

or in part, as a public building, public or private institution, hotel, inn, schoolhouse, church, public hall, place of assemblage or place of public resort, factory or workshop, opera house or office building, must be provided with exits having doors that open or swing outward, whether such doors are outer doors or open upon vestibules or stairways, and when storm doors are used at the entrance of any such building, either inside or outside, said storm doors shall have a glass therein, not less than fifteen inches square, and such doors through which employes must pass to gain access to the outside of the building, in which they are employed, must remain unlocked during working hours. Any owner, tenant, corporation, person or persons in charge of any of the above named buildings, who shall fail to comply with this section, or any architect who shall prepare plans for any building which is required by this section to be provided with such doors, without providing in such plans for the same, shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not longer than ninety days. The provisions of this act shall not apply to rural school buildings of but one story in height.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 15, 1911.

No. 685, A.]

[Published June 17, 1911.

CHAPTER 379.

AN ACT to create sections 4601i to 4601l, inclusive, of the statutes, relating to food products and providing a penalty.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There are added to the statutes four new sections to read: Section 4601i. The display or storing of fruits, vegetables, or other food products on the sidewalk, or outside the place of business is hereby prohibited, unless such fruits, vegetables or other food products are securely covered by glass, wood or metal cases, or enclosed in tight boxes, bags or barrels, and all such cases and containers raised at least two feet above the sidewalk. The provisions of this section shall not apply to fruits or vegetables which are peeled or skinned before being used, or which are stored in tight barrels, boxes or crates.

Section 4601j. No dairy or other food product which has been prepared for eating shall be displayed or offered for sale, unless properly protected from flies, dust, dirt or other injurious

contamination, by being suitably covered with a glass, wood or metal case or covering.

Section 4601k. It shall be the duty of the health officer in each town, incorporated village and city, co-ordinately with the dairy and food commissioner, by himself, his assistants, or inspectors to enforce the provisions of this act.

(Am. 1911, c. 664, s. 50.)

Section 4601l. The owner, manager or other person having charge of any grocery store, fruit store or other establishment where fruit, vegetables or other food products are sold, or offered for sale, who violates any of the provisions of this law shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars or more than fifty dollars for each offense, or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed sixty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

(Am. 1911, c. 664, s. 50.)

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 15, 1911.

No. 991, A.]

[Published June 17, 1911.

CHAPTER 380.

AN ACT to create a third municipal court for Bayfield county.
The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There is hereby created and established, in and for the county of Bayfield, a municipal court, to be known and designated as the third municipal court of Bayfield county, with the powers and jurisdiction hereinafter specified and provided.

SECTION 2. On the first Tuesday in April, 1912, and every four years thereafter, there shall be elected, in the county of Bayfield, in the same manner as county judges are elected, one municipal judge, who shall hold his office for the term of four years from the first Monday in May next following his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified: and in case of vacancy occurring in the office of said municipal judge, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the governor, and the person appointed to fill such vacancy shall continue in office for the residue of the term for which his predecessor was elected or appointed. Such judge shall hold no other county office during the term for which he is elected.

SECTION 3. The judge of the third municipal court of Bayfield county shall hold his office at the town of Bayfield, in a suitable room for such purpose, to be provided by the board of supervisors of Bayfield county.