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(2) AIR-CLEANSING FILTERS. Approved air-cleansing filters shall be designed and installed in a manner to filter the outside air and recirculated air used with mechanical heating and ventilating systems except as follows:

(a) Filters are not required in garages, factories, foundries and similar occupancies;

(b) Filters are not required for use with unit heaters designed for heating and recirculation; or

(c) Where jet systems or blend-air systems are approved, air filters are not required in the ducts that are installed for the recirculation of air within the same occupied space.

Note: The department recognizes as approved, filters listed in the Building Materials List published by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., and test data of any other recognized testing agency for the purpose for which it is used.

(3) AIR-CLEANSING MATERIALS. Contaminated water shall not be used or recirculated through sprays affecting air used for ventilating purposes.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff.1-1-76

ILHR 64.17 Controls. (1) GENERAL. Except as provided in sub. (2), automatic controls shall be provided to maintain design temperature, control ventilation to provide a continuous air movement of not less than the minimum required by this chapter, and to provide a continuous supply of outside air and exhaust determined by the provisions of s. ILHR 64.05, Table 1, during periods of occupancy.

(2) EXCEPTION. Manual control of solid-fuel fired equipment to maintain inside design temperature is permitted.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-76; am. Register, December, 1981, No. 312, eff. 1-1-82.

ILHR 64.18 Contamination of air. (1) CONTAMINATION. Air contaminated from odors, fumes, noxious gases, smoke, steam, dust, spray, or other contamination shall be diluted with uncontaminated air or exhausted to prevent the contaminated air from spreading to other parts of the building occupied by people.

Note: For requirements pertaining to all places of poisons, or other detrimental materials are used, stored, handled, or are present in the air in sufficient quantities to obstruct the vision, or to be injurious to the health, safety or welfare of the employes or frequenters, see Ch. Ind 1000-2000—Safety and Health Code.

(a) Chlorinated hydrocarbons. Areas where chlorinated hydrocarbons are introduced shall be arranged to satisfy the following conditions:

Note: Some of the chlorinated hydrocarbons commonly used are: trichloroethylene, perchloroethylene, carbon tetrochloride, methylene chloride, methyl chloroform, Freon F-11, Freon F-12, Freon F-21 and Freon F-114. For example, these materials are used in dry cleaning establishments, in degreasing operations, and where pressure can propellants are used. Pressure cans are used for such products as enamels, lacquers, paint removers, stencil inks, lubricants, pesticides, hair sprays, shaving lathers, shampoos and colognes.

1. The area shall have an exhaust system capable of maintaining a negative pressure within the enclosed area.

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2. The volume and distribution of air movement within the area shall be such that the average threshold limit values of specific airborne contaminants are not exceeded.

Note: See chs. Ind 1000-2000, Wisconsin Safety and Health Code.

3. No fuel-fired heating unit, with or without a heat exchanger, shall be located within this area, nor shall it recirculate air from this area.

4. The surface temperatures of any type of heating equipment used in these areas shall be below the temperature at which toxic materials may be released.

Note: Toxic materials are those covered in Ch. Ind 1000-2000-Safety and Health Code.

(b) Transfer of contaminated air. Air shall not be transferred from an area of greater contamination.

Note: The department will accept air transferred from: corridor to toilet room; corridor to cloak room or janitor closet; dining room to kitchen; locker room to toilet room; gymnasium to locker room; showroom to garage; and corridor to school vocational shops.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-76; am. (1)(a)3., Register, January, 1980, No. 289, eff. 2-1-80.

ILHR 64.19 Location of outside ventilating air intakes or exhausts for mechanical ventilation systems. (1) LOCATION AND DISTANCE. (a) Location to prevent contamination. Outside air intake openings shall be located so as to minimize contamination of outdoor air, but in no case shall the distance be less than 10 feet measured in any direction from outlets emitting products of combustion, exhaust vents and plumbing vents. Openable windows are exempt from the provisions of this paragraph, except that power vents from gas-fired equipment shall be located at least 12 inches measured in any direction from any openable windows.

Note: This requirement also applies to roof-top heating and ventilating equipment.

(b) Distance to adjacent properties. Air intakes and exhausts shall be at least 10 feet from a property line or lot line or both or an adjacent building on the same property. This distance restriction does not apply to property lines along streets or alleys.

