2019 DRAFTING REQUEST

Senate Substitute Amendment (SSA-SB26)

For:

Alberta Darling (608) 266-5830

Drafter:

tdodge

By:

Rachel

Secondary Drafters: swalkenh

Date:

3/5/2019

May Contact:

Same as LRB:

Submit via email:

YES

Requester's email: Carbon copy (CC) to: Sen.Darling@legis.wisconsin.gov tamara.dodge@legis.wisconsin.gov

sarah.walkenhorstbarber@legis.wisconsin.gov

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Changes to step therapy

Instructions:

See attached

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Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/?	tdodge 3/7/2019	aernsttr 3/7/2019			
/P1	tdodge 3/18/2019	kfollett 3/18/2019	mbarman 3/7/2019		
/P2	tdodge 3/21/2019	kfollett 3/21/2019	dwalker 3/18/2019		
/P3	swalkenh 3/25/2019		lparisi 3/21/2019		
/1		kfollett	dwalker	dwalker	

Vers.DraftedReviewed
3/25/2019Submitted
3/25/2019Jacketed
3/25/2019Required
3/25/2019

FE Sent For: <END>

Dodge, Tamara

From:

Keith, Rachel

Sent:

Wednesday, March 06, 2019 7:41 AM

To:

Dodge, Tamara

Subject:

RE: Step Therapy Draft Request

Hi Tammy,

I actually just heard back from a stakeholder on the line regarding the biosimilars on page 7 of the draft. It currently references a federal code, but WI passed a biosimilar law in the past few years, and we would like it to reflect that instead.

So, on page "7" can the line read: "or a biological product that is an interchangeable biological product pursuant to section 450.135 of the Wisconsin Statutes prior to providing coverage for the equivalent branded prescription drug."

Let me know if this makes sense or if you feel it needs to be altered.

Again, thank you so much. I really appreciate it!

Rachel Keith

From: Keith, Rachel

Sent: Tuesday, March 05, 2019 5:57 PM

To: Dodge, Tamara < Tamara. Dodge@legis.wisconsin.gov>

Subject: RE: Step Therapy Draft Request

Thank you so much. I really appreciate it!

From: Dodge, Tamara < Tamara. Dodge@legis.wisconsin.gov>

Sent: Tuesday, March 05, 2019 3:53 PM

To: Keith, Rachel < Rachel. Keith@legis.wisconsin.gov>

Subject: RE: Step Therapy Draft Request

Rachel,

If you would like a substitute amendment, that is no problem for me. I can do either. And, I should be able to get that to you sometime Thursday. I have to run to an appointment now, but I'll let you know tomorrow if I run into any issues.

Tami

Tamara J. Dodge

Senior Legislative Attorney Wisconsin Legislative Reference Bureau P.O. Box 2037 Madison, WI 53701-2037 (608) 504 - 5808 tamara.dodge@legis.wisconsin.gov

Please note my new direct phone number (as of June 13, 2018).

From: Keith, Rachel < Rachel. Keith@legis.wisconsin.gov >

Sent: Tuesday, March 05, 2019 3:46 PM

To: Dodge, Tamara < <u>Tamara.Dodge@legis.wisconsin.gov</u>>

Subject: Step Therapy Draft Request

Hi Tammy,

We are requesting some pretty substantive changes to the Step Therapy bill.

- 1) Do you think a sub amendment is appropriate?
- 2) Can we please have the attached changes drafted as soon as you are able?

Thank you,

Rachel Keith

Office of State Senator Alberta Darling 608-266-5830



State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0350/1 TJD:ahe&kjf

2019 BILL

1 AN ACT to create 632.866 of the statutes; relating to: step therapy protocols for 2 prescription drug coverage and requiring the exercise of rule-making 3 authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill sets specifications on the development and use of and exceptions to step therapy protocols for prescription drug coverage. A step therapy protocol, as defined in the bill, is a protocol that establishes the specific sequence in which prescription drugs for a specified medical condition that are medically appropriate for a particular patient are covered by a policy or plan. When establishing a step therapy protocol, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must use clinical review criteria based on clinical practice guidelines that meet certain criteria specified in the bill, including development and endorsement of the guidelines either by a multidisciplinary panel of experts that manages conflicts of interest among its members or, in the absence of a multidisciplinary panel, based on peer reviewed publications. The bill requires the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization to consider the needs of atypical patient populations and diagnoses when establishing the clinical review criteria.

If an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization restricts the coverage of a prescription drug through a step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must provide access to a process to request an exception to the step therapy protocol, though an

existing medical exceptions process may be used to satisfy this requirement. The insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must expeditiously grant an exception to the step therapy protocol under certain circumstances specified in the bill, including when the drug is contraindicated for the patient or will likely cause an adverse reaction for the patient; the drug is expected to be ineffective; the patient tried the drug previously and discontinued its use due to adverse event or ineffectiveness; use of the drug is not in the patient's best interest; or the patient is stable on a different drug under this or a previous policy or plan. Upon granting an exception to the step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must authorize coverage for the drug prescribed by the patient's treating health care provider. An insured may appeal a denied request for an exception to the step therapy protocol. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must grant or deny a request for an exception within 72 hours of receipt, or within 24 hours in exigent circumstances. If this deadline is not met, the exception is considered granted.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. 632.866 of the statutes is created to read:
- 2 632.866 Step therapy protocols. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:
- 3 (a) "Clinical practice guideline" means a systematically developed statement
- 4 to assist decision making by health care providers and patients about appropriate
- 5 health care for specific clinical circumstances and conditions.
- 6 (b) "Clinical review criteria" means written screening procedures, decision
- abstracts, clinical protocols, and clinical practice guidelines used by an insurer,
- 8 pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization to determine whether
- 9 health care services are medically necessary and appropriate.
- 10 (c) "Exigent circumstances" means when a patient is suffering from a health
- 11 condition that may seriously jeopardize the patient's life, health, or ability to regain
- 12 maximum function.

