Chapter ATCP 75

RETAIL FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS

Subchapter I — Definitions and General Provisions

ATCP 75.01 Authority and purpose. (1) The department licenses and regulates retail food establishments as defined in this chapter under s. 97.30, Stats. Under s. 97.41 (1m), Stats., the department may also authorize local health departments as local agents of the department to license and regulate retail food establishments.

(2) The department has adopted this chapter under authority provided in ss. 93.07 (1), 97.12, 97.30 (5), 97.33, 97.613, 97.62, 97.625, 97.65 and 227.14 (1s). Stats., which authorizes the department to prescribe rules for retail food establishments and to enforce those rules for the purpose of protecting public health and safety. This chapter, including ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, establishes definitions; sets standards for management and personnel and for safe food operations, equipment, and facilities; provides for retail food establishment plan review, license issuance, inspection, and enforcement actions; and requires food protection practices certification for retail food establishment operators.

(3) During an inspection to evaluate compliance with this chapter and ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, the department or its agent shall assess existing facilities or equipment that were in use before October 25, 2020, based on all of the following considerations:

(a) Compliance with food-contact surface requirements in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix part 4–101.

(b) Compliance with requirements for cooling, heating, and holding temperature capability in equipment, under ch. ATCP 75 Appendix part 4–301.11.

History: CR 17−074: cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20; cor. in (3) (intro.), (a) made under s. 35.17, Stats., Register July 2020 No. 775.

ATCP 75.02 Applicability. (1) The provisions of this chapter, including ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, apply to any retail food establishment as defined in this chapter.

(2) A business or an organization operating as a retail food establishment that is exempt from licensing as a retail food establishment shall still meet the requirements as specified under sub. (1).

History: CR 17−074: cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

ATCP 75.03 Adoption of Wisconsin food code. As permitted by s. 227.14 (1s), Stats., an amended version of the 2013 U.S. food and drug administration (FDA) model food code, adopted as ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, is adopted and retilted the Wisconsin food code and is in the format of the FDA—recommended food code to ensure uniformity.

History: CR 17−074: cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

ATCP 75.04 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) “Active managerial control” means the purposeful incorporation of systems in a retail food establishment that proactively reduce the risk of foodborne illness hazards through monitoring and verification.

(2) “Additional area” means a non-contiguous, separately located area that is on the same premises, but that is not a part of the primary food processing or warewashing operation, but contributes to the overall food operation. “Additional area” includes but is not limited to a banquet staging area, bakery preparation area, produce preparation area, or outdoor cooking area.

(3) “Adulterated” has the meaning specified in 21 USC 342.

(4) “Agent” means the city, county, village, or consortium health department designated by the department, in accordance with s. 97.41 Stats., to issue licenses and make investigations and inspections of retail food establishments under this chapter.

(5) “Amenable” means animal species or products made from animal species subject to mandatory inspection under state or federal meat and poultry inspection regulations.
(6) “Catering” means contracting for the preparation and service of a defined amount of food at a specific location, other than the licensed retail food establishment, to a defined set of guests at a wedding or similar event, or to participants in an organized group or activity. “Catering” does not include sale of individual meals directly to the consumer.

(7) “Certified food protection manager” means a person who holds a valid certificate of food protection practices issued under s. 97.37, Stats.

(8) “Cold holding” means maintaining a time/temperature controlled for safety food (TCS) under refrigeration at a temperature of 41°F or below.

(9) “Concession stand” means a food stand that serves meals in connection with a youth sporting event, operated exclusively for the benefit of a participating youth sports team or program, or the governing youth sports organization.

(10) “Condiment” means a non-meal food item added to food to enhance flavor or enjoyment.

Note: Sauces, dressings, relishes and spices are examples of condiments.

(11) “Contract cook” is a person who is under contract to only prepare food onsite, with food provided by the contractor, for a private occasion to the contractor or the contractor’s guests.

(12) “Cooling” means the process of reducing the temperature of a TCS food by refrigeration or alternate methods to a temperature of 41°F or below within a defined time period. “Cooling” does not include removing a TCS food from refrigeration during processing at ambient air temperature and then immediately returning the food to refrigeration.

(13) “Department” means the Wisconsin department of agriculture, trade, and consumer protection.

(14) “Division” means the division of food and recreational safety.

(15) “Extensively remodeled” means the condition of an existing retail food establishment that has undergone reconstruction or repair that altered the design or operation of the food service area, beyond redecorating, cosmetic refurbishing, replacing like equipment, or altering seating design or capacity.

(16) “Food” has the meaning given in s. 97.01 (6), Stats.

(17) “General public” means any person choosing to patronize a retail food establishment including, but not limited to employees, members, guests, customers, or occupants of private clubs, industrial plants, offices, or businesses. “General public” does not include any of the following:

(a) Members of a household or personal guests in a private home, who are served a meal prepared by a member of the household.

(b) Persons who are served a free meal by a religious or other nonprofit charitable organization, as defined under 26 USC 501 (c), at a kitchen, shelter or similar location where meals are served to the needy.

(c) Members and guests of a religious organization, such as a church, synagogue, temple, or mosque, who are served a meal in conjunction with a religious service or celebration when members of the religious organization prepare the meal.

(d) Members and guests of a fraternal, patriotic, or service organization who are served a meal prepared by the organization’s members or affiliates, when the meal is part of, or incidental to, a meeting of the organization.

(e) Employees attending an occasional meal prepared by their coworkers for the purpose of expressing appreciation or building workplace morale.

(f) Guests attending a meal served in connection with a birthday, anniversary, or similar celebration, if persons participating in the celebration prepare the food.

(g) Residents, patients, employees, or visitors of patients or residents of a health care facility, defined in s. 150.84 (2), Stats.

(h) Residents, clients, employees, or visitors of residents or clients of a facility licensed under ch. 48, Stats.

(i) Inmates, residents, employees, or guests of inmates or residents of a prison, defined in s. 302.01, Stats., a county jail, defined in s. 302.30, Stats., a juvenile correctional facility, defined in s. 938.02 (10p), Stats., or a juvenile detention facility, defined in s. 938.02 (10r), Stats.

(17m) “Health department” has the meaning given in s. 230.01 (4), Stats.

(18) “Hot holding” means maintaining a TCS food at a temperature of 135°F or above after cooking or reheating.

(19) “Imminent health hazard” means a condition that presents a substantial likelihood to cause severe adverse health consequences or death.

(20) “Locally sponsored sporting event” means a competitive game, taking place inside or outside, specifically for youth, that is organized or sponsored by one or more local business, governmental, or other civic organization, or by parents of the youth, including a school-sponsored interscholastic sports competition.

(21) “Meal” means food that is ordered by, prepared for, or served to a customer with or without a beverage and is obtained from the retail food establishment in a ready-to-eat form with the expectation of immediate consumption, although consumption may occur at another location. “Meal” does not include single-bite sized free food samples or an equivalent portion given away to demonstrate the characteristics of the food.

(22) “Micro market” means any indoor, unstaffed, self-service area that is accessible only to persons authorized by the person in control of the premises and not accessible to the general public, where a customer may obtain unit servings of food or beverage, either in bulk or in package before payment at an automated kiosk or by other automated method, without the necessity of replenishing the area between each transaction. “Micro market” does not include a vending machine and does not include a device which dispenses only bottled, prepackaged, or canned soft drinks, a one-cent vending device, a device only dispensing candy, gum, nuts, nut meats, cookies, or crackers, or a device dispensing only prepackaged Grade A pasteurized milk products.

(23) “Micro market operator” means the person maintaining a place of business in the state and responsible for the operation of one or more micro markets.

(24) “Mobile retail food establishment” has the meaning of “mobile food establishment” given in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix part 1–201.10 (B).

(25) “Mobile or transient retail food establishment—serving meals” means any of the following:

(a) A mobile retail food establishment, as defined in sub. (24), or a transient retail food establishment, as defined in sub. (39), where food processing is conducted primarily for direct retail sale of “time/temperature control for safety food” to consumers at the mobile or transient facility, and does not prepare, serve, or sell any meals.

(b) A mobile retail food establishment, as defined in sub. (24), or a transient retail food establishment, as defined in sub. (39), from which food is sold to consumers at retail, whether or not that mobile or transient facility sells “time/temperature control for safety food” or processes food, and does not prepare, serve, or sell any meals.

(26) “Mobile or transient retail food establishment—serving meals” means a mobile retail food establishment, as defined in sub. (24), or a transient retail food establishment, as defined in sub. (39), that prepares, serves, or sells any meals.

(27) “New retail food establishment” means a retail food establishment not previously operated by the current license applicant.
(28) “Occasional” or “occasionally” means not more than 12 days for non–meal food sales and not more than 3 days for meal food sales during any licensing year.

(29) “Person” has the meaning in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix part 1–201.10

(30) “Personal Chef” means an individual hired to prepare meals in a person’s private home for that individual, their family, or non–paying guests.

(31) “Potluck” means an event to which all of the following conditions apply:

(a) Attendees of the event provide food and beverages to be shared with other attendees and consumed at the event.

(b) No compensation is provided to any person who conducts or assists in providing the event or who provides food and beverages to be shared at the event, and no compensation is paid by any person for consumption of food or beverages at the event.

(c) The event is sponsored by any of the following:

1. A church.
2. A religious, fraternal, youth, or patriotic organization or service club.
3. A civic organization.
4. A parent–teacher organization.
5. A senior citizen center or organization.
6. An adult day care center.

(32) “Retail” means selling food or food products directly to any consumer only for consumption by the consumer or the consumer’s immediate family or non–paying guests.

(33) “Retail food establishment” includes all of the following:

(a) Retail food establishment–not serving meals as defined in sub. (34).

(b) Retail food establishment–serving meals as defined in sub. (35).

(c) Vending machine as defined in sub. (40).

(d) Micro market as defined in sub. (22).

(e) Mobile or transient retail food establishment – not serving meals as defined in sub. (25).

(f) Mobile or transient retail food establishment – serving meals as defined in sub. (26).

(g) Retail food establishment serving prepackaged meals as defined in sub. (36).

(34) “Retail food establishment– not serving meals” means any of the following:

(a) A permanent retail food establishment where food processing is conducted primarily for direct retail sale of “time/temperature controlled for safety food” to consumers at the facility, and the total non–meal sales exceed 50% of all retail food sales.

(b) A permanent retail food establishment from which food is sold to consumers at retail, whether or not that facility sells “time/temperature controlled for safety food” or processes food, and the total non–meal sales exceed 50% of all retail food sales.

(35) “Retail food establishment– serving meals” means a permanent retail food establishment operating as a restaurant where the total meal sales exceed 50% of all retail food sales. A retail food establishment– serving meals includes any building, room, or place where meals are prepared, served, or sold to the general public and all places used in connection with the building, room, or place; and any public or private school lunchroom for which food service is provided by contract. A retail food establishment– serving meals does not include any of the following:

(a) Taverns that serve free lunches consisting of popcorn, cheese, crackers, pretzels, cold sausage, cured fish, or bread and butter.

(b) Non–profit organizations, under 26 USC 501 (c), including churches, religious, fraternal, youth, or patriotic organizations; service clubs; and civic organizations that occasionally prepare, serve, or sell meals to transients or the general public.

(c) Any public or private school lunchroom for which food service is directly provided by the school.

(d) Bed and breakfast establishments.

(e) A licensed vending machine that serves food or beverages.

(f) Any college campus as defined in s. 36.05 (6m), Stats., institution as defined in s. 36.51 (1) (b), Stats., or technical college that serves meals only to the students enrolled in the college campus, institution, or school or to authorized elderly persons under s. 36.51 or 38.36, Stats.

(g) A concession stand at a locally sponsored sporting event, such as a little league game.

(h) A potluck event.

(36) “Retail food establishment serving prepackaged meals” means a retail food establishment–serving meals that only serves individually wrapped single food servings that are prepared and packaged off–premises by a food processing plant or retail food establishment, licensed under s. ATCP 75.06 (1), with preparation at the retail food establishment limited to heating and serving by establishment personnel.

(37) “Special event” means a department–recognized event that is sponsored, planned, organized, and publicly advertised by organizations that include the following:

1. Neighborhood associations.
2. Religious groups.
3. Cultural groups.
4. Political parties.
5. Churches.
6. Schools.
7. Sports teams.
8. Fraternal organizations.

10. City, county, state or federal governments.

(b) Special events are limited to gatherings of people for concerts; sporting events; trade shows; flea markets or farmers markets; public exhibitions by artists, craftsmen, or vehicle enthusiasts; a fair, carnival, circus, or governmentally recognized celebration based on a specific calendar date such as a holiday or anniversary; or any other event approved by the regulatory agency. A “potluck” is not a “special event”.

(38) “Time/temperature control for safety food” or “TCS food” has the meaning given in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix part 1–201.10 (B).

(39) “Transit retail food establishment” means a temporary retail food establishment that operates at a fixed location in conjunction with a special event and sells or serves food for a period of no more than 14 consecutive days or in conjunction with an occasional sales promotion.

(40) “Vending machine” means any self–service device offered for public use that, upon insertion of a coin or token, or by other means, dispenses unit servings of food or beverage either in bulk or in package, without the necessity of replenishing the device between each vending operation. “Vending machine” does not include a micro–market or a device which dispenses only bottled, prepackaged or canned soft drinks, a one–cent vending device, a vending machine dispensing only candy, gum, nuts, nut meats, cookies, or crackers, or a vending machine dispensing only prepackaged grade A pasteurized milk or milk products.

(41) “Vending machine location” has the meaning in s. 97.01 (15w), Stats.

(42) “Vending machine operator” has the meaning prescribed in s. 97.01 (15y), Stats.

(43) “Wholesale” means the sale of any food to a person or commercial entity who will either re–sell it, distribute it for resale, or use it as an ingredient in a product that will be offered for
sale. “Wholesale” includes activities in which the processor relinquishes control of the food. “Wholesale” does not include the movement of food between two food processing plants or retail food establishments licensed to the same licensee, except for the movement of dairy products as specified in s. ATCP 65.04.

1. The department or its agent may refuse to issue or renew a license to operate a retail food establishment under any of the following circumstances:
   1. The department or its agent has not conducted a pre-licensing inspection of a new retail food establishment.
   2. The license holder has not corrected a violation for which the department or agent has issued a written health or safety related order at the retail food establishment.
   3. The license holder has not paid all applicable fees under s. ATCP 75.08, including the permit fee, pre-licensing fee, reinspection fee, or other applicable fees.
   4. The license holder or agent has modified, repaired, or maintained the retail food establishment in a manner that does not comply with ch. ATCP 75 Appendix.

2. The license holder or agent has violated ch. 97, Stats., ch. ATCP 75, or any order, ordinance, or regulation created by a village, city, county, or local board of health having jurisdiction, provided such violation is related to the operation of the retail food establishment.

3. A mobile retail food establishment license holder transfers from an agent issued license to a State-issued license.

(c) Refusal of license issuance or renewal. The department or its agent may refuse to issue or renew a license to operate a retail food establishment under any of the following circumstances:
   1. The department or its agent has not conducted a pre-licensing inspection of a new retail food establishment.
   2. The license holder has not corrected a violation for which the department or agent has issued a written health or safety related order at the retail food establishment.
   3. The license holder has not paid all applicable fees under s. ATCP 75.08, including the permit fee, pre-licensing fee, reinspection fee, or other applicable fees.
   4. The license holder or agent has modified, repaired, or maintained the retail food establishment in a manner that does not comply with ch. ATCP 75 Appendix.