(c) Mounting height. The lowest side of outside air intake openings shall be located at least 12 inches above outside grade, above adjoining roof surfaces, or above the bottom of an areaway.

Note: The department will accept outside air intakes in areaways provided the minimum horizontal cross section of the areaway is equal to the free area of the opening, a grating is provided over the areaway with a free area equal to the required air intake, and the grating is designed for a minimum of 100 PSF live load. A guardrail, as defined in s. ILHR 51.162, will be accepted in lieu of the grating.

(2) SCREENS. All outside air intake openings shall be provided with a device to prevent intake of foreign material of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch size or larger.

(3) WEATHER PROTECTION. All outside air intake openings shall be protected against weather and water with a weatherproof hood or louvers.

(4) ACCESSIBILITY AND CLEANLINESS. All outside air intakes shall be easily accessible for cleaning and shall be kept clean and sanitary.

(5) DAMPERS. (a) *Intake*. All required outside air intakes shall be equipped with a damper with automatic controls which will close the Register, December, 1985, No. 360

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damper and prevent the intake of outside air into the building when the ventilating unit is not in operation.

(b) *Exhaust*. All exhaust openings shall be provided with automatic or self-activating back-draft dampers to prevent the intake of outside air into the building when the exhaust units are not in operation.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-76; am. (5) (a), Register, December, 1976, No. 252, eff. 1-1-77; reprinted to correct error in (1) (c); Register, December, 1985, No. 360.

Part IV—Heating Equipment Requirements

ILHR 64.20 Equipment ratings and safety controls. (1) TEST AND IN-STALLATION STANDARDS. All oil- and gas-fired heating equipment, electric heating equipment, solid-fuel heating equipment and accessory equipment or devices shall be tested and installed in accordance with standards recognized by the department. Department review and approval of input or output ratings or both are required when ratings are needed to satisfy s. ILHR 64.03 or 64.09.

Note: For a list of standards acceptable to the department, refer to Appendix A.

(2) SAFETY CONTROLS. (a) *General*. The complete safety control package for the heating and ventilating equipment shall comply with standards accepted by the department.

(b) Limits and controls. Oil and gas-fired heating equipment and electric heating equipment shall be equipped with primary (flame safeguard) safety controls, safety limit switches, and burners or electric elements that comply with standards accepted by the department.

Note: The department recognizes UL 296—Oil Burners, and UL that satisfy the requirements of subs. (1) and (2).

(3) LISTED EQUIPMENT. Complete factory assembled heating units shall be labeled by listing agencies approved by the department.

Note: The department accepts heating equipment listed by American Gas Association (AGA), Underwriters' Laboratories—(UL) and PFS corporation.

(4) UNLISTED EQUIPMENT. If the heating equipment is unlisted, the following provisions shall be taken:

(a) *Manufacturer's statement*. A statement from the equipment manufacturer shall be provided indicating the national standard with which the equipment complies.

(b) Tests. A test by a Wisconsin registered engineer shall be conducted on the output and safety controls, in accordance with the national standard used by the manufacturer. A statement regarding the test of the rating and safety controls shall be furnished for each installation unless an approval for the equipment is obtained from the department in accordance with sub. (5).

(5) EQUIPMENT APPROVAL. Equipment approval may be obtained from the department upon submission of a technical report, based on the test Register, December, 1985, No. 360

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required in sub. (4) (b), together with the fee as specified in ch. Ind 69 for equipment approval.

Note: The purpose of the technical report is to show that the equipment is in complete compliance with the national standard by which the equipment is designed, constructed and tested.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-75; r. and recr. Register, December, 1976, No. 252, eff. 1-1-77; am. (5), Register, December, 1977, No. 264, eff. 1-1-78; am. (1), Register, December, 1981, No. 312, eff. 1-1-82.

FP ILHR 64.21 Location of equipment. The various types of heating equipment for the corresponding types of occupancies in which the equipment may be located shall be installed as specified in Table 64.21.

Note #1: The footnotes below the table designate special requirements for the listed equipment.

Note #2: The department will accept net ratings as listed by Mechanical Contractors Association of America, Inc., Institute of Boiler and Radiator Manufacturers, and equipment tested according to commercial standard 140-47.