BILL

- 1 (d) "Medically necessary" means, as related to health care services and
- 2 supplies, provided under the applicable standard of care and appropriate to do any
- of the following:
 - (a) Required to prevent, identify or treat a recipient's illness, injury or disability; and
 - (b) Meets the following standards:
 - 1. Is consistent with the recipient's symptoms or with prevention, diagnosis or treatment of the recipient's illness, injury or disability;
 - 2. Is provided consistent with standards of acceptable quality of care applicable to the type of service, the type of provider and the setting in which the service is provided;
 - 3. Is appropriate with regard to generally accepted standards of medical practice;
 - 4. Is not medically contraindicated with regard to the recipient's diagnoses, the recipient's symptoms or other medically necessary services being provided to the recipient;
 - 5. Is of proven medical value or usefulness and is not experimental in nature;
 - 6. Is not duplicative with respect to other services being provided to the recipient;
 - 7. Is not solely for the convenience of the recipient, the recipient's family or a provider;
- 8 (e) "Pharmacy benefit manager" has the meaning given in s. 632.865 (1) (c).
- 9 (f) "Step therapy protocol" means a protocol or program that establishes the
- specific sequence in which prescription drugs for a specified medical condition,
- 11 whether self-administered or physician-administered, that are medically
- appropriate for a particular patient are covered under a policy or plan.
- 13 (g) "Utilization review organization" means an entity that conducts utilization 14 review, other than an insurer or pharmacy benefit manager performing utilization
- review for its own policy or plan.
- 16 (2) CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA. (a) When establishing a step therapy protocol,
- an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall use clinical review criteria that are based on clinical practice guidelines derived from peer-reviewed publications, evidence-based research, and widely-accepted medical practice. If such guidelines are unavailable, clinical review criteria shall be derived from peer-reviewed publications, evidence-based research, and widely-accepted medical practice.
- (b) The individuals establishing such step therapy protocol shall be required to disclose any potential conflict of interest due to any financial or other relationship or payment from pharmaceutical manufacturers, and to recuse themselves from voting if they have a conflict of interest.
 - (c) The insurer, pharmacy benefit manager or utilization review organization shall describe the

review criteria used for step therapy protocols.

BILL SECTION 1

process used for selecting and evaluating the clinical practice guidelines used to develop step therapy protocols on its website. Such a description shall highlight any differences in the process or criteria used by the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization by benefit plan or formulary class.

- d. The guidelines are continually updated through a review of new evidence
 and research and newly developed treatments.
- 23 (e) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require insurers, 24 pharmacy benefit managers, or the state to create a new entity to develop clinical

BILL

- 1 (3) TRANSPARENCY OF EXCEPTIONS PROCESS. (a) When coverage of a prescription
- drug for the treatment of any medical condition is restricted for use by an insurer,
- 3 pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization through the use of a
- 4 step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review
- 5 organization shall provide access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process
- 6 to request an exception to the step therapy protocol. An insurer, pharmacy benefit
- 7 manager, or utilization review organization may use any existing medical exceptions
- 8 process to satisfy the requirement under this paragraph. The exception process shall
- 9 be made easily accessible on the Internet site of the insurer, pharmacy benefit
- 10 manager, or utilization review organization.
- 11 (b) An insurer, PBM, or utilization review organization shall grant an exception to the step therapy protocol if the prescribing provider submits relevant written documentation and clinical rationale supporting a step therapy exception request and any of the following are satisfied:
- 1. The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is contraindicated or, due to a documented adverse event with a previous use or a documented medical condition, including a comorbid condition, is likely to do any of the following:
 - a) cause an adverse reaction to the enrollee
 - b) decrease the ability to achieve or maintain reasonable functional ability in performing daily activities, or
 - c) cause physical or mental harm to the enrollee
- 17 2. The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is expected to be ineffective based on:
 - a. sound clinical evidence or medical and scientific evidence;
 - b. the known clinical characteristics of the patient; and
 - c. the known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen as described in peer-reviewed literature or the manufacturer's prescribing information for the drug.
- 3. The patient has tried the prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol, or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action, under the policy or a previous policy or plan, was adherent during

such a trial to allow for a positive treatment outcome, and the patient's use of the prescription drug was discontinued by the patient's healthcare provider due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect, or an adverse event.

BILL SECTION 1

- 4. Based on an evaluation of medically necessary drugs for the patient's condition, the prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is not in the best interest of the patient.
- 5. The patient is stable on a prescription drug selected by his or her health care provider for the medical condition under consideration while covered under the policy or plan or a previous policy or plan.
- a) This subparagraph shall not be construed to encourage the use of a pharmaceutical sample for the sole purpose of meeting the requirements for a step therapy override exception.
- 7 (c) Upon granting an exception to the step therapy protocol under par. (b), the
- 8 insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall
- 9 authorize coverage for the prescription drug prescribed by the patient's treating
- 10 health care provider, to the extent the prescribed drug is a covered drug under the covered person's policy or contract.
- 11 (d) An insured may appeal any request for an exception to the step therapy 12 protocol that is denied.
 - (e) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant or deny a request for any exception to the step therapy protocol within 72 hours of receipt of the relevant written documentation and clinical rationale supporting a step therapy exception or receipt of an appeal of the previous decision with relevant written documentation and clinical rationale supporting a step therapy exception request. In exigent circumstances, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant or deny a request for an exception to the step therapy protocol within 24 hours of receipt of the relevant written documentation and clinical rationale supporting a step therapy exception request. If the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization does not grant or deny a request or an appeal under the time specified under this paragraph, the exception is considered granted.
- 22 (f) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent any of the following:
- 1. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization from requiring a patient to try an A-rated generic equivalent prescription drug, as

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1	designated by the federal food and drug administration, or a biosimilar, as defined under
42 U	ISC 262(i)(2), before providing coverage for the equivalent brand name prescription drug.
3	2. A health care provider from prescribing a prescription drug that is
4	determined to be medically appropriate 5 (4) Rules. The commissioner shall promulgate any rules necessary to
6 7	implement or enforce this section. Section 2. Initial applicability.
8	(1) For policies and plans containing provisions inconsistent with this act, the
9	act first applies to policy or plan years beginning on January 1 of the year following

SECTION 3. Effective date.

the year in which this subsection takes effect.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after publication.

(END)



In:317 Due ASAP Today

State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1748/1 TJD:ahe&kjf

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2019 SENATE BILL 26

February 8, 2019 - Introduced by Senators Darling, Jacque, Roth, Johnson, Feyen, Marklein, Nass, Olsen, Ringhand, Wanggaard, Testin, Cowles, Lemahieu, Carpenter and Wirch, cosponsored by Representatives Nygren, Oldenburg, Schraa, Kolste, Subeck, Rodriguez, Ballweg, Dittrich, Petersen, Horlacher, Vorpagel, Mursau, Kuglitsch, Spiros, Edming, Gundrum, Felzkowski, Kulp, Skowronski, Thiesfeldt, Brooks, Ramthun, Tittl, Swearingen, Novak, Jagler, Vandermeer, Zimmerman, Krug, Quinn, Rohrkaste, Duchow, Magnafici, Born, Kurtz, Brandtjen, Plumer, Summerfield, Loudenbeck, Ott and Knodl. Referred to Committee on Health and Human Services.