2. The license holder or agent has violated ch. 97, Stats., ch. ATCP 75, or any order, ordinance, or regulation created by a village, city, county, or local board of health having jurisdiction, provided such violation is related to the operation of the retail food establishment.

4. Action on license application. Within 30 business days after the department or its agent receives a complete license application, the department or its agent shall do one of the following:
   (a) Grant the application.
   (b) Deny the application. If the department or its agent denies the application it shall give the applicant written notice specifying the reasons for the denial.

5. Pre-licensing inspection. (ag) Except as specified in par. (am), (b), or (c), the department or its agent may not issue a license for a new retail food establishment until it conducts a pre-licensing inspection of the new retail food establishment for compliance with this chapter and all fees in Table ATCP 75.08 B have been paid, including any applicable pre-licensing fee.

(b) A pre-licensing inspection may not be conducted for a transient retail food establishment, vending machine, or vending machine operator.

5. Pre-licensing inspection may not be conducted and a pre-licensing fee may not be charged under any of the following conditions:
   1. An individual license holder transfers ownership of the retail food establishment to an immediate family member, as defined in s. 97.605 (4) (a) 2., Stats.
   2. A retail food establishment remains at the location for which the license was issued and at least one individual who had an ownership interest in the sole proprietorship or business entity to which the license was issued retains an ownership interest in the newly formed sole proprietorship or business entity that will be the license holder.

6. Conditional license. Except as provided in s. 93.135, Stats., the department may condition the initial issuance, renewal, or continued validity of a license issued under this section upon the requirement that the license holder correct a violation of this chapter or ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, s. 97.605, Stats., or ordinances adopted under s. 97.615 (2) (g), Stats., within a period of time specified by the department or its agent. If the condition is
not met within the specified time or after an extension of time as approved by the department or its agent, the license is void. No person may operate a retail food establishment after a license has been voided under this paragraph, and any person who does so shall be subject to the penalties under ss. 97.72 and 97.73, Stats. A license holder, whose license is voided under this paragraph, may appeal the decision under s. ATCP 75.14 or 75.16. The license holder may reapply for a new license when they have met requirements under this chapter.

(7) VOIDED LICENSE FOR FAILURE TO PAY FEES. If an applicant or license holder fails to pay all applicable fees, late fees, and processing charges under s. ATCP 75.08 (3) within 15 days after the applicant or owner receives notice of an insufficiency or within 45 days after the expiration of the license, whichever occurs first, the license is void. A license holder, whose license is voided under this subsection, may appeal the decision under s. ATCP 75.14 or 75.16. In an appeal concerning a voided license under this subsection, the burden of proof is on the license applicant or holder to show that all applicable fees, late fees, and processing charges have been paid. During any appeal process concerning a payment dispute, operation of the retail food establishment is deemed to be operation without a license and is subject to the fees under s. ATCP 75.08 (3) (e) in addition to the fees otherwise due, unless the applicant or license holder meets its burden of proof under this subsection.

(8) LICENSE HOLDER QUALIFICATIONS. To qualify for a license, an applicant shall do all of the following:

(a) Be an owner of the retail food establishment or an officer of the legal entity owning the retail food establishment.

(b) Comply with the requirements of this chapter.

(c) Allow authorized representatives of the department or its agent access to the retail food establishment and provide required information to those authorized representatives.

(d) Pay the applicable license fees at the time the application is submitted.

History: CR 17−074; cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20; correction in numbering of (5) (ag), (am) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., correction in (5) (ag) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7. and 35.17, Stats., and correction in (6), (7) made under s. 35.17, Stats., Register July 2020 No. 775.

ATCP 75.063 Retail food establishments; license exemptions. A retail food establishment license is not required under s. 97.30 (2) (b), Stats., or this section for any of the following:

(1) A retail food establishment that sells only packaged foods or fresh fruits and vegetables, provided the establishment does not sell “time/temperature control for safety food” and does not engage in food processing.

(2) A retail food establishment operated by a person holding a food processing plant license under s. 97.29, Stats., if all the following apply:

(a) The person operates the retail food establishment at the same location as the licensed food processing plant.

(b) Sales from the retail food establishment are included in the computation of the food processing plant license fee under s. ATCP 70.06.

(c) Retail food sales from that location comprise no more than 25% by dollar volume of all food sales from that location.

(d) The operator of the food processing plant is not engaged in the activity of a retail food establishment – serving meals.

(3) A retail food establishment operated by a person holding a dairy plant license under s. 97.20, Stats., if all the following apply:

(a) The person operates the retail food establishment at the same location as the licensed dairy plant.

(b) Food sales from that location, other than sales of dairy products produced at that location, comprise no more than 25% by dollar volume of all dairy and nondairy food sales from that location.

(c) The operator of the dairy plant is not engaged in the activity of a retail food establishment – serving meals.

(4) A vending machine commissary, including one that supports operations of a micro market, or a warehouse supporting operations of vending machines or a micro market.

(5) A retail food establishment primarily engaged in selling honey, cider, sorghum, or maple syrup produced by the operator of the retail food establishment, if the operator conducts no other food processing activities at that retail food establishment.

(6) A retail food establishment – not serving meals, operated occasionally by a religious, charitable or nonprofit organization as defined under 26 USC 501 (c).

(7) A retail food establishment – serving meals, operated by a church; religious, fraternal, youth, or patriotic organization; service club; or civic organization, as defined under 26 USC 501 (c), that occasionally prepares, serves, or sells meals to transients or the general public.

(8) A contract cook who does all of the following:

(a) Is paid for his or her service, culinary skills, technique, or expertise.

(b) Uses the food provided by the contractor employing the cook’s services.

(c) Does not prepare or store food in quantities sufficient for use at multiple sites or for meals served to the general public.

If a contract cook prepares or stores food in bulk quantities for use at multiple sites or for meals served to the general public, the contract cook shall obtain a retail food establishment license.

(d) Does not transport any portion of a meal prepared by the contract cook from one location to another location. If a contract cook transports any portion of a meal prepared by the contract cook from one location to another location, the contract cook shall obtain a retail food establishment license.

(9) A personal chef who does all of the following:

(a) Is paid for his or her service, culinary skills, technique, or expertise.

(b) Either uses food provided by the contractor employing the chef’s services or the chef shops for food from a list provided by the contractor.

(c) Uses only the home kitchen of the contractor to prepare food for the contractor, contractor’s family, or contractor’s non−paying guests.

(d) Does not prepare or store food in quantities sufficient for use at multiple sites or for meals served to the general public.

If a personal chef prepares or stores food in bulk quantities for use at multiple sites or for meals served to the general public, the personal chef shall obtain a retail food establishment license.

(e) Does not transport any portion of a meal prepared by the personal chef from one location to another location. If a personal chef transports any portion of a meal prepared by the personal chef from one location to another location, the personal chef shall obtain a retail food establishment license.

(10) The location where a caterer is serving food that was prepared at the caterer’s licensed retail food establishment.

(11) At a business location to which a licensed retail food establishment transports prepared food and conducts sales of individual meals directly to a work place’s employees or the guests of the employees for no more than 2 days in any 7 day period at the same location, if all of the following requirements are met:

(a) The license holder shall conduct all food preparation activities at the licensed retail food establishment, except for final assembly at the service location.

(b) The license holder shall transport all food to the service location.

(c) The license holder shall conduct all food service and sales.
(d) The license holder shall provide food service utensils in sufficient quantity to adequately facilitate the meal service.

(e) The license holder shall clean and sanitize onsite food equipment before and after use.

(f) The license holder shall return all food, utensils, and service ware to the licensed retail food establishment for disposal or cleaning and sanitizing.

(g) The license holder and business shall have a written agreement requiring adequate access and use of conveniently located restrooms by the license holder staff at the service location. The license holder shall furnish the written agreement to the division or its agent upon request.

(h) In the absence of adequate hand washing facilities, the license holder shall provide portable handwash facilities (i.e. foot pump, electrical, or battery operated) at the service location during food service.

(i) The license holder shall employ a certified food protection manager, as defined in s. ATCP 75.04 (7), who shall be present at the service location during food service.

(j) The license holder shall transport and hold food at temperatures, according to either the requirements in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix or an approved time-as-a-public-health-control-plan.

ATCP 75.065 Retail food establishments; license exemption for food processing. (1) A license holder may wholesale up to 25% of the gross annual sales of food that is manufactured and used in the retail food establishment without obtaining an additional food processing plant license under ch. ATCP 70. This exemption does not allow the manufacture for wholesale or distribution of any of the following:

(a) Food that must be processed, in compliance with 21 CFR 108, 113, 114, in hermetically sealed containers.

(b) Dairy products or amenable meat and poultry products, except as allowed in ch. ATCP 55.

(c) Food processed at a mobile or transient retail food establishment.

(2) The following items may be processed in a retail food establishment under the 25% wholesale exemption in sub. (1):

(a) Juice processed in compliance with 21 CFR part 120.

(b) Fish and fishery products processed in compliance with 21 CFR part 123.

(3) The license holder is responsible for notifying, as deemed appropriate by the license holder, wholesale customers of any adulterated or misbranded products as necessary to protect public health. No written recall plan is required. Examples of customer notification could include website language, email, mail system, face-to-face, or other effective methods.

ATCP 75.067 Mobile retail food establishment base; licensing. (1) Except for a mobile retail food establishment that operates only as a transient retail food establishment, each mobile retail food establishment shall have a base with its own license. The license holder shall submit a copy of the base license to the department or its agent upon application for a mobile retail food establishment license.

(2) The base shall be appropriate to support all the activities that will occur at the mobile retail food establishment, such as food preparation activities, cleaning and sanitization, storage, water and waste water handling and disposal.

(3) The license holder shall post a copy of the base license in a visible location in the mobile retail food establishment.

(4) The license holder shall provide a regulatory authority inspection report from the last 12 months for the base location upon request by the department or its agent.

(5) The license holder shall provide a copy of the schedule for the use of the base to the department or its agent upon request.

(6) The license holder, upon the department or its agent’s request, shall provide details showing how the license holder will store, prepare, and hold for service, food in the mobile retail food establishment.

(7) The department and its agent shall honor a current base license from another state, if the license holder meets the relevant conditions under this section.

(8) The department may grant a variance, as specified in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix part 1-104.11, for a mobile food establishment to operate without a licensed base.

ATCP 75.07 Plan review. (1) APPROVAL REQUIRED. An applicant or license holder of a new or extensively remodeled retail food establishment shall submit a retail food establishment plan to the department or its agent. The department or its agent may require an applicant or license holder to submit this documentation when a change of ownership has occurred. An applicant or license holder shall obtain plan approval from the department or its agent before any of the following occurs:

(a) The applicant or license holder begins construction of a retail food establishment.

(b) The license holder modifies or extensively remodels a retail food establishment.

(2) APPLICATION FOR PLAN APPROVAL. (a) An applicant for plan approval shall submit all of the following to the department or its agent:

1. A fully and accurately completed, signed, and dated application for plan approval on a form provided by the department or its agent.

2. Equipment layout plans.

3. Equipment schedules.

4. Detailed descriptions of food processing operations.
5. Menus.
6. Copies of other state, county, or municipal approvals relating to the operation of the retail food establishment.
7. A copy of the plans and specifications drawn to scale or a drawing indicating distance of separation measured in feet in accordance with the applicable requirements of this chapter.
8. Any other information required by the department or its agent regarding the operation of the retail food establishment as it relates to the health, safety, and welfare of the public.

Note: To obtain a copy of the plan approval application form, send an email to datpdfolicensing@wisconsin.gov or contact the Bureau of Food and Recreational Businesses at (608) 224–4700 or PO Box 8911, Madison, Wisconsin 53708–8911. (b) If the department or its agent receives a plan or application that is not completed as specified in par. (a), the department shall contact the plan applicant to seek additional information.
(c) Within 30 days after receipt of complete information under par. (a), or any additional information requested under par. (b), the department or its agent shall approve or deny the plan. If the department or its agent approves the plan, the department or its agent shall issue a plan approval letter to the plan applicant. If the department or its agent denies a plan, it shall give the plan applicant the reason for the denial, in writing. The plan applicant may appeal the decision made by the department or its agent under ss. ATCP 75.14 and 75.16.

History: CR 17–074; cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10–25–20; correction in numbering of (1) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register July 2020 No. 775.

Table A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Determining Factors for Assigning License Categories</th>
<th>Point Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A retail food establishment that only sells pre–packaged food or meal items, regardless if the food items are time/temperature controlled for safety food.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment does not serve meals and has annual gross food sale receipts less than $25,000.</td>
<td>0.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment does not serve meals and has annual gross food sale receipts more than $25,000 but not more than $1,000,000.</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment does not serve meals and has annual gross food sale receipts more than $1,000,000 but not more than $5,000,000.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment does not serve meals and has annual gross food sale receipts more than $5,000,000.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment contains a self–service salad or food bar.*</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment handles raw poultry, meat, eggs, or seafood.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment has a variance under 3–502.11 (special processing methods**) or a required HACCP plan under 3–502.12 (reduced oxygen packaging) of ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, Wisconsin Food Code.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment has an approval under 3–301.11 (bare hand contact plan) or 3–501.19 (time as a public health control plan) of ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, Wisconsin Food Code.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment has a catering operation or processes, packages, or holds customer preordered meals or food items.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment does cold holding, hot holding, or reheating of time/temperature control for safety foods.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment does cooling of cooked or reheated time/temperature control for safety foods.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment prepares TCS food at their location and then transports it to be sold, under the wholesale exemption for retail food establishments.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment serves or sells food that requires food processing activities including chopping, dicing, mixing, slicing, blanching, boiling, cooking, packaging, and assembly in order for that product to be served or sold.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The retail food establishment has one or more additional areas where food preparation activities occur.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ATCP 75.08 Retail food establishment fees.
(1) LICENSE CATEGORY ASSIGNMENT. (a) Criteria. 1. Except for a retail food establishment serving only prepackaged foods or meals, a transient retail food establishment, a vending machine, a micro market, or a mobile retail food establishment base with no food preparation, the department or its agent shall assign a retail food establishment to a license category by evaluating the complexity of the retail food establishment based on the criteria specified in Table A in this section.
2. The department or its agent shall assign a retail food establishment, whose point value is not greater than 2.5, to the simple license category.
3. The department or its agent shall assign a retail food establishment, whose point value is more than 2.5, but not greater than 4.5, to the moderate license category.
4. The department or its agent shall assign a retail food establishment, whose point value is 4.5 or more, to the complex license category.
5. If the department or its agent orders a retail food establishment closed, or it has caused a foodborne illness outbreak, the department or its agent shall immediately assign the retail food establishment to the complex category for the current and following licensing year. If no further outbreaks or closures occur, the department or its agent may reduce the license to the appropriate license category assignment.

Note: The cause of a foodborne illness outbreak is determined using standard epidemiological practices.
(b) Point values for determining factors for assigning a retail food establishment’s license category.
The retail food establishment specifically prepares or serves food to a population identified as highly susceptible, such as a nursing home or day care.

The retail food establishment has a customer seating capacity greater than 75, or operates a motor vehicle drive-through service window for food purchase and service.

