CHAPTER 297.

[Published March 18, 1875.]

AN ACT to incorporate the city of River Falls.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

CHAPTER I.

SECTION 1. All that district of country hereinafter Corporate powdescribed, from and after the first Monday of April ers. next, shall be a city by the name of River Falls; and the people now inhabiting, and those who shall inhabit said district, shall be a municipal corporation by the name of the city of River Falls, and shall have the general powers possessed by municipal corporations at common law, and, in addition thereto, shall have and possess the powers hereinafter specifically granted; and the authorities thereof shall have perpetual succession, shall be capable of contracting and being contracted with, or suing or being sued, pleading and being impleaded, in all courts of law and equity, and shall have a common seal, and may change and alter the same at pleasure; provided, that the question of the adoption of this act, as a charter of such city, shall be submitted to the Adoption electors of such territory before such charter shall submitted become operative. For the purpose of determining rote of electors such question, the qualified electors residing in such to be conductterritory shall meet on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1875, at ten o'clock A. M. of that day, at such place as the inspectors of such election shall appoint, and vote by ballot upon such question. A. D. Andrews, O. S. Powell and Joel Foster are hereby appointed inspectors of such election. Such inspectors shall give notice of such election by posting notices thereof in at least three public places in such territory, at least five (5) days prior to such election. Such notice shall specify that at the time and place mentioned in said notice, a meeting of the qualified elecfors of such territory will be held to determine the question of the acceptance of this charter. such meeting the polls shall be opened at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and shall be kept open till five o'clock in the afternoon, when they shall be closed; but such

inspectors may close the polls at twelve o'clock noon. for one hour, giving notice thereof. The time of opening and closing the polls shall be specified in the notice of such meeting. Such inspectors shall preside and act as inspectors at such meeting, and may designate one of their number to act as clerk thereof; and all laws of this state applicable to the election of town officers shall apply to such meeting and to all the proceedings thereat, so far as the same may be applicable and are consistent with the provisions of this Every elector residing in such territory and qualified to vote for town officers in the town or towns in which such territory or any part thereof shall lie, may vote at such meeting by a ballot having thereon the word "yes," or the word "no." If the majority of the ballots given at such election shall have thereon the word "no," the electors of such territory shall be deemed not to have assented to the incorporation thereof as a city under the provisions of this act, and such act is hereby declared to be inoperative. if a majority of such ballots shall have thereon the word "yes," the inhabitants of such territory shall be deemed to have accepted the provisions of this charter, and this act shall be of full force, and the territory comprising the following limits and bounda-city bounds- ries shall constitute the city of River Falls: The southwest quarter of section number thirty-one (31), town twenty-eight (28), range eighteen (18) west, and the south half of section number thirty-six (36), township twenty-eight (28), range nineteen (19) west, and the west half of section six (6), town twenty-seven (27), range eighteen (18) west, and section one (1), town twenty-seven (27), range nineteen (19) west. The said inspectors shall make a return of the results of such election, and file duplicates of the same in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pierce and the county of St. Croix; and such return shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated, and the regularity of all proceedings in relation to such election.

Ward boundaries.

Section 2. The said city shall be divided into wards as follows: All that territory in said city lying north of the county line between the counties of St. Croix and Pierce, shall constitute one ward to be known as All that portion bounded as follows, the first ward. to-wit: commencing at the center of section number six (6), in township twenty-seven (27), range eighteen (18), thence west to the section line of said section

six, thence north to center of Elm street, thence westerly along the line of said Elm street to west end of said street, thence west to section line of section one (1), town twenty-seven (27), range nineteen (19), thence north to the county line aforesaid, thence east to northeast corner of northwest quarter of section six aforesaid, thence south to place of beginning, shall constitute a ward to be known as the second ward of said city. All the remaining portion of said city shall constitute a ward to be known as the third ward of said city.

CHAPTER II.

Section 1. The elective officers of said city shall be a mayor, a marshal, a treasurer, one justice of the peace for each ward, six aldermen, two for each ward, three assessors, one for each ward, who shall constitute a board of assessors, one constable from each ward, which said officers shall hold their respective offices as follows: The mayor, marshal, treasurer and assessor, for one year; aldermen, except as hereinafter prescribed, justices of the peace and constables for two years. The term of office shall commence on the second Monday in April next after their election. Each of said officers shall continue in office for his respective term and until his successor is elected and qualified, and shall have such powers and perform such duties as are prescribed in this act or as may be prescribed in any ordinance of said city not inconsistent with this act or which may not be incompatible with the nature of their respective offices.

Section 2. On the first Tuesday in April next the qualified electors of said city shall elect one mayor, one treasurer, one marshal, six aldermen, three justices of the peace, three constables and three assessors, which said officers shall be qualified voters resident in said city. The said A. D. Andrews, O. S. Powell and Joel Foster, or a majority of them, shall Notice of hold-designate the place of holding the first election in ing first elecsaid city, by posting at least three notices thereof in conspicuous places in said territory at least five days before said election, and at each election the voters present shall have power to proceed by nomination and viva voce election of three inspectors and two clerks, whose duties shall be (after being sworn by any officer competent to administer an oath by the laws of this state) to see that said election shall be

City officers.

Terms of of-

Electors.

tion to be given

conducted in accordance with existing laws of the state of Wisconsin, and any fraud or violation of said laws at said election, shall be punishable as any violation of the election laws in any part of said state; of and at every subsequent first Tuesday in April, elec-

Manner of conducting elections.

tions shall be held for the officers above designated, and said election shall be presided over by the aldermen of said ward, or in case of their absence or disability to attend, the voters present at the hour of opening the polls shall elect by viva voce a sufficient number of inspectors to make three with the aldermen present, who shall be sworn in accordance with the laws of the state; they shall appoint and swear two clerks, and shall see the names of the voters registered and the ballots safely deposited in the ballot box; shall decide all questions that may arise as to the legality of the votes presented; shall count the ballots at the close of the polls, and shall certify and seal returns, and the day following the election shall direct and return the said return to the clerk of the city council. The mayor of the city, and such members of the common council as shall hold over, shall

Canvass votes. of constitute a board of canvassers, who shall, within five days after election, meet at the common council chamber and canvass such returns, and after the aforesaid returns have been canvassed by said board, the mayor shall notify by certificate the persons elected to the respective offices. The returns of the first election shall be made to the persons constituting the board of inspectors, first herein provided for, and they or any two of them shall canvass said votes, and shall certify to and notify the officers elected. The polls shall be kept open in the ward from nine o'clock in the forenoon until five o'clock in the afternoon.

Vacancies —how to be filled.

Section 3. In the event of a vacancy in the office of mayor and justices of the peace, by death, removal or disability, the common council shall order a new election, and shall give not less than five days' notice thereof. Any vacancy in other offices shall be filled by the common council. The person appointed or elected to fill a vacancy shall hold his office and discharge the duties thereof for the unexpired term, with the same right and subject to the same liabilities as the person whose office he may be elected or appointed to fill.

Elections by people to be by ballot.

Section 4. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and a plurality of votes shall constitute an election. All elections by the common council may

be viva voce. When two or more candidates for an elective office shall receive an equal number of votes for the same office, the election shall be determined by the casting of lots in the presence of the common council, at such time and in such manner as they may direct.

Tie vote.

Section 5. All persons entitled to vote for state and county officers, and who shall reside within the of electors. ward where [they] offer to vote, shall be entitled to vote for any officer to be elected under this law, and

'Qualification

to hold any office hereby created.

