

And the state board of supervision may, in their discretion, adopt rules for crediting to deserving convicts some portion of their earnings, to be paid to them on discharge or while in prison, on their own order, subject to such rules and limitations as may be established.

State board of supervision may make certain rules for compensating convicts.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 1, 1889.

[No. 169, S.]

[Published April 3, 1889.]

CHAPTER 218.

AN ACT relating to jails, police stations and lock-ups.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Whenever in the opinion of the state board of charities and reform, any jail, police station or lock up, is dangerous to the health or life of prisoners, or is so constructed as not to hold prisoners securely, with ordinary vigilance on the part of the officers in charge, or is not so constructed as to provide for the proper separation of prisoners as provided in section 4952, of the revised statutes, it shall be the duty of the state board of charities and reform to notify the county board, city council, village board or other similar body having the necessary authority, by filing a written notice with the county, city or village clerk, stating the facts in the case and whether in their opinion the defects can be remedied by repairs, or whether a new jail, police station or lock-up should be constructed. If within one year after such notice being filed, the repairs are not satisfactorily made, or a new jail, police station or lock up constructed, as the case may be, it shall be the duty of the state board of charities and reform to condemn said jail, police station or lock-up by filing a written notice with the clerk of the circuit court for

State board of charities and reform may order repair of jails, etc.

To condemn same, when, notice how given.

Sheriff or chief of police, et al., to transfer prisoners.

Notice of condemnation may be revoked.

Not to be constructed in basement of any other building.

Ch. 371, laws 1887, repealed.

said county, in the case of a jail, or with the city or village clerk; in the case of a police station or lock-up, and thereafter it shall not be lawful to confine prisoners in such jail, police station or lock-up; and it shall be the duty of the sheriff of the county or the chief of police, city or village marshal or constable, as the case may be, to immediately transfer all prisoners then in said jail, police station or lock up to some other place of confinement, and thereafter not to use said jail, police station or lock-up as a place for confining prisoners; provided, that such condemnation shall not take effect until approved by the circuit judge of the judicial circuit in which such county is situated.

SECTION 2. The state board of charities and reform may at any time for good reasons, and with the approval of the circuit judge, revoke any notice of condemnation provided for in section one, and may also for good reasons extend the time between the notice and condemnation, not to exceed one year additional.

SECTION 3. Hereafter no jail, police station or lock up shall be constructed in the basement of any other building.

SECTION 4. Chapter 371, of the laws of 1887, and all acts and parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

SECTION 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 1, 1889.

[No. 179, S.]

[Published April 3, 1889.]

CHAPTER 219.

AN ACT to amend section 4387, of the revised statutes, as amended by chapter 257, of the laws of 1883, in relation to the offense of kidnapping.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 4387, of the revised statutes, as amended by chapter 257, of the laws of 1883, is