* If only “condiments” or other non-meal, ready-to-eat, non-TCS foods are offered or displayed for customer self-service, that display does not qualify as a salad or food bar, such as, but not limited to, pickles, onions, non-TCS dessert topping, relishes, garnishes, and bakery items.

** Smoking, curing, using food additives or components for preservation rather than flavor, reduced oxygen packaging, operating a molluscan shellfish life-support system, custom processing, sprouting seeds or beans, or any other method as determined by the department to require a variance.

(c) Request for different license category assignment. The license holder may ask the department or its agent to reconsider the retail food establishment’s license category assignment within 30 days of the category assignment.

(2) Fee Schedule. An applicant to the department for a retail food establishment license shall pay an annual license fee as indicated in Table B:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Retail Food Establishment</th>
<th>License Fee</th>
<th>PreLicensing Inspection Fee</th>
<th>Reinspection Fee</th>
<th>Additional Reinspection Fees</th>
<th>Late Fee</th>
<th>Operating Without a License Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Retail Food Establishment – not serving meals (includes mobile retail food establishment – not serving meals)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepackaged TCS food</td>
<td>$45.00</td>
<td>$90.00</td>
<td>$90.00</td>
<td>$9.00</td>
<td>$90.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simple (final food product is Non-TCS)</td>
<td>$60.00</td>
<td>$90.00</td>
<td>$90.00</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simple (TCS)</td>
<td>$190.00</td>
<td>$190.00</td>
<td>$190.00</td>
<td>$38.00</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>$265.00</td>
<td>$190.00</td>
<td>$190.00</td>
<td>$53.00</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complex</td>
<td>$685.00</td>
<td>$450.00</td>
<td>$450.00</td>
<td>$137.00</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Food Establishment – serving meals (includes retail food establishment serving prepackaged meals and mobile retail food establishments – serving meals)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepackaged TCS</td>
<td>$105.00</td>
<td>$130.00</td>
<td>$98.00</td>
<td>$130.00</td>
<td>$21.00</td>
<td>$749.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simple</td>
<td>$230.00</td>
<td>$320.00</td>
<td>$240.00</td>
<td>$320.00</td>
<td>$46.00</td>
<td>$749.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>$330.00</td>
<td>$470.00</td>
<td>$353.00</td>
<td>$470.00</td>
<td>$66.00</td>
<td>$749.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complex</td>
<td>$540.00</td>
<td>$770.00</td>
<td>$578.00</td>
<td>$770.00</td>
<td>$108.00</td>
<td>$749.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transient Retail Food Establishment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-TCS food</td>
<td>$75.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCS Food</td>
<td>$170.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepackaged TCS food only</td>
<td>$45.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Retail Food Establishment Base</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No food preparation or processing activities</td>
<td>$45.00</td>
<td>$45.00</td>
<td>$45.00</td>
<td>$9.00</td>
<td>$90.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
All other base license fees are calculated on the risk category assignment in Table A in this section for the activity conducted at the base.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vending</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vending machine operator</td>
<td>$125.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vending machine license</td>
<td>$9.00 per machine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Micro Markets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single location</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple locations (on the same premises)</td>
<td>$60.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: A person applying for an annual retail food establishment license may be required to pay, in addition to the license fee listed in Table B, a weights and measures inspection fee under s. ATCP 92.12.

(3) Types of Fees.
(a) Pre-licensing inspection fee. The applicant shall pay to the department the applicable pre-licensing inspection fee listed in Table B before a license is issued to a new retail food establishment under s. ATCP 75.06.
(b) License fee. 1. Except as specified in subd. 2., the applicant shall pay an annual license fee to the department, as listed in Table B, for each retail food establishment that the applicant applies for a license to operate under s. ATCP 75.06. The department or its agent shall base the annual license fee on the point values assigned to the retail food establishment under Table A.
2. Table A does not apply to a retail food establishment serving prepackaged meals or a retail food establishment – not serving meals with only prepackaged foods, a transient retail food establishment, a mobile retail food establishment base with no food service or processing activities, a vending machine and vending machine operator, or a micro market. Fees for these retail food establishments are listed separately in Table B.
(c) Late fee. If the license holder does not pay the fee for a license renewal before the expiration date of the license, the license holder shall pay to the department the applicable late fee, as listed in Table B, in addition to the renewal license fee.
(d) Reinspection fee. If the department reinspects a retail food establishment because the department has found a violation of ch. 97., Stats., this chapter, or its appendix during the preceding inspection, the department shall charge the license holder the reinspection fee specified in Table B. A reinspection fee is payable when the reinspection is completed, and is due upon written demand from the department. The department may issue a demand for payment when it issues a license renewal application to the license holder. If an additional reinspection is required to correct violations of ch. 97., Stats., this chapter, or its Appendix, the department shall assess an additional reinspection fee as listed in Table B.
(e) Operating without a license fee. Any license holder found to be operating a retail food establishment without a license shall pay to the department the applicable fee indicated in Table B for their designated license category. For any license holder found to be operating a vending machine without a license, the license holder shall pay to the department 3 times the annual vending machine license fee listed in Table B, in addition to all applicable fees.

Note: Anyone operating a retail food establishment without a license is also subject to a fine of not less than $100 nor more than $1,000 under s. 97.72, Stats.
(f) Fees for special condition inspections. For each inspection or consultation activity that is not directly related to the department’s licensing responsibilities, the department may charge the requestor $175.

(g) Fee for operating without a certified food protection manager. The department shall charge the license holder $150 for operating without a certified food manager as defined in s. ATCP 75.04 (7).

Note: Certified food manager requirements may be found in Chapter 12 of ch. ATCP 75 Appendix.

(4) Method of Payment. If the applicant or license holder pays for a retail food establishment license by check or other draft drawn upon an account containing insufficient funds, the applicant or license holder shall, within 15 days after receipt of notice from the department of the insufficiency, pay all applicable fees and the financial institution’s processing charges by cashier’s check or other certified draft, or money order.

History: CR 17−074: cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20; correction in the numbering of (4) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register July 2020 No. 775.

Subchapter III − Enforcement and Appeals

ATCP 75.10 Enforcement.

(1) Inspections and Access to the Premises.

(a) Inspections. Under s. 97.12 (1) Stats., for the purpose of enforcing this chapter, the department and its agents may, at reasonable hours, enter and inspect any premises for which a license is required under this chapter or any farm, factory, warehouse, building, room, establishment or place at or in which foods are manufactured, processed, packed, packaged, stored or sold for sale, and may enter any vehicle, including a vehicle used to transport or hold foods in commerce. The department and its agents may also secure samples or specimens, including samples or specimens of food and any product or substance that may affect food, examine and copy relevant documents and records, and obtain photographic and other evidence needed to enforce this chapter or a rule promulgated under this chapter. The department shall examine any samples secured and shall conduct other inspections and examinations needed to determine whether there is a violation of this chapter. The department shall pay or offer to pay the market value of samples taken.

(b) Reinspections. The department or its agent may reinspect a retail food establishment whenever an inspection or the investigation of a complaint reveals the existence of a violation that is potentially hazardous to the health and welfare of patrons or employees of the retail food establishment. The time between an inspection, investigation, and a reinspection shall be sufficient to allow the license holder time to correct the deficiencies. The department shall charge a reinspection fee, according to s. ATCP 75.08 Table B or the applicable charges as determined by an agent. If an additional reinspection is required because the license holder has not corrected a violation, the department shall assess the license holder an additional reinspection fee according to s.
75.08 Table B, or the applicable charges as determined by an agent. The department may order the license holder to show just cause why the license should not be suspended or revoked under s. ATCP 75.12.

2. General orders to correct violations. (a) If upon inspection of a retail food establishment, the department or agent finds that the retail food establishment is not designed, constructed, equipped or operated as required under ch. 97 Stat., ch. ATCP 75 or ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, the department or agent shall issue a written order to correct the violation. The order shall specify the correction needed for compliance and the deadline by which the license holder shall make the correction. The department or agent, at its discretion, may extend the deadline specified in the order.

(b) If the license holder does not make the corrections to the violations by the deadline stated in the order, or any extension of time granted for compliance, the department or agent may issue an order under s. ATCP 75.12 to suspend or revoke the license to operate the retail food establishment.

(c) Under s. 97.12 (5), Stats., any person who fails to comply with an order of the department shall forfeit $50 for each day of noncompliance after the order is served upon or directed to the person. A person may appeal a forfeiture under s. ATCP 75.14.

3. Hold orders. As specified under s. 97.12 (2), Stats.: (a) Whenever any duly authorized inspector of the department has reasonable cause to believe that any food examined by him or her is adulterated or misbranded and is dangerous to health or misleading to the injury or damage of the purchaser or consumer, the inspector shall issue and deliver to the owner or custodian of the food a holding order prohibiting the sale or movement of the food for any purpose until the analysis or examination of the sample obtained has been completed. A holding order may be effective for a period of no longer than 14 days from the time of its delivery and it may be reissued for one additional 14-day period if necessary to complete the analysis or examination of the food.

(b) No food described in a holding order issued and delivered under par. (a) may be sold or moved for any purpose without the approval of the department until such analysis or examination has been completed within the time specified in par. (a). Upon completion of the analysis or examination either of the following may apply:

1. If the department upon completed analysis or examination determines that the food described in such holding order is not adulterated or misbranded, then the owner or custodian thereof shall be promptly notified in writing, and such holding order shall terminate upon notification.

2. Where the analysis or examination shows that the food is adulterated or misbranded and is dangerous to health or misleading to the injury or damage of the purchaser or consumer, the owner or custodian of the food shall be notified in writing within the effective time of the holding order. Such notice has the effect of a special order issued under s. 93.18, Stats. Upon receipt of a notice, the food subject to the holding order may not be sold, moved, disposed of or brought into compliance with applicable standards without the approval of the department. If such food is not brought into compliance, sold, moved, or disposed of within 30 days, or other agreed upon period of time, from the date the owner or custodian received notice that the food was adulterated or misbranded, the department may issue an order directing the disposition of the food. Such an order has the effect of a special order issued under s. 93.18, Stats.

(c) Any person violating an order issued under this subsection may be fined not more than the maximum amount or imprisoned not more than one year in the county jail or both. The maximum fine under this paragraph equals $10,000 plus the retail value of the product moved, sold, or disposed of in violation of the order issued under this subsection.

4. Special orders and orders to abate a danger to public health. As specified under s. 97.12 (3), Stats.: (a) The department may issue a special order as provided under s. 93.18 Stats., to any person engaged in the production, processing, sale, or distribution of food if the department finds a violation of this chapter or the rules promulgated under this chapter. An order shall state the violations found and shall specify a deadline for correction.

(b) If the department finds that a piece of equipment, a facility, or a practice used is a danger to public health, it may order that the situation be abated or eliminated immediately and that the equipment, facility or practice not be used until the violation is corrected and the correction is confirmed by the department. The department may, instead of issuing an order, accept written agreements of voluntary compliance, which have the effect of an order.

ATCP 75.12 Suspension or revocation of license. The department may, by summary order and without prior notice or hearing, suspend a license issued under this chapter if the department finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the applicable requirements of this chapter and the rules promulgated under this chapter and that the continuation of the violations constitutes a serious danger to public health. The order shall be in writing, have the force and effect of an order issued under s. 93.18, Stats., and is subject to right of hearing before the department, if requested within 10 days after date of service.

ATCP 75.14 Appeals of actions by the department; right of hearing. If requested in writing within 10–days after date of the service of an order, a hearing shall be conducted within 10 days after receipt of a request for a hearing. Enforcement of the order shall not be stayed pending action on the hearing.

ATCP 75.16 Appeals of actions by agent health departments. If an agent issues a license under this chapter, the agent shall create and follow enforcement and appeal procedures under s. 66.0417 Stats.

Subchapter IV – Standards for Retail Food Establishments

ATCP 75.18 Qualifications of an authorized representative conducting inspections. An authorized representative of the department or its agent who inspects a retail food establishment or conducts a plan review for compliance with ch. ATCP 75 and its Appendix shall meet the staffing qualification requirements set forth in s. ATCP 74.08.

ATCP 75.20 Inspections. (1) Refused inspection; process. If a person denies access to the department or its agent, the department or its agent shall inform the person of all the following:

(a) The license holder is required to allow access to the department or its agent as specified under s. ATCP 75.10 (1).

(b) Access is a condition of the acceptance and retention of a retail food establishment license to operate as specified under s. ATCP 75.06 (3) (c).

(c) If the license holder denies access to a retail food establishment to an authorized representative of the department or its agent, the department or its agent may apply for an inspection warrant to allow access as provided in law under s. 66.0119, Stats.

(2) Reporting of refused access. If the person in charge continues to refuse access after the department or its agent presents credentials, provides the explanation in sub. (1), and

Published under s. 35.93, Stats. Updated on the first day of each month. Entire code is always current. The Register date on each page is the date the chapter was last published.
makes a final request for access, the department or its agent shall document details of the denial of access on an inspection report form.

(3) FREQUENCY OF INSPECTION. (a) The department or its agent shall inspect a retail food establishment at least once during the licensing period.

(b) The department may approve, upon request, an increase in the interval between inspections beyond 12 months if any of the following conditions exist:
1. The retail food establishment is fully complying with a department–approved HACCP plan as specified in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix part 1–106.14.
2. The agent submits a plan to the department, requesting an inspection frequency based on the risk of food establishment operations using criteria under s. ATCP 75.08 (1) (a) and (b). The total number of inspections performed shall equal the number of licenses issued.

Note: The intent of this provision is to allow greater inspection frequency for high–risk retail food establishments by decreasing inspection frequency for low–risk retail food establishments.

(4) INSPECTION DOCUMENTATION. The department or its agent shall document all of the following on an inspection report form:
(a) Administrative information about the retail food establishment’s legal identity, street and mailing addresses, type of establishment and operation, inspection date, and other information such as type of water supply and sewage disposal, status of the license, and personnel certificates that may be required at the retail food establishment.

(b) The conditions or other violations from this chapter and ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, that require corrective action by the license holder. An accompanying narrative shall contain all of the following:
1. A factual description of the violation observed, including location of the observed violation.
2. Citation and a brief description of the statute, administrative rule, or local ordinance for the observed violation.
3. A statement indicating what corrective action the license holder has taken, or shall take, to regain compliance with the administrative rule, statute, or local ordinance.
4. Unless otherwise indicated on the inspection report, each violation shall have a corrective action deadline. The corrective action deadline shall be based on the following criteria:
   a. The nature of the potential hazard involved and the complexity of the corrective action needed. The department or its agent may agree to or specify additional time, not to exceed 72 hours after the inspection, for the license holder to correct violations of a priority item.
   b. The license holder has a maximum time of 10 calendar days after the inspection for the license holder to correct violations of a priority foundation item or HACCP Plan deviation as defined in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix.
   c. The license holder shall correct core items, as defined in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, by a deadline agreed to or specified by the department or its agent, but no later than 90 calendar days after the inspection. The department or its agent may approve a written compliance schedule that extends beyond 90 calendar days, if the license holder submits a written schedule of compliance and no health hazard exists, or will result, from allowing an extended schedule for compliance.

(5) ISSUING A REPORT AND OBTAINING ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT. At the conclusion of the inspection, an authorized representative of the department shall sign the completed inspection report. The department or its agent shall then perform an exit interview and obtain a signature on the inspection report from the license holder’s designated person in charge, as that term is used in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix part 2–101.11(A). A copy of the inspection report shall be left with the person in charge at the completion of the inspection or emailed or otherwise presented within 2 business days after completion of the inspection.