SECTION 6. If either of the inspectors of elections Voters may or aldermen shall suspect that any person offering to take oath. vote does not possess the necessary qualifications of an elector, or if such vote be challenged by an elector, the inspector or aldermen, before receiving any such vote, shall require the voter offering to take the following oath: "You do solemnly swear (or affirm as the case may be), that you are twenty-one years of age, that you are a citizen of the United States (or have declared your intentions to become a citizen, conformable to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization); that you have resided in this state one year, and now reside in this ward, and that you have not voted at this election, and that you have made no bet or wager depending upon the result of this election." And if the person offering to vote shall take such oath, his vote shall be received, and if such person shall take such oath falsely, he shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury, and upon conviction thereof, upon indictment, shall suffer the punishment provided by law for persons guilty of perjury. If any person who is not a qualified voter shall vote at any election, or if any person duly qual-Penalty fo ified shall vote in any other ward than the one in which he resides, or shall vote more than once at any election, he shall be liable to indictment and on conviction thereof shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, nor less than twentyfive dollars. It shall be the duty of inspectors to puty spectors. keep a list of the names of all persons whose votes may be challenged as aforesaid, and shall swear in their votes; and if any inspector or alderman shall knowingly or corruptly receive the vote of any person not authorized to vote, or shall make out false Penalty making returns of any election, or any clerk shall not write returns. down the name of every voter as he votes, or shall wilfully make untrue and incorrect counts and tallies

Duty of in-

for

of votes, each and every inspector or clerk shall be liable to indictment, and, upon conviction thereof, shall severally forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, nor less than one hundred dollars. All such indictments shall be tried in the circuit [court] of the county.

Special elections.

SECTION 7. Special elections to fill vacancies, or for any other purpose, shall be held and conducted by the aldermen or inspectors, as provided by this act, and returns thereof shall be made in the same time, form and manner as of general or annual elections.

Election

SECTION 8. There shall be elected at the first election under this act, three aldermen, who shall hold office for one year, and three aldermen who shall hold office for two years; and at every annual election thereafter, three aldermen, who shall hold office for two years.

When office shall be deemed vacant.

Section 9. Any officer removing from the city, and any officer who shall neglect or refuse to qualify on or before the second Monday next after his election, shall be deemed to have vacated his office, and the common council shall proceed to fill such vacancy as hereinafter provided. All officers appointed or elected to fill any vacancy shall enter upon the duties of such offices immediately after receiving notice of such election or appointment.

CHAPTER III.

Section 1. Every person elected or appointed to

Oath of office to be taken.

fill any vacancy under this act shall, before he enters upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe an oath of office, and file the same, duly certified by the officer taking the same, with the city clerk; to and the treasurer, marshal, constable, policeman, justice and justice of the peace, and such other officer as the common council may direct, shall severally, before they enter upon the discharge of their respective offices, execute to the city of River Falls a bond in such sums and with such security and such conditions as the common council may direct, and the common council may, from time to time, require new or additional bonds, and remove from office any officer refusing or neglecting to give the same.

Officers give bonds.

Duties of Section 2. The mayor, when present, shall preside over the meetings of the common council, and shall take care that the laws of the state and the ordinances of

the city within the corporation, are duly enforced and observed, and that all officers of the city discharge their respective duties. He shall communicate in writing to the common council once a year such information as the common council may require, and shall communicate once a year such information as he may deem necessary.

SECTION 3. At the first meeting of the common President of council each year or as soon thereafter as may be council—his duties. they shall proceed to elect by ballot one of their number president, and in absence of the mayor the said president shall preside over the meeting of the common council, and during the absence of the mayor from the city, or his inability from any cause to discharge the duties of his office, the president shall execute all the powers and discharge all the duties of mayor. In case the mayor and president shall be absent from any meetings of the common council, they shall proceed to elect a temporary presiding officer who, for the time being, shall discharge all the duties of the mayor. The president or temporary presiding officer shall, while presiding over the council or performing the duties of mayor, be styled acting mayor, and acts performed by them shall have the same force and validity as if performed by the

clerk; he shall keep a corporate seal and all the pa-his duties. pers and records of the city; he shall attend the meetings and keep a record of the proceedings of the common council. The records of the common council kept by him shall be evidence of all legal proceedings. Copies of all papers filed in his office and transcripts from the records certified by him under the corporate seal shall be evidence in all courts in like manner as if the originals were produced. shall keep a full and accurate account of all orders drawn on the city treasury in a book procured for that purpose, and shall also keep an accurate account with the treasurer, and charge him with all the taxlists delivered to him for collection, and all sums of money paid into the state treasury. Whenever the clerk shall be absent from any meeting, the city council may appoint a clerk pro tem. The city clerk shall have power and authority to administer oaths and affirmations.

Section 5. The treasurer shall receive all moneys his duties. belonging to the city, and keep an accurate and de-

tailed account thereof, together with an account of all disbursements in such manner as the common council shall direct. He shall report to the common council as often as shall be required, and annually at least ten days before the annual election, make a full and detailed account of all the receipts and expenditures after the date of the last annual report, and also of the state of the treasury, which statement shall be filed with the clerk.

Marshal-his powers and du-

Section 6. The marshal shall perform such duties as shall be perscribed by ordinance for the preservation of the public peace, and the collection of fines and license money. He shall possess the power of constable at common law, or by the laws of this state, co-extensive with the counties of Pierce and St. Croix, shall be subject to the same liabilities and receive like fees.

cers.

Section 7. The common council shall have power Power of council shall have power cil to prescribe from time to time to require other and further duties duties of offito be performed by any officer whose duties are herein prescribed, and to appoint such other officers as may be necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to prescribe their duties, and to fix the compensation of all officers elected or appointed by them. Such compensation shall be fixed by resolution at the time the office is created, or at the commencement of the year, and shall not be increased or diminished during the term such officer shall remain in office.

Compensation of officers.

City printing contract.

Section 8. The common council shall annually proto be let by vide that all advertising or publishing authorized and required by them to be done for their use for the city, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder for the term of one year; provided, that no bid therefor shall be considered unless the same shall be lower than the Publication rates of legal advertising fixed by law. All ordinances of ordinances, and other proceeding required by this act or by the by-laws, or ordinances of the common council to be published [shall be published] in the newspapers selected under the provisions of this section, and the the printer of said newspaper shall either in person or by his foreman, file with the clerk of the city, his or their affidavits of the length of time said ordinance, by-law or proceedings has been published, and such affidavit shall be conclusive evidence of the publication of such notice, ordinance, proceeding or bylaw.

SECTION 9. If any person having been an officer in Penalty for idecity, shall not, within ten days after notification liver books, said city, shall not, within ten days after notification liver and request, deliver to his successor in office all prop- rapers, etc., to erty, money, books, papers and effects of every description in his possession belonging to said city, or pertaining to the office he may have held, he shall forfeit and pay to the city for its use one hundred dollars, besides all damages caused by his neglect or refusal so to deliver, and such successor may recover the possession of such books, papers, and effects in the manner precribed by the laws of this state.

ECTION 10. The mayor, sheriffs of Pierce and St. Croix counties aforesaid, each and every alderman, jus-their powers and duties. tice of the peace, marshal, constable and watchmen, shall be officers of the peace, and suppress in a summary manner all rioting and disorderly behavior within the limits of the city, and for such purpose may command the assistance of all by-standers, and if need be of all citizens and military companies; and if any person, by-stander, military officer or private, shall refuse to aid in maintaining the peace when required, such person shall forfeit and pay a fine of fifty dollars; and in case where the civil power may be required to suppress riot or disorderly behavior, the superior or senior officer present, in the order mentioned in this section, shall direct the proceedings.

