

shall be taxed as costs in the case. * * * The sum per diem paid to the county judge and to the phonographic reporter, shall be in lieu of the fees allowed by law to justices of the peace for taking testimony in such case. Section 2439, of the revised statutes shall apply to said reporter and said court, and section 4141, of the revised statutes shall apply to transcribed copies of the testimony and proceedings taken by the reporter in the county court.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after twelve o'clock noon, on the first Monday in January, 1910.

Approved April 28, 1909.

No. 821, A.]

[Published April 29, 1909.

CHAPTER 76.

AN ACT to amend section 1, chapter 24, laws of 1895, relating to a municipal court in and for the city of Oshkosh and county of Winnebago.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 1, chapter 24, laws of 1895, is amended to read: Section 1. A municipal court for the city of Oshkosh and county of Winnebago, is hereby established, under the name of the municipal court of the city of Oshkosh and county of Winnebago; said court shall be a court of record, and have a clerk and seal with suitable device to be procured under the direction of the judge of said court, at the expense of the city of Oshkosh; said court may exercise powers and jurisdiction equal and concurrent with the circuit court of Winnebago county in all cases of crimes and misdemeanors arising in said county, except murder, and except where the person accused shall demand, in writing, as herein provided, to be tried in said circuit court; such jurisdiction shall include the right to try and determine all appeals to such court, in criminal cases, from justices of the peace in said county, and the party appealing may, at his option, appeal to the county court of said county, or to said municipal court. * * *. No justice of the peace or court commissioner within said city, shall exercise any jurisdiction in criminal or bastardy cases, but all such jurisdiction is vested in the judge of said court; and all examinations, recognizances and commitments from said judge, and the other justices of the peace of said county, in criminal cases (except mur-

der), and in bastardy cases, shall be certified and returned to said municipal court * * * instead of said circuit court, at or before the time fixed for the appearance of the accused; and the accused, and all witnesses required to attend, shall be committed to be brought or recognized to appear before said municipal court, or such other court as they may be held to, on a day certain, not more than thirty days from the date of such commitment or recognizance; the judgments of said municipal court, in criminal cases tried upon information or upon appeal, *and in bastardy cases*, may be reviewed by the supreme court in the same manner as like judgments of the circuit court may be, and all judgments originally rendered, by said court or the judge thereof, in criminal cases of which justices of the peace have jurisdiction, may be appealed to and tried by the county court, in the same manner as like judgments rendered by justices of the peace.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 28, 1909.

No. 418, A.]

[Published April 29, 1909.

CHAPTER 77.

AN ACT to create subsection 12m of section 776 of the statutes, relating to powers of town boards to acquire a wood-lot.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There is added to section 776 of the statutes a new subsection to read: (Section 776.) 12m. To authorize the town board to acquire by purchase or otherwise a sufficient tract of land to use and maintain as a wood-lot and to preserve and re-forest the same under regulations approved by the state board of forestry. The sale of such wood-lot may be authorized or directed in like manner.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 28, 1909.