(6) REFUSAL TO SIGN INSPECTION REPORT. If the license holder’s designated person in charge refuses to sign the inspection report, the department or its agent shall do all of the following:
   a. Inform the person who declines to sign the inspection report that a written acknowledgment of receipt is not an agreement with findings.
   b. Inform the person that refusal to sign the inspection report will not affect the license holder’s obligation to correct the violations noted in the inspection report by the deadlines specified.
   c. Document the refusal to sign the inspection report.

(7) POSTING OF INSPECTION REPORTS. The department and its agent shall make inspection reports available to the public on the internet.

History: CR 17–074: cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10–25–20; correction in (2), (4) (b) 2. made under s. 35.17, Stats., Register July 2020 No. 775.

Subchapter V – Vending Machines
ATCP 75.30 Applicability. (1) In addition to the specific requirements of ch. ATCP 75, vending machines shall meet applicable requirements in chapters 1 to 7 in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix.

(2) The provisions of this chapter apply to any vending machine offered for public use, except a vending machine which dispenses only pastry items, which have a pH level of 4.6 or below or a water activity (aw) value of 0.85 or less under standard conditions or are otherwise not time/temperature control for safety foods, or prepackaged Grade A pasteurized milk or milk products.


ATCP 75.32 Approval of vending machines and related equipment. (1) APPROVAL AUTHORITY. All vending machines and related equipment used at a vending machine location shall be approved by the department, using construction criteria developed by the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF) or the National Automatic Merchandising Association (NAMA).

(2) INSPECTION FOR EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. Whenever an authorized representative or agent of the department inspects a vending machine and finds that the vending machine does not contain an identifiable license as required under s. ATCP 75.06, the authorized representative or agent of the department shall place the vending machine in a non–vend position by sealing the money or credit card insert slot, as applicable. Failure of the operator to maintain a non–vend condition until an authorized representative or agent of the department is satisfied that the vending machine is properly licensed and identified shall be cause for an action under ss. 97.65, 97.72, and 97.73, Stats.


ATCP 75.34 Vending machine records. (1) A vending machine location record shall be maintained on file at the location of the machine by the primary vending purpose. That record shall include all of the following location information for each machine:
   a. Complete street address of the building.
   b. The floor level in the building.
   c. The room or area on the floor.

(2) The entry under each machine in the vending machine location record shall include the machine serial number and model number, the department’s license number, and a designation of the machine by primary vending purpose. Primary vending purposes are:
   a. Heated.
   b. Refrigerated.
   c. Beverages.
   d. Food other than beverages.
ATCP 75.34 Sanitization. (1) Cleaning and sanitizing facilities. Approved facilities for cleaning and sanitizing equipment shall be available for each vending machine location or at a central location. At a central location, product contact surfaces shall be protected from contamination during storage, transportation, and installation. Facilities for cleaning and sanitizing shall include either a permanently fixed three-compartment sink or at a central location. At a central location, product contact surfaces shall be moved from one location to another.

(2) Cleaned in place. In machines designed so that food-contact surfaces are not readily removable, all surfaces intended for in-place cleaning shall be designed and fabricated so that all of the following conditions are met:

(a) Cleaning and sanitizing solutions can be circulated through a fixed system using an effective cleaning and sanitizing regimen.

(b) Cleaning and sanitizing solutions will contact all food-contact surfaces.

(c) The system is self-draining or capable of being completely evacuated.

(d) The procedures used result in thorough cleaning and sanitizing of the equipment.

History: CR 17−074; cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

ATCP 75.40 Waste disposal. (1) Removal. All trash and other food product waste material shall be removed from the vending machine location as frequently as may be necessary to prevent attracting vermin, or creating a nuisance and unsightliness, and shall be disposed of in a manner that will not attract insects or rodents.

(2) Containers. Self-closing, leak-proof and easily cleanable refuse containers shall be provided in the vicinity of each machine or machines to receive cartons, wrappers, and other items of refuse.

(3) Waste collection. (a) Containers shall be provided with all machines dispensing liquid products in bulk for the collection of drip, spillage, overflow, and other internal wastes.

(b) An automatic shutoff device shall be provided, which will place the vending machine out of operation before a container overflows. The cutoff mechanism shall be set at a point to permit removal of the waste container from the machine without spillage.

(c) Containers and surfaces on which wastes may accumulate shall be readily removable for cleaning, easily cleanable, and corrosion resistant.

History: CR 17−074; cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

ATCP 75.42 Delivery of foods. Foods, including beverages and ingredients, in transit to vending machine locations shall be protected from contamination with dirt, dust, insects, rodents, and other foreign material. Similar protection shall be provided for single-service containers, as defined in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix part 1−201.10, and for the product contact surfaces of equipment, containers, and devices in transit to machine locations.

History: CR 17−074; cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

Subchapter VI − Micro Markets

ATCP 75.44 Applicability of rules. This chapter and chapters 1 to 7 in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, except for Part 2−1, apply to a micro market, as defined in s. ATCP 75.04 (22).

History: CR 17−074; cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

ATCP 75.46 Location. A micro market shall be located in the interior of a building that is not accessible to the general public. Access to the micro market shall be limited to a defined population of employees, guests, or occupants of the building where the establishment is located.

History: CR 17−074; cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

ATCP 75.48 License holder responsibilities. (1) Requirements. The license holder shall assure that all of the following conditions are met:

(a) Food is from sources that comply with law.

(b) Packaged food is provided in tamper-evident packaging.

(c) Food is protected from potential sources of cross contamination.

(d) Food is maintained at safe temperatures during storage, transport and display.

(2) Micro market oversight. Each micro market shall have a sign readily visible at the automated payment station stating all of the following:

(a) The name and mailing address of the license holder responsible for the establishment and to whom complaints and comments should be addressed.

(b) The telephone, email, or web information for the responsible license holder, when applicable.

History: CR 17−074; cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

ATCP 75.50 Nature and source of food and beverages offered for sale. All of the following requirements apply to a micro market:

(1) A license holder shall offer only commercially packaged foods properly labeled for individual retail sale.

(2) Food preparation by consumers is limited to heating or reheating food in a microwave oven.

(3) Dispensing of bulk food is prohibited.

History: CR 17−074; cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

ATCP 75.52 Equipment. (1) Refrigerated display equipment features. A micro market offering refrigerated or frozen foods shall be equipped with refrigeration or freezer units that have all of the following features:

(a) Self-closing doors that allow food to be viewed without opening the door to the refrigerated cooler or freezer.

(b) An automatic self-locking mechanism that prevents the consumer from accessing the unit upon failure of the refrigeration unit to maintain the appropriate temperature.

(2) Refrigerated display equipment maintenance. Automatic self-locking mechanisms that have been activated shall require an onsite visit by the license holder or designee to evaluate and restore access to the refrigeration equipment.
(3) FOOD SERVICE EQUIPMENT LIMITATIONS. Beverages shall be dispensed in amounts intended for a single serving size. Beverage dispensers connected to the building water supply shall be equipped with backflow prevention.

History: CR 17−074: cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

ATCP 75.54 Security. A micro market license holder shall provide and maintain continuous video surveillance of areas where consumers view, select, handle, and purchase products. The surveillance shall provide sufficient resolution to identify situations that may compromise food safety or result in food tampering. Video surveillance recordings shall meet all of the following requirements:

(1) The license holder shall retain video surveillance recordings for at least 14 days after the date of the surveillance.

(2) The license holder shall make retained video surveillance recordings available for inspection upon request by the department or its agent within 24 hours of a request.

History: CR 17−074: cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

ATCP 75.56 Routine maintenance at a micro market. The license holder shall maintain the micro market, food, equipment and utensils in a clean, sanitary and unadulterated condition. This includes the following activities:

(1) Checking food supplies and equipment for signs of product damage or tampering, and discarding damaged or tampered−with food.

(2) Verifying refrigeration equipment is operating properly including any temperature display and self−locking mechanism.

(3) Cleaning food service dispensing and merchandising equipment and food display areas.

(4) Stacking food and disposable single−use and single−service supplies.

(5) Checking inventory for recalled foods.

(6) Performing any other reasonable actions to maintain a clean, sanitary and unadulterated condition in the micro market.

History: CR 17−074: cr. Register July 2020 No. 775, eff. 10−25−20.

Note: This chapter is shown as repealed and reenacted eff. 10−25−20 by CR 17−074. Prior to 10−25−20 it reads:

RETAIL FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS

Subchapter I — Definitions and General Provisions

ATCP 75.01 Definitions. In this subchapter and subch. II:

1. "Agent agreement" means a written agreement between the department and a local health department, under which the department authorizes the local health department to administer a retail food program as the department’s local agent.

2. "Department" means the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection.

3. "Food" has the meaning given in s. 97.01 (6), Stats.

4. "Local agent" means a local health department that enters into an agreement with the department to administer a retail food program.

5. "Local health department" has the meaning given in s. 250.01 (4), Stats.

6. "Registered public health sanitarian" means an individual who is registered under s. 440.98, Stats., or is recognized as a "registered environmental health specialist/registered sanitarian" by the national environmental health association.

7. "Retail food establishment" has the meaning given in s. 97.30 (1) (c), Stats.

8. "Retail food program" means a program administered by a local agent pursuant to subch. II.

History: CR 07−093: cr. Register December 2008 No. 636, eff. 1−1−09; correction in (4) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register January 2009 No. 74; correction in (5) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register January 2016 No. 726; correction in (6) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (1) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register October 2018 No. 754.

ATCP 75.02 Authority, scope and purpose. (1) The department licenses and regulates retail food establishments under s. 97.30, Stats. Under s. 97.41, Stats., the department may authorize local health departments to license and regulate retail food establishments as local agents of the department.

(2) The department has adopted this subchapter and subch. II under authority granted under s. 97.07 (1), 97.30 (5), 97.41 (2) and (5), and 227.14 (1s), Stats.

(3) Subchapter II describes retail food establishment licensing requirements and procedures, and establishes food safety standards for retail food establishments. A retail food establishment must comply with the model food code, ch. ATCP 75 Appendix. Pursuant to s. 227.14 (1s), Stats., the department has adopted the model food code in the format published by the United States food and drug administration.

Subchapter II of ch. ATCP 74 describes the standards and procedures under which the department may authorize a local health department to license and inspect retail food establishments as the department’s local agent.

Note: Subchapter II of ch. ATCP 74 was repealed. This provision will be treated as future making.

History: CR 07−093: cr. Register December 2008 No. 636, eff. 1−1−09; correction in (2) to (4) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (2) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register October 2018 No. 754.

Subchapter II — Retail Food Establishments; Licensing and Standards

ATCP 75.03 Retail food establishments; licensing. (1) LICENSE REQUIRED. Except as provided under sub. (9), no person may operate a retail food establishment without a valid license issued by the department or an agent municipality or county. Licenses expire on June 30 annually. Each retail food establishment shall have a separate inspection, which shall be conducted displayed in the retail food establishment. A license is not transferable between persons or establishments.

(2) LICENSE APPLICATION. A person applying for a retail food establishment license shall apply on a form provided by the department, or by the agent municipality or county. The application shall include applicable fees required under this section.

(3) ANNUAL LICENSE FEE. An applicant for a retail food establishment license shall pay an annual license fee as follows:

(a) For a retail food establishment that has annual sales of at least $25,000 but less than $1,000,000 and processes potentially hazardous food, an annual license fee of $265.

(b) For a retail food establishment that has annual sales of at least $1,000,000 and processes potentially hazardous food, an annual license fee of $265.

(c) For a retail food establishment that has annual sales of at least $25,000 and is engaged in food processing, but does not process potentially hazardous food, an annual license fee of $190.

(d) For a retail food establishment that has annual food sales of less than $25,000, and is engaged in food processing, an annual license fee of $60.

(e) For a retail food establishment that is not engaged in food processing, an annual license fee of $45.

Note: A person applying for an annual retail food establishment license is required to pay, in addition to the license fee under sub. (3), a weights and measures inspection fee under s. ATCP 92.12. A license may not be issued or renewed unless applicable fees are paid. See s. 97.30 (3) (d) and (3m), Stats.

(4) REINSPECTION FEE. (a) If the department reinspection a retail food establishment because the department has found a violation of ch. 97, Stats., or this subchapter, on a regularly scheduled inspection, the department inspection, the department shall charge a reinspection fee to the retail food establishment operator the reinspection fee specified in par. (b). A reinspection fee is payable when the reinspection is completed, and is due upon written demand from the department. The department may issue a demand for payment when it issues a license renewal application form to the retail food establishment operator.

(b) The reinspection fee required under par. (a) is as follows:

1. For a retail food establishment that has annual food sales of at least $25,000 but less than $1,000,000, and processes potentially hazardous food, the reinspection fee is $190.

2. For a retail food establishment that has annual food sales of at least $1,000,000, and processes potentially hazardous food, the reinspection fee is $450.

3. For a retail food establishment that has annual food sales of at least $25,000, and is engaged in food processing but does not process potentially hazardous food, the reinspection fee is $190.

4. For a retail food establishment that has annual food sales of less than $25,000, and is engaged in food processing, the reinspection fee is $90.

5. For a retail food establishment that is not engaged in food processing, the reinspection fee is $90.

(5) ACTION ON LICENSE APPLICATION. Within 15 business days after the department or its agent municipality or county receives a complete license application, the department or its agent shall do one of the following:

(a) Grant the application.

(b) Deny the application. If the department or its agent denies the application it shall give the applicant written notice specifying the reasons for the denial.

(c) Issue an interim license under sub. (6).

(6) INTERIM LICENSE. The department or its agent municipality or county may issue an interim license, for a period not to exceed 40 business days, for a final action on an application for an annual license as the department or its agent deems necessary, before issuing a license to the retail food establishment. The department or its agent may not issue an interim license or a renewal license application, but it may issue an interim license before the interim license expires. If the department or its agent denies a license application before the applicant’s interim license expires, the interim license is automatically terminated when the applicant receives written notice of the denial. The holder of an interim license acquires no license rights beyond the date the interim license expires. If the department or its agent may not issue an interim license in response to a renewal application by the holder of an existing license.

(7) PRE-LICENSE INSPECTION. The department or its agent municipality or county may inspect a retail food establishment before it issues an annual license for a new retail food establishment until it issues the new retail food establishment license. The department or its agent may not issue an interim license or a renewal license for a new retail food establishment if it has reason to believe that the new retail food establishment will not meet the requirements set forth in this chapter.

Published under s. 35.93, Stats. Updated on the first day of each month. is the date the chapter was last published.
considered a new retail food establishment under this subsection solely because of a change of ownership, or solely because of alterations in the retail food establishment.

(b) PLAN REVIEW. A person may ask the department or its agent to review plans for the construction, reconstruction or alteration of a retail food establishment before the person constructs, reconstructs or alters the retail food establishment.

(c) LICENSE EXEMPTIONS. A retail food establishment license is not required under s. 97.36, Stats., or this section for any of the following:

1. A retail food establishment that sells packaged foods or fresh foods and vegetables, provided the establishment does not sell potentially hazardous food and does not engage in food processing.

2. A retail food establishment operating a food processing plant under s. 97.29, Stats., if all the following apply:
   a. The person operates the retail food establishment at the same location as the licensed food processing plant.
   b. Sales from the retail food establishment are included in the computation of the food processing plant license fee under s. 97.29, Stats.

