1. Is issued and extend for a period of not less than one year after the earliest
2	of the following, nor more than the maximum operating privilege revocation period
3	permitted for the refusal or violation after the earliest of the following, except that
4	if the maximum operating privilege revocation period is less than one year, the
5	restriction of the person's operating privilege under sub. (1g) (am) 1. shall extend for
6	a period of one year after the earliest of the following:
7	a. The date that the person provides proof to the department that the person's
8	state of residence has reinstated the person's operating privilege from suspension,
(9)	revocation, cancellation, or disqualification imposed by that state with respect to the
10	report of the conviction to that state.
11	b. The date that the department reinstates the person's operating privilege in
12	this state.
13	SECTION 21. 343.301 (2t) of the statutes is created to read:
14	343.301 (2t) Notwithstanding sub. (2m), the court shall give credit toward the
15	period of operating privilege restriction for each day that a person holds a license
(16)	(issued under s. 343.13) following a suspension or revocation for the conduct from
17	which the order under sub. (1g) (am) 1 arises. If more than one period of restriction
18	has been imposed on the person, credit under this subsection may only be given for
19	one period of restriction.
20	SECTION 22. 343.301 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	343.301 (3) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), if the court enters an ignition
22	interlock device installation order under sub. (1g), the person shall be liable for the
23	reasonable cost of equipping and maintaining any ignition interlock device installed
24	on his or her motor vehicle.
25	SECTION 23. 343.301 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

restricting the persons operation under the liverse to reliches that one equipped with a functioning lymbia interlock device

343.301 (6) If a service provider of ignition interlock systems on motor vehicles
removes or disconnects an ignition interlock device from a motor vehicle, the service
provider shall inform the department of the removal or disconnection no later than
3 working days after the removal or disconnection of the device.

Section 24. 343.302 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

343.302 (4) Any person violating sub. (1) may be fined not less than \$150 nor more than \$600, or may be imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both for the first offense. For a 2nd or subsequent conviction within 5 years, the person may be fined not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000, or imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both.

SECTION 25. 343.305 (10) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (b) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., 4. or 4m., for the first improper refusal, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for one year. After the first 30 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.

Section 26. 343.305 (10) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (b) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total number of other convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under s. 343.307 (2) within a 10-year period, equals 2, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for 2 years. After the first 90 days of the revocation period or, if the total number of convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under this subdivision within any 5-year period equals 2 or more, after one year of the revocation period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan.

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SECTION 27. 343.305 (10) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (b) 4. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total number of other convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under s. 343.307 (2), equals 3 or more, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for 3 years. After the first 120 days of the revocation period or, if the total number of convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under this subdivision within any 5-year period equals 2 or more, after one year of the revocation period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan.

Section 28. 343.305 (10) (em) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (em) One penalty for improperly refusing to submit to a test for intoxication regarding a person arrested for a violation of s. 346.63 (2m) or (7) or a local ordinance in conformity therewith is revocation of the person's operating privilege for 6 months. If there was a minor passenger under 16 years of age in the motor vehicle at the time of the incident that gave rise to the improper refusal, the revocation period is 12 months. After the first 15 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10. Any such improper refusal or revocation for the refusal does not count as a prior refusal or a prior revocation under this section or ss. 343.30 (1q), 343.307 and 346.65 (2). The person shall not be required to submit to and comply with any assessment or driver safety plan under pars. (c) and (d).

Section 29. 343.31 (3) (bm) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., 4. or 4m., for the first conviction, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less

than 6 months nor more than 9 months. If an Indian tribal court in this state revokes the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than 6 months nor more than 9 months for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of revocation. The A person who is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 (1) (a) is eligible for the occupational license at any time.

Section 30. 343.31 (3) (bm) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total number of suspensions, revocations, and other convictions counted under s. 343.307 (1) within a 10-year period, equals 2, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than one year nor more than 18 months. If an Indian tribal court in this state revokes the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than one year nor more than 18 months for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of revocation. After the first 60 days of the revocation period or, if the total number of convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under this subdivision within any 5-year period equals 2 or more, after one year of the revocation period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.