Section 11. The common council shall elect a city _his duties. surveyor, who shall be a practical surveyor and engineer. He shall keep his office at some convenient place in said city, and the common council shall prescribe the duties and fix the fees and compensation for any service performed by him, All surveys, profiles, plans or estimates made by him for the city, shall be the property of the city, and shall be carefully preserved in the office of the surveyor, open to the inspection of parties interested, and the same, together with all books and papers pertaining to said office, shall be delivered to his successor or the common council at the expiration of his term of office.

Peace officers

City surveyor

CHAPTER IV.

Section 1. The mayor and aldermen shall consti- Common council. tute the common council, and the style of all ordinances shall be, "The common council of the city of River Falls do ordain," etc. The common council shall meet at such time and place as they by resolu-

tion shall direct. A majority of the aldermen shall constitute a quorum.

Organization and meetings of council.

Section 2. The common council shall hold stated meetings, and the mayor may call special meetings by notice to each of the members, to be served personally, or left at their usual places of abode. The common council shall determine the rules of its own proceedings, and be the judge of the election and qualification of its own members, and have power to compel the attendance of absent members.

General pow-

Section 3. The common council shall have control and management of the finances and of all property of the city; and shall likewise, in addition to the powers herein vested in them, have full power to make, enact, ordain, establish, publish, enforce, alter, modify, amend and repeal all such ordinances, rules, and by-laws for the government and good order of the city, for the suppression of vice and immorality, for the prevention of crime, and for the benefit of trade, commerce and health as they shall deem expedient, declaring and imposing penalties, and to enforce the same against any person or persons who may violate any of the provisions of such ordinances, rules and by-laws, and such ordinances, rules and bylaws are hereby declared to be and have the force of law; provided, that they be not repugnant to the constitution of the United States and of this state, and for these purposes shall have authority, by ordinances, resolution or by-law:

Shows, saloons, etc.

mon showmen or shows of any kind, or the exhibition of caravans, circuses, or theatrical performances, billiard tables, bowling saloons, and to provide for the abatement of and removal of all nuisances under the ordinances or at common law, and to grant licenses for selling spirituous, vinous or fermented for liquors, and to regulate groceries, taverns, victualing houses, and the persons vending or dealing in spirituous, vinous or fermented liquors, and to revoke the same for a violation thereof; provided, that the sum to be paid for any such license shall not be less than the amount fixed and provided by the laws of this state, and that no license shall be granted for a less time than one year, and shall expire on the first Tuesday in April, except in special cases the council may issue the same for a fractional part of a year, to expire on that day; and provided further, that no person thus licensed shall sell or give away spirit-

1st. To license and regulate the exhibition of com-

License for

nous, vinous or fermented liquors on election days; and all moneys derived from licenses shall be paid into and constitute a part of the city general fund.

2d. To restrain and prohibit all descriptions of gaming and fraudulent devices and practices, and all playing of cards or dice, or other games of chance, for the purpose of gaming in said city, and to restrain any person from vending, giving or dealing in spirituous, fermented or vinous liquors, unless duly licensed by the common council.

3d. To prevent any riots, noise, disturbances or dis-Riots, and disorderly plaorderly assemblages, suppress and restrain disorderly houses or groceries, and houses of ill-fame, and to authorize the destruction of all instruments used for the

purpose of gaming.

4th. To compel the owner or occupant of any gro- Unwholesome cery, cellar, tallow chandler's shop, soap factory, tannery, stable, barn, privy, sewer, or other unwholesome, nauseous house or place, to cleanse, remove or abate the same from time to time, as often as it may be necessary for the health, comfort [and] convenience of the inhabitants of said city.

5th. To direct the location and management of slaughter-houses and markets, and to prevent the houses and mar erection of and use and occupation of the same when the offal or filth therefrom shall discharge into the waters of the rivers, lakes, ponds or sloughs, and to establish rates for and license venders of gunpowder, and regulate the storage, keeping and conveying of the same or other combustible material.

6th. To prevent the incumbering of the streets, Choumb sidewalks, lanes or alleys with carriages, sleighs, boxes, lumber, fire-wood, or any other materials or substances whatever.

7th. To prevent horse-racing, immoderate driving or riding in the streets, and to regulate the places of bathing and swimming in the waters within the limits of said city.

8th. To restrain the running at large of horses, cattle, swine, sheep, poultry and geese, and to authorize the distraining, impounding and sale of the same.

9th. To prevent the running at large of dogs, and to authorize the destruction of the same in a summary manner when at large contrary to the ordinance.

10th. To prevent persons from bringing, deposit- Unwholesome ing or having within said city, any putrid carcass, or substances. unwholesome subscances, and to require the removal of the same by any person who may have upon his

Gambling.

Slaughter-

Gunpowder.

Encumbrance

Horse racing.

Horses,

premises any such substance, or putrid or unsound beef, pork, fish, hides or skins, of any kind, or on default to authorize the removal thereof by some competent officer at the expense of such person or persons.

11th. To establish and make public pounds, pumps,

and license hacks, cabs, drays, carts, and the charges

of hackmen, cabmen, draymen and cartmen in the

Pounds, pumps wells, cisterns, and reservoirs of the city; to regulate

Hacks, cabs.

city, and to erect lamps for lighting the streets, pubof lie grounds and public buildings with gas or other-Lighting streets. wise.

Boards of ealth, hospihealth, hospi-tals and ceme-

12th. To establish and regulate boards of health, provide pospitals and cemetery grounds, regulate the burial of the dead and the return of the bills of mortality, and to exempt burial grounds set apart for public use, from taxation.

Bread.

13th. To establish the size and weight of bread, and to provide for the seizure and forfeiture of bread baked contrary thereto.

Protection of sidewalks.

14th. To prevent all persons from riding or driving any horse, mule, or any other animal on the sidewalks in said city, or in any way doing any damage to said sidewalks.

Fire-arms and fire-works.

15th. To prevent any shooting of firearms or crackers, and to prevent the exhibition of fire-works in any situation which may be considered by the council dangerous to the city or any property therein, or annoying to the citizens thereof.

Drunkenness

16th. To restrain drunkards, immoderate drinking, and obscenity. or obscenity in the streets or public places, and to provide for arresting, removing and punishing any person or persons who may be guilty of the same.

Runners for cars, etc.

17th. To restrain and regulate runners and solicitors for stages, cars, public houses and other establishments.

Police.

18th. To make rules and ordinances for the govern-

ment of the police of the city.

Markets.

19th. To establish public markets and make rules and regulations for the government of the same; to appoint suitable officers for overseeing and regulating such markets, and to punish, and restrain all persons from interrupting the due observances of such rules and regulations; to regulate and license butchers' stalls, shops and stands for the sale of game, poultry, meats, fish and other provisions.

Hay, fuel, etc.

20th. To regulate the place and manner of weighing hay, selling the same and measuring and selling

fuel, lime and other gross commodities, and to appoint snitable persons to superintend and conduct the same.

21st. To compel owners of buildings or grounds, or the occupants when the same are occupied, to remove snow, dirt or rubbish from the sidewalks, street or alley opposite thereto, and to compel such owner or occupant to remove from the lot owned or occupied by him, all such substances as the board of health shall direct, and in default to authorize the removal or destruction of the objectionable substances by some officer of the city, at the expense of such owner or occupant.

22d. To regulate, prevent and control the landing diseases. of persons from cars and stages wherein are contagious and infectious diseases or disorders, and to make such disposition of such persons as to preserve the

health of said city.