AN ACT to create 632.866 of the statutes; relating to: step therapy protocols for

prescription drug coverage and requiring the exercise of rule-making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill sets specifications on the development and use of and exceptions to step therapy protocols for prescription drug coverage. A step therapy protocol, as defined in the bill, is a protocol that establishes the specific sequence in which prescription drugs for a specified medical condition that are medically appropriate for a particular patient are covered by a policy or plan. When establishing a step therapy protocol, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must use clinical review criteria based on clinical practice guidelines that meet certain criteria specified in the bill, including development and endorsement of the guidelines either by a multidisciplinary panel of experts that manages conflicts of interest among its members or, in the absence of a multidisciplinary panel, based on peer reviewed publications. The bill requires the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization to consider the needs of atypical patient populations and diagnoses when establishing the clinical review criteria.

If an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization restricts the coverage of a prescription drug through a step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must provide access to a process to request an exception to the step therapy protocol, though an

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existing medical exceptions process may be used to satisfy this requirement. The insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must atient or will likely cause an adventage of the drug presson adverse event or ineffectiveness; use of the drug is not in the patient is stable on a different drug under this or a previous possible patient is stable on a different drug under this or a previous possible patient is stable on a different drug under this or a previous possible patient is stable on a different drug under this or a previous possible patient is stable on a different drug under this or a previous possible patient is treating health care provider. An insured may appeal a denied request for an exception to the step therapy protocol. An insurer, extending pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must grant or deny a request for an exception within 72 hours of receipt, or within 24 hours in exigent considered granted.

The documentation

**The expeditiously grant an exception to the step therapy protocol under certain

Section 1. 632.866 of the statutes is created to read:

632.866 Step therapy protocols. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "Clinical practice guideline" means a systematically developed statement to assist decision making by health care providers and patients about appropriate health care for specific clinical circumstances and conditions.
- (b) "Clinical review criteria" means written screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols, and clinical practice guidelines used by an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization to determine whether health care services are medically necessary and appropriate.
- (c) "Exigent circumstances" means when a patient is suffering from a health condition that may seriously jeopardize the patient's life, health, or ability to regain maximum function.

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1	(d) "Medically necessary" means, as related to health care services and
2	supplies, provided under the applicable standard of care and appropriate to do any
3	of the following: sotisfies all
4	1. Improve or preserve health, life, or function.
5	2. Slow the deterioration of health, life, or function.
6/	3. Provide for the early screening, prevention, evaluation, diagnosis, or
7	treatment of a disease, condition, illness, or injury.
8	(e) "Pharmacy benefit manager" has the meaning given in s. 632.865 (1) (c).
9	(f) "Step therapy protocol" means a protocol or program that establishes the
10	specific sequence in which prescription drugs for a specified medical condition,
11	whether self-administered or physician-administered, that are medically
12	appropriate for a particular patient are covered under a policy or plan.
13	(g) "Utilization review organization" means an entity that conducts utilization
14	review, other than an insurer or pharmacy benefit manager performing utilization
15	review for its own policy or plan.
16	(2) CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA. (a) When establishing a step therapy/protocol,
17	an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall use
18	clinical review criteria that are based on clinical practice guidelines that satisfy all
19	of the following:
20	1. The guidelines recommend that the prescription drugs be taken in the
21	specific sequence required by the step therapy protocol.
22	2. The guidelines are developed and endorsed by a multidisciplinary panel of
23	experts that manages conflicts of interest among its members in accordance with par.
24	(b) or, if such guidelines are unavailable, are developed based on peer-reviewed
25	publications.

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1	3. The guidelines are based on evidence-based, high quality studies, research,
2	and medical practice.
3	4. The guidelines are created in an explicit and transparent process that does
4	all of the following:
5	a. Minimizes biases and conflicts of interest.
6	b. Explains the relationship between treatment options and outcomes.
7	c. Rates the quality of evidence supporting recommendations.
8	d. Considers relevant patient subgroups and preferences.
9	5. The guidelines are continually updated through a review of new evidence
10	and research and newly developed treatments.
11	(b) To satisfy par. (a) 2., the multidisciplinary panel of experts shall manage
12	conflicts of interest among its members by doing all of the following:
13	1. Requiring members to disclose any potential conflict of interest to specific
14	entities, including insurers, pharmacy benefit managers, and pharmaceutical
15	manufacturers, and to recuse themselves from voting if they have a conflict of
16	interest.
17	2. Using a methodology to provide objectivity in data analysis and ranking of
18	evidence through the preparation of evidence tables and facilitating consensus.
19	3. Offering opportunities for public review and comments.
20	(c) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization
21	shall consider the needs of atypical patient populations and diagnoses when
22	establishing clinical review criteria for the establishment of a step therapy protocol.

(d) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require insurers, pharmacy

benefit managers, or the state to create a new entity to develop clinical review

criteria used for step therapy protocols.

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SENATE BILL 26 the prescribing Provider submits relevant written documentation and clinical rationals Supporting a step thorapy exception requestand

3) Transparency of exceptions process. (a) When coverage of a prescription drug for the treatment of any medical condition is restricted for use by an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization through the use of a step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall provide access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process to request an exception to the step therapy protocol. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization may use any existing medical exceptions process to satisfy the requirement under this paragraph. The exception process shall be made easily accessible on the Internet site of the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization.

(b) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall expeditiously grant an exception to the step therapy protocol if any of the following are satisfied:

The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is contraindicated or will likely cause an adverse reaction by or physical or mental harm to the patient.

2. The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is expected to be ineffective based on the known clinical characteristics of the patient and the

known characteristics of the prescription drug regimer

3. The patient has tried the prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol, or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action, under the policy or plan or a previous policy or plan and the patient's use of the prescription drug was discontinued due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect, or an adverse event.

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4. Based on an evaluation of medically necessary drugs for the patient's
condition, the prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is not in the
best interest of the patient.
5. The patient is stable on a prescription drug selected by his or her health care
provider for the medical condition under consideration while covered under the
policy or plan or a previous policy or plan.
Upon granting an exception to the step therapy protocol under par. (b), the

insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall authorize coverage for the prescription drug prescribed by the patient's treating health care provider: to the extent the prescribed drug is covered health care provider: when the patient's policy or plan

11 (d) An insured may appeal any request for an exception to the step therapy
12 protocol that is denied.

An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant or deny a request for any exception to the step therapy protocol within 72 hours of receipt of the request or the request to appeal the previous decision. In exigent circumstances, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant or deny a request for an exception to the step therapy protocol within 24 hours of receipt of the request. If the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization does not grant or deny a request or an appeal under the time specified under this paragraph, the exception is considered granted.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent any of the following:

1. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization from requiring a patient to try an AB-rated generic equivalent prescription drug, as

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- designated by the federal food and drug administration, before providing coverage 1 2 for the equivalent brand name prescription drug.
 - A health care provider from prescribing a prescription drug that is determined to be medically appropriate.
- The commissioner shall promulgate any rules necessary to 5 6 implement or enforce this section.

