No. 309, S.]

[Published July 10, 1907.

## CHAPTER 486.

AN ACT to amend 1, 2, 3, 6 and 7, chapter 230, laws of 1903, 1898 respectively, and to create sections 1311—4 to 1311—25, 1636—65 and 1636—67, of the statutes, relating to sanitary regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments.

The people of the staiz of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Sections 1, 2, 3, 6 and 7, chapter 230, laws of 1903, are made sections 1636—61, 1636—62, 1636—63, 1636—65 and 1636—67 respectively of the statutes, and amended to read:

Approved June 9, 1907.

(In effect from and after date of publication.)

No. 759, A.]

[Published July 10, 1907.

## CHAPTER 487.

AN ACT to amend sections 1 and 2, chapter 312, laws of 1901, making the same sections 1311—1 and 1311—2, statutes of 1898 respectively, and to create sections 1311—4 to 1311—25, inclusive, statutes of 1898, providing for a system of permanent highways under county supervision.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 1 of chapter 312, laws of 1901, is amended and made a section of the statutes of 1898 to read:

SECTION 2. Section 2 of chapter 312, laws of 1901, as amended by chapter 210, laws of 1905, is amended and made a section of the statutes of 1898 to read:

ating any street or interurban railway or other railway operating cars similar to those used by street or interurban railways shall provide all cars operated singly, and the front car in all trains, with suitable fenders or pilots so arranged and constructed as to protect the lives, limbs and bodies of all persons that may be upon the street or highway, against injury by striking or running over them.

Penalties. 2. Any person, firm or corporation who shall fail or neglect to comply with the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each day during which such neglect or failure continues and the manager of such railway who causes such violation or permits same shall be liable with said person, firm or corporation to said fine.

(Ch. 390, 1907.)

Bakeries and confectioneries: sanitary storage rooms: pure air: impermeable floors; single use. Section 1636— 61. 1. All buildings occupied for bakeries and confectionery establishments, and all buildings or rooms for storage of goods that are intended to be used in the preparation of the products of such establishment or for storage of the products of such cstablishments shall be well drained and all plumbing therein shall be constructed in accordance with well established sanitary principles and of good workmanship, and the rooms thereof used for the manufacture, storage or sale of bread and other food products or for the storage of goods that are intended to be used in the preparation of such bread and other food product shall be light, dry and airy. The air within such bakery or confectionery establishment shall at all times be kept pure and free from harmful odors and noxious gases. The room or rooms used for the manufacture or storage of bread and other food products in bakeries and confectionery establishments shall have floors and side walls so constructed as to exclude rats, mice and other vermin, and said floor and side walls shall at all times be free from moisture and kept in a good state of repair. Said floor shall have a smooth surface and be impermeable and may be constructed of wood, cement or tile laid in cement. But no floor shall be constructed in a room used for the manufacture bread and other food products in bakeries and confectionery establishments where the floor of said room is more than eight feet below the level of the street, sidewalk or adjacent ground. The walls and ceiling of such rooms used for the manufacture or storage of bread \* \* or other food products, or for the storage of goods that are intended to be used in the preparation of such bread and other food products shall be whitewashed at least as often as once in six months and the floors, utensils and furniture of such rooms as are used for the manufacture, storing or sale of said food products and the wagons used for the delivery of said food products shall at all times be kept in a sanitary, clean condition. The furniture and utensils of such rooms shall also be so arranged so that the same can be easily and perfectly cleaned. No room used as a bakery shall be used for any other purpose.

No filth, disease, vermin, uncleanness. 2. No food shall be prepared in any unclean manner or near any filthy object in any bakery or confectionery establishment, or by any person wearing filthy clothing, nor by any person afflicted with a loath-some disease. No goods that are decayed, or have been contaminated nor any goods to which vermin have had access, or which vermin have party consumed or devoured, nor goods which have become unclean in any manner shall be used in the preparation of any product of a bakery or confectionery establishment. No person shall befoul any room or any utensil used in the preparation of food in any bakery or confectionery establishment.