23d. To regulate the time, place and manner of holding public auctions and vendues.

35th. To appoint watchmen and regulate their watchmen.

duties. 25th. To provide by ordinance for a standard of Weighte weights and measures, and for the punishment of

for the use of false weights and measures.

26th. To alter or change the name of any street in Names numbers the city, and to re-number the lots and blocks of the streets and lots, city or any part thereof, and to cause a revised and and plats consolidated plat of the same to be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which the same is situated; and after the making and recording of such plat, such lots or tracts may be assessed or conveyed by the numbers or designations Conveyance of upon such plat, and such numbers and designations lots. shall be valid descriptions for all purposes of assessment, tax deeds and conveyances.

27th. To lay out, make, open, keep in repair, alter Streets, alleys, or discontinue any highways, streets, lanes or alleys, and sidewalks and bridges, and to keep them free from incumbrance, and to protect them from injury.

28th. The common council shall have power to require the owner of any lot or grounds in the city to set out shade or ornamental trees in street or streets fronting the same, and in default thereof to cause the same to be done and to levy a special tax upon such lot or grounds to pay the expense of the same.

29th. The common council shall have jurisdiction over the entire water courses bordering on such city Rubbish.

Contagious

Auctions.

Shade trees.

Water courses.

or running [through] the same, so as to prevent any deterioration of the waters or any nuisance being cast therein by which the health of the inhabitants of the city or the purity of the waters shall be impaired, and may also prohibit the taking of fish in the waters thereof during such months as they shall designate.

ordi-Laws, ord nances, etc., how passed.

Section 4. All laws, ordinances, regulations, resolutions and by-laws shall be passed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the common council, and shall be signed by the mayor, and shall be published in a paper or papers, both selected by the common council, before the same shall be in force, and within fifteen days thereafter they shall be recorded by the city clerk in books provided for that purpose; but before any of said laws, ordinances, regulations or by-laws shall be recorded, the publication thereof respectively. Proof of pub- within the same time, shall be proved by the affida-

lication to be furnished,

vit of the foreman or publisher of each newspaper, and said affidavit shall be recorded therewith, and at all times shall be deemed and taken as sufficient evidence of the time and manner of such publication.

Power of council not to bar suits.

Section 5. The power conferred upon the said courcil to provide for the abatement or removal of nuisances shall not bar or hinder suits, prosecutions or proceedings in the courts according to law. houses, houses of ill-fame, disorderly taverns and houses or places where spirituous, vinous or fermented liquors are sold without the license required therenui- of, houses or buildings of any kind, wherein more than 100 pounds of gunpowder are deposited, stored or kept at any one time, are hereby declared and shall be deemed public or common nuisances.

Public Sances.

Duty of council to audit accers.

Section 6. The council shall examine, audit and counts of offi adjust the accounts of the clerk, treasurer, street commissioners, marshal, and all other officers and agents of the city, at such times as they may deem proper, also at the end of each year and before the term for which the officers of the said city are elected Officers to ex- or appointed shall have expired. And the common hibit books. council shall require each and every such officer and in making set-agent to exhibit his books, accounts and vouchers for such examination and settlement; and if any such officers or agents shall refuse to comply with the orders of the council in the discharge of their said duties, in pursuance of this section, or shall neglect or refuse to render their accounts or present their books and vouchers to said council, it shall be the

duty of the common council to declare the office of such person vacant; and the common council shall order suits and proceedings at law against any officer or agent of said city who may be delinquent or defaulting in his accounts, or in the discharge of his official duties, and shall make a full record of all such settlements and adjustments.

CHAPTER V.

Section 1. The common council shall have power Laying out to lay out public squares, grounds, streets and alleys, and widening and to widen the same as follows: Whenever ten or less, etc. more freeholders residing in any ward, shall, by petition, represent to the common council that it is necessary to take certain lands within the ward where such petitioners may reside, for public use, for the purpose of laying out public squares, grounds, streets or alleys, or the enlarging and widening of the same, the courses and distances, metes and bounds of the lands proposed to be taken, together with the names and residences of the owners of such premises, if the same shall be known to the petitioners, the common council shall thereupon cause notice of Notice of pesuch application to be given to the occupant or occu-siven to ownpants of such lands, if any there be, or if a portion ers of lands to betaken. of such land shall not be in actual occupation of any person, then the common council shall cause such notice, describing as near as may be the premises proposed to be taken, to be published in the official paper for four weeks at least once in each week.

Section. 2. Such notice shall state on a certain shall set forth. date therein to be named, not less than ten days from the service of such notice, or the expiration of such publication, as the case may be, application will be made to the judge of the circuit or county court of the county in which such lands may be situate, for the appointment of six jurors to view said premises, and to determine whether it will be necessary or expedient to take the same for the purposes specified in

said petition.

Section 3. Upon the presentation of such application, and upon proof of the publication or service of the notice hereinbefore required, the said judge shall thereupon appoint six reputable freeholders, residents of the city, but not interested in such application. The said judge shall thereupon issue his precept di- Jurous to view rected to said jurors, requiring them within thirty premises are make report.

What notice

Appointment, of jurors.

days to view said premises, to be specified in said precept, and to make returns under their hands to the common council, whether in their judgment it is necessary to take said premises for the purpose specified in such application.

In case of disqualification of jurors.

Section 4. If any of the jurors so appointed shall be disqualified from acting, or shall refuse to act, the judge shall appoint others in their places, and a memorandum of such substitution shall be endorsed on the precept.

Jurors to take testimony.

Section 5. The said jurors, at such times as they shall agree upon, shall proceed in a body to view the premises in question, and shall hear such testimony as may be offered by any person interested, which testimony shall be reduced to writing by one of the jurors; and either of the jurors shall be authorized to administer the necessary oaths to witnesses.

Jurors to report whether necessary to take lands.

Section 6. After viewing the premises and hearing such testimony as may be offered, the jurors shall make a report of their proceedings, which shall be signed by them respectively, and shall state whether in their judgment it is necessary to take the premises in question for the public use, which said report, testimony and precept shall be returned to the common council within the time limited therein.

In case it is sury to premises.

Section 7. Should the jurors report that it is necesreported neces- sary to take such premises, the common council shall enter an order among their proceedings confirming said report, and directing the said jurors, within one month thereafter, or such further time as may be deemed proper, to again view said premises for the purpose of ascertaining and determining the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of the property proposed to be taken, and also what lands or premises will be benefitted by such taking, and to assess and return within the time limited, such damages and benefits to the common council.

case lands being oc en pied buildings.

Section 8. If there should be any building in whole by or in part upon the lands to be taken, the jurors before proceeding to make their assessments, shall first estimate and determine the whole value of each building to the owner, aside from the value of the land, and the injury to him in having the said building taken from him; and secondly, the value of such building to him to remove.

Notice of determination to ers of land.

Section 9. At least ten days previous notice of such be given own- determination shall be given to the owner or his agents if known, and a resident of the city, or left at

his usual place of abode. If not known, or a non-resident, notice to all persons interested shall be given by publication, in the official paper three successive Such notice shall specify the building and the award of the jurors. It shall also require parties Parties interested to apinterested to appear by a day to be therein named, or pear and give give notice of their election to the common council, either to accept the award of the jurors and allow such building to be taken with the land appropriated or of their intent to remove said building, at the value thereon set by the jurors to remove. If the owner shall agree to remove such building, he shall have such time for this purpose as the common council shall allow.

