

1AS 2

Filed August 15, 1972
2 P.M.

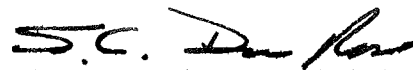
STATE OF WISCONSIN)
)ss.
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE)

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETINGS:

I, S. C. DuRose, Commissioner of Insurance and custodian of the official records of said office, do hereby certify that the annexed order adopting a rule relating to life insurance surrender value comparison index was issued by this office on August 15, 1972.

I further certify that said copy has been compared by me with the original on file in this office and that the same is a true copy thereof, and of the whole of such original.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed the official seal of the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance in the City of Madison, State of Wisconsin, this 15th day of August, 1972.



S. C. DuRose
Commissioner of Insurance

STATE OF WISCONSIN
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
RECEIVED AND FILED

AUG 15 1972

ROBERT C. ZIMMERMAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

STATE OF WISCONSIN
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
RECEIVED AND FILED

AUG 15 1972

ROBERT C. ZIMMERMAN
SECRETARY OF STATE

ORDER OF THE OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE

Adopting Rules

Pursuant to authority vested in the Commissioner of Insurance by section 601.41 (3), Wis. Stats., the Commissioner of Insurance hereby adopts a rule as follows:

Section Ins 2.15 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code is adopted to read:

Ins 2.15 Life Insurance Surrender Value Comparison Index. (1) PURPOSE. The interests of prospective purchasers of life insurance can be safeguarded by providing such persons with an index of the surrender value of the policy prepared on a basis suitable for comparison with similar plans of insurance. It is in the public interest to develop such a surrender value index so that price competition in the life insurance market is encouraged and stimulated. This rule interprets and implements, including but not limited to the following Wisconsin statutes: sections 201.53 (13), 206.41 (10) (a) 7. and 8., 206.51, 207.04 (1) (a) and (f), and 601.01 (3), (b), (c), (g) and (j).

(2) SCOPE. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) this rule shall apply to any solicitation, negotiation, or procurement of life insurance occurring within this state.

(b) This rule shall not apply to:

1. Annuities,
2. Credit life insurance,
3. Franchise life insurance,
4. Group life insurance,
5. Term life insurance,
6. Plans of life insurance with benefits which vary by policy duration including but not limited to such plans as retirement income and variable life insurance,

7. Benefits which are supplemental to basic life insurance benefits such as accidental death and dismemberment, waiver of premium, or guaranteed insurability benefits (if the cost of any of these benefits are included in the price of the basic life insurance without separate identifiable charge, then in calculating the life insurance surrender value comparison index a reasonable adjustment in the annual premium payable on a per \$1,000 basis may be made),
8. Benefits purchased by a special option applicable to dividends,
9. Life insurance policies wherein the face amount of insurance is \$5,000 or less,
10. Life insurance on substandard risks.

(3) LIFE INSURANCE SURRENDER VALUE COMPARISON INDEX DEFINED. (a) The life insurance surrender value comparison index for level premium plans of insurance shall be calculated by applying the following steps:

1. Select the 10 year or 20 year period over which the analysis is to be made.
2. Determine the cash value (and terminal dividend, if any) available at the end of the period selected.
3. For participating policies, accumulate the annual dividends at 4% interest compounded annually to the end of the period selected and add this accumulation to the result of Step 2.
4. Divide the result of Step 3 (Step 2 for non-participating policies) by an interest factor that converts it into a level annual amount accruing over the period selected in Step 1. If the period is 10 years, this factor is 12.486 and if the period is 20 years, the factor is 30.969.
5. Subtract the result of Step 4 from the annual premium payable.

6. Divide the result of Step 5 by the number of thousands of the amount of insurance to arrive at the Life Insurance Surrender Value Comparison Index.

(b) The life insurance surrender value comparison index for plans of insurance with premiums which are not level shall be calculated as follows:

1. Select the 10 year or 20 year period over which the analysis is to be made.
2. Determine the cash value (and terminal dividend, if any) available at the end of the period selected.
3. For participating policies, accumulate the annual dividends at 4% interest compounded annually to the end of the period selected and add this accumulation to the result of Step 2.
4. Divide the result of Step 3 (Step 2 for non-participating policies) by an interest factor that converts it into a level annual amount accruing over the period selected in Step 1. If the period is 10 years, this factor is 12.486 and if the period is 20 years, the factor is 30.969.
5. Subtract the result of Step 4 from the equivalent level premium determined by accumulating the annual premium payable at 4% interest compounded annually to the end of the period in Step 1 and dividing the result by the factor stated in Step 4.
6. Divide the result of Step 5 by the number of thousands of the amount of insurance to arrive at the Life Insurance Surrender Value Comparison Index.

(4) DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS. In connection with the selling of life insurance to which this rule applies the agent or insurer shall furnish, upon request of a sales prospect and in all cases prior to or with the delivery of the contract, the Life Insurance Surrender Value Comparison Index, or a similar index prepared by a method approved by the commissioner

which makes allowance for the incidence of payments and the value of money at 4% interest compounded annually, calculated for both a 10 year and a 20 year period. The index need not be provided for a period which extends beyond the end of the premium payment period for the plan.

(5) EFFECTIVE DATE. This rule shall become effective January 1, 1973.

(6) PENALTY. Violations of this rule shall subject the insurer or agent to section 601.64, Wis. Stats.

Note: The life insurance surrender value comparison index must be used with caution. Only similar plans of insurance should be compared. Much research remains to be done to develop comparison indices which may be appropriately used to compare the values of benefits and contracts in relation to the premiums charged for the policy when the intent is that the life insurance be kept in force and not surrendered.

Any dividend used in calculating the Life Insurance Surrender Value Comparison Index shall, pursuant to section 206.51 (2), Wis. Stats., be based on the current dividend scale in actual use by the insurer. In respect to participating policies, care must be taken to accurately describe the policy dividend as a refund or return of part of the premium paid, which is not guaranteed and which is determined by the investment earnings, mortality experience, and expense experience of the insurer.

It is not the intent of this rule to prohibit preparation of a life insurance surrender value comparison index at other interest rates if it is used only in cases wherein the comparison index for other policies is prepared on exactly the same basis.

Dated August 15, 1972.



S. C. DuRose
Commissioner of Insurance