

#434

VETERINARY EXAMINING BOARD

VE 7 19

- (b) Date;
- (c) Type of call;
- (d) Number of patients examined;
- (e) Individual diagnosis;
- (f) Treatment and drugs used;
- (g) Drugs dispensed;
- (h) Lab work and tests;
- (i) Meat or milk withholdings; and
- (j) Identification of the veterinarian.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1989, No. 405, eff. 10-1-89.

**VE 7.04 Change of name and address.** Every veterinarian shall notify the board of a change of name or address within 30 days. Failure of notification may result in the loss of license and may result in a forfeiture under s. 440.11 (3), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1989, No. 405, eff. 10-1-89.

**VE 7.05 Display of license.** Each veterinarian shall display a current license in a manner conspicuous to the public view, and shall at all times have evidence of licensure available for inspection when practicing at a remote location.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1989, No. 405, eff. 10-1-89.

**VE 7.06 Unprofessional conduct.** Unprofessional conduct by a veterinarian is prohibited. Unprofessional conduct includes:

- (1) Conduct in the practice of veterinary medicine which evidences a lack of knowledge or ability to apply professional principles or skills.
- (2) Fraud, gross negligence or deception in the practice of veterinary medicine.
- (3) Being convicted of a crime the circumstances of which substantially relate to the practice of veterinary medicine.
- (4) Violating or aiding and abetting the violation of any law or administrative rule or regulation substantially related to the practice of veterinary medicine.
- (5) Advertising in a manner which is false, fraudulent, misleading or deceptive, or knowingly maintaining a professional association with another veterinarian or veterinary firm that advertises in a manner which is false, fraudulent, misleading or deceptive.
- (6) Having a veterinary license limited, suspended or revoked, or subject to any other disciplinary action in another state or U.S. jurisdiction.
- (7) Practicing or attempting to practice, while the veterinarian has a physical or mental impairment, including impairment related to drugs or alcohol which is reasonably related to the applicant's ability to adequately undertake the practice of veterinary medicine in a manner consistent with the safety of a patient or the public.
- (8) The personal use, misuse, or sale, other than for medical treatment of patients, of the drugs listed in the U.S. Controlled Substances Act of 1979, as amended, or ch. 161, Stats., 1977, except personal use of drugs prescribed by a physician for individual use by the veterinarian.

(9) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling or giving of any amphetamine, its salts, isomers and salts of its isomers or related sympathomimetic amine drug designated as a Schedule II drug in ch. 161, Stats., except for the treatment of narcolepsy or hyperkinesia in animals who do not respond to other methods of treatment, or for clinical research of these compounds as approved by the board. A written description of the intended research project proposed shall be filed with the board prior to conducting the research.

(10) Selling prescription legend animal drugs without establishing and maintaining a valid veterinarian, patient, or client relationship.

(11) Failure to include on the label of a prescription drug the generic or brand name of the drug dispensed, the name and address of the clinic or veterinarian dispensing the drug, the directions for use and caution statements required by law. In case of companion animals, the prescription shall bear the name or identification of the patient.

(12) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling or giving any controlled substance solely for training or racing purposes and not for a medically sound reason.

(13) Allowing a veterinary student to treat a patient without the veterinarian giving direct supervision.

(14) Failure of the veterinarian to advise the client that the person assisting is a veterinary student.

(15) Failure to maintain records as required by s. VE 7.03.

(16) Refusal, upon request, to cooperate in a timely manner with the board's investigation of complaints lodged against the veterinarian. Persons taking longer than 30 days to provide requested information shall have the burden of demonstrating that they have acted in a "timely manner."

(17) Failure to keep the veterinary facility and all equipment, including mobile units, in a clean and sanitary condition while practicing as a veterinarian.

(18) Failure of a veterinarian to permit the board or its agents to enter and inspect the veterinarian's practice facilities, vehicle, equipment and records during office hours and other reasonable hours.

(19) Engaging in unsolicited communications to members of the board regarding a matter under investigation by the board other than to the investigative member of the board.

(20) Practicing under an expired license.

(21) Exceeding the scope of veterinary practice, as defined in s. 453.02 (6), Stats., by providing medical treatment to humans or distributing, prescribing or dispensing for human use prescription drugs, as defined in s. 450.01 (20), Stats., or any drug labelled for veterinary or animal use only.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1989, No. 405, eff. 10-1-89; cr. (21), Register, September, 1990, No. 417, eff. 10-1-90.

**VE 7.07 Board action.** The board may reprimand the licensee or deny, suspend, limit or revoke the veterinary license of any person to practice veterinary medicine who engages in any of the acts prohibited by s. VE 7.06.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1989, No. 405, eff. 10-1-89.