

to be fixed. The salary of no such official shall be increased or diminished during his term of office.

SECTION 2. At its first regular meeting in the month of January preceding the time for making up the annual budget, such common council is further authorized and empowered to fix the salaries to be paid during the next ensuing fiscal year to all officials and employes of such city other than those having a definite term of office. The salaries of all officials and employes of such city not having a definite term of office shall be and remain as so fixed by the common council for and during the next ensuing fiscal year and shall so continue until thereafter fixed anew by the common council as provided herein.

SECTION 3. The salaries of all city officials and employes shall remain as they are now until such salaries shall have been fixed and determined as provided herein.

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after January 1, 1910.

Approved June 12, 1909.

No. 891, A.]

[Published June 15, 1909.]

CHAPTER 381.

AN ACT to create section 4601—6 of the statutes, relating to the sale of sausage and sausage mixtures, and providing a penalty.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section 4601—6. 1. No person by himself, his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of any other person, or as the servant or agent of any firm or corporation, shall sell, offer or expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell any product as and for sausage, unless the same complies with the following definition and standard, to wit:

(1) Sausage, sausage meat, is a comminuted meat from neat cattle or swine, or a mixture of such meats, either fresh, salted, pickled or smoked, with added salt and spices and with or without the addition of edible animal fats, blood and sugar, or subsequent smoking. It contains no larger amount of water than the meats from which it is prepared contain when in their fresh condition, and if it bears a name descriptive of kind, composition or origin, it corresponds to such descriptive name. All animal tissues used as containers, such as casings, stomachs, etc..

are clean and sound and impart to the contents no other substance than salt. Nothing in this act shall be construed as prohibiting the sale of sausage mixed with not to exceed four (4) per cent. of cereals or potato flour and not to exceed ten (10) per cent. of added water, as and for "sausage with cereals" or "sausage with potato flour" as the case may be.

2. Any person who by himself or his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of any other person, or as the servant or agent of any firm or corporation, shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty days nor more than sixty days.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after October 1, 1909.

Approved June 12, 1909.

No. 886. A.]

[Published June 15, 1909.]

CHAPTER 382.

AN ACT to amend subsection 1 of section 573--3 of the statutes, relating to compensation of probation officers for dependent, neglected and delinquent children.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Subsection 1 of section 573--3 of the statutes, is amended to read: 1. The court shall have authority to appoint or designate one or more discreet persons of good character to serve as probation officers during the pleasure of the court; * * * *said probation officers so appointed shall receive such compensation as the county board of supervisors may in their discretion allow; provided, however that not more than two probation officers shall receive compensation.* In case a probation officer shall be appointed by any court, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court if practicable to notify said probation officer in advance when any child is to be brought before said court; it shall be the duty of said probation officer to make such investigation as may be required by the court; to be present in court in order to represent the interests of the child, when the case is heard; to furnish the court such information and assistance as the judge may require, and to take such charge of any child before and after trial as may be directed by the court.