Section 31. 343.31 (3) (bm) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 4. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total number of other suspensions, revocations and convictions counted under s. 343.307 (1), equals 3 or more, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 2 years nor more than 3 years. If an Indian tribal court in this state revokes the

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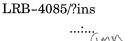
person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than 2 years
nor more than 3 years for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department
shall impose the same period of revocation. After one year of the revocation period
has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.
SECTION 32. 343.31 (3m) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 33. 343.43 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
343.43 (1) (d) Violate any of the restrictions placed on that person's license or
operating privilege by or pursuant to law; or
SECTION 34. 347.413 of the statutes is renumbered 343.302, and 343.302 (1),
as renumbered, is amended to read:
343.302 (1) No person may remove, disconnect, tamper with, or otherwise
circumvent the operation of an ignition interlock device installed in response to the
court order under s. 346.65 (6), 1999 stats., or s. 343.301 (1), 2007 stats., or s. 343.301
(1g), or fail to have the ignition interlock device installed as ordered by the court, or
violate a court order under s. 343.301 (1g) restricting the person's operating privilege, or violate a restriction under s. 343.13 (3). This subsection does not apply
to the removal of an ignition interlock device upon the expiration of the order
requiring the motor vehicle to be so equipped or to necessary repairs to a
malfunctioning ignition interlock device by a person authorized by the department.
Section 35. 347.50 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
347.50 (1) Any person violating ss. 347.35 to 347.49, except s. 347.385 (5), s.
347.413 (1) or s. 347.415 (1m), (2), and (3) to (5) or s., 347.417 (1) or s., 347.475 or s.,
347.48 (2m) or (4), or s. 347.489, may be required to forfeit not less than \$10 nor more
than \$200.

Section 36. 347.50 (1s) of the statutes is amended to read:

(END)
SECTION 37. 347.50 (1t) of the statutes is repealed.
more than 6 months, or both.
person may be fined not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000, or imprisoned for not
or both for the first offense. For a 2nd or subsequent conviction within 5 years, the
less than \$150 nor more than \$600, or may be imprisoned for not more than 6 months,
347.50 (1s) Any person violating s. 347.413 (1) or 347.417 (1) may be fined not



2019-2020 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU



INS 4-18

functioning ignition interlock device.

343.10 (1) (am) Notwithstanding par. (a), if a person's license or operating privilege is revoked or suspended under s. 343.30 (1q) (b), 343.305 (7) (a) or (10), or 343.31 (2), the person after payment of the fee provided in sub. (6) may file an application with the department for an occupational license restricting the applicant's operation under the license to vehicles that are equipped with a

Section 2. 343.10 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

Section 1. 343.10 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

×343.10 (1) (b) The application shall be in a form established by the department and shall identify the specific motor vehicle that the applicant seeks authorization to operate, including the vehicle classification and any required endorsements. The For an application under par. (a), the application shall include an explanation of why operating the motor vehicle is essential to the person's livelihood and identify the person's occupation or trade. The For an application under par. (a), the application shall identify the applicant's employer, and include proof of financial responsibility as specified in s. 343.38 (1) (c) covering the vehicle or vehicles that the applicant requests authorization to operate. The For an application under par. (a), the application shall identify the hours of operation and routes of travel being requested by the applicant in accord with the restrictions of sub. (5). For an application under

par. (am) the application shall provide proof that the applicant has access to a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.

History: 1973 c. 90, 218; 1975 c. 297; 1977 c. 29 s. 1654 (7) (a), (e); 1977 c. 193; 1979 c. 102, 316, 355; 1981 c. 20; 1983 a. 27, 525, 526; 1985 a. 32 s. 3; 1985 a. 71, 337; 1987 a. 3; 1989 a. 31, 38, 105, 359; 1991 a. 39, 269, 277; 1995 a. 113, 201, 269, 401, 436, 448; 1997 a. 35, 84, 237; 1999 a. 109; 2001 a. 16 ss. 3409f, 3409g, 4060hw, 4060hy; 2003 a. 33, 80, 200, 326; 2005 a. 443 s. 265; 2007 a. 20, 94; 2009 a. 100, 103; 2011 a. 23, 32; 2015 a. 77, 389.

Cross-reference: See also ch. Trans 117, Wis. adm. code.

SECTION 3. 343.10 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

×343.10 (2) (a) 1. Except for a revocation or suspension that arose out of the same incident or occurrence for which the person's license or operating privilege is currently revoked or suspended, the person's license or operating privilege was not revoked or suspended previously under this chapter or ch. 344 or s. 943.21 (3m) or 961.50 within the one-year period immediately preceding the present revocation or suspension, except as provided in s. 344.40. This subdivision does not apply to an application under sub. (1) (am).

History: 1973 c. 90, 218; 1975 c. 297; 1977 c. 29 s. 1654 (7) (a), (e); 1977 c. 193; 1979 c. 102, 316, 355; 1981 c. 20; 1983 a. 27, 525, 526; 1985 a. 32 s. 3; 1985 a. 71, 337; 1987 a. 3; 1989 a. 31, 38, 105, 359; 1991 a. 39, 269, 277; 1995 a. 113, 201, 269, 401, 436, 448; 1997 a. 35, 84, 237; 1999 a. 109; 2001 a. 16 ss. 3409f, 3409g, 4060hw, 4060hy; 2003 a. 33, 80, 200, 326; 2005 a. 443 s. 265; 2007 a. 20, 94; 2009 a. 100, 103; 2011 a. 23, 32; 2015 a. 77, 389.