Section 10. If the owner refuses to take the build- In case owner ing at the value to remove, or fails to give notice of refuses to take his election as aforesaid within the time prescribed, move. the common council shall have power to direct the sale of said building at public auction for cash, giving ten days' notice of such sale. The proceeds shall be paid to the owner, or deposited to his use.

SECTION 11. The said jurors within the time limpremises and ited, shall view and examine the premises proposed appraise value to be taken, and all such other premises as will, in thereof. their judgment, be injured or benefited thereby. After hearing such testimony as may be offered by any parties interested, and which shall be reduced to writing by one of said jurors, they shall proceed to make their assessment, and to determine and appraise to the owner or owners the value of the real estate so proposed to be taken, and the injury arising to them, respectively, in consequence of the taking thereof, shall be awarded to the owners, respectively, as damages, after making due allowance therefrom for any benefit which such owners may respectively derive from such improvements. In the estimate of damages to the land, the jurors shall include the value of the building or buildings (if the property of the owner of such land) as estimated by the owner aforesaid, less the proceeds of the sale thereof, or if taken by the owner at the value to remove, in such case they shall only include the difference between such value and the whole estimated value of such building or buildings.

SECTION 12. If the damages to any person be greater Damages to any person be greater benefits to than the benefits received, or if the benefits be great-determined. er than the damages, in either case the jurors s all strike a balance and carry the difference forward to

another column, so that the assessment will show what amount is to be received or paid by such owner or owners respectively, and the difference only shall in any case be collected by them or payable to them.

When property lease or mortgage.

Section 13. If the lands or buildings belong to belongs to ser-eral persons or several persons, or if the lands be subject to lease, judg-is subject to ment or mortgage, or if there be any estate in it less than an estate in fee, the injury done to such persons or interests, respectively, may be awarded to them by the jurors less the benefits resulting to them respectively from the proposed improvement.

Jury to apportion and as-

Section 14. Having ascertained the damages and damages expense of the proposed improvement as aforesaid, and expenses. the jurors shall thereupon apportion and assess the same, together with the cost of the proceedings upon the real estate by them deemed benefited, in proportion to the benefits resulting from the proposed improvements as nearly as may be, and shall describe the real estate upon which the assessments may be The award of such jurors shall be signed by them and returned together with the testimony taken, to the common council within the time limited in their order or appointment.

When lands

Section 15. The lands required to be taken for the shall become purposes mentioned in this act, shall not be approveded in city. priated until the damages awarded therefor to the owner thereof shall be paid or tendered to the owner or his agent, and in case the said owner or agent cannot be found or is unknown, deposited to his or their credit with the city treasurer, and then and not before, such lands may be taken and appropriated for the purpose required, and the same shall thereafter be subject to all laws and ordinances of the city in the same.*

Contracts. leases etc., to be void.

Section 16. When the whole of any lot or tract of land, or other premises, under lease or under contract, shall be taken by virtue of this act, all the covenants, contracts or engagements between landlord and tenant or any other contracting parties, touching the same or any part thereof, shall upon the confirmation of such report, respectively cease and be absolutely discharged.

When only Section 17. When only part of a lot or tract of part of land land or other premises so under lease or contract shall or lease of balance to remain be taken for any of the purposes aforesaid, all the void. covenants, contracts or agreements respecting the same, upon the confirmation of such r port, shall be absolutely discharged as to the part thereof so taken,

^{*}The words "manner as streets, alleys and public grounds heretofore epened and laid out," are found in engrossed bill, but not in enrolled bill.

but shall remain valid as to the residue thereof, and the rents, considerations and payments reserved, payable and to be paid for in respect to the same, shall be so proportioned so that the part thereof justly and equitably payable for such residue thereof, and no more, shall be paid or recoverable for in respect to the same.

Section 18. The damages assessed shall be paid or Damage to be paid within tendered or deposited, as herein required within six six months. months [after] the confirmation of such assessment and reports, and if not so paid, tendered and deposited, all the proceedings in any such case shall be void. The benefits so assessed from the confirmation of sessed to such report shall become and remain a lien upon the come a lien. premises so determined by the opening or widening

of such street, alley or public ground.

Section 19. When any known owner of lands or When lands tenements affected by any proceeding under this act infant or pershall be an infant, or labor under legal disability, the son under legal disability, the disability. judge of the circuit court of the county in which said lands may be situate, or, in his absence, the judge of any court of record in said county, may, upon the application of the common council, or such party or his next friend, appoint a guardian for such party, and all notices required by this act shall be served upon such guardian.

Section 20. After the jurors shall have made their Council may report as to the necessity of taking any lauds under appoint this act, and the same shall have been confirmed, the common council shall have power to appoint new jurors in the place of any who shall neglect or refuse to serve, and the jurors, before entering on the discharge of their duties, shall severally take an oath before some competent officer, that they are freeholders oath. of said city and not interested in the premises pro-

posed to be taken, and that they will faithfully and impartially discharge the trusts reposed in them.

Section 21. Any person whose property is taken, Right of apor against whom an assessment is made, may, within peal to circuit ten days from the return of said jurors to the common council, appeal from the said assessment of damages or benefits to the circuit court of the county in which such lands may be situate, where such appeals shall be tried by the court and jury as in ordinary cases. The common council shall have the same right to appeal.

Section 22. Whenever any public ground, street or alley shall be laid out, widened or enlarged under the profile of street alley or public provisions of this chapter, the common council shall cause an accurate survey and profile thereof to be made and filed in the office of the city surveyor.

CHAPTER VI.

Section 1. The common council may cause a sursarvey and vey of all the streets to be made and the grade thereof streets to be established, and an accurate and perfect map and profile of the same made and deposited with the clerk of said city, with suitable field notes and explanations thereof, to enable the same to be fully understood, which grade shall be strictly complied with unless altered and modified as hereinafter provided, in the opening and grading of all streets, and in the erection of all bridges, sluices, water courses and drains, and in constructing all sidewalks, platforms, cross-walks and alley ways.

Power of couneil to alter grades of streets

Section 2. Upon application in writing of the alter resident owners of three-fourths of the lots upon any street or upon that part of any street in which the grade is proposed to be changed, the common council shall have power to alter such grade, or establish a new one in such street, or part of street, set out in such application as the public good may seem to require.

Right of action damages tained.

SECTION 3. Any person not being a signer of such against city for application who shall complain to have sustained damages by such change of grade, shall have his right of action againt the city for the recovery of the same; provided, that no suit shall be brought against the city, for the recovery of such damages until application shall have been made to the city council, and said council shall have refused or neglected for three months to settle the same; the signing of such application shall be taken and construed as a release of all claims for damages of every such signer.

Street com-

Section 4. The common council shall have power missioner—his to elect a street commissioner who shall have power to require every resident liable to work on the highways, by the laws of this state, to perform one day's labor in each year on the streets in said city, and in case any such person shall neglect or refuse to perform such labor at such time and place as such commissioner shall direct, to assess, sue for and collect of every such person, one dollar and fifty cents in lieu thereof, which shall be expended in improving

Poll tax.

the streets, under the direction of the common council by said commissioner.

Section 5. It shall be the duty of the street com- Street com- to missioner to see that all ordinances of the city relat-enforce ordinances relating ing to the obstruction and cleaning of sidewalks, to streets, etc. streets, alleys, public grounds, resorvoirs, gutters, sewers and water courses are duly observed and kept, and direct and control the persons employed therein. The street commissioner shall have a general supervision over all work let by contract for the improvment of streets or sidewalks unless the common council shall otherwise provide. The street commis- of same. sioner shall annually report to the common council a correct statement of all moneys by him collected under the provisions of the fourth section of this chapter, and the manner of expending the same.