(c) A retail food establishment operated by a person holding a restaurant permit issued under s. 97.605, Stats., if all of the following apply:

1. The person operates the retail food establishment at the same location as the restaurant for which the person holds a permit under s. 97.605, Stats.

2. Non—meal—food sales from that location comprise no more than 50% by dollar volume of all meal and non—meal food sales from that location. Sales of alcohol beverages and vitamin supplements shall be excluded from the calculation of food sales under this subdivision.

(d) A restaurant, vending machine, vending machine commissionary or other establishment such a permit is issued under s. 97.605, Stats., to the extent that the activities of the establishment are covered by that permit.

(e) A retail food establishment operated by a person holding a dairy license permit under ch. 97.41, Stats., if all the following apply:

1. The person operates the retail food establishment at the same location as the licensed dairy plant.

2. Food sales from that location, other than sales of dairy products produced at that location, comprise no more than 25% by dollar volume of all dairy and nondairy food sales from that location.

(f) A retail food establishment operated in conjunction with a state licensed or federally inspected meat establishment if all the following apply:

1. The meat establishment is licensed under s. 97.42, Stats., or inspected under 21 USC 661 et seq. or 21 USC 451 et seq.

2. The person operating the meat establishment operates the retail food establishment at the same location.

3. Food sales from that location, other than sales of inspected meat or meat products produced at that location, comprise no more than 25% by dollar volume of all meat and non—meat food sales from that location.

(g) A retail food establishment primarily engaged in selling fresh fruits and vegetables, honey, cider, sorghum, or maple syrup produced by the operator of the establishment if all the following apply:

1. The operation is licensed under s. 97.42, Stats., or inspected under 21 USC 661 et seq. or 21 USC 451 et seq.

2. The person operating the retail food establishment operates the retail food establishment at the same location.

3. Food sales from that location, other than sales of inspected meat or meat products produced at that location, comprise no more than 25% by dollar volume of all meat and non—meat food sales from that location.

ATCP 75.04 Denial, suspension or revocation of license; conditional license. The department or its agent may deny, suspend or revoke a license, or impose conditions on a license as provided under s. 93.06 (7) and (8), Stats. Except as otherwise provided by statute, rule or local ordinance, the suspension or revocation of a license shall comply with the prior notice requirements of s. 227.51, Stats.

ATCP 75.04—1 Authority and purpose. Sections 97.36 (6) and 97.625 (1), Stats., authorize the department to prescribe rules for restaurants and to enforce those rules for the purpose of protecting public health and safety. This subsection establishes definitions that sells sets standards for management and personnel and for safe food operations and equipment and facilities; provides for restaurant plan review, permit issuance, inspection and enforcement actions; and requires food protection practices certification for restaurant operators and managers. For purposes of ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, a restaurant is a type of food service establishment.

History: Cr. Register, January, 2001, No. 541, eff. 2−1−01; CR 04−093: am. Register June 2005 No. 594, eff. 7−1−05; CR 08−073: eff. from HFS 196.02 Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; rev. from DHS 196.02 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction made under s. 139.42 (b) 7., Stats. Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.102 Applicability. The provisions of this subsection, including ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, apply to any restaurant, mobile restaurant, temporary restaurant or special organization serving meals, except that Chapter 9 of ch. ATCP 75 Appendix applies only to mobile restaurants. Chapter 13 of ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, relating to food protection practices certification of operators and managers, does not apply to temporary restaurants or to special organizations serving meals.

History: Cr. Register, January, 2001, No. 541, eff. 2−1−01; CR 04−093: am. Register June 2005 No. 594, eff. 7−1−05; CR 08−073: rev. from HFS 196.02 Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; rev. from DHS 196.02 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction made under s. 139.42 (b) 7., Stats. Register June 2016 No. 726.
(4f) “Occasional” or “occasionally” means not more than 3 days during any 12-month period.

(4g) “Premises” means each individual building, space, or stand where food is prepared, served, or sold.

(4m) “Prepackaged restaurant” means a restaurant that serves only individually wrapped single food servings that are prepared and packaged off-premise by a licensed processor with preparation on the premise limited to heating and serving.

(5) “Restaurant” means any building, room or place where meals are prepared, served to transients or the general public, and all places used in connection with the building, room, or place and includes any public or private school lunchroom for which food service is provided by contract. “Restaurant” does not include any of the following:

(a) Taverns that serve free lunches consisting of popcorn, cheese, crackers, pretzels, cold sausage, cured fish, or bread and butter.

(b) Churches; religious, fraternal, youth, or patriotic organizations; service clubs; and civic organizations that occasionally prepare, serve, or sell meals to transients or the general public.

(c) Any public or private school lunchroom for which food service is directly provided by the school.

(d) Bed and breakfast establishments.

(e) A private individual selling food from a movable or temporary stand at a public farm sale.

(f) The serving of food or beverage through a licensed vending machine.

(g) Any college campus as defined in s. 36.05 (6m), Stats., institution as defined in s. 36.51 (1) (b), Stats., or technical college that serves meals only to the students enrolled in the college campus, institution or school or to authorized elderly persons under s. 36.51 (38), Stats.

(h) A concession stand at a locally sponsored sporting event, such as a little league game. In this paragraph, “Concession stand” means a food stand that serves food and is operated exclusively for the benefit of a participating youth sports team or program or the governing youth sports organization, and “locally sponsored sporting event” means a competitive game, taking place inside or outside the school, that is organized or sponsored by one or more local business, governmental, or other civic organization, or by parents of the youth, including a school-sponsored interscholastic sports competition.

Note: For the purposes of this subchapter, the term “restaurant” is synonymous with the term “food establishment” used in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix.

(6) “Special organization serving meals” means a restaurant licensed under s. 97.605, Stats., operated by a church or a religious, fraternal, youth or patriotic organization that has been in organization for an occasional sales promotion, serves, or sells meals to which members of the general public are invited, for at least 4 but not more than 12 days during any 12-month period. “Meals”, as used in this subsection, do not include a meal that is incidental to normal activities intended exclusively for members of the particular special organization nor does it include a meal served in conjunction with a church worship service, such as a funeral or wedding or to persons who attended that service.

(7) “Temporary restaurant” means a restaurant that operates at a fixed location in conjunction with a single event or celebration such as a fair, carnival, circus, public exhibition, or anniversary sale for a period of no more than 14 consecutive days or in conjunction with an occasional sales promotion.

History: Cr. Register, January, 2001, no. 541, eff. 2-1-01; Cr. 94-093: cr. (1g), (1r) and (4m), r. and recr. (6) Register June 2005 No. 594, eff. 7-1-05; Cr. 98-196, 99-198 and am. (2) Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2-1-09; CR 12-038: cr. (2g), (2r), (3m), (4f), (4f), (5) am. (7) Register June 2013 No. 690, eff. 9-1-13; renaming (2r) (c) to (2r) (c) (intro.), 1, to 9, under s. 13.92 (4) (b) (1) (a) in (intro.), (4), made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) (4), s. 97.605 (4) (a) 1., Stats., Register June 2013 No. 690, eff. 9-1-13; renaming (2r) (b) to (2r) (c) (intro.), 1, to 9, under s. 13.32 (4) (b) (1) in (intro.), (4), made under s. 13.32 (4) (b) (4), s. 97.605 (4) (a) 1., Stats., Register June 2013 No. 690, eff. 9-1-13; renumber, from DHS 196.03 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (intro.), (4), (6) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (2) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (2) (c) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 5., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (2) (c) 2., 5., (4m) 5., Stats. under s. 35.17, Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.104 Permits. (1) PERMIT REQUIRED. (a) Except as specified in pars. (c) and (d), no restaurant may be opened to the public until the owner of the restaurant has obtained a permit from the department or its agent by submitting an application under sub. (4) and paying the applicable fee specified in Table ATCP 75.105 B or C, whichever is applicable. A separate permit is required for each restaurant.

(b) If any permit holder sells or otherwise transfers ownership or operation of a restaurant to another person, except as provided in sub. (3), a new initial permit is required, and the restaurant may not be opened to the public until the department has issued a new permit.

(c) The contract cook who adheres to all of the following is exempt from the permit requirement under par. (a): (1) The contract cook is paid for his or her service, culinary skills, technique, or expertise.

(2) The contract cook either uses food provided by the person employing the cook’s services or the cook shops for food from a list provided by the person.

(3) The contract cook uses only the home kitchen of the person requesting the contract cook to prepare food for the person.

(4) The contract cook does not prepare or store food in bulk quantities for use at multiple sites or for meals served to the general public. If a contract cook prepares or stores food in bulk quantities for use at multiple sites or for meals served to the general public, the contract cook shall obtain a restaurant permit.

(5) The contract cook does not transport any portion of a meal prepared by the contract cook from one location to another location. If a contract cook transports or stores food in bulk quantities for use at multiple sites or for meals served to the general public, the contract cook shall obtain a restaurant permit.

(d) A caterer operating from the caterer’s permitted restaurant is not required to obtain a restaurant permit for the locations where the caterer serves food.

(2) PERMIT DURATION AND RENEWAL. (a) Each permit issued under this subchapter expires on June 30, except that a permit initially issued during the period beginning on April 1 and ending on June 30 expires on June 30 of the following year.

(b) Each permit shall be renewed annually as provided in sub. (4) (b).

(3) TRANSFERABILITY OF PERMITS. An individual may transfer a permit to an immediate family member, as defined in s. 97.605 (4) (a) 2., Stats., if the individual transferring ownership of the restaurant remains at the same physical location, unless that physical location has been transferred to another person or entity.

Note: Under s. 97.605 (4) (a) 2., Stats., “Immediate family member” means a spouse, grandparent, parent, sibling, child, stepchild, or grandchild.

(4) PERMIT APPLICATION. (a) Initial permit. Application for an initial or new permit shall be made on an application form furnished by the department or its agent and shall be accompanied by all of the following:

1. The applicable fees specified under s. ATCP 75.105 and any fees previously due to the department or its agent.

2. Documentation that the department of safety and professional services has approved plans and specifications for the restaurant, if required.

3. Information, as determined by the department or its agent, indicating that the restaurant will be maintained and operated in compliance with applicable federal, state, and local laws and that it will be in conformance with the requirements of the department that will protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.

Note: To obtain a copy of the retail food establishment – restaurant operator license application form, or to determine which agent to contact for an application, call (608) 242-4923 or send an e-mail to licenseinfo@wi.gov.

(b) Renewal permit. To renew the license of a restaurant, the owner shall pay the department, the license fee specified under Table ATCP 75.105 B or C, as applicable, before the license expires. If the payment to renew the license of an establishment is not made to the department before the expiration date of the establishment license, the late fee specified under s. ATCP 75.105 (4) (e) shall be paid in addition to the license fee.

Note: Local health departments that are agents for the department have authority under s. 97.615 (2) (d), Stats., to establish and collect fees for licenses issued by the local health department. If your establishment was licensed by a local health department, contact the local health department for its license fee schedule.

(5) DEPARTMENT ACTION ON PERMIT APPLICATION. (a) The department or its agent shall issue or deny a permit within 30 days after receiving a complete application, all applicable fees, and the other information required under sub. (4).

(b) Except as provided in s. 93.135, Stats., the initial issuance, renewal, or continued validity of a permit issued under this paragraph may be conditioned upon the requirement that the permit holder correct a violation of this subchapter, s. 97.605, Stats., or ordinances adopted under s. 97.615 (2) (g), Stats., within a period of time specified. If the condition is not met within the specified time or after an extension of time as approved by the department, the permit is void. No person may operate a restaurant after a permit has been voided under this paragraph, and any person who does so shall be subject to the penalties under ss. 97.72 and 97.73, Stats. An operator whose permit is voided under this paragraph may appeal the decision under s. ATCP 75.108.

(c) The department or its agent may issue a temporary permit to operate a restaurant under any of the following circumstances:

1. The department or its agent has not conducted a preinspection of a restaurant for which an initial or new permit is required under sub. (1).

2. The owner of a restaurant has not corrected a condition for which the department or agent has issued a written health or safety–related order.

3. All applicable fees under s. ATCP 75.105 have not been paid, including the permit fee, preinspection fee, reinspection fee, or other applicable fees.

4. The owner or agent has modified, retrained or maintained the permit in a manner that is not in accordance with what the department recognizes as safe practice as outlined in this subchapter.

5. The owner, applicant, or permit holder has failed to provide the department or its agent with information required under sub. (4).

Published under s. 35.93, Stats. Updated on the first day of each month. Entire code is always current. The Register date on each page is the date the chapter was last published.
(d) If the department or its agent denies an application for a permit, the applicant shall be given reasons, in writing, for the denial and information regarding appeal rights under s. ATCP 75.108.

(6) VOIDED PERMIT FOR FAIL TO PAY FEES. If an applicant or owner fails to pay all applicable fees, late fees and processing charges under s. ATCP 75.105 within 15 days after the applicant or owner receives notice of an insufficiency of funds, under s. ATCP 75.105 (6), or within 45 days after the expiration of the permit, whichever occurs first, the permit is void. An owner whose permit is voided under this subsection may appeal the decision under s. ATCP 75.108. In an appeal concerning a voided permit under this subsection, the burden is on the permit applicant or owner to show that the entire applicable fees, late fees and processing charges have been paid. During any appeal process concerning a payment dispute, operation of the restaurant is deemed to be operation without a permit and is subject to the fees under s. ATCP 75.105 (4) (e) in addition to the fees otherwise due, unless the applicant or owner meets its burden of proof under this subsection.

(7) PERMIT CATEGORIZATION. A current permit issued by the department shall be posted in a place visible to the public. A permit may not be altered or defaced.

History: Cr. Register, January 2001, No. 541, eff. 2−1−01; CR 01−016; r. and recr. (2) (b) to (e), cr. (f) and (2m) Register May 2002 No. 557, eff. 6−1−02; CR 04−993; am. (1) (b), (2) (b) 4. and table HFS 196.04, cr. (1) (d) and (e) Register June 2005 No. 594, eff. 7−1−05; CR 06−073: renum. from HFS 196.04, r. and recr. Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; corrections in (4) (b) and (6) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register January 2009 No. 637; correction in (4) (a) 2. made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register January 2012 No. 673; renum. from DHS 196.04 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (1) (a), (2) (a), (3), (4) (a) 1., (b), (5) (b), (c) 3., 4., 6., (d) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.105 Department fees. (1) DEFINITION. In this subsection, "seating capacity" means the number of seats available for use by restaurant patrons.

(2) RESTAURANT PERMIT CATEGORY ASSIGNMENT. (a) 1. Except with respect to a prepackaged restaurant, a temporary restaurant, or a mobile restaurant base with no food preparation, the department shall assign a restaurant to a permit category by evaluating the complexity of the restaurant based on the criteria specified in Table ATCP 75.105 A.

2. A restaurant whose point value equals zero, shall be included in the simple permit category.

3. A restaurant whose point value is at least one but not greater than 4 shall be included in the moderate permit category.

4. A restaurant whose point value equals 5 or greater shall be included in the complex permit category.

5. A restaurant that has been ordered closed by a state or local health department or that has caused a foodborne outbreak within the previous licensing year shall be included in the complex permit category.

Note: Cause of foodborne outbreaks are determined using standard epidemiological practices.

(b) The operator of a restaurant may ask the department to reconsider the restaurant’s permit category assignment within 30 days of the category assignment.