Cross-reference: See also ch. Trans 117, Wis. adm. code.

INS 6-7

SECTION 4. 343.10 (5) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

×343.10 (5) (a) 1. In addition to any restrictions appearing on the former operator's license of the applicant, the occupational license shall contain definite restrictions as to hours of the day, not to exceed 12, hours per week, not to exceed 60, type of occupation and areas or routes of travel which are permitted under the license. The occupational license may permit travel to and from church during specified hours if the travel does not exceed the restrictions as to hours of the day and hours per week in this subdivision. The occupational license may permit travel necessary to comply with a driver safety plan ordered under s. 343.30 (1q) or 343.305

if the travel does not exceed the restrictions as to hours of the day and hours per week in this subdivision. The occupational license may contain restrictions on the use of alcohol and of controlled substances and controlled substance analogs in violation of s. 961.41. This subdivision does not apply to a application under sub. (1) (am).

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{History:} \quad 1973 \text{ c. } 90, 218; 1975 \text{ c. } 297; 1977 \text{ c. } 29 \text{ s. } 1654 \text{ (7) (a), (e); } 1977 \text{ c. } 193; 1979 \text{ c. } 102, 316, 355; 1981 \text{ c. } 20; 1983 \text{ a. } 27, 525, 526; 1985 \text{ a. } 32 \text{ s. } 3; 1985 \text{ a. } 71, 337; \\ 1987 \text{ a. } 3; 1989 \text{ a. } 31, 38, 105, 359; 1991 \text{ a. } 39, 269, 277; 1995 \text{ a. } 113, 201, 269, 401, 436, 448; 1997 \text{ a. } 35, 84, 237; 1999 \text{ a. } 109; 2001 \text{ a. } 16 \text{ ss. } 3409\text{ f. } 3409\text{ g. } 4060\text{ hw, } 4060\text{ hw, } 2003 \text{ a. } 33, 80, 200, 326; 2005 \text{ a. } 443 \text{ s. } 265; 2007 \text{ a. } 20, 94; 2009 \text{ a. } 100, 103; 2011 \text{ a. } 23, 32; 2015 \text{ a. } 77, 389. \end{array}$

Cross-reference: See also ch. Trans 117, Wis. adm. code. Section 5. 343.10 (5) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

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×343.10 (5) (a) 3. The occupational license of the applicant shall restrict the applicant's operation under the occupational license to vehicles that are equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device if the application is under sub. (1) (am), the court has ordered under s. 343.301 (1g) that the person's operating privilege for Class D vehicles be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device, or the court has ordered under s. 346.65 (6) (a) 1., 1999 stats., that the motor vehicle owned by the person and used in the violation or improper refusal be equipped with an ignition interlock device. A person to whom a restriction under this subdivision applies violates that restriction if he or she removes or disconnects an ignition interlock device, requests or permits another to blow into an ignition interlock device or to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device for the purpose of providing the person an operable motor vehicle without the necessity of first submitting a sample of his or her breath to analysis by the ignition interlock device, or otherwise tampers with or circumvents the operation of the ignition interlock device. Except as provided in s. 343.301 (3) (b), if the court orders the installation of an ignition interlock device under s. 343.301(1g) and the occupational license restricts the applicant's operation to a vehicle that is equipped with an ignition interlock device, the applicant shall be liable for the

reasonable costs of equipping the vehicle with the ignition interlock device. This
subdivision does not apply to an applicant who is subject to an order under s. 343.301
(1g) (am) 2. while the applicant is participating in a program designated in the order,
unless he or she is also subject to an order under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 1.

History: 1973 c. 90, 218; 1975 c. 297; 1977 c. 29 s. 1654 (7) (a), (e); 1977 c. 193; 1979 c. 102, 316, 355; 1981 c. 20; 1983 a. 27, 525, 526; 1985 a. 32 s. 3; 1985 a. 71, 337; 1987 a. 3; 1989 a. 31, 38, 105, 359; 1991 a. 39, 269, 277; 1995 a. 113, 201, 269, 401, 436, 448; 1997 a. 35, 84, 237; 1999 a. 109; 2001 a. 16 ss. 3409f, 3409g, 4060hw, 4060hy; 2003 a. 33, 80, 200, 326; 2005 a. 443 s. 265; 2007 a. 20, 94; 2009 a. 100, 103; 2011 a. 23, 32; 2015 a. 77, 389.

