Fiscal Estimate - 2019 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental		
LRB Number 19-2006/1	Introduction Number	AB-0555		
Description a resident lifetime fishing license, a lifetime fishing	trust fund, and granting rule-making	authority		
Fiscal Effect				
Appropriations Revenue	ase Existing absorb within			
2. Decrease Costs 4. Decrea	5.Types of Loca Units Affected Units Affected Towns Counties School Sive Mandatory Districts			
Fund Sources Affected GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS				
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date		
DNR/ Paul Neumann (608) 266-0818	Paul Neumann (608) 266-0818	11/1/2019		

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DNR 11/1/2019

LRB Number 19-2006/1	Introduction Number AB-0555	Estimate Type	Original		
Description					
a resident lifetime fishing license, a lifetime fishing trust fund, and granting rule-making authority					

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The bill creates a resident lifetime fishing license that confers the privilege of an annual fishing license. The holder of a resident lifetime fishing license must still purchase a fishing stamp if the type of fishing in which he or she will be engaged requires such a stamp. The bill establishes the fee for a resident lifetime fishing license at 30 times the fee for a resident annual fishing license, which under current law is \$19.25 plus a 75-cent issuing fee. Thus, at the current rate, a resident lifetime fishing license fee under the bill is \$577.50, plus a 75-cent issuing fee.

The bill also creates a lifetime fishing trust fund and provides that all fees from the sale of resident lifetime fishing licenses are deposited in that trust fund. The bill provides that, each fiscal year, all interest that has accrued in the lifetime fishing trust fund and a prorated amount of the money from each resident lifetime fishing license fee must be transferred from the lifetime fishing trust fund to the conservation fund. This bill allows DNR to adopt rules establishing a system for prorating resident lifetime fishing license fees for the purposes of this transfer. The bill requires that the system for prorating these fees must comply with the federal rules governing how lifetime licenses may be counted for purposes of this state qualifying for Sport Fish Restoration grant funding under the federal Dingell-Johnson Act.

A. Costs

- 1. The bill would require staff to modify the statewide licensing system to accommodate lifetime fishing license products and to modify license reporting to the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS), which is used for Sport Fish Restoration grant disbursement. It is estimated 100 hours of business analyst time would be required at an hourly salary & fringe rate of \$50 per hour, equaling \$5,000 (100 hours * \$50/hr = \$5,000).
- 2. Staff training would be required for this new license product. It is estimated that 10 hours of training development by a policy analyst at an average salary & fringe rate of \$50 per hour, plus 1 hour training for approximately 100 Customer Service Representatives at an average salary & fringe rate of \$24 per hour would be required, equaling \$2,900 (\$500 + \$2,400 = \$2,900).
- 3. Given the unique requirements associated with a lifetime approval, the Department anticipates vendor programming costs to modify the statewide licensing system may be as high as \$20,000. The Department has not formally requested a quote from the vendor, so the estimate could change.
- 4. If the department is required to promulgate administrative rules, staff time for that activity will be required. Approximately 400 hours of policy advisor time at an approximate rate with applicable fringe of \$50 per hour would result in a one-time cost of \$20,000 for rule-making activities (400 hrs * \$50/hr = \$20,000).
- 5. In summary, total one-time costs to implement this bill are estimated to be \$47,900 (\$5,000 + \$2,900 + \$20,000).

B. Revenue

- 1. Impacts to license revenue are indeterminate, as the Department cannot estimate how many residents would purchase a lifetime fishing license.
- 2. Impacts to stamp revenue are also indeterminate. While lifetime fishing license holders must still purchase a stamp if the type of fishing in which he or she will be engaged requires a stamp, the number of lifetime fishing

license holders and the type of fishing in which they will engage is unknown.

3. The bill would have no impact to federal Sport Fish Restoration grant funding since the proposed language is consistent with federal requirements in 50 CFR 80 and other federal Dingell-Johnson program requirements.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2019 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

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LRB Number 19-2006/1	Introduction Numb	oer AB-0555			
Description a resident lifetime fishing license, a lifetime fishing trust fund, and granting rule-making authority					
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for State and/or Local Government (do not include in					
annualized fiscal effect):					
Total one-time implementation costs of \$47,900.					
II. Annualized Costs:	Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:				
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs			
A. State Costs by Category					
State Operations - Salaries and Fringes	\$	\$			
(FTE Position Changes)					
State Operations - Other Costs					
Local Assistance					
Aids to Individuals or Organizations					
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$	\$			
B. State Costs by Source of Funds					
GPR					
FED					
PRO/PRS					
SEG/SEG-S					
III. State Revenues - Complete this only when p		ecrease state revenues			
(e.g., tax increase, decrease in license fee, ets.					
Topp Tarre	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev			
GPR Taxes	\$	\$			
GPR Earned					
FED					
PRO/PRS					
SEG/SEG-S					
TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$			
NET ANNUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT					
	<u>State</u>	Local			
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$	\$			
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$	\$			
Agency/Prepared By	uthorized Signature	Date			
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