Note: To request reconsideration of permit category assignment call the Bureau of Environmental Health at 608−266−2835 or send your written request to the Bureau of Environmental Health, P.O. Box 2659, Madison, WI 53701−2659.

Table ATCP 75.105 A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Complexity Factors</th>
<th>Point(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food is not prepared until an order is placed.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food items are held hot for one meal period or for a maximum amount of hours, whichever is less.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food preparation is limited to mixing together prepackaged products that do not need to be cooked further except for aesthetic reasons (such as frozen soup concentrate with milk), or to condiment preparation (such as slicing pickles and onions).</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The restaurant contains a self−service salad or food bar.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The restaurant handles raw poultry, meat, or seafood.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The seating capacity of the restaurant or operation is 50 or more.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food is served through a drive through window for food pickup.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The restaurant promotes delivery of ready−to−eat food products to customers.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Potentially hazardous foods are cooled, reheated, or hot or cold held for service longer than 4 hours. 1 |

Food is prepared in one location and then transported to be served in another location. 1 |

The restaurant contains or uses banquet facilities as well as main dining area. 1 |

Food is served that requires preparation activities such as chopping, dicing, slicing, boiling, and blanching in order for that product to be served. 1 |

(3) FEES SCHEDULES. The fees listed in Table ATCP 75.105 B shall apply to permits issued from April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2011. The fees listed in Table ATCP 75.105 C shall apply to permits issued on or after April 1, 2011.

Note: Local health departments that are agents for the department have authority under s. 97.615 (2) (d), Stats., to establish and collect fees permits issued by the local health department. If your establishment was permitted by a local health department, contact the local health department for its permit fee schedule.

(4) TYPES OF FEES. (a) Preinspection fee. The owner of a restaurant shall, pursuant to sub. (4), pay the applicable preinspection fee listed in Table ATCP 75.105 B or C to the department before an initial or new permit is issued under s. ATCP 75.104.

(b) Permit fee. The operator of a restaurant that serves meals prepared from raw, canned, dried, packaged or frozen foods shall, pursuant to sub. (4), pay an annual permit fee to the department as listed in Table ATCP 75.105 B or C for each restaurant that the operator applies for a permit to operate under s. ATCP 75.104 (1) or (2). Except for a prepackaged restaurant, a temporary restaurant, or a mobile restaurant base with no food preparation, the annual permit fee shall be based on the permit category assigned to the restaurant under sub. (2). In addition $100.00 shall be charged per area for any physically separate food holding, serving, or preparation area.

(c) Late fee. If the permit fee for a permit renewal is not paid before the expiration date of the permit, the owner of the restaurant shall pay to the department a late fee of $85.00 in addition to the renewal permit fee.

(d) Reinspection fee. If the department conducts a reinspection of a restaurant under s. ATCP 75.106 (1) (b) the owner shall, pursuant to sub. (4), pay to the department the applicable reinspection fee listed in Table ATCP 75.105 B or C. The department shall assess an additional reinspection fee as listed in Table ATCP 75.105 B or C, whichever is applicable, for any additional reinspection conducted under s. ATCP 75.104 (1) (2). Except for a prepackaged restaurant, a temporary restaurant, or a mobile restaurant base with no food preparation, the annual reinspection fee shall be based on the permit category assigned to the restaurant under sub. (2).

(e) Fees for operating without a permit. Any restaurant found to be operating without a permit shall pay to the department a fee of $749.00, in addition to all applicable fees and any processing charges under s. ATCP 75.104 (6). Note: Anyone operating a restaurant without a permit is also subject to a fine of not less than $100 nor more than $1,000 under s. 97.72, Stats.

(f) Duplicate permit. The department shall charge the operator of a restaurant $35 for a duplicate permit.

(g) Fees for special condition inspections. For inspection or consultation activities that are not directly related to the department’s permitting and licensing responsibilities, the departments shall charge the operator or the entity requesting the inspection or consultation $175.

(h) Fee for operating without a Wisconsin certified food manager. The department shall charge the operator of a restaurant $150 for operating without a Wisconsin certified food manager.

Note: Requirements for certified food managers may be found in Chapter 12 of ch. ATCP 75 Appendix.

(5) METHOD OF PAYMENT. If the payment for an initial or renewal permit is by check or other draft drawn upon an account containing insufficient funds, the applicant or owner shall, within 15 days after receipt of notice from the department of the insufficiency, pay all applicable fees under sub. (4) and the financial institution’s processing charges by cashier’s check or other certified draft, money order, or cash.

(6) CHANGE OF OPERATOR. The operator of a restaurant shall promptly notify the department in writing of his or her intention to cease operations and shall supply the department with the name and mailing address of any prospective new operator.

Note: To notify the Department of a change in operator, call (608) 224−4923 or send an e−mail to datcpdfslicensing@wl.gov.

(7) PLAN REVIEW. An operator of a new or extensively remodeled restaurant shall submit equipment layout plans, equipment schedules, detailed descriptions of food processing operations, and menus to the department or its agent for review as requested. The department or its agent may require an operator to submit this documentation when a change of ownership has occurred. Submission of plans under this subsection does not replace or supersedes plan review requirements of the Wisconsin department of safety and professional services, division of industry services.
Table ATCP 75.105 B
Fee Schedule — SFY 2010
For permits issued April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Category</th>
<th>Permit Fee</th>
<th>Preinspection Fee</th>
<th>First Reinspection Fee</th>
<th>Second and Subsequent Reinspection Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prepackaged Restaurant</td>
<td>$90</td>
<td>$115</td>
<td>$86</td>
<td>$115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simple Restaurant</td>
<td>$195</td>
<td>$265</td>
<td>$199</td>
<td>$265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate Restaurant</td>
<td>$300</td>
<td>$425</td>
<td>$319</td>
<td>$425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complex Restaurant</td>
<td>$430</td>
<td>$610</td>
<td>$458</td>
<td>$610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary Restaurant</td>
<td>$165</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Restaurant Base with no food preparation</td>
<td>$90</td>
<td>$115</td>
<td>$86</td>
<td>$115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional Area</td>
<td>$100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table ATCP 75.105 C
Fee Schedule — SFY 2012
For permits issued on or after April 1, 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Category</th>
<th>Permit Fee</th>
<th>Preinspection Fee</th>
<th>First Reinspection Fee</th>
<th>Second and Subsequent Reinspection Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prepackaged Restaurant</td>
<td>$105</td>
<td>$130</td>
<td>$98</td>
<td>$130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simple Restaurant</td>
<td>$230</td>
<td>$320</td>
<td>$240</td>
<td>$320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate Restaurant</td>
<td>$330</td>
<td>$470</td>
<td>$353</td>
<td>$470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complex Restaurant</td>
<td>$540</td>
<td>$770</td>
<td>$578</td>
<td>$770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary Restaurant</td>
<td>$170</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Restaurant Base with no food preparation</td>
<td>$105</td>
<td>$165</td>
<td>$98</td>
<td>$130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional Area</td>
<td>$80</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

History: CR 08–073; cr., Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2–1–09; correction in (7) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register January 2012 No. 673; CR 12–035; am. Table A, (7) Register June 2013 No. 690, eff. 9–1–13; renum. from DHS 196.05 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (2) (a) 1., (3), (4) (a), (b), (d), (e), Table A, B, C made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (7) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.106 Enforcement. (1) INSPECTIONS AND ACCESS TO THE PREMISES. (a) Inspections. Under ss. 97.615 (2) and 97.65 (1), Stats., an authorized employee or agent of the department, upon presenting proper identification, may enter any restaurant at any reasonable time, for any of the following purposes:
1. To inspect the restaurant.
2. To determine if there has been a violation of this subchapter, ch. ATCP 75 Appendix, or ss. 97.603 to 97.65, Stats.
3. To determine compliance with previously written violation orders.
4. To secure samples or specimens.
5. To examine and copy relevant documents and records provided such information is related to the operation of the restaurant.
6. To obtain photographic or other evidence needed to enforce this subchapter.
(b) Reinspections. 1. The department or its agent may reinspect a restaurant whenever an inspection or the investigation of a complaint reveals the existence of a violation that is potentially hazardous to the health and welfare of patrons or employees of the restaurant.
2. A reinspection shall be scheduled to allow the owner a reasonably sufficient time to correct the deficiencies.
3. A reinspection fee shall be charged for the reinspection according to Table ATCP 75.105 B or C, whichever is applicable, or the applicable charges as determined by an agent of the department.
4. If an additional reinspection is required because a violation has not been corrected in the scheduled time, the department shall assess the owner an additional reinspection fee according to Table ATCP 75.105 B or C, whichever is applicable, as authorized under s. ATCP 75.105. The department may order the owner to show just cause why the permit should not be suspended or revoked under s. ATCP 75.107.
2. GENERAL ORDERS TO CORRECT VIOLATIONS. (a) If upon inspection of a restaurant, the department or agent finds that the restaurant is not designed, constructed, equipped or operated as required under this subchapter, the department or agent shall issue a written order to correct the violation. The order shall specify the correction needed for compliance and the time period within which the correction should be made. The time period specified in the order may be extended at the discretion of the department or agent.
(b) If the order to correct violations is not carried out by the expiration of the time period stated in the order, or any extension granted for compliance, the department or agent may issue an order under s. ATCP 75.107 to suspend or revoke the permit to operate the restaurant.
(c) Under s. 97.12 (5), Stats., any person who fails to comply with an order of the department shall forfeit $50 for each day of noncompliance after the order is served upon or directed to him or her. A person may appeal a forfeiture under s. ATCP 75.108.
3. TEMPORARY ORDERS. (a) As provided in s. 97.65, Stats., whenever the department or agent has reasonable cause to believe that an immediate danger to health or safety exists as a result of an inspection under sub. (1), the department or agent may issue a temporary order without advance notice or hearing to do any of the following:
1. Prohibit the continued operation or method of operation of specific equipment.
2. Require the premises to cease operations and close until remedies are applied which eliminate the immediate danger to health or safety.
(b) 1. A temporary order shall take effect upon delivery to the operator or responsible supervisor. Except as provided in par. (c), the temporary order shall remain in effect for 14 days from the date of delivery, but a temporary order may be reissued for one additional 14-day period if necessary to complete any analysis or examination of samples, specimens, or other evidence.
2. No operation or method of operation prohibited by the temporary order may be resumed without the approval of the department or agent until the order has terminated or the time period specified in subd. 1. has expired, whichever occurs first. If, upon completed analysis or examination, the department or agent determines that construction, sanitary condition, operation or method of operation of the premises or equipment does not constitute an immediate danger to health or safety, the department or agent shall immediately notify the owner, operator or responsible supervisor in writing and the temporary order shall terminate upon receipt of the written notice.
(c) If the analysis or examination shows that the construction, sanitary condition, operation or method of operation of the premises or equipment constitutes an immediate danger to health or safety, the department or agent, within the effective period of the temporary order specified in par. (b) 1., shall provide written notice of the findings to the owner, operator or responsible supervisor. Upon receipt of the notice, the temporary order remains in effect until a final decision is issued under s. ATCP 75.108. The notice shall include a statement that the facility has a right to request a hearing under s. ATCP 75.108 within 15 days after issuance of the notice.
(d) Any person who fails to comply with a temporary order issued by the department may be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned not more than one year in the county jail, or both, under s. 97.65 (5) (a), Stats.

Published under s. 35.93, Stats. Updated on the first day of each month. Entire code is always current. The Register date on each page is the date the chapter was last published.
ATCP 75.56

Wisconsin Administrative Code

Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (3) (b) 1. under s. 35.17, Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.108 Suspension or revocation of permit. The department may, after a hearing under s. ATCP 75.108, suspend or revoke a permit for violation of ss. 97.30 to 97.33 and 97.65, Stats., this subchapter, ch. ATCP 75 Appendix by the agent, or an order to show cause that a voided permit, suspension, revocation, forfeiture, or an order given under s. ATCP 75.106 (1) (a) 4. or 2. shall be submitted in writing to the department of administration’s facsimile machine on the transaction report that accompanies the document. Documents received by facsimile after midnight local time shall be deemed filed on the first following business day.

Note: Effective 7–1–16, pursuant to 2015 Wis. Act 55 and s. 227.43 (1m), Stats., ATCP 75 Appendix by the agent, or an order to show cause that a voided permit, suspension, revocation, forfeiture, or an order given under s. ATCP 75.106 (1) (a) 4. or 2. shall be submitted in writing to the department of administration’s facsimile machine on the transaction report that accompanies the document. Documents received by facsimile after midnight local time shall be deemed filed on the first following business day.

(b) A request for hearing that is mailed to the division of hearings and appeals shall be considered filed with the division on the date of the postmark. A request for hearing that is hand–delivered to the division of hearings and appeals shall be considered filed on the date the request is received by the division of hearings and appeals.

d) A request for hearing transmitted by facsimile to the division of hearings and appeals shall be considered filed on the date and time imprint by the division’s facsimile machine on the transaction report that accompanies the document. Documents received by facsimile after midnight local time shall be deemed filed on the first following business day.

ATCP 75.108 Appeals of actions by the department. (1) Except as provided in par. (2), a request for hearing for denial of a permit, a voided permit, suspension, revocation, forfeiture, or an order given under s. ATCP 75.106 (1) (a) 4. or 2. shall be submitted in writing to the department of administration’s facsimile machine on the transaction report that accompanies the document. Documents received by facsimile after midnight local time shall be deemed filed on the first following business day.

(c) A request for hearing that is hand–delivered to the division of hearings and appeals shall be considered filed on the date the request is received by the division of hearings and appeals.

ATCP 75.108 Appeals of actions by the department. (1) Except as provided in par. (2), a request for hearing for denial of a permit, a voided permit, suspension, revocation, forfeiture, or an order given under s. ATCP 75.106 (1) (a) 4. or 2. shall be submitted in writing to the department of administration’s facsimile machine on the transaction report that accompanies the document. Documents received by facsimile after midnight local time shall be deemed filed on the first following business day.

History: CR 08–073; cr. Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2–1–09; rem. from DHS 196.08 Register June 2016 No. 726 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.110 Appeals of actions by agent health departments. If an agent issues a permit under this subchapter, the agent shall create enforcement and appeal procedures under ss. 66.6147 and 97.615 (2) (a), Stats.

ATCP 75.110 Special organizations serving meals. (1) APPLICABLE RULES. In addition to the specific requirements of this subchapter, Chapters 1 to 7 in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix apply to special organizations serving meals as applicable.

ATCP 75.110 Special organizations serving meals. (1) APPLICABLE RULES. In addition to the specific requirements of this subchapter, Chapters 1 to 7 in ch. ATCP 75 Appendix apply to special organizations serving meals as applicable.

Note: A request for a hearing under sub. (2). may be submitted by mail or hand–delivered to the Department of Health Services, at 1 W. Wilson St., Room 650, P.O. Box 7850, Madison, WI, 53707–7850, or faxed to the Department at (608) 224–5304, mailed to PO Box 8911, Madison, Wisconsin 53708–8911, or hand delivered to 2811 Agriculture Drive, Madison, Wisconsin 53718.

(c) As a condition for requesting a hearing under this subchapter to appeal the voiding of a permit, an applicant or owner shall comply with sub. (3). In an appeal concerning voiding a permit, the burden is on the applicant or owner to show that the entire applicable fees, late fees and processing charges have been paid.