Cross-reference: See also ch. Trans 117, Wis. adm. code.

SECTION 6. 343.10 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 > 343.10 (5) (b) Limitations. Occupational licenses are subject to the limitations 7 specified in ss. 343.30 (1q) (b) and (h), 343.305 (8) (d) and (10) (b) and (em), 343.31 8 (3m), 343.32 (1m), 767.73, and 961.50.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{History:} \quad 1973 \text{ c. } 90, 218; 1975 \text{ c. } 297; 1977 \text{ c. } 29 \text{ s. } 1654 \text{ (7) (a), (e); } 1977 \text{ c. } 193; 1979 \text{ c. } 102, 316, 355; 1981 \text{ c. } 20; 1983 \text{ a. } 27, 525, 526; 1985 \text{ a. } 32 \text{ s. } 3; 1985 \text{ a. } 31, 38, 105, 359; 1991 \text{ a. } 39, 269, 277; 1995 \text{ a. } 113, 201, 269, 401, 436, 448; 1997 \text{ a. } 35, 84, 237; 1999 \text{ a. } 109; 2001 \text{ a. } 16 \text{ ss. } 3409\text{f, } 3409\text{g, } 4060\text{hw, } 4060\text{h$

Cross-reference: See also ch. Trans 117, Wis. adm. code.

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SECTION 7. 343.10 (7) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (7) (e) The occupational license issued by the department shall contain the restrictions required by sub. (5). The occupational license authorizes the licensee to operate a motor vehicle only when that operation is an essential part of the licensee's occupation or trade. If the department determines that the applicant is eligible under sub. (2), the department may impose such conditions and limitations upon the authorization to operate motor vehicles as in the secretary's judgment are necessary in the interest of public safety and welfare, including reexamination of the person's qualifications to operate a motor vehicle or a particular type thereof. The department may limit such authorization to include, without limitation, the

- operation of particular vehicles, particular kinds of operation and particular traffic 1
- 2 conditions.

History: 1973 c. 90, 218; 1975 c. 297; 1977 c. 29 s. 1654 (7) (a), (e); 1977 c. 193; 1979 c. 102, 316, 355; 1981 c. 20; 1983 a. 27, 525, 526; 1985 a. 32 s. 3; 1985 a. 71, 337; 1987 a. 3; 1989 a. 31, 38, 105, 359; 1991 a. 39, 269, 277; 1995 a. 113, 201, 269, 401, 436, 448; 1997 a. 35, 84, 237; 1999 a. 109; 2001 a. 16 ss. 3409f, 3409g, 4060hw, 4060hy; 2003 a. 33, 80, 200, 326; 2005 a. 443 s. 265; 2007 a. 20, 94; 2009 a. 100, 103; 2011 a. 23, 32; 2015 a. 77, 389.

Cross-reference: See also ch. Trans 117, Wis. adm. code.

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State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4085/P1 EVM:kjf&amn



PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



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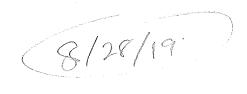
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AN ACT to repeal 343.301 (1m), 343.31 (3m) and 347.50 (1t); to renumber 343.13 (3); to renumber and amend 343.301 (2m) (a) and 347.413; to consolidate, renumber and amend 343.301 (1g) (am) (intro.) and 1.; to amend 303.08 (10r), 343.10 (1) (b), 343.10 (2) (a) 1., 343.10 (2) (f), 343.10 (5) (a) 1., 343.10 (5) (a) 3., 343.10 (5) (b), 343.10 (7) (cm), 343.10 (7) (e), 343.30 (1q) (b) 2., 343.30 (1q) (b) 3., 343.30 (1q) (b) 4., 343.301 (1g) (am) 2., 343.301 (3) (a), 343.305 (10) (b) 2., 343.305 (10) (b) 3., 343.305 (10) (b) 4., 343.305 (10) (em), 343.31 (3) (bm) 2., 343.31 (3) (bm) 3., 343.31 (3) (bm) 4., 343.43 (1) (d), 347.50 (1) and 347.50 (1s); and to create 343.10 (1) (am), 343.13 (3) (b), 343.301 (2m) (a) 2., 343.301 (2t), 343.301 (6) and 343.302 (4) of the statutes; relating to: operating privilege of persons who have committed certain offenses related to drunken driving, occupational licenses, ignition interlock devices, and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill provides for a restricted occupational operating license limiting the holder to operating only vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device

(IID) and makes various related changes to statutes governing operating privilege revocations for certain offenses related to operating a vehicle while intoxicated (OWI offense).

