variety, woodcock, quail, partridge, snipe, wild duck. brant or goose, or who shall kill, destroy or wound any wild pigeon or other game at its nesting or brooding place, or who shall pursue, entrap, ensnare or kill any otter, beaver, mink, muskrat or other fur bearing animal upon the lands, or to the middle of any stream of water adjoining the lands of another engaged in the business, on such lands, of breeding or rearing such animals; or any person, corporation or company or any employe thereof, who shall in any way or manner carry or export out of this state, or attempt so to do, or aid in so doing, or cause the same to be done, any bird, fowl or animal mentioned in this section, and killed, caught or taken in this state, except wild pigeons, beavers, mink, muskrats or other fur bearing animals, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars nor less than five dollars for each offense. One half of such fine when collected shall be paid to the county treasurer and by him paid into the school fund, the remaining half shall be paid to the informer. And further, the gun or guns, boat or boats and decoys of any such person guilty of such offense shall be forfeited to the state.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication. Approved April 8, 1885.

[No. 134, A.]

[Published April 15, 1885.]

CHAPTER 352,

AN ACT to encourage the establishment of free high schools in towns having no graded schools therein, and to appropriate a certain amount from the general fund in aid of such schools.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Regarding the establishment of high schools.

SECTION 1. Whenever any town in which no graded school exists or when any two adjoining towns in which no graded school exists, shall vote to establish and maintain a free high school, as provided in sections 490 and 491, revised statutes, and such free high school shall have been established and maintained in the manner now provided by law for establishing and maintaining free high schools, for at least three months, and when the high school board of such town, or of such two towns adjoining which unite to maintain such school, shall make the report required by section 496, revised statutes, in order to obtain the aid furnished by the state of Wisconsin, in maintaining free high schools, they shall append thereto a certificate, to the effect that such school is established and maintained in a town, or by towns wherein no graded school exists.

SECTION 2. Upon receiving the reports and ap- Duties of state pended certificate provided for in section 1, of this defined in react, it shall be the duty of the state superintend- gard thereta. ent to make a separate and distinct class of the schools thus established and maintained in towns where no graded schools exist, and each such school shall be entitled to receive from the general fund of the state annually, one half the amount actually expended for instruction in such school, and the state superintendent shall fix the amount to be paid to each of said high schools and certify the same to the secretary of state, at the same time and in the same manner as he is now required to fix the amount to be paid to high school districts, and certify the same to the secretary of state. On such certificate, at any time after the first day of December, the same shall be paid to the district treasurer out of the state treasury; but the whole amount so paid shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars in any one year to this class of free high schools, and if more is demanded by such districts, they shall be paid proportionally. The secretary of state shall annually include and apportion in the state tax all such sums as shall have been so paid, in addition to the amount authorized to be paid in aid of free high schools by section 496, revised statutes, and in addition to all other sums to be levied for the year.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 8, 1885.