SECTION 2. Initial applicability.

(1) For policies and plans containing provisions inconsistent with this act, the act first applies to policy or plan years beginning on January 1 of the year following the year in which this subsection takes effect.

SECTION 3. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after publication.

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(END)

2019-2020 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

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INSERT ANALYSIS

if the prescribing provider submits relevant written documentation and clinical rationale supporting the request and any of the circumstances specified in the bill apply, including when the drug is contraindicated for the patient or will likely cause an adverse event for the patient; the drug is expected to be ineffective based on certain evidence and the known characteristics of the patient and the drug regimen; the patient previous tried the drug or a similar drug and its use by the patient was discontinued under circumstances described in the bill; the use of the drug is not in the patient's best interest; or the patient is stable on a different drug under this or a previous policy or plan.

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END INSERT ANALYSIS

INSERT 3-4 V

- 1. Is required to prevent, identify, or treat a patient's illness, injury, or disability.
 - 2. Is consistent with the patient's symptoms or with prevention, diagnosis or treatment of the patient's illness, injury, or disability.
 - 3. Is provided consistent with standards of acceptable quality of care applicable to the type of service, the type of provider, and the setting in which the service is provided.
 - 4. Is appropriate with regard to generally accepted standards of medical practice.
 - 5. Is not medically contraindicated with regard to the patient's diagnosis, the patient's symptoms, or other services being provided to the patient.
 - 6. Is of proven medical value or usefulness and is not experimental in nature.
 - 7. Is not duplicative with respect to other services being provided to the patient.

8. Is not provided solely for the convenience of the patient, the patient's family, or a provider.

END INSERT 3-4

INSERT 3-18 ✓

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that are derived from peer-review publications, evidence-based research, and widely accepted medical practice. If such clinical practice guidelines are unavailable, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall derive clinical review criteria from peer-reviewed publications, evidence-based research, and widely accepted medical practice. The insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall continually update the clinical review criteria based on an update to the clinical practice guidelines or a review of new evidence and research and newly developed treatments.

- (b) Any individual involved in establishing a step therapy protocol under this subsection shall disclose to the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization any potential conflict of interest due to a financial or other relationship or payment from a pharmaceutical manufacturer and shall recuse himself or herself from voting on a decision regarding the step therapy protocol if he or she has a conflict of interest.
- (c) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall describe on its Internet site the process and criteria used for selecting and evaluating clinical practice guidelines used under par. (a) to develop step therapy protocols. The description shall include any differences in the process or criteria among benefit plans or formulary classes?

END INSERT 3-18

1	INSERT 5-15
2	, due to a documented adverse event with a previous use or a documented
3	medical condition, including a comorbid condition, is likely to do any of the following:
4	a. Cause an adverse reaction to the patient.
5	b. Decrease the ability to achieve or maintain reasonable functional ability in
6	performing daily activities.
7	c. Cause physical or mental harm to the patient.
8	END INSERT 5-15 ✓
9	INSERT 5-20
10	a. Sound clinical evidence or medical and scientific evidence.
11	b. The known clinical characteristics of the patient.
12	c. The known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen as described in
13	peer-reviewed literature or the manufacturer's prescribing information for the
14	prescription drug.
15	END INSERT 5-20
16	INSERT 5-22 V
17	, the patient was adherent to the prescription drug regimen during the trial to
18	sufficiently observe any treatment outcomes, and the patient's use of the prescription
19	drug was discontinued by the patient's provide due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness,
20	diminished effect, or adverse event.
21	END INSERT 5-22
22	INSERT 6-7 V
23	(c) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to encourage the use of a
24	pharmaceutical sample for the sole purpose of satisfying a criterion for an exception
25	to a step therapy protocol.

1	END INSERT 6-7
2	INSERT 6-15 ~
3	of the written documentation and clinical rationale to support a step therapy
4	exemption request under par. (b) or the receipt of a request to appeal a previous
5	decision that includes the written documentation and clinical rationale supporting
6	a step therapy exception request.
7	END INSERT 6-15
8	INSERT 6-18 sational a
9	written documentation and clinical rational supporting a step therapy
10	exception
11	END INSERT 6-18
12	INSERT 7-1
13	or an interchangeable biological product under s. 450.135
14	END INSERT 7-1

Dodge, Tamara

From:

Keith, Rachel

Sent:

Friday, March 15, 2019 4:59 PM

To:

Dodge, Tamara

Subject: Attachments: Step Therapy Sub Amendment P2 SUB Compromise Language.docx

Follow Up Flag: Flag Status:

Follow up Flagged

Categories:

Important reminder

Hi Tami,

We need to change a few things on LRB s0016/P1. I attached the changes to this email. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Best,

Rachel Keith

Office of State Senator Alberta Darling 608-266-5830

Citation	Senate Substitute Amendment to Senate Bill 26 (LRBs0016/PI) Compromise Language
Section (1)(d): Definition of "Medically Necessary" Page 3, Lines 1-18	Delete definition.
Section (2)(c): Clinical Review Criteria Page 4, Lines 21-25	"An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall describe on its Internet site the process and criteria used for selecting and evaluating clinical practice guidelines used under par. (a) to develop step therapy protocols."
Section (3)(b): Exceptions Process Page 5, Lines 14-17	"An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager or utilization review organization shall grant an exception to the step therapy protocol if the prescribing provider submits complete clinically relevant written documentation supporting a step therapy exception request and any of the following are satisfied:"
Section (3)(b)(1): Exception for Adverse Reactions or Physical or Mental Harm Page 5, Lines 18-25	The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is contraindicated or, due to a documented adverse event with a previous use or a documented medical condition, including a comorbid condition, is likely to do any of the following: a. Cause a serious adverse reaction in the patient. b. Decrease the ability to achieve or maintain reasonable functional ability in performing daily activities. c. Cause physical or psychiatric harm to the patient.
Section (3)(b)(3): Exception for a Previous Trial of Drug Page 6, Lines 8-14	The patient has tried the prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol, or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action, under the policy or plan or a previous policy or plan, the patient was adherent to the prescription drug regimen for a period of time to allow for a positive treatment outcome, and the patient's use of the prescription drug was discontinued by the patient's provider due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect, or adverse event. This clause does not prohibit an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization from requiring a patient to try another drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action if that therapy sequence is supported by the clinical review criteria developed in accordance with sub. (2).
Section (3)(b)(4): Exception for "The Best Interest of the Patient" Page 6, Lines 15-17	Delete exception.