Section 6. Sidewalks shall be constructed upon the of sidewalks. proper and established grade of any street in said city, of such width, in such manner, of such materials, and in such time as the common council, by the ordinances, resolution or order shall direct, by the owner or owners of any lot or piece of ground in front of which such sidewalk shall be ordered. If the owner or owners of any such lot or piece of ground shall not construct such sidewalk as aforesaid, the common council may cause the same to be constructed at the expense of such owner or owners. The contract for the construction of any such sidewalk shall be let to the lowest bidder, and notice shall be given by publication in the official paper of the city for at least ten days, of the time and place and manner of receiving such bids. The common council shall levy a special How expenses tax upon each lot or piece of ground in front of which to be paid. any sidewalk shall be constructed by contract, sufficient to pay the cost of constructing the same; provided, that no such contract shall be let until sixty days' notice shall have been given to such owner or owners, of the ordinance, resolution or order requiring the construction of such sidewalk, by the publication of the same at least ten days in the official paper of the city; provided, that no such sidewalk shall be constructed except upon the petition of two-thirds of the owners of such lots and blocks, who shall be residents of such city. Such sidewalks shall be maintained at the expense of the city.

CHAPTER VII.

Control of council over city funds.

Section 1. All funds in the city treasury, except school, county and state funds, shall be under the control of the common council, and shall be drawn out upon the order of the mayor, countersigned by the clerk, duly authorized by the common council, and in no other way; and in all appropriations of money by the common council the ayes and noes shall be taken and recorded on the journal.

How orders to be drawn.

Section 2. All orders drawn upon the treasurer shall specify the purposes for which they are drawn, and shall be made payable to the order of the person entitled to receive the same, and shall be payable generally out of any funds in the treasury belonging to the city, and all such orders shall be received in payment of any debt or demand due to, or tax or assessment levied by authority of the city, except taxes levied for school purposes.

Debts to be authorized by council...

Section 3. No debt shall be contracted against the city, or order drawn upon the city treasury, unless the same shall be authorized by a majority of the common council, and no money be appropriated for any purpose whatever, except such as is expressly authorized by this act.

Forfeitures, etc., to be paid into city treasury.

Section 4. All forfeitures and penalties accruing to the city for the violation of this act, or of any of the ordinances, by-laws, rules and regulations of the city, and all moneys accruing for licenses, shall be paid into the city treasury and become a part of the general fund, except as otherwise provided in this act. No penalty or judgment recovered in favor of the city, shall be remitted or discharged except by a vote of two thirds of the aldermen elect.

Taxes and ass, ssments.

Section 5. All property, real and personal, within the city except such as may be exempt by the laws of this state, shall be subject to annual taxation for the support of the city government and the payment of its debts and liabilities and the same shall be assessed in the manner hereinafter provided; the assessor elected under this act shall have and possess the same powers that are or may hereafter be conferred upon township assessors, except as far as they may be altered by this act; provided, however, that the common council may prescribe the form of assessment rolls, and more fully define the duties of assessors, and make such rules and regulations in

relation to revising, altering or perfecting such rolls as they may from time to time deem advisable.

Section 6. On or before the third Monday of June in each year the assessor shall, with the president of roll—how to be the common council and the city clerk, meet at the common council chamber, and shall organize by electing one of their number chairman, and on or before the first day of July of each year, the said assessor shall make out an accurate and complete assessment roll, which shall contain a description as near as may be of all lands, lots or parcels of land within the city, sufficient to identify the same, and also of all persons or bodies politic liable to pay taxes on personal property, and opposite to each lot or parcel of land shall be affixed the value thereof, and opposite to the name of each person or body politic shall be affixed the value of personal property assessed to each. Where there are buildings on any lot or tract of land the value of the same shall be set forth separately when so desired by the owners thereof. The assessor may assess any lot or tract of land in such parcels as he may deem proper, but it shall be necessary to enter the name of the owner, when known, opposite to any tract, lot or parcel of land. The assessment shall be certified by the chairman or a majority of the assessment board, and such certificate shall be conclusive [evidence] of the organization of the assessment board and the election of such chairman.

SECTION 7. On the first and second Monday of July, Board of reand at such other times as they may appoint, the assessment board shall meet at the common council chamber for the purpose of hearing any objections of parties deeming themselves aggrieved by such assessment, and, after hearing the same, shall make such alteration as justice and equity may require.

Section 8. On or before the first day of Septem- Revision ber in each year, the assessment roll shall be returned assessment roll. to the common council by depositing the same with the clerk. The common council may supply omissions in said roll, and, for the purpose of equalizing the same, may alter, add to, take from, and otherwise revise and correct the same, but shall not have power to increase the amount of said roll except by the value of such real property as may have been omitted by the assessor.

Section 9. When the assessment roll shall have Levy of taxes. been revised and corrected, the same shall be filed with the clerk, and an order approving the same shall

be entered in the proceedings of the common coun-On the first Monday of October in each year, or within ten days thereafter, the common council shall determine the amount of taxes to be levied for general city purposes, and also to be levied for school purposes, and shall, by resolution, levy the same, but no such resolution shall be adopted except by a vote of two-thirds of the members elect, which shall appear in the proceedings of the common council; provided, that the said council shall not levy a tax for general purposes exceeding one per cent. upon the assessed valuation of said city in any one year, unless authorized to raise a greater sum by a majority of the electors of said city at a general or special election.

Taxes to be lien on prop-

Section 10. All taxes or assessments, general or special, levied under this act, shall be and remain a lien upon the lands and tenements upon which they may be assessed, and upon all personal property of any person or body politic, assessed for personal taxes, from the date of the warrant for the collection thereof, until such taxes shall be paid, and no sales or transfer of such real property shall affect such lien. personal property belonging to the person taxed may be sold for the payment of taxes upon personal property.

Boards of sumay levy taxes.

Section 11. The boards of supervisors of the counpervisors of ties of Pierce and St Croix may levy a tax or taxes Croix counties upon such portion of the territory of such city as may be comprised within the limits of such county, as now is or may be provided by law hereafter in relation to towns, and shall cause the amount of taxes so levied to be certified to the city or city clerk, in the manner provided by law in relation to town and town clerks, and in all transactions of the board of supervisors of said county, said city shall be regarded as a town, except as herein otherwise provided.

Section 12. Upon receiving the statement of the make out tax amount of taxes so levied, the city clerk shall make out upon the assessment roll in columns left for that purpose, or upon a copy thereof, a complete statement of the several taxes levied for state, county, city or other purposes, and all delinquent taxes of any previous years, and all special taxes levied by the common council, since the making out of the annual tax list, in such separate columns as may be necessary, with the total footings carried out opposite each tract or lot of land, or persons named therein, which state

ment shall be called the tax list of the city of River Falls, and shall be preserved by said clerk as a record in his office, and shall have the same legal force and effect as the records of the common council.

Section 13. The tax list made out and preserved as aforesaid shall be prima facie evidence in every evidence. court of record in this state that every act or thing required by law to be done relating to assessing or levying taxes, from the election of officers to the completion of the tax list inclusive, has been done regu-

larly and correctly as required by law.

Section 14. Immediately after making out the tax Duplicate tax list to be delist as aforesaid, the clerk shall make out a duplicate livered to treascopy thereof, to which shall be appended a warrant urer. signed by the mayor and clerk, and sealed with the corporate seal of said city, directed to the treasurer requiring and commanding him to collect the taxes and assessments specified in said duplicate copy of the tax list in the manner provided by law, and said clerk shall on or before the 25th day of November of the same year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, deliver the same to the city treasurer for collection and make a record of such delivery on the tax list preserved in his office.