Under current law, if a person commits a first OWI offense in which his or her blood alcohol concentration was 0.15 or greater or a second or subsequent OWI offense or improperly refuses to take a test for intoxication, a court must order one of the following: 1) that the person's operating privilege be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an IID and that each of the person's motor vehicles be equipped with an IID; or 2) that the person participate in a 24–7 sobriety program.

Under this bill, in the situation described above, with limited exceptions, a court must order that the person's operating privilege be restricted to operating motor vehicles that are equipped with an IID, but need not order that a person's motor vehicles be equipped with an IID.

Under current law, a court must revoke the driving privileges of persons convicted of certain OWI offenses for periods ranging from not less than six months for a first OWI offense to not less than two years for a third or subsequent OWI offense. Persons whose operating privilege is suspended under these provisions are eligible for occupational licenses with a waiting period of 15 to 45 days. Under current law, with certain exceptions and limitations, a person may apply for an occupational license if the person's operating privilege is revoked or suspended and the person is engaged in an occupation making it essential that he or she operate a motor vehicle.

Under this bill, a person is eligible for a restricted occupational license after 15 days have elapsed from the day of suspension or revocation.

Current law prohibits a person from circumventing the operation of an IID installed under a court order, failing to have an IID installed as ordered by a court, and violating certain court orders restricting a person's operating privilege. Violation of any of these prohibitions is punishable by a forfeiture of not less than \$10 nor more than \$200 and extension of the period of IID restriction.

This bill increases the penalty for these violations to, for a first offense, a fine of not less than \$150 nor more than \$600 and imprisonment for not more than six months or both and, for a second or subsequent offense, a fine of not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than six months or both. This bill also provides that a person who violates the IID restriction of an IID restricted license is subject to the penalties, as modified in this bill.

Also under this bill, if an IID service provider removes or disconnects an IID from a motor vehicle, the service provider must inform DOT of the removal or disconnection no later than three days after the removal or disconnection.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report.

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For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 303.08 (10r) of the statutes is amended to read:

303.08 (10r) The sheriff may not permit a prisoner whose operating privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles is restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device who is subject to an ignition interlock device installation order under s. 343.301 (1g) to leave the jail under sub. (1) unless, within 2 weeks after the court issues an order under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 1. or the person's operating privilege is restricted under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 2., the person submits proof to the sheriff that an ignition interlock device has been installed in each motor vehicle to which the order applies.

Section 2. 343.10 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

343.10 (1) (am) Notwithstanding par. (a), if a person's license or operating privilege is revoked or suspended under s. 343.30 (1q) (b), 343.305 (7) (a) or (10), or 343.31 (2), the person, after payment of the fee provided in sub. (6), may file an application with the department for an occupational license restricting the applicant's operation under the license to vehicles that are equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device.

Section 3. 343.10 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (1) (b) The application shall be in a form established by the department and shall identify the specific motor vehicle that the applicant seeks authorization to operate, including the vehicle classification and any required endorsements. The For an application under par. (a), the application shall include an explanation of why

operating the motor vehicle is essential to the person's livelihood and identify the person's occupation or trade. The For an application under par. (a), the application shall identify the applicant's employer, and include proof of financial responsibility as specified in s. 343.38 (1) (c) covering the vehicle or vehicles that the applicant requests authorization to operate. The For an application under par. (a), the application shall identify the hours of operation and routes of travel being requested by the applicant in accord with the restrictions of sub. (5). For an application under par. (am), the application shall provide proof that the applicant has access to a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.

Section 4. 343.10 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (2) (a) 1. Except for a revocation or suspension that arose out of the same incident or occurrence for which the person's license or operating privilege is currently revoked or suspended, the person's license or operating privilege was not revoked or suspended previously under this chapter or ch. 344 or s. 943.21 (3m) or 961.50 within the one-year period immediately preceding the present revocation or suspension, except as provided in s. 344.40. This subdivision does not apply to an application under sub. (1) (am).

Section 5. 343.10 (2) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (2) (f) If the court orders under s. 343.301 (1g) that the person's operating privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device, no occupational license may be granted until the person pays the surcharge under s. 343.301 (5) and. If the court orders the installation of an ignition interlock device under s. 343.301 (1g), no occupational license may be granted until the person submits proof that an ignition interlock device has been installed in each motor vehicle to which the order under

s. 343.301 applies. A person who is subject to an order under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 2. need not submit proof that an ignition interlock device has been installed if he or she is participating in a program designated in the order, unless he or she is also subject to an order under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 1.