Section (3)(g)(1): Generics and Interchangeable Biological Products Page 7, Lines 19-23	An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization from requiring a patient to try an <u>Arated</u> generic equivalent prescription drug, as designated by the federal food and drug administration, <u>or a biosimilar, as defined under 42 USC 262(i)(2)</u> , before providing coverage for the equivalent brand name prescription drug.	benefit mans it prescriptic inder 42 US	nanager, or utilization review organization from requiring a patient to try at ption drug, as designated by the federal food and drug administration, <u>or a USC 262(i)(2)</u> , before providing coverage for the equivalent brand name	zation reviev esignated by before prov	v organizat the federa iding cover	lon from red I food and cage for the	quiring a pa Irug admini equivalent	stration, or brand nam	an A-
Section (3)(f): Requirements for Responding to Exceptions Requests Page 7, Lines 6-17	An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant or deny a request tor any exception to the step therapy protocol within 3 business days of receipt of the complete clinically relevant written documentation to support a step therapy exception request under par. (b) or the receipt of a request to appeal a previous decision that includes the complete clinically relevant written documentation supporting a step therapy exception request. In exigent circumstances, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant or deny a request for an exception to the step therapy protocol by the end of the next business day after receipt of the complete clinically relevant written documentation supporting a step therapy exception request. If the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization does not grant or deny a request or an appeal under the time specified under this paragraph, the exception is considered granted.	erapy proto ort a step the includes the xigent circu t or deny a 1 pt of the <u>co</u> e insurer, pl	ager, or utilix col within 3 erapy except complete climstances, an equest for an implete clinic narmacy ben time specthe time specther.	zation reviev business da ion request inically relevant insurer, phase exception ally relevant effit manager iffied under reconstruction in the construction is a second in the construction in the construction in the construction is a second in the construction in the construction is a second in the construction in the construction in the construction is a second in the construction i	v organizar. vs of receip under par. (vant writter armacy ber to the step t to the step t t written de t, or utilizat this paragra	to the con (b) or the con (c) or the re- location documents refit manage therapy protocumentation review ion review oph, the except	ant or deny applete clinic ceipt of a re ation supporer, or utilization supporting supporting supporting organizatio eption is co	a request 1 sally releve squest to a rting a ster ation revie end of the ng a step th n does not nsidered g	or any unt written speal a therapy w terapy grant or ranted.
and Interchangeable Biological Products Page 7, Lines 19-23		nder 42 US	on drug, as d	esignated by	iding cover	l food and cage for the	frug admini equivalent	brand nam	e



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State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRBs0016(P1)
TJD:ahe&kjf

In:3/18

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT,

TO SENATE BILL 26

AN ACT to create 632.866 of the statutes; relating to: step therapy protocols for prescription drug coverage and requiring the exercise of rule-making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill sets specifications on the development and use of and exceptions to step therapy protocols for prescription drug coverage. A step therapy protocol, as defined in the bill, is a protocol that establishes the specific sequence in which prescription drugs for a specified medical condition that are medically appropriate for a particular patient are covered by a policy or plan. When establishing a step therapy protocol, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must use clinical review criteria based on clinical practice guidelines that meet certain criteria specified in the bill.

If an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization restricts the coverage of a prescription drug through a step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must provide access to a process to request an exception to the step therapy protocol, though an existing medical exceptions process may be used to satisfy this requirement. The insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must grant an

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Complete and clinically

exception to the step therapy protocol if the prescribing provider submits relevant written documentation and clinical rationale supporting the request and any of the circumstances specified in the bill apply, including when the drug is contraindicated for the patient or will likely cause an adverse event for the patient; the drug is expected to be ineffective based on certain evidence and the known characteristics of the patient and the drug regimen; the patient previously tried the drug or a similar drug and its use by the patient was discontinued under circumstances described in the bill; the use of the drug is not in the patient's best interest; or the patient is stable on a different drug under this or a previous policy or plan. Upon granting an exception to the step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must authorize the patient's treating health care provider to the extent the drug is covered under the patient's policy or plan. An insured may appeal a denied request for an exception to the step therapy protocol. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization to do the step therapy protocol. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization doubt design the step therapy protocol. An insurer or deny a request for an exception within 72 hours, days or within 24 hours in exigent circumstances, of receipt of supporting documentation. If this deadline is not met, the exception is considered granted.

by the end of the next business day

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 632.866 of the statutes is created to read:

632.866 Step therapy protocols. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "Clinical practice guideline" means a systematically developed statement to assist decision making by health care providers and patients about appropriate health care for specific clinical circumstances and conditions.
- (b) "Clinical review criteria" means written screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols, and clinical practice guidelines used by an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization to determine whether health care services are medically necessary and appropriate.
- (c) "Exigent circumstances" means when a patient is suffering from a health condition that may seriously jeopardize the patient's life, health, or ability to regain maximum function.

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(d) "Medically necessary" means, as related to health care services and
supplies, provided under the applicable standard of care and satisfies all of the
following:
1. Is required to prevent, identify, or treat a patient's illness, injury, or
disability.
2. Is consistent with the patient's symptoms or with prevention, diagnosis, or
treatment of the patient's illness, injury, or disability.
3. Is provided consistent with standards of acceptable quality of care applicable
to the type of service, the type of provider, and the setting in which the service is
provided.
4. Is appropriate with regard to generally accepted standards of medical
practice.
5. Is not medically contraindicated with regard to the patient's diagnosis, the
patient's symptoms, or other services being provided to the patient.
6. Is of proven medical value or usefulness and is not experimental in nature.
7. Is not duplicative with respect to other services being provided to the patient.
8. Is not provided solely for the convenience of the patient, the patient's family,
or a provider.
(d) • (e) "Pharmacy benefit manager" has the meaning given in s. 632.865 (1) (c).
(C) "Step therapy protocol" means a protocol or program that establishes the
specific sequence in which prescription drugs for a specified medical condition,
whether self-administered or physician-administered, that are medically
appropriate for a particular patient are covered under a policy or plan.

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- "Utilization review organization" means an entity that conducts utilization review, other than an insurer or pharmacy benefit manager performing utilization review for its own policy or plan.
- (2) CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA. (a) When establishing a step therapy protocol, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall use clinical review criteria that are based on clinical practice guidelines that are derived from peer-review publications, evidence-based research, and widely accepted medical practice. If such clinical practice guidelines are unavailable, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall derive clinical review criteria from peer-reviewed publications, evidence-based research, and widely accepted medical practice. The insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall continually update the clinical review criteria based on an update to the clinical practice guidelines or a review of new evidence and research and newly developed treatments.
- (b) Any individual involved in establishing a step therapy protocol under this subsection shall disclose to the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization any potential conflict of interest due to a financial or other relationship or payment from a pharmaceutical manufacturer and shall recuse himself or herself from voting on a decision regarding the step therapy protocol if he or she has a conflict of interest.
- (c) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall describe on its Internet site the process and criteria used for selecting and evaluating clinical practice guidelines used under par. (a) to develop step therapy protocols. The description shall include any differences in the process or criteria among benefit plans or formulary classes.