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(c) As a condition for requesting a hearing under this subchapter to appeal the voiding of a permit, an applicant or owner shall comply with sub. (3). In an appeal concerning voiding a permit, the burden is on the applicant or owner to show that the entire applicable fees, late fees and processing charges have been paid.
consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance, or if it is otherwise unfit for human consumption; if it has been processed, prepared, packed, held, distributed, sold, or otherwise handled or handled under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth, or whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health; if it is in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal, or an animal which has died otherwise than by slaughter; or if its container is composed in whole or in part of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health.

(2) “Agent” means the city or county designated by the department to make investigations or inspections of vending machines, vending machine operations, and vending machine commissioners for compliance with this subchapter.

(3) “Approved” means acceptable to the department, based on its determination of conformance with this subchapter and good public health practices.

(4) “Closed” means fitted together snugly, leaving no openings large enough to permit the entrance of vermin.

(5) “Department” means the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection.

(6) “Food” means any raw, cooked or processed edible substance, beverage, ice, water, or ingredient used or intended for use in whole or in part for human consumption.

(7) “Food contact surfaces” means those surfaces of equipment and utensils with which food normally comes in contact and those surfaces with which food may come in contact and drain back onto surfaces normally in contact with food.

(8) “Hot liquid food or beverage” means liquid food or beverage, the temperature of which at the time of service to the consumer is at least 155° F. (68°C).

(9) “Milk and milk products” means grade A milk and grade A milk products.

(10) “Person” means an individual, partnership, association, firm, company, corporation, city, village, county or town, whether tenant, owner, lessee or licensee, or the agent, heir or assignee of any of these.

(11) “Potentially hazardous food” means any food that consists in whole or in part of milk, milk products, eggs, meat, poultry, fish, shellfish, edible crustacea or any other ingredients, including synthetic ingredients, which are in forms capable of supporting rapid and progressive growth of infectious or toxic microorganisms.

(12) “Sealed” means free of cracks or other openings which permit the entry of airborne microorganisms. “Potentially hazardous food” does not include: clean, whole or fresh fruits or vegetables; clean, whole or fresh eggs or shell eggs; clean, whole or fresh shellfsh; clean, whole or fresh or salted fish, clean, whole or fresh shellfish, clean, whole or fresh edible crustacea; clean, whole or fresh shell eggs, or shell eggs that have been properly washed, treated, and dried to meet the food code standards; clean, whole or fresh poultry; clean, whole or fresh meat; clean, whole or fresh seafood; pack,卡拉, canned, or processed foods that are pasteurized, acidified, or otherwise commercially processed; foods in cans, bottles, jars or other containers that are not subject to the treatment described in (12) above; and foods that are heated to a process temperature of at least 115° F. (46°C) and immediately cooled to a temperature of 45° F. (7°C) or below or a water activity (a) of less than 0.85 or less under standard conditions.

(13) “Single—service article” means a cup, container, lid or closure, plate, knife, fork, spoon, stirrer, paddle, straw, place mat, napkin, doily, wrapping material, and any other article which is constructed wholly or in part out of paper, paperboard, molded pulp, foil, wood, plastic, synthetic or other readily destructible material, and which is intended by the manufacturer and generally recognized as being for one usage only, and then to be discarded.

(14) “Vending machine” means any self-service device offered for public use which, upon insertion of a coin or token, or by other means, dispenses unit servings of food or beverage either in bulk or in package, without the necessity of re排列ing the device between each vending operation. “Vending machine” does not include a device which dispenses only bottled, prepackaged or canned soft drinks, a one cent vending device, a vending machine dispensing only candy, gum, soap, cookies, or crackers, vending machines dispensing only prepackaged grade A pasteurized milk or milk products.

(15) “Vending machine commissary” means any building, room or place in the room, enclosure, space, or area where or one more vending machines are installed and operated.

(16) “Vending machine operator” or “operator” has the meaning prescribed in s. 97.01 (15w), Stats., namely, the person maintaining a place of business in the state and responsible for the operation of one or more vending machines.

History: Cr. Register, June, 1985, No. 354, eff. 7−1−85; correction in (16) and (17) made under s. 13.92 (12) (b) 7., Stats., Register, January, 1995, No. 406, CR 98−073: remun from HFS 199.03 and am. (5) Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; remun from DHS 199.03 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (16) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (5) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.56 Permits.

(1) PERMIT REQUIRED. (a) No person may operate a vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage unless the person, the vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage has a permit from the department.

(b) To receive an operator’s permit or a commission permit for a vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage, the operator shall submit an application under sub. (4) and pay the applicable fee specified in s. 97.65. Each application for a permit of an establishment is not made to the department before the expiration date of the establishment permit, the late fee specified under s. ATCP 75.205 (2) (c) shall be paid in addition to the permit fee.

(2) PERMIT DURATION AND RENEWAL. (a) Each permit issued under this subchapter expires on June 30, except that a permit initially issued during the period beginning on April 1 and ending on June 30 expires on June 30 of the following year.

(b) Each permit shall be renewed annually as provided in sub. (4) (b).

(3) TRANSFERABILITY OF PERMITS. An individual may transfer a permit to an immediate family member, as defined in s. 77.065 (4) (a) 2., Stats., if the individual is transferring operation of a vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage.

(4) PERMIT APPLICATION. (a) Initial permit. Application for an initial or new permit shall be made on an application form furnished by the department and shall be accompanied by all of the following:

1. The applicable fees specified under s. ATCP 75.205 and any fees previously due to the department.

2. Information, as determined by the department, indicating that the vending machine, vending machine commissary, vending machine commissary storage, and any remaining food will be maintained and operated in compliance with applicable federal and state laws and that rules have been implemented for the operation of the vending machine or vending machine commissary that will protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.

(b) Renewal permit. To renew the permit of an establishment, the operator shall pay the department, the applicable establishment permit fee specified under s. ATCP 75.205 before the permit expires. If the payment to renew the permit of an establishment is not made to the department before the expiration date of the establishment permit, the late fee specified under s. ATCP 75.205 (2) (c) shall be paid in addition to the permit fee.

(c) DEPARTMENT OR AGENT ACTION ON PERMIT APPLICATION. (a) The department, or its agent has issued a written health or safety−related order.

(b) Except as provided in s. 93.135, Stats., the initial issuance, renewal, or continued validity of a permit may be conditioned upon the requirement that the permit holder correct a violation of this subchapter, ss. 97.603 to 97.65, Stats., or ordinances adopted under s. 97.615 (2) (g), Stats., within a period of time specified. If the condition is not met within the specified time, the permit shall be void. No person may operate a vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage after the permit for the operator, vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage has been voided under this paragraph, and any person who does so shall be subject to the penalties under s. 97.72 and 97.73, Stats. An owner whose permit is voided under this paragraph may appeal the decision under s. ATCP 75.208.

(c) The department may refuse to issue or renew a permit to operate a vending machine commissary or vending machine commissary storage under any of the following circumstances:

1. The department or its agent has not conducted a preinspection of the vending machine commissary or vending machine commissary storage for which an initial or new permit is required under sub. (1).

2. The operator of a vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage has not corrected a condition for which the department or agent has issued a written health or safety−related order.

3. All applicable fees under s. ATCP 75.205 have not been paid, including the permit fee, preinspection fee, reinspection fee, or other applicable fees.

4. The vending machine has modified, renewed, or renewed the permit of an operator for a vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage in a manner that is not in accordance with what the department or agent has approved in this subchapter.

5. The vending machine operator, applicant, or permit holder has failed to provide the department or its agent with information required under sub. (4).

6. The vending machine operator or applicant has violated ch. 97, Stats., this subchapter, or any ordinance, regulation, rule of the county, town, city, village, village, or local board of health having jurisdiction, provided such violation is

Published under s. 35.93, Stats. Updated on the first day of each month.

Entire code is always current. The Register date on each page is the date the chapter was last published.
related to the operation of the vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage.

(d) If the department denies an application for a permit, the applicant shall be given reasons, in writing, for the denial and information regarding appeal rights under s. ATCP 75.208.

(6) VOIDED PERMIT FOR FAILURE TO PAY FEES. If an applicant or vending machine operator fails to pay all applicable fees, late fees and processing charges under s. ATCP 75.205 within 15 days after the applicant or operator receives notice of an insufficiency under s. ATCP 75.205 (3), or within 45 days after the expiration of the permit, whichever occurs first, the permit is voided. An operator whose permit is voided under this subsection may appeal the decision under s. ATCP 75.208. In an appeal concerning a voided permit under this subsection, the burden is on the permit applicant or operator to show that the entire applicable preinspection fee, late fees and processing charges have been paid. During any appeal process concerning a payment dispute, operation of the vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage is deemed to be operation without a permit and is subject to the fees under s. ATCP 75.205 (2) (e) in addition to the fees otherwise due, unless the applicant or operator meets its burden of proof under this subsection.

(7) PERMIT POSTING. A current permit issued by the department shall be posted in a place visible to the public. A permit may not be altered or defaced.

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<th>Type of Permit</th>
<th>Permit Fee</th>
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<th>First Reinspection Fee</th>
<th>Second and Subsequent Reinspection Fee</th>
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History: CR 08–073; cr. Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2–1–09; corrections in (2) (e) 2. made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register January 2009 No. 637; remum, from DHS 198.04 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (1) (a), (2) (a), (3) (a) L, (b) L, (c) S, 4., 6., (d) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

Atcp 75.206 Enforcement. (1) INSPECTIONS AND ACCESS TO THE PREMISES. (a) Inspections. Under ss. 97.615 (2) and 97.615 (1), Stats., an authorized employee or agent of the department, upon presenting proper identification, may enter any vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage at any reasonable time, for any of the following purposes:

1. To inspect the vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage.

2. To determine if there has been a violation of this subchapter or ss. 97.603 to 97.65, Stats.

3. To determine compliance with previously written violation orders.

4. To secure samples or specimens.

5. To examine and copy relevant documents and records provided such information is related to the operation of the vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary.

Register July 2020 No. 775

Published under s. 35.93, Stats. Updated on the first day of each month. Entire code is always current. The Register date on each page is the date the chapter was last published.
6. To obtain photographic or other evidence needed to enforce this subchapter.

(b) Requisitions. 1. The department or its agent may inspect a vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage whenever an inspection or the investigation of a complaint reveals the existence of a violation that is potentially hazardous to the health and welfare of patrons of the vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage.

2. A requisition shall be served to the operator reasonably sufficiently to correct the deficiencies.

3. A requisition fee shall be charged for the examination according to Table ATCP 75.205 A or B, applicable charges as determined by an agent of the department.

4. If an additional inspection is required because a violation has not been corrected in the scheduled time, the department shall assess the operator an additional inspection fee to the requisition fee in Table ATCP 75.205 A or B, as applicable, authorized under s. ATCP 75.205 (2) (d), and the department may order the operator to show just cause why the permit should not be suspended or revoked under s. ATCP 75.207.

(2) TO CORRECT VIOLATIONS. (a) If upon inspection of a vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage, the department or agent finds that the vending machine, vending machine commissary, or vending machine commissary storage is not designed, constructed, equipped, or operated as required under this subchapter, the department or agent shall issue a written order to correct the violation. The order shall specify the correction needed for compliance and the time period within which the correction should be made. The time period specified in the order may be extended at the discretion of the department or agent.

(b) If the order to correct violations is not carried out by the expiration of the time period, the order or any extension of time granted for compliance, the department or agent may issue an order under s. ATCP 75.207 to suspend or revoke the permit to operate the vending machine or vending machine commissary.

(c) Under s. 97.12 (5), Stats., any person who fails to comply with an order of the department shall forfeit $50 for each day of noncompliance after the order is served upon or directed to him or her. A person may appeal a forfeiture under s. 97.12 (5) (b) 1. Stats.

(3) TEMPORARY ORDERS. (a) As provided in s. 97.65, Stats., whenever the department or agent has reasonable cause to believe that an immediate danger to health or safety exists as a result of an inspection under sub. (1), the department or agent may issue a temporary order under s. ATCP 75.207 to suspend or revoke the permit to operate the vending machine or vending machine commissary.

(b) If the department, or agent issues an order under s. ATCP 75.207 to suspend or revoke the permit to operate the vending machine or vending machine commissary, the order shall specify the correction needed for compliance and the time period within which the correction should be made. The time period specified in the order may be extended at the discretion of the department or agent.

(c) Under s. 97.12 (5), Stats., any person who fails to comply with an order of the department shall forfeit $50 for each day of noncompliance after the order is served upon or directed to him or her. A person may appeal a forfeiture under s. 97.12 (5) (b) 1. Stats.

(d) If an order of noncompliance is issued, the temporary order shall remain in effect for 14 days from the date of the order.

(e) If the order of noncompliance is issued, the temporary order shall remain in effect for 14 days from the date of the order. A request for hearing that is mailed to the division of hearings and appeals under s. ATCP 75.206 (3) shall be submitted within 10 days following the conclusion of the hearing.

(f) The department shall issue a permit for each vending machine approved under sub. (1).

75.206 (1) (b) 4. (2) Subsection (1) (b) 4. applies to vending machines or a vending machine commissary, write: Bureau of Public Health, 134 N. 80th St., Madison, Wisconsin 53718. The criteria may be reviewed at the offices of the department or agent.

75.206 (3) A reinspection fee shall be charged for the reinspection according to Table ATCP 75.205 A or B, applicable charges as determined by an agent of the department.

75.207 (1) Compliance with restaurant rules.

An operator shall comply with restaurant rules.

(2) Effective period of the temporary order specified in par. (b) 1. shall provide written notice of the temporary order.

(3) If the department voids a permit under s. ATCP 75.204 (6), the vending machine operator shall submit, within 15 days after receipt of the notice of the department’s action, documentary evidence that all applicable fees, late fees and processing charges have been paid and that there are no outstanding payments due to the department.

Note: Register June 2016 No. 726; correction made under s. 97.12 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

History: CR 08−073: cr. Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; eff. 1−1−09; eff. 1−1−09 from DHS 198.08 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

75.209 Appeals of actions by agent health departments.

If an agent issues a permit under this subchapter, the agent shall create enforcement and appeal procedures under ss. 66.0417 and 97.615 (2) (g), Stats.

Note: To obtain a copy of the application form for a permit to operate vending machines or a vending machine commissary, write: Bureau of Public Health, 134 N. 80th St., Madison, Wisconsin 53718.

History: CR 08−073: cr. Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; eff. 1−1−09; eff. 1−1−09 from DHS 198.09 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

75.210 Compliance with restaurant rules.

An operator shall comply with restaurant rules.

75.211 Approval of vending machines and related equipment.

(1) APPROVAL AUTHORITY. All vending machines and related equipment used at a vending machine location shall be approved by:

(a) The department, on the basis of construction criteria developed by the national sanitation foundation (NSF) or the national automatic merchandising association (NAMA).

(b) An agent of the department, on the basis of the criteria under par. (a); or

(c) A testing laboratory approved by the department. Testing laboratories approved by the department and the national automatic merchandising association (NAMA) vending machine evaluation program.

Note: Department or agent approval is based upon the NSF or NAMA criteria.

75.208 Appeals of actions by the department.

(1) (a) Except as provided in par. (3), a request for a hearing shall be submitted in writing to the department of administration on the department’s division of hearings and appeals within 15 days following the conclusion of the hearing.

(b) A request for hearing that is mailed to the division of hearings and appeals shall be considered filed with the division on the date of the postmark.