Section 6. 343.10 (5) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (5) (a) 1. In addition to any restrictions appearing on the former operator's license of the applicant, the occupational license shall contain definite restrictions as to hours of the day, not to exceed 12, hours per week, not to exceed 60, type of occupation and areas or routes of travel which are permitted under the license. The occupational license may permit travel to and from church during specified hours if the travel does not exceed the restrictions as to hours of the day and hours per week in this subdivision. The occupational license may permit travel necessary to comply with a driver safety plan ordered under s. 343.30 (1q) or 343.305 if the travel does not exceed the restrictions as to hours of the day and hours per week in this subdivision. The occupational license may contain restrictions on the use of alcohol and of controlled substances and controlled substance analogs in violation of s. 961.41. This subdivision does not apply to an application under sub. (1) (am).

Section 7. 343.10 (5) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (5) (a) 3. The occupational license of the applicant shall restrict the applicant's operation under the occupational license to vehicles that are equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device if the application is under sub. (1) (am), the court has ordered under s. 343.301 (1g) that the person's operating privilege for Class D vehicles be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device, or the court has ordered under s. 346.65 (6) (a) 1., 1999 stats., that the motor vehicle owned by the person and used in the violation or

improper refusal be equipped with an ignition interlock device. A person to whom
a restriction under this subdivision applies violates that restriction if he or she
removes or disconnects an ignition interlock device, requests or permits another to
blow into an ignition interlock device or to start a motor vehicle equipped with an
ignition interlock device for the purpose of providing the person an operable motor
vehicle without the necessity of first submitting a sample of his or her breath to
analysis by the ignition interlock device, or otherwise tampers with or circumvents
the operation of the ignition interlock device. Except as provided in s. $343.301(3)(b)$,
if the ${ m court}$ orders the installation of an ignition interlock device under s. $343.301({ m 1g})$
and the occupational license restricts the applicant's operation to a vehicle that is
equipped with an ignition interlock device, the applicant shall be liable for the
reasonable costs of equipping the vehicle with the ignition interlock device. This
subdivision does not apply to an applicant who is subject to an order under s. 343.301
(1g) (am) 2. while the applicant is participating in a program designated in the order,
unless he or she is also subject to an order under s. 343.301 (1g) (am) 1.

Section 8. 343.10 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (5) (b) *Limitations*. Occupational licenses are subject to the limitations specified in ss. 343.30 (1q) (b) and (h), 343.305 (8) (d) and (10) (b) and (em), 343.31 (3m), 343.32 (1m), 767.73, and 961.50.

Section 9. 343.10 (7) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (7) (cm) If the occupational license includes the restriction specified in sub. (5) (a) 3. court orders the installation of an ignition interlock device under s. 343.301 (1g), the department shall not issue the occupational license until the applicant provides evidence satisfactory to the department that any motor vehicle

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that the applicant will be permitted to operate subject to the order has been equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device.

Section 10. 343.10 (7) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.10 (7) (e) The occupational license issued by the department shall contain the restrictions required by sub. (5). The occupational license authorizes the licensee to operate a motor vehicle only when that operation is an essential part of the licensee's occupation or trade. If the department determines that the applicant is eligible under sub. (2), the department may impose such conditions and limitations upon the authorization to operate motor vehicles as in the secretary's judgment are necessary in the interest of public safety and welfare, including reexamination of the person's qualifications to operate a motor vehicle or a particular type thereof. The department may limit such authorization to include, without limitation, the operation of particular vehicles, particular kinds of operation and particular traffic conditions.

Section 11. 343.13 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 343.13 (3) (a).

Section 12. 343.13 (3) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

343.13 (3) (b) If a person is convicted of violating s. 343.302 (1), the department shall include on the person's license a restriction of the person's operating privilege to operating vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device for 6 months. A restriction under this paragraph is consecutive to any existing restriction period under this paragraph or par. (a).

Section 13. 343.30 (1q) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.30 (1q) (b) 2. Except as provided in sub. (1r) or subd. 3., 4. or 4m., for the first conviction, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 6 months nor more than 9 months. The person is eligible for an occupational

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1	license under s. 343.10 at any time. There is no minimum waiting period before
2	issuance of an occupational license under s. 343.10 to a person whose operating
3	privilege is revoked under this subdivision.
4	Section 14. 343.30 (1q) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	343.30 (1q) (b) 3. Except as provided in sub. (1r) or subd. 4m., if the number
6	of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total
7	number of other convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under s. 343.307
8	(1) within a 10-year period, equals 2, the court shall revoke the person's operating
9	privilege for not less than one year nor more than 18 months. After the first 45 days
10	of the revocation period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license
11	under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the
12	driver safety plan ordered under par. (c).
13	Section 15. 343.30 (1q) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
14	343.30 (1q) (b) 4. Except as provided in sub. (1r) or subd. 4m., if the number
15	of convictions under ss. $940.09(1)$ and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total
16	number of other convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under s. 343.307
17	(1), equals 3 or more, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not
18	less than 2 years nor more than 3 years. After the first 45 days of the revocation
19	period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10
20	if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety
21	plan ordered under par. (c).