(Ch. 486, 1907.)

Closets; sleeping rooms; clothing; toilet. Section 1636 -62. No water-closet, earth-closet, privy or ash pit shall be within or communicate directly with the bake room or any other room used in the manufacture of bread \* \* \* or other food products in any bakery or confectionery establishment. sleeping places for workmen employed in bakeries or confectioneries shall be separate and distinct from the places used in the manufacture of bread or other food products. While engaged in the manufacture of bread or other \* \* food products the workmen in bakeries or confectioneries shall provide themselves with caps and slippers or shoes and an external suit of coarse linen, used for that purpose only, and these garments shall at all times be kept in a clean condition. All bakeries and confectioneries shall be provided with ample toilet facilities apart from the utensils used in the preparation of said foods to enable the workmen employed therein to keep their persons Said bakeries and confectioneries shall also be provided with a separate dressing room to enable the workmen to change their clothes and keep the same in a proper condition.

(Ch. 486, 1907.)

Height of rooms. Section 1636—63. After the passage of this act no new bakery or confectionery establishment shall be established or operated in a room the floor of which is more than five feet below the level of the street, sidewalk or adjacent ground, nor in any room the ceiling of which is less than eight feet high from the floor and no bakeshop nor confectionery shall be re-opened in such a room where the same has not been used for a period of over six months.

(Ch. 486, 1907.)

Room licenses necessary; labor commissioner to grant; revocation. Section 1636—65. It shall be the duty of the state bureau of labor and boards of health, both state and local, to see that the provisions of this act are enforced and the commissioner of labor shall appoint a proper and competent person to act as bakery inspector for two years, who shall perform his duties under the direction of the said commissioner. The state factory inspector or any assistant state factory inspector shall have the same power as the bakery inspector. The said bakery inspector shall receive a salary of \$1,000 per annum together with necessary traveling expenses, to be paid out of the general fund not otherwise appropriated.

\* No building, room or apartment shall be used for the purpose of establishing a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of bread and other food products, unless a license is secured as provided in this act. Application for a license shall be made to the commissioner of labor and industrial statistics by any person, firm or corporation desiring to establish or conduct a bakery or confectionery for the manufacture of bread and other food products. Such application shall be made in such form as the commissioner of labor may determine. Blank applications shall be prepared and furnished by the commissioner of labor.

If the commissioner of labor and industrial statistics or bakery inspector, ascertain that such building, room or apartment is in clean and proper sanitary condition, and otherwise conforms to all provisions of this act, and that bread and other food products may be manufactured therein under clean and sanitary conditions, he shall grant a license permitting the use of such

building, room or apartment for the purpose of making bread and other food products. The license so issued shall be revoked ipso facto upon a second conviction of any violation or failure to comply with any of the provisions of this act.

(Ch. 486, 1907.)

Bakery inspector; salary and expenses. Section 1636—66. It shall be the duty of the state bureau of labor and boards of health, both state and local, to see that the provisions of this act are enforced and the commissioner of labor shall appoint a proper and competent person to act as bakery inspector for two years, who shall perform his duties under the direction of the said commissioner. The state factory inspector or any assistant state factory inspector shall have the same power as the bakery inspector. The said bakery inspector shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum and and necessary and expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties, to be paid out of the general fund not otherwise appropriated.

(Ch. 530, 1907.)

Section 1636-67. Any person who shall en-Penalties. gage in or continue in the operation of a bakery or confectionery establishment after this act shall take effect without first procuring a license so to do, as provided by this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than ninety days, or both. Any person who violates or fails to comply with any other provision of this act after thirty days notice in writing has been served upon, or sent through registered mail to, the owner, manager or officer operating such establishment, by an officer or inspector of the bureau of labor or some officer or agent of the board of health, of any change necessary to be made to comply with the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than ninety days, or both. Provided, however, that nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent immediate prosecution, without notice, for any violation of the provisions of subdivision 2 of section 1636-61 as created by this act.

(Ch. 486, 1907.)