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(d) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require insurers, pharmacy benefit managers, or the state to create a new entity to develop clinical review criteria used for step therapy protocols. (3) Transparency of exceptions process. (a) When coverage of a prescription drug for the treatment of any medical condition is restricted for use by an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization through the use of a step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall provide access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process to request an exception to the step therapy protocol. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization may use any existing medical exceptions process to satisfy the requirement under this paragraph. The exception process shall be made easily accessible on the Internet site of the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization complete and clinically (b) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant an exception to the step therapy protocol if the prescribing provider submits relevant written documentation and clinical rationale supporting a step therapy exception request and any of the following are satisfied: The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is 1. contraindicated or, due to a documented adverse event with a previous use or a documented medical condition, including a comorbid condition, is likely to do any of the following: e a serious a. Cause an adverse reaction in the patient. b. Decrease the ability to achieve or maintain reasonable functional ability in e psychiatric performing daily activities.

c. Cause physical or mental harm to the patient.

LRBs0016/P2ins TJD:...

2019-2020 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

6

Nothing in this subdivision prohibits an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization from requiring a patient to try another drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action if that therapy sequence is supported by clinical review criteria under sub. (2) (a).

END INSERT 6-14

1	2. The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is expected
2	to be ineffective based on all of the following:
3	a. Sound clinical evidence or medical and scientific evidence.
4	b. The known clinical characteristics of the patient.
5	c. The known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen as described in
6	peer-reviewed literature or the manufacturer's prescribing information for the
7	prescription drug. For a time that allows for a positive treus
8	3. The patient has tried the prescription drug required under the step therapy
9	protocol, or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the
10	same mechanism of action, under the policy or plan or a previous policy or plan, the
11	patient was adherent to the prescription drug regimen during the trial to sufficiently
12	observe any treatment outcomes, and the patient's use of the prescription drug was
13	discontinued by the patient's provider due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness,
14	diminished effect, or adverse event. Thisert 6-14
15	4. Based on an evaluation of medically necessary drugs for the patient's
16	condition, the prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is not in the
17	best interest of the patient.
18	4 - 5 The patient is stable on a prescription drug selected by his or her health care
19	provider for the medical condition under consideration while covered under the
20	policy or plan or a previous policy or plan.
21	(c) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to encourage the use of a
22	pharmaceutical sample for the sole purpose of satisfying a criterion for an exception
23	to a step therapy protocol.
24	(d) Upon granting an exception to the step therapy protocol under par. (b), the

insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall

1	authorize coverage for the prescription drug prescribed by the patient's treating
2	health care provider to the extent the prescribed drug is covered under the patient's
3	policy or plan.
4	(e) An insured may appeal any request for an exception to the step therapy
5	protocol that is denied. 3 business days of required under par. (6)
6	(f) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization
7	shall grant or deny a request for any exception to the step therapy protocol within
8	72 hours of receipt of the written documentation and clinical rationale to support a
9	step therapy exception request under par. (b) or the receipt of a request to appeal a
10	previous decision that includes the written documentation and clinical rationale
11	supporting a step therapy exception request. In exigent circumstances, an insurer,
12	pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant or deny a
13	request for an exception to the step therapy protocol within 24 hours of receipt of the
14	written documentation and clinical rationale supporting a step therapy exception
15	request. If the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review
16	organization does not grant or deny a request or an appeal under the time specified
17	under this paragraph, the exception is considered granted. Lext business day of
18	(g) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent any of the following:
19	1. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization
20	from requiring a patient to try an A-rated generic equivalent prescription drug, as
21	designated by the federal food and drug administration, or an interchangeable
22	(biological product under s. 450.135 before providing coverage for the equivalent
23	brand name prescription drug. a biosimilar, as defined under 42 USC 262 (i)(2),
24	2. A health care provider from prescribing a prescription drug that is
25	determined to be medically appropriate.

1	(4) Rules. The commissioner shall promulgate any rules necessary to
2	implement or enforce this section.
3	Section 2. Initial applicability.
4	(1) For policies and plans containing provisions inconsistent with this act, the
5	act first applies to policy or plan years beginning on January 1 of the year following
6	the year in which this subsection takes effect.
7	Section 3. Effective date.
8	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after
9	publication.

(END)

Dodge, Tamara

From:

Keith, Rachel

Sent:

Wednesday, March 20, 2019 3:12 PM

To: Subject: Dodge, Tamara P3 Please

Attachments:

19s0016 P2.pdf

Follow Up Flag: Flag Status:

FollowUp Flagged

Hi Tami,

Just two modifications to step therapy draft this time.

- 1. Change "complete and clinically relevant written documentation and clinical rationale" to "complete, clinically relevant written documentation"
 - a. Locations:
 - i. Page 4, lines 20-21
 - ii. Page 6, lines 16-17
 - iii. Page 6, lines 18-19
 - iv. Page 6, lines 23-24
- 2) Change "Nothing in this subdivision_prohibits an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization from requiring a patient to try another drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action if that therapy sequence is supported by clinical review criteria under sub (2) (a)." to "This clause does not prohibit an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization from requiring a patient to try another drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action if that therapy sequence is supported by the clinical review criteria developed in accordance with sub (2)."
 - a. Location: P5, Lines 20-24

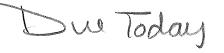
Thank you so much.

Rachel Keith

Office of State Senator Alberta Darling 608-266-5830



State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE





In: 3/21

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT, TO SENATE BILL 26

AN ACT to create 632.866 of the statutes; relating to: step therapy protocols for prescription drug coverage and requiring the exercise of rule-making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill sets specifications on the development and use of and exceptions to step therapy protocols for prescription drug coverage. A step therapy protocol, as defined in the bill, is a protocol that establishes the specific sequence in which prescription drugs for a specified medical condition that are medically appropriate for a particular patient are covered by a policy or plan. When establishing a step therapy protocol, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must use clinical review criteria based on clinical practice guidelines that meet certain criteria specified in the bill.