Section 16. 343.301 (1g) (am) (intro.) and 1. of the statutes are consolidated,

343.301 (1g) (am) 1. A Except as provided in this subdivision, a court shall

order one or more of the following: 1. That that the person's operating privilege for

renumbered 343.301 (1g) (am) 1. and amended to read:

the operation of "Class D" vehicles be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device and, except as provided in sub. (1m), shall may order that each any motor vehicle for which the person's name appears on the vehicle's certificate of title or registration be equipped with an ignition interlock device. A court that has issued an order under subd. 2. and that is a court for a county designated under s. 165.957 (2) may issue an order under this subdivision.

Section 17. 343.301 (1g) (am) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.301 (1g) (am) 2. That A court may order that the person participate in a program described in s. 165.957 or that meets the definition of a 24–7 sobriety program under 23 USC 405 (d) (7) (A) and regulations adopted thereunder. If the court enters an order under this subdivision, when the person completes or otherwise does not participate in the program, the court shall order that the person's operating privilege for the operation of "Class D" vehicles be restricted to operating vehicles that are equipped with an ignition interlock device, shall specify the duration of the order, shall, except as provided in sub. (1m), may order that each any motor vehicle for which the person's name appears on the vehicle's certificate of title or registration be equipped with an ignition interlock device, and shall notify the department of such order.

Section 18. 343.301 (1m) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 19. 343.301 (2m) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 343.301 (2m) (a) 1. and amended to read:

343.301 (2m) (a) 1. If the court enters an order under sub. (1g) (am) 1. with respect to a person to whom the department has issued an operator's license or who is a resident of the state, the restriction of the person's operating privilege under the order under sub. (1g) (am) 1. shall begin on the date the order under sub. (1g) (am)

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- 1. is issued and extend for a period of not less than one year after the date the department issues any license granted under this chapter nor more than the maximum operating privilege revocation period permitted for the refusal or violation after the date the department issues any license granted under this chapter except that if the maximum operating privilege revocation period is less than one year, the restriction of the person's operating privilege under sub. (1g) (am) 1. shall extend for a period of one year after the department issues any license granted under this chapter.
- 3. If the court enters an <u>ignition interlock device installation</u> order under sub. (1g) (am) 1., the court may specify the date by which an ignition interlock device under sub. (1g) (am) 1. shall be installed.

Section 20. 343.301 (2m) (a) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

343.301 (2m) (a) 2. If the court enters an order under sub. (1g) (am) 1. with respect to a person to whom the department has not issued an operator's license and who is not a resident of the state, the restriction of the person's operating privilege under the order under sub. (1g) (am) 1. shall begin on the date the order under sub. (1g) (am) 1. is issued and extend for a period of not less than one year after the earliest of the following, nor more than the maximum operating privilege revocation period permitted for the refusal or violation after the earliest of the following, except that if the maximum operating privilege revocation period is less than one year, the restriction of the person's operating privilege under sub. (1g) (am) 1. shall extend for a period of one year after the earliest of the following:

a. The date that the person provides proof to the department that the person's state of residence has reinstated the person's operating privilege from suspension,

1	revocation, cancellation, or disqualification imposed by that state with respect to the
2	result of the report of the conviction to that state.
3	b. The date that the department reinstates the person's operating privilege in
4	this state.
5	Section 21. 343.301 (2t) of the statutes is created to read:
6	343.301 (2t) Notwithstanding sub. (2m), the court shall give credit toward the
7	period of operating privilege restriction for each day that a person holds a license
8	restricting the person's operation under the license to vehicles that are equipped
9.	with a functioning ignition interlock device following a suspension or revocation for
10	the conduct from which the order under sub. (1g) (am) 1. arises. If more than one
11	period of restriction has been imposed on the person, credit under this subsection
12	may only be given for one period of restriction.
13	Section 22. 343.301 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	343.301 (3) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), if the court enters an ignition
15	interlock device installation order under sub. (1g), the person shall be liable for the
16	reasonable cost of equipping and maintaining any ignition interlock device installed
17	on his or her motor vehicle.
18	Section 23. 343.301 (6) of the statutes is created to read:
19	343.301 (6) If a service provider of ignition interlock systems on motor vehicles
20	removes or disconnects an ignition interlock device from a motor vehicle, the service
21	provider shall inform the department of the removal or disconnection no later than
22	3 working days after the removal or disconnection of the device.

Section 24. 343.302 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

343.302 (4) Any person violating sub. (1) may be fined not less than \$150 nor

more than \$600, or may be imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both for the

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first offense. For a 2nd or subsequent conviction within 5 years, the person may be fined not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000, or imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both.