(c) A request for hearing that is hand−delivered to the division of hearings and appeals shall be considered filed on the date the request is received by the division of hearings and appeals.

(d) A request for hearing transmitted by facsimile to the division of hearings and appeals shall be considered filed with the division on the date and time indicated by the division of hearings and appeals.

History: Effective 7−1−16, pursuant to 2015 Wis. Act 55 and s. 227.243 (1m), Stats., a request for hearing shall be submitted to the DATCP Secretary via e−mail at datec tcppeals@wisconsin.gov, faxed to (608) 224−5834, mailed to PO Box 8911, Madison, Wisconsin 53708−8911, or hand delivered to 2811 Agriculture Drive, Madison, Wisconsin 53718.

(e) As a condition for requesting a hearing under this subsection to appeal the denial of a permit, an applicant or operator must agree that no purpose would be served by a hearing.

(2) A request for hearing on a temporary order given by the department under s. ATCP 75.206 (3) shall be made in writing to the department within 15 days of receipt of the order. The department shall hold a hearing within 15 days after the written request for hearing, unless the department and the owner agree to a later date, the immediate danger to health is removed, the order is contested or the owner and the department mutually agree to a hearing.

A request for hearing under s. ATCP 75.206 (3) shall be submitted in writing to the division of hearings and appeals under s. ATCP 75.206 (3) (a) 1. Stats. within 10 days following the conclusion of the hearing.

The decision may order any of the following to remove the danger to health:

(a) Changes to or replacement of equipment or construction.

(b) Changes in or cessations of any operation or method of operation of the premises or equipment.

Note: Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; eff. 1−1−09; eff. 1−1−09 from DHS 198.08 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

75.209 Appeals of actions by agent health departments.

If an agent issues a permit under this subchapter, the agent shall create enforcement and appeal procedures under ss. 66.0417 and 97.615 (2) (g), Stats.

Note: To obtain a copy of the application form for a permit to operate vending machines or a vending machine commissary, write: Bureau of Public Health, 134 N. 80th St., Madison, Wisconsin 53718.

History: CR 08−073: cr. Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; eff. 1−1−09; eff. 1−1−09 from DHS 198.09 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

75.210 Compliance with restaurant rules.

An operator shall comply with restaurant rules.

75.211 Approval of vending machines and related equipment.

(1) APPROVAL AUTHORITY. All vending machines and related equipment used at a vending machine location shall be approved by:

(a) The department, on the basis of construction criteria developed by the national sanitation foundation (NSF) or the national automatic merchandising association (NAMA).

(b) An agent of the department, on the basis of the criteria under par. (a); or

(c) A testing laboratory approved by the department. Testing laboratories approved by the department and the national automatic merchandising association (NAMA) vending machine evaluation program.

Note: Department or agent approval is based upon the NSF or NAMA criteria.

365.93 Stats., Updated on the first day of each month. Entire code is always current. The Register date on each page.
(3) DISPLAY OF THE PERMIT. The vending machine operator shall ensure that each machine is identified at all times with the vending machine permit prescribed by the department. The vending machine permit shall be securely and conspicuously attached to the near center and upper front of the vending machine. The vending machine operator shall maintain the permit in a legible state. Vending machine permits are not transferable from one machine to another.

(4) INSPECTION FOR EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. Whenever an authorized employee or agent of the department inspects a vending machine and finds that the vending machine does not contain an identifiable permit as required under sub. (3), the authorized employee or agent of the department shall place the vending machine in a non vend position by sealing the coin insert slot. Failure of the operator to maintain a non vend condition until an authorized employee or agent of the department is satisfied that the vending machine is properly approved and identified shall be cause for an action under ss. 97.72 and 97.73, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, June, 1985, No. 354, eff. 7−1−85; correction in (4) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, January, 1995, No. 469; CR 08−073; remun. from HFS 198.05 Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; remun. from HFS 198.07 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (4) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.212 Vending machine location. (1) RECORD. (a) A vending machine location record shall be maintained on file at the operator’s place of business within the state. That record shall include the following location information for each machine:
1. Post office address of the building;
2. The floor level in the building; and
3. The room or area on the floor.
(b) The entry under each machine in the vending machine location record shall be modified as follows: as the machine number, the department’s permit number, and a designation of the primary vending purpose.

(2) STANDARDS. (a) The area in which vending machines are placed shall be well−lighted, maintained in good repair and clean and free from accumulation of filth, garbage, or rubbish.

(b) Each vending machine shall be located so that the space around, over and under the machine can be readily cleaned and is kept clean.

(c) The floor area on which a vending machine is located shall be reasonably smooth, hard and of construction.

(d) The area around a vending machine shall be free from excessive condensation.

(e) Vending machines may not be located where there is overhead leakage or underground drain or waste piping.

(f) Vending machines may not be located in areas that are subject to flooding or to the accumulation of water.

(g) The floor of a vending machine beneath exposed stairways is prohibited unless an overhead cover is provided for the machine.

(h) Vending machines may not be located in areas where there is an undue amount of air−borne dust or dirt or in areas of factories where workers must wear respirators.

(i) Each vending machine location where unpackaged food or ingredients are handled shall have in proximity to it adequate handwashing facilities consisting of handwashing basins, soap, water, soap, and a single−service drying facilities. Proper handwashing facilities in toilet rooms or in other places in the building or area where vending machines are located shall be considered satisfactory.

History: Cr. Register, June, 1985, No. 354, eff. 7−1−85; cr. Register in (2) (b) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 5., Stats., Register, January, 1995, No. 469; CR 08−073; remun. from HFS 198.06 Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; remun. from HFS 198.12 Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.213 Inspection of vending machines and commissaries. An authorized employee or agent of the department shall be permitted to enter at any reasonable times, upon any private or public property within the state where vending machines or commissaries are operated, or from which machines are operated, single−service containers, or vending machines with single−service container inside under the vending machine immediately prior to delivery to the customer need not be wrapped or be in covered containers.

(2) PACKAGING. Potentially hazardous food offered for sale through vending machines shall be dispensed to the consumer in the individual original container or packaged in a wrapper into which it was placed at the commissary or at the manufacturer’s or processor’s plant, except the following:
(a) Foods with natural protective coverings which are not ordinarily eaten with the food, need not be wrapped or be in containers;
(b) Foods dispensed into an individual single−service container inside the vending machine immediately prior to delivery to the customer need not be wrapped or be in covered containers.

(3) FOOD TEMPERATURES. Potentially hazardous food within a vending machine shall be maintained at a temperature not higher than 40 ° F. (4 ° C.), or a temperature not lower than 150 ° F. (66 ° C.). Canned foods are not potentially hazardous foods and for this reason are exempt from these temperature requirements. Frozen food shall be kept frozen at a temperature of 0 ° F. (−18 ° C.) or below except when vending machines with automatic defrosting in which the temperature shall not exceed 10 ° F. (−12 ° C.). Vending machines dispensing potentially hazardous foods shall be provided with adequate refrigeration or heating units and thermostatic controls which ensure that these food temperatures are maintained at all times. These vending machines shall also have controls which prevent the machine from vending the potentially hazardous food in the event of power failure or other condition which permits the food to attain a temperature above 45 ° F. (7 ° C.) or below 150 ° F. (66 ° C.), whichever is applicable, until serviced by the operator. These temperature maintenance requirements do not apply to the actual time required to fill or otherwise service the machine and for a maximum period of 30 minutes following completion of filling or servicing operations.

(4) THERMOMETERS. A thermometer accurate to ± 2 ° F. (±1 ° C.) shall be provided in the vending machine to indicate the air temperature of the warmest part of the cold food storage area of the machine or the coldest part of the hot food storage area of the machine, as applicable. This thermometer shall be visible to the employee during normal filling and service procedures.

(5) SINGLE−SERVICE ITEMS. (a) Storage. All single−service containers which receive food from machines dispensing these products in bulk, shall be purchased in sanitary cartons or packages which protect the containers from contamination during transport. The container shall be stored in a clean dry place until used and shall be handled in a sanitary manner. The containers shall be stored in the original carton or package in which they were placed at the point of manufacture until introduced into the vending machine. The container or vending machine magazine or dispenser shall protect the food contact surface of single−service articles from manual contact, dust, insects, rodents, and other contamination.

(b) Dispensing. All single−service articles with which food normally comes in contact, including straws, spoons, forks, and containers, shall be furnished to the customer in the original individual wrapper, unopened, or in a sanitary single−service dispenser approved by the department.

History: Cr. Register, June, 1985, No. 354, eff. 7−1−85; CR 08−073; remun. from HFS 198.09 Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2−1−09; remun. from DHS 198.12 Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.216 Equipment maintenance and sanitizing. (1) MAINTENANCE. Vending machines and related equipment shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition and in good repair.

(2) REPLACEMENT PARTS. All replacement parts and tubing shall be equal to or exceed original equipment specifications. Where clear tubing is used, it shall be replaced with clear tubing. No part built in as a function of the vending machine may be removed or replaced except by the manufacturer.

(3) SERVICE CONNECTIONS. (a) Utility openings. All service connections through an exterior wall of the machine, including water, gas, electrical and refrigeration connections, shall be grommeted or closed to prevent the entry of insects and rodents.

(b) Closing methods. Grommets, clamps or other effective closures may be used. Where the opening is not used until the point of installation, the closure shall be shipped with the machine in packet form rather than in the installed position.

(c) Shipping bolt holes. Where shipping bolt holes are used, the holes shall be closed by the use of grommets, durable tapes, sealants, or reusable bolts provided by the manufacturer. These closures shall be easily identifiable or adequately described in the instruction manual for their intended use.

(d) Miscellaneous openings. Miscellaneous openings into the cabinet and through the cabinet wall other than coin entrance, coin returns and crown pullers, but including openings for optional service connections or alternate installations, shall be provided with effective closures by the manufacturer. The closures shall be provided for those sites not−in−use openings, and fixed to prevent the closure from being removed or displaced. These closures shall be easily identifiable or adequately described in the instruction manual for their intended use.

(e) Disconnection safeguards. All service connections to utilities shall be of a type which will discourage unauthorized or unintentional disconnection.

(4) CLEANING AND SANITIZING FACILITIES. Approved facilities for cleaning and sanitizing equipment shall be available for each vending machine location or distribution center. If a vending machine is involved in a recall, steps shall be taken to protect the product contact surfaces from contamination during storage, transportation, and installation. Facilities for cleaning and sanitizing shall be designed and located on the side of equipment specified for protection. If the original equipment or a similar purpose or there shall be portable washing facilities such as a service wagon, metal or plastic pails, or another mobile device which can be satisfactorily moved from one location to another. Sinks and portable receptacles of at least 50% of the highest single piece of equipment or part of a vending machine which is to be cleaned and sanitized.
Water used for cleaning product contact surfaces shall not be less than 110°F (43°C), shall contain an adequate amount of effective soap or detergent and shall be kept clean by changing it frequently.

(5) MANUFACTURING. Sanitizing of handwashed product contact surfaces shall be by one of the following methods:
(a) Submerge washed equipment for 30 seconds in clean water maintained at a temperature of 170°F (77°C) or more. Mechanical spray rinsing for a period of 10 seconds at 180°F (82°C) is also approved; or
(b) Submerge or rinse equipment following the washing operation in water at a minimum temperature of 110°F (43°C) to remove soap or detergent, and then submerge the equipment for at least 2 minutes in a hypochlorite solution which shall be made up with a chlorine concentration of at least 100 parts per million and shall be discarded when the chlorine concentration goes below 50 parts per million. Hypochlorite solutions shall be prepared fresh at least daily. Other sanitizing solutions may be used provided that use is at the concentration at which tested and approved by the department.

(6) THERMOMETERS. The employee doing the cleaning shall be equipped with a thermometer which registers from 0°F (~18°C) to not less than 200°F (93°C) and has an accuracy of ±2°F. (1°C) and shall use this thermometer to check water temperatures.

(7) CLEANED IN PLACE. In machines designed so that food–contact surfaces are not readily removable, all surfaces intended for in–place cleaning shall be designed and fabricated so that:
(a) Cleaning and sanitizing solutions can be circulated throughout a fixed system using an effective cleaning and sanitizing regimen;
(b) Cleaning and sanitizing solutions will contact all food–contact surfaces;
(c) The system is self–draining or capable of being completely evacuated; and
(d) The procedures used result in thorough cleaning and sanitizing of the equipment.

History: Cr. Register, June, 1985, No. 354, eff. 7–1–85; CR 08–073: renum. from HFS 198.14 Published under s. 35.93, Stats., May 1995, No. 469; CR 08–073: renum. from HFS 198.15 Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2–1–09; correction in (2) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register February 2012 No. 674; renum. from DHS 198.15 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (2) (b), (c), under s. 13.17, Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.218 Waste disposal. (1) REMOVAL. All trash and other food product waste material shall be removed from the machine location as frequently as may be necessary to prevent a nuisance and unsightliness, and shall be disposed of in a manner that will not cause an insect or rodent problem.

(2) CONTAINERS. Self–closing, leakproof and easily cleanable refuse containers shall be provided in the vicinity of each machine or machines to receive carrots, wrappers, and other items of refuse.

(3) WASTE COLLECTION. (a) Containers shall be provided within all machines dispensing liquid products in bulk for the collection of drip, spillage, overflow, and other internal wastes.
(b) An automatic shutoff device shall be provided which will place the vending machine out of operation before a container overflows. The cutoff mechanism shall be set at a point to permit removal of the waste container from the machine without spillage.
(c) Containers and surfaces on which wastes may accumulate shall be readily removable for cleaning, easily cleanable, and corrosion resistant.

(4) WASTE CONNECTIONS. Liquid waste drainage pipes from a vending machine may not be connected to plumbing unless an air gap meeting the requirements of s. SPS 382.33 (7) (a) is provided.

History: Cr. Register, June, 1985, No. 354, eff. 7–1–85; CR 08–073: renum. from HFS 198.12 Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2–1–09; correction in (4) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register February 2012 No. 674; renum. from DHS 198.18 Register June 2016 No. 726; correction in (3) (b), (c) under s. 13.17, Stats., Register June 2016 No. 726.

ATCP 75.220 Personnel. (1) HEALTH. (a) No person who is known to be infected with a disease in a form that is communicable by food handling may be employed in activities involving food handling in a vending machine operation or in a vending machine commissary.
(b) If the vending machine operator or the operator of a vending machine commissary suspects that any employee has contracted any disease in a form that is communicable by food handling, the operator shall exclude the employee from any activities involving food handling and, in the case of a reportable communicable disease defined under s. DHS 145.03 (2), shall notify the local health authority immediately.

(2) CLEANLINESS. Employees shall wash their hands immediately prior to engaging in any vending machine servicing operation which may bring them in contact with foods, including beverages or ingredients, or with product contact surfaces of utensils, containers or equipment. While engaged in the servicing operations, employees shall wear clean outer garments.

(3) TOBACCO USE. No employee while engaged in filling, emptying or in any way servicing the food contact surfaces of vending machines may use tobacco in any form.

History: Cr. Register, June, 1985, No. 354, eff. 7–1–85; CR 08–073: renum. from HFS 198.14 Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2–1–09; correction in (1) (b) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register August, 1998, No. 512; CR 08–073: renum. from HFS 198.15 Register January 2009 No. 637, eff. 2–1–09; correction in (1) (b) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register January 2009 No. 637; renum. from DHS 198.20 Register June 2016 No. 726.