Section 15. The city treasurer upon receipt of such duplicate copy of the tax list shall proceed to collect the same in like manner, and shall have like powers, and be subject to like requirements, liabilities and restrictions as town treasurers, except as otherwise provided in this act. The city treasurer shall receive urer. two per cent. fees upon all taxes paid to him before the first day of January, and five per cent. fees upon all taxes paid or collected after that time, to be added to the amount of taxes and collected with the same, and two per cent. upon all other moneys paid into the treasury, which shall be in full for services performed by said treasurer under this act or the ordinances of the city.

SECTION 16. On or before the fifteenth day of Feb-ruary of each year, the said treasurer shall make out linquent taxand return to the treasurer of the county in which such lands may be a list of all lands and lots upon which the taxes have not been paid, and shall also settle with and pay over all moneys properly payable to said county treasurer, in like manner as now is. or may hereafter be required of town treasurers. said treasurer shall also by the same time make out and deliver to the city clerk a list of all delinquent

Tax-list to be

Tressurer to collect taxes.

Fees of treas-

personal property taxes for the same year. The county treasurer shall add the same interest, penalties or fees to such delinquent returns as are allowed or are required by law upon delinquent returns from the several towns.

Sale of delinquent lands.

Section 17. The county treasurer shall sell all delinquent lands and lots returned from the city of River Falls at the same time and in the same manner as other delinquent lands are sold in said county.

No exemptions from special taxes.

Section 18. All real estate exempt from taxation by the laws of this state, shall be subject to all special taxes for the building of sidewalks and improvement of streets in front of the same.

Assersment of farming lands.

Section 19. All lands lying within the city limits used or kept for farming purposes, and not divided and laid out with lots and blocks and out-lots, shall be assessed at a moderate cash value by the acre, and shall not be subject to any special tax. Taxes levied for purpose of procuring fire apparatus or construction of water works within said city, shall be deemed special taxes within the meaning of this act.

Assessment not vitiated by informalities.

SECTION 20. All the directions hereby given, except in section nine of this chapter, for the assessing of lands, and the assessing, and the levying, collection and returns of taxes and assessments, shall be deemed only directory, and no error or informality in the proceedings of any of the officers entrusted with the same, not affecting the substantial justice of the tax itself, shall vitiate or in anywise affect the validity of the tax or the assessment.

CHAPTER VIII.

SCHOOLS.

Status of public schools.

Section 1. The common schools of the city of River Falls shall be under the supervision and control of the district boards of each district in the same manner as if this act had not been passed, and the same relations shall be sustained between said city and such schools, as near as may be, as between a township and the schools therein, and the same reciprocal powers and duties.

CHAPTER IX.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Section 1. The common council for the purpose of Power of counguarding against the calamities of fire, shall have the fire limits. power to prescribe the limits within which wooden buildings or buildings of other materials that shall not be considered fire-proof, shall not be erected, or repaired, and to direct that all and any building within the limits prescribed shall be made of fire-proof materials and to prohibit the repairing of wooden buildings within the fire limits, when the same shall have been damaged to the extent of fifty per cent. of the value thereof, and to prescribe the manner of ascer-

taining such damages.

Section 2. The common council shall have power cil to guard to regulate the building, construction, and condition against fires. of chimneys, fire-places, hearths, stoves, stove-pipes, ovens, boilers and apparatus used in or about any building and to cause the same to be removed or placed in a safe and secure condition when considered dangerous; to prevent the deposit of ashes in unsafe places; to require the inhabitants to provide as many fire buckets and in such time and manner as they shall prescribe, and to regulate the use of them in time of fire; to regulate and prevent the carrying on any manufactures dangerous in causing or promoting fires; to compel the owners and occupants of buildings to have scuttles in the roof, and stairs or ladders leading to the same; to authorize the mayor, aldermen, fire wardens and other officers of the city to keep away from the vicinity of a fire all idle or suspected persons, and to compel by-standers to aid in the extinguishment of fires, as the common council may deem expedient.

SECTION 3. The common council shall have power Purchase of to purchase fire engines and other fire apparatus; and organizaprovided, that the common council shall not expend tion of fire comfor such purposes a sum exceeding one thousand dol- panies. lars in any one year, without first submitting the question to a vote of the electors of said city and being authorized by them to expend a larger sum; and to authorize the formation of fire engine, hook and ladder and hose companies, and to provide for the due and proper support of the same, and to order such companies to be disbanded, and their meetings

to be prohibited and their apparatus to be delivered Each company shall not exceed seventy able bodied men, between the ages of fifteen and sixty years, and may elect its own officers and form its own by-laws, not inconsistent with the laws of this state or the ordinances and regulations of said city, and shall be formed only by voluntary enlistments.

Appointment Section 4. There shall be a meeting of the mem-of chief engi-neer and assis- bers of said companies on the third Monday of June in each year, at such place as may be designated by the mayor, when they may nominate and recommend to the common council for appointment one chief engineer, and three assistant engineers, and the common council shall thereupon confirm such nominations; and the person so appointed shall perform such duties as the common council shall prescribe.

Fire wardenhis duties.

Section 5. At such times the members of said company shall nominate, and the common council shall appoint the fire wardens, who shall perform such duties as the common council shall prescribe, and they may at any time enter into or open any house, storehouse or other building or enclosure for the purof inspecting the same and with a view to guard against fire.

Fines, etc., to be paid to fire department.

Section 6. One-half of the net proceeds of all fines and penalties recovered for the breach of any ordinance, by-law or regulation made in pursuance of this chapter, shall be paid to the fire department.

Arrests

Section 7. Whenever any person shall refuse to disobadience of obey any lawful order of engineer, fire warden, mayor disorderly con- or aldermen at any fire, it shall be lawful for the officer giving such order to arrest or direct orally the marshal, constable, watchman or citizen to arrest such person, and to confine him temporarily in any safe place, until such fire be extinguished; and in the same manner such officers, or any of them, may arrest or direct the arrest and confinement of any person at such fire who shall be intoxicated or disorderly; and any person who shall refuse to obey any such lawful order or who shall refuse to arrest or aid in arresting any person so refusing, shall be liable to such penality as the common council may prescribe, not exceeding fifteen dollars.

CHAPTER X.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Section 1. All work for the city exceeding the Work for city sum of fifty dollars shall be let by contract to the to be let by lowest responsible bidder, and due notice shall be given of the time and place of letting such contract.

Section 2. All actions brought to recover any pen- Actions to be brought in coralty or forfeiture under this act or the ordinances, porate name of by-laws, police or health regulations made in pursuance thereof, shall be brought in the corporate name of the city. It shall be lawful to declare generally in debt for such penalty, or forfeiture, stating the clause of this act, or by-law or ordinance, under which the penalty or forfeiture is claimed, and to give the special matter in evidence under it. prosecutions may be commenced by summons or by warrant, as the exigencies of the case may require; provided, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent any police officer from arresting, without process, any person found in a state of intoxication or guilty of immoderate drinking, improper revelling, noisy, boisterous or disorderly conduct on the streets or public places, and taking such persons forthwith before the police justice of the peace, or keeping them in confinement until such time as said justice can reasonably hear and dispose of such offender.

Section 3. Execution shall issue forthwith on the Executionsrendition of judgment, unless the same be stayed or whom directed appealed, according to the laws of this state. The may be imappealed, according to the laws of this state. The may be prisoned. execution, except in cases ex-contract, shall require the defendant in any such action, in case no goods or chattels, lands or tenements whereof the judgments can be found, to be imprisoned in the jail of Pierce county for a term not exceeding three months, in the discretion of the justice or judge rendering judgment, unless the same be sooner paid or discharged by the common council.