SECTION 25. 343.305 (10) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (b) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., 4. or 4m., for the first improper refusal, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for one year. After the first 30 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.

SECTION 26. 343.305 (10) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (b) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total number of other convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under s. 343.307 (2) within a 10-year period, equals 2, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for 2 years. After the first 90 days of the revocation period or, if the total number of convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under this subdivision within any 5-year period equals 2 or more, after one year of the revocation period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan.

Section 27. 343.305 (10) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (b) 4. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total number of other convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under s. 343.307 (2), equals 3 or more, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for 3 years. After the first 120 days of the revocation period or, if the total number of convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under this subdivision within any 5-year

period equals 2 or more, after one year of the revocation period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan.

Section 28. 343.305 (10) (em) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (em) One penalty for improperly refusing to submit to a test for intoxication regarding a person arrested for a violation of s. 346.63 (2m) or (7) or a local ordinance in conformity therewith is revocation of the person's operating privilege for 6 months. If there was a minor passenger under 16 years of age in the motor vehicle at the time of the incident that gave rise to the improper refusal, the revocation period is 12 months. After the first 15 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10. Any such improper refusal or revocation for the refusal does not count as a prior refusal or a prior revocation under this section or ss. 343.30 (1q), 343.307 and 346.65 (2). The person shall not be required to submit to and comply with any assessment or driver safety plan under pars. (c) and (d).

Section 29. 343.31 (3) (bm) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., 4. or 4m., for the first conviction, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 6 months nor more than 9 months. If an Indian tribal court in this state revokes the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than 6 months nor more than 9 months for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of revocation. The A person who is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 (1) (a) is eligible for the occupational license at any time.

SECTION 30. 343.31 (3) (bm) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

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343.31 (3) (bm) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total number of suspensions, revocations, and other convictions counted under s. 343.307 (1) within a 10-year period, equals 2, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than one year nor more than 18 months. If an Indian tribal court in this state revokes the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than one year nor more than 18 months for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of revocation. After the first 60 days of the revocation period or, if the total number of convictions, suspensions, and revocations counted under this subdivision within any 5-year period equals 2 or more, after one year of the revocation period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.

Section 31. 343.31 (3) (bm) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 4. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions under ss. 940.09 (1) and 940.25 in the person's lifetime, plus the total number of other suspensions, revocations and convictions counted under s. 343.307 (1), equals 3 or more, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 2 years nor more than 3 years. If an Indian tribal court in this state revokes the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than 2 years nor more than 3 years for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of revocation. After one year of the revocation period has elapsed, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.

Section 32. 343.31 (3m) of the statutes is repealed.

Section 33. 343.43 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.43 (1) (d) Violate any of the restrictions placed on that person's license or operating privilege by or pursuant to law; or **Section 34.** 347.413 of the statutes is renumbered 343.302, and 343.302 (1),

as renumbered, is amended to read:

343.302 (1) No person may remove, disconnect, tamper with, or otherwise circumvent the operation of an ignition interlock device installed in response to the court order under s. 346.65 (6), 1999 stats., or s. 343.301 (1), 2007 stats., or s. 343.301 (1g), or fail to have the ignition interlock device installed as ordered by the court, or violate a court order under s. 343.301 (1g) restricting the person's operating privilege, or violate an ignition interlock device restriction under s. 343.10 (5) (a) 3. This subsection does not apply to the removal of an ignition interlock device upon the expiration of the order requiring the motor vehicle to be so equipped or to necessary repairs to a malfunctioning ignition interlock device by a person authorized by the department.

Section 35. 347.50 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

347.50 (1) Any person violating ss. 347.35 to 347.49, except s. 347.385 (5), s. 347.413 (1) or s. 347.415 (1m), (2), and (3) to (5) or s., 347.417 (1) or s., 347.475 or s., 347.48 (2m) or (4), or s. 347.489, may be required to forfeit not less than \$10 nor more than \$200.

Section 36. 347.50 (1s) of the statutes is amended to read:

347.50 (1s) Any person violating s. 347.413 (1) or 347.417 (1) may be fined not less than \$150 nor more than \$600, or may be imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both for the first offense. For a 2nd or subsequent conviction within 5 years, the person may be fined not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000, or imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both.

1 Section 37. 347.50 (1t) of the statutes is repealed.

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(END)

Walker, Dan

From:

Sen.Wanggaard

Sent:

Wednesday, August 28, 2019 9:45 AM

To:

LRB.Legal

Subject:

Draft Review: LRB -4085/1

Please Jacket LRB -4085/1 for the SENATE.