If an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization restricts the coverage of a prescription drug through a step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must provide access to a process to request an exception to the step therapy protocol, though an existing medical exceptions process may be used to satisfy this requirement. The insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must grant an

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exception to the step therapy protocol if the prescribing provider submits complete \(^{1}\) and clinically relevant written documentation and clinical rationale supporting the request and any of the circumstances specified in the bill apply, including when the drug is contraindicated for the patient or will likely cause a serious adverse event for the patient; the drug is expected to be ineffective based on certain evidence and the known characteristics of the patient and the drug regimen; the patient previously tried the drug or a similar drug and its use by the patient was discontinued under circumstances described in the bill; or the patient is stable on a different drug under this or a previous policy or plan. Upon granting an exception to the step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must authorize coverage for the drug prescribed by the patient's treating health care provider to the extent the drug is covered under the patient's policy or plan. An insured may appeal a denied request for an exception to the step therapy protocol. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must grant or deny a request for an exception within three business days, or by the end of the next business day in exigent circumstances, of receipt of supporting documentation. If this deadline is not met, the exception is considered granted.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 632.866 of the statutes is created to read:

632.866 Step therapy protocols. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "Clinical practice guideline" means a systematically developed statement to assist decision making by health care providers and patients about appropriate health care for specific clinical circumstances and conditions.
- (b) "Clinical review criteria" means written screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols, and clinical practice guidelines used by an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization to determine whether health care services are medically necessary and appropriate.
- (c) "Exigent circumstances" means when a patient is suffering from a health condition that may seriously jeopardize the patient's life, health, or ability to regain maximum function.
 - (d) "Pharmacy benefit manager" has the meaning given in s. 632.865 (1) (c).

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- (e) "Step therapy protocol" means a protocol or program that establishes the specific sequence in which prescription drugs for a specified medical condition, whether self-administered or physician-administered, that are medically appropriate for a particular patient are covered under a policy or plan.
- (f) "Utilization review organization" means an entity that conducts utilization review, other than an insurer or pharmacy benefit manager performing utilization review for its own policy or plan.
- (2) CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA. (a) When establishing a step therapy protocol, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall use clinical review criteria that are based on clinical practice guidelines that are derived from peer-review publications, evidence-based research, and widely accepted medical practice. If such clinical practice guidelines are unavailable, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall derive clinical review criteria from peer-reviewed publications, evidence-based research, and widely accepted medical practice. The insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall continually update the clinical review criteria based on an update to the clinical practice guidelines or a review of new evidence and research and newly developed treatments.
- (b) Any individual involved in establishing a step therapy protocol under this subsection shall disclose to the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization any potential conflict of interest due to a financial or other relationship or payment from a pharmaceutical manufacturer and shall recuse himself or herself from voting on a decision regarding the step therapy protocol if he or she has a conflict of interest.

- (c) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall describe on its Internet site the process and criteria used for selecting and evaluating clinical practice guidelines used under par. (a) to develop step therapy protocols.
- (d) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require insurers, pharmacy benefit managers, or the state to create a new entity to develop clinical review criteria used for step therapy protocols.
- (3) Transparency of exceptions process. (a) When coverage of a prescription drug for the treatment of any medical condition is restricted for use by an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization through the use of a step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall provide access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process to request an exception to the step therapy protocol. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization may use any existing medical exceptions process to satisfy the requirement under this paragraph. The exception process shall be made easily accessible on the Internet site of the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization.
- (b) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant an exception to the step therapy protocol if the prescribing provider submits complete and clinically relevant written documentation and clinical rationale supporting a step therapy exception request and any of the following are satisfied:
- 1. The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is contraindicated or, due to a documented adverse event with a previous use or a

- documented medical condition, including a comorbid condition, is likely to do any of the following:
 - a. Cause a serious adverse reaction in the patient.
- b. Decrease the ability to achieve or maintain reasonable functional ability in
 performing daily activities.
 - c. Cause physical or psychiatric harm to the patient.
 - 2. The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is expected to be ineffective based on all of the following:
 - a. Sound clinical evidence or medical and scientific evidence.
 - b. The known clinical characteristics of the patient.
 - c. The known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen as described in peer-reviewed literature or the manufacturer's prescribing information for the prescription drug.
 - 3. The patient has tried the prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol, or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action, under the policy or plan or a previous policy or plan, the patient was adherent to the prescription drug regimen for a time that allows for a positive treatment outcome, and the patient's use of the prescription drug was discontinued by the patient's provider due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect, or adverse event. Nothing in this subdivision prohibits an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization from requiring a patient to try another drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action if that therapy sequence is supported by clinical review criteria under sub. (2) (a).

- 4. The patient is stable on a prescription drug selected by his or her health care provider for the medical condition under consideration while covered under the policy or plan or a previous policy or plan.
- (c) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to allow the use of a pharmaceutical sample to satisfy a criterion for an exception to a step therapy protocol.
- (d) Upon granting an exception to the step therapy protocol under par. (b), the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall authorize coverage for the prescription drug prescribed by the patient's treating health care provider to the extent the prescribed drug is covered under the patient's policy or plan.
- (e) An insured may appeal any request for an exception to the step therapy protocol that is denied.
- shall grant or deny a request for any exception to the step therapy protocol within 3 business days of receipt of the complete, and clinically relevant written documentation and clinical rationals required under par. (b) to support a step therapy exception request under par. (b) or the receipt of a request to appeal a previous decision that includes the complete, and clinically relevant written documentation and clinical rationals supporting a step therapy exception request. In exigent circumstances, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant or deny a request for an exception to the step therapy protocol by the end of the next business day after receipt of the complete, and clinically relevant written documentation and clinical rationals supporting a step therapy exception request under par. (b). If the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager,

1	or utilization review organization does not grant or deny a request or an appeal under
2	the time specified under this paragraph, the exception is considered granted.
3	$(g) \ \ Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent any of the following:$
4	1. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization
5	from requiring a patient to try an A-rated generic equivalent prescription drug, as
6	designated by the federal food and drug administration, or a biosimilar, as defined
7	under 42 USC 262 (i) (2), before providing coverage for the equivalent brand name
8	prescription drug.
9	2. A health care provider from prescribing a prescription drug that is
10	determined to be medically appropriate.
11	(4) Rules. The commissioner shall promulgate any rules necessary to
12	implement or enforce this section.
13	Section 2. Initial applicability.
14	(1) For policies and plans containing provisions inconsistent with this act, the
15	act first applies to policy or plan years beginning on January 1 of the year following
16	the year in which this subsection takes effect.
17	Section 3. Effective date.
18	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after
19	publication.