Section 4. No person shall be an incompetent to disqualify judge, justice, witness or juror by reason of his being witnesses, etc. an inhabitant of said city, in a proceeding or action in which he shall be a party in interest.

SECTION 5. If any election of the people or com-when election mon council shall not for any cause be held at the time scribed time, or in the manner herein prescribed, or if the common may be held council shall fail to organize as herein provided, it

shall not be considered reason for arresting, suspending or absolving said corporation, but such election or organization may be had at any subsequent day, by order of the mayor, and in case of the failure of the first election, by order of the proper person, be done by any person or persons at any time specified, and if the same are not done and performed such persons or officers may appoint or give notice of another time at which such acts may be done and performed.

Executions against city-how paid.

Section 6. When judgment shall be recovered against the city, or any ward thereof, or against any city officer in an action prosecuted by or against him in his name of office, where the same should be paid by the city, no execution shall be awarded or issue upon such judgment, except as herein provided, but the same, unless reversed, shall be levied and collected as other city charges, and when so collected shall be paid by the city treasurer to the person to whom the same shall be adjudged upon the delivery of a proper voucher, but if payment thereon be not made within sixty days after the city treasurer is required to make his return of city taxes, next after rendition of such judgment, execution may be issued thereon, upon the order of the court authorized to issue such Private prop- execution on a special application therefor, nor shall erty not liable any execution be levied upon any property of any individual, nor shall such property be in any manner seized, taken, held, or sold for any debt or liability of said city.

Actions against

Section 7. When any suit or action shall be comoty-how con-menced against said city, the service thereof may be made by leaving a copy of the process with the mayor and it shall be the duty of the mayor forthwith to inform the common council thereof or take such other proceedings as the ordinances or resolutions of said council may provide.

City may hold property.

Section 8. The said city may lease, purchase and hold real or personal property sufficient for the convenience of the inhabitants thereof, and may sell and convey the same, and the same shall be free from taxation.

General laws obarter.

Section 9. No general law contravening the proto affect visions of this act shall be considered as repealing, amending or modifying the same, unless such purpose be expressly set forth in such law.

> Section 10. No compensation or salary shall be paid out of the city treasury to the mayor or any

alderman of said city for any services while attend- Compensation of city officers. ing any meeting of the common council; and compensation for other services shall not exceed the sum

of two dollars per day.

SECTION 11. The citizens of the town of River Falls Town election shall have power to hold all town meetings, and gencity. eral or special elections at such place, either in the town of River Falls, or the city of River Falls, as they may determine, in the same manner as if this act had not passed, and with like effect as if held in the town of River Falls.

> Licenses how issued.

Section 12. Every license issued by authority of this act or the ordinances of the city, shall be signed by the city clerk and sealed by the corporate seal, but no such license shall be issued by said clerk until the person applying for the same shall have deposited with the clerk the receipt of the city treasurer for the amount required to be paid therefor, nor shall any license be issued for dealing in, selling or vending spirituous, vinous or malt liquors until the same shall have been authorized by the common council, and the applicant shall have filed his receipt as aforesaid, together with a bond as required by the laws of this state, which bond shall be approved by the mayor. Every such license shall contain a clause prohibiting the selling, vending or giving away of any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors on general or special election days.

Section 13. Every person having such license, who Penalty for shall vend, sell or give away any spirituous, vinous selling liquens or malt liquors, on any election day. shall be liable to prosecution, under this act, or the ordinances of the city, or may be indicted in the circuit court of the county in which such offense may be committed, and upon conviction thereof, every such offender shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, nor less than fifty dollars, or to be imprisoned in the jail of such county not more than thirty days nor less than ten days at the discretion of the court. and the license held by such person shall be forfeited and void.

Section 14. No suit or proceedings shall be com- Proceedings to menced or prosecuted to recover title or possession of lands sold for any lot, piece or parcel of land situated within the taxes. city limits, held or claimed by virtue of any deed purporting on its face to be executed on account of any sale for taxes or assessment levied after the passage of this act, until the person commencing the

suit or proceeding shall have deposited with the court in which such proceedings is, or shall be commenced for the use of the holders or claimant under such deed, an amount of money equal to the amount of taxes, charges and costs, paid in procuring such deed and all subsequent taxes, costs and charges upon the lot or lands described in such deeds and paid by such holder or claimant under such deed except in case where the taxes were paid before sale, or the lands redeemed according to law. In the trial of every such cause on the part of the defendant, such deed shall be first read in evidence to the jury, and shall be evidence in such suit or proceeding to the extent specified and provided in section 109, chapter 15, title 5, of the revised statutes.

Jail of Pierce county to

Section 15. The use of the jail of Pierce county, until otherwise provided, shall be granted to said city for the confinement of persons or offenders, and every such offender shall be delivered to the sheriff of said county for whose custody, safe-keeping and delivery the said sheriff shall be responsible as in other cases; but said county shall not incur or pay any liability or expense on account of any person committed to said jail for a violation of any ordinance, by-law, rule or negulation of said city, but such expenses shall be paid by the city.

Relations betowns.

Section 16. From and after the first Tuesday of tween city and adjoining April, A. D. 1875, if this charter be accepted by the electors of said territory, as herein specified, all connections between said territory and the towns of Kinnickinnic, Troy and River Falls, shall cease for town purposes; but said territory shall be liable to pay its just proportion of all indebtedness of such towns, and shall be entitled to receive a like proportion of any surplus in the treasuries of said towns. The town clerks of each of such towns of River Falls, Kinnickinnic and Troy shall immediately after receiving notice of the assessments as equalized by the county board, certify to the city clerk of the city of River Falls the amount of indebtedness of his town of which the said city should pay a proportionate part, and the amount of interest, or principal and interest which said town had determined to pay in such year, and the proportion the territory taken from said towns and incorporated in such city, should pay, which amount shall be determined from the legalized [equalized] assessment made by the county board of supervisors of the county in

which said town is situated. And it is hereby made the duty of the boards of supervisors to determine such relative value from year to year of such portions of such territory so long as such indebtedness shall continue to The city clerk of such city, shall, at the time of making the tax roll of said city each year, carry out upon such tax roll against the property, real and personal, in such territory, a tax sufficient to pay the proportionate amount so certified to him by each town clerk, and the treasurer of said city shall pay over such amount to the treasurer of such town, on or before the first day of February following such assessment, taking the receipt of such treasurer for the same.

Section 17. At the first election held in such city, the qualified electors shall elect six aldermen, two aldermen. in each ward, three of whom shall hold their office one year, and three shall hold their office two years, and each voter shall specify upon his ballot the term for which each alderman shall hold his office. at every annual elections thereafter there shall be elected three aldermen, who shall hold their offices two years.

Jurisdiction

of

Section 18. The justices of the peace in said city of aldermen. shall have jurisdiction to try all offenses against the ordinances of said city, and may impose such penal-

ties as such ordinances may prescribe.

Supervisors.

Section 19. The qualified electors in each ward in said city shall annually elect one supervisor to represent such ward in the county board of the county in which said ward is situated.

Section 20. This act shall be in force and take effect from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 5, 1875.

CHAPTER 298.

[Published March 12, 1875.]

AN ACT to create a board of park commissioners for the west side of the city of Milwaukee.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Sonate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Alexander Mitchell, William Pitt Commissioners.