(END)



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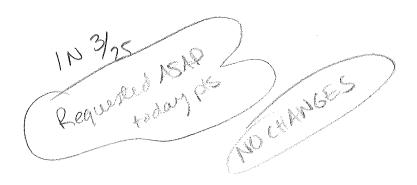
State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRBs0016/(23) TJD:ahe&kjf

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PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT,

TO SENATE BILL 26



AN ACT to create 632.866 of the statutes; relating to: step therapy protocols for

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If an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization restricts the coverage of a prescription drug through a step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must provide access to a process to request an exception to the step therapy protocol, though an existing medical exceptions process may be used to satisfy this requirement. The insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must grant an

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exception to the step therapy protocol if the prescribing provider submits complete. clinically relevant written documentation supporting the request and any of the circumstances specified in the bill apply, including when the drug is contraindicated for the patient or will likely cause a serious adverse event for the patient; the drug is expected to be ineffective based on certain evidence and the known characteristics of the patient and the drug regimen; the patient previously tried the drug or a similar drug and its use by the patient was discontinued under circumstances described in the bill; or the patient is stable on a different drug under this or a previous policy or plan. Upon granting an exception to the step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must authorize coverage for the drug prescribed by the patient's treating health care provider to the extent the drug is covered under the patient's policy or plan. An insured may appeal a denied request for an exception to the step therapy protocol. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization must grant or deny a request for an exception within three business days, or by the end of the next business day in exigent circumstances, of receipt of supporting documentation. If this deadline is not met, the exception is considered granted.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 632.866 of the statutes is created to read:

632.866 Step therapy protocols. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "Clinical practice guideline" means a systematically developed statement to assist decision making by health care providers and patients about appropriate health care for specific clinical circumstances and conditions.
- (b) "Clinical review criteria" means written screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols, and clinical practice guidelines used by an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization to determine whether health care services are medically necessary and appropriate.
- (c) "Exigent circumstances" means when a patient is suffering from a health condition that may seriously jeopardize the patient's life, health, or ability to regain maximum function.
 - (d) "Pharmacy benefit manager" has the meaning given in s. 632.865 (1) (c).

- (e) "Step therapy protocol" means a protocol or program that establishes the specific sequence in which prescription drugs for a specified medical condition, whether self-administered or physician-administered, that are medically appropriate for a particular patient are covered under a policy or plan.
- (f) "Utilization review organization" means an entity that conducts utilization review, other than an insurer or pharmacy benefit manager performing utilization review for its own policy or plan.
- (2) CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA. (a) When establishing a step therapy protocol, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall use clinical review criteria that are based on clinical practice guidelines that are derived from peer-review publications, evidence-based research, and widely accepted medical practice. If such clinical practice guidelines are unavailable, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall derive clinical review criteria from peer-reviewed publications, evidence-based research, and widely accepted medical practice. The insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall continually update the clinical review criteria based on an update to the clinical practice guidelines or a review of new evidence and research and newly developed treatments.
- (b) Any individual involved in establishing a step therapy protocol under this subsection shall disclose to the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization any potential conflict of interest due to a financial or other relationship or payment from a pharmaceutical manufacturer and shall recuse himself or herself from voting on a decision regarding the step therapy protocol if he or she has a conflict of interest.

- (c) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall describe on its Internet site the process and criteria used for selecting and evaluating clinical practice guidelines used under par. (a) to develop step therapy protocols.
- (d) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require insurers, pharmacy benefit managers, or the state to create a new entity to develop clinical review criteria used for step therapy protocols.
- drug for the treatment of any medical condition is restricted for use by an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization through the use of a step therapy protocol, the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall provide access to a clear, readily accessible and convenient process to request an exception to the step therapy protocol. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization may use any existing medical exceptions process to satisfy the requirement under this paragraph. The exception process shall be made easily accessible on the Internet site of the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization.
- (b) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant an exception to the step therapy protocol if the prescribing provider submits complete, clinically relevant written documentation supporting a step therapy exception request and any of the following are satisfied:
- 1. The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is contraindicated or, due to a documented adverse event with a previous use or a documented medical condition, including a comorbid condition, is likely to do any of the following:

a.	Cause a	serious	adverse	reaction	in	the	patient	t.
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- b. Decrease the ability to achieve or maintain reasonable functional ability in
 performing daily activities.
 - c. Cause physical or psychiatric harm to the patient.
 - 2. The prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol is expected to be ineffective based on all of the following:
 - a. Sound clinical evidence or medical and scientific evidence.
 - b. The known clinical characteristics of the patient.
 - c. The known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen as described in peer-reviewed literature or the manufacturer's prescribing information for the prescription drug.
 - 3. The patient has tried the prescription drug required under the step therapy protocol, or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action, under the policy or plan or a previous policy or plan, the patient was adherent to the prescription drug regimen for a time that allows for a positive treatment outcome, and the patient's use of the prescription drug was discontinued by the patient's provider due to lack of efficacy or effectiveness, diminished effect, or adverse event. This subdivision does not prohibit an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization from requiring a patient to try another drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same mechanism of action if that therapy sequence is supported by clinical review criteria under sub. (2) (a).
 - 4. The patient is stable on a prescription drug selected by his or her health care provider for the medical condition under consideration while covered under the policy or plan or a previous policy or plan.

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- (c) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to allow the use of a pharmaceutical sample to satisfy a criterion for an exception to a step therapy protocol.
- (d) Upon granting an exception to the step therapy protocol under par. (b), the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall authorize coverage for the prescription drug prescribed by the patient's treating health care provider to the extent the prescribed drug is covered under the patient's policy or plan.
- (e) An insured may appeal any request for an exception to the step therapy protocol that is denied.
- (f) An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant or deny a request for any exception to the step therapy protocol within 3 business days of receipt of the complete, clinically relevant written documentation required under par. (b) to support a step therapy exception request under par. (b) or the receipt of a request to appeal a previous decision that includes the complete, clinically relevant written documentation supporting a step therapy exception request. In exigent circumstances, an insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization shall grant or deny a request for an exception to the step therapy protocol by the end of the next business day after receipt of the complete, clinically relevant written documentation supporting a step therapy exception request under par. (b). If the insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization does not grant or deny a request or an appeal under the time specified under this paragraph, the exception is considered granted.
 - (g) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent any of the following:

publication.

1. An insurer, pharmacy benefit manager, or utilization review organization
from requiring a patient to try an A-rated generic equivalent prescription drug, as
designated by the federal food and drug administration, or a biosimilar, as defined
under 42 USC 262 (i) (2), before providing coverage for the equivalent brand name
prescription drug.
2. A health care provider from prescribing a prescription drug that is
determined to be medically appropriate.
(4) Rules. The commissioner shall promulgate any rules necessary to
implement or enforce this section.
Section 2. Initial applicability.
(1) For policies and plans containing provisions inconsistent with this act, the
act first applies to policy or plan years beginning on January 1 of the year following
the year in which this subsection takes effect.
Section 3. Effective date.
(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after

(END)