

hundred dollars, or in default of the payment of such fine, by imprisonment in the county jail of the county in which he shall have been convicted, for a period not exceeding sixty days, for each offense.

(Am. 1911, c. 664, s. 85.)

**SECTION 2.** A sum sufficient to carry out the provisions of this act, not exceeding five hundred dollars, is appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

(Am. 1911, c. 664, s. 85.)

**SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

(Am. 1911, c. 664, s. 85.)

Approved June 27, 1911.

No. 693, A.]

[Published June 28, 1911.]

## CHAPTER 457.

AN ACT to create sections 1421—9 to 1421—16, inclusive, of the statutes, relating to county institutions for the care of persons suffering from tuberculosis, in the advanced or secondary stages.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

**SECTION 1.** There are added to the statutes eight new sections to read: Section 1421—9. 1. The county board of supervisors of any county, may, with the consent of the state board of control, purchase a site and establish or provide a building or shack, for the treatment of persons suffering from tuberculosis, in the advanced or secondary stages.

2. In counties in which a county institution has been established, the board of supervisors, with the consent of the state board of control, may locate such building or shack upon the farm or lands, used in connection with the county institution.

3. The board of supervisors of any county is authorized to levy taxes and issue bonds to raise a sufficient amount of money to cover the cost of procuring a site, constructing the building or shack, equipping such building or shack, and for the maintenance thereof.

Section 1421—10. Before the county board of supervisors of any county, proposing to erect such building or shack, shall proceed to the construction of such building or shack, it shall cause complete plans, drawings and specifications of such building or shack to be prepared and submitted to the state board of control for its approval. After the plans, drawings and specifications have been approved by the state board of control, the county board of supervisors may proceed with the construction of such building or shack.

Section 1421—11. 1. At the time of or before the completion of such building or shack, the county board of supervisors of any county establishing such institution, shall at any regular meeting, elect three trustees for the management of such institution and such management shall be entirely in the hands of such trustees. Such trustee shall be elected in the following manner: One for one year, one for two years, and one for three years, from the date of election, and all elections thereafter shall be for a period of three years, except in cases of vacancy caused by death or resignation, when elections shall be made for the balance of the unexpired term. Provided, that in counties already having a board of trustees for other county institutions the county board may place the management of such sanitarium under such board of trustees.

2. Such trustees shall serve without compensation, except that they shall receive their actual expenses in the performance of their duties. The trustees shall appoint as superintendent of such institution a graduate trained nurse, and also a visiting physician for such institution, and fix their compensation. The trustees shall designate the number of employes of such institution and fix the compensation of such employes. The employes shall be selected by the superintendent, subject to the confirmation of the board of trustees.

3. The county treasurer of any county, which creates such an institution, shall be the treasurer of such institution, and shall receive all moneys paid for the maintenance of inmates of such institution, and shall disburse all moneys to be paid on account of such institution, such disbursements to be made upon the order of the trustees.

Section 1421—12. Any indigent person suffering from tuberculosis in the secondary or advanced stages, who shall have been a resident of the state for at least one year, shall be received into the institution, within the limits of its capacity, as determined by the state board of control. Before such person shall be admitted, he shall file a statement with the county judge of the county in which he resides, setting forth the fact that he is unable to pay for his care and treatment. The county judge of the county, in which such person resides, shall make a thorough investigation of the case, and if he finds that the applicant, or his legal representatives, are unable to pay for his care, he shall approve in writing, the application of such person. The judge shall immediately forward to the superintendent of the institution, a statement in writing that such person is indigent and is suffering from tuberculosis in the secondary or advanced

stages. Upon receipt of such certificate, it shall be the duty of the superintendent of the institution to receive and care for such indigent person, until the superintendent shall recommend his discharge or removal.

Section 1421—13. In all cases where indigent persons desire to be admitted into the institution, the county judge of the county in which such person resides, shall, before issuing an order for his admission, cause such person to be examined by a regularly licensed physician, who shall file a report with such judge, and if it is found by such judge from the report of such physician that such indigent person is suffering from tuberculosis in the secondary or advanced stages, the order for the admission of such person shall be issued.

Section 1421—14. 1. Any person, not indigent, suffering from tuberculosis in the secondary or advanced stages, who shall have been a resident of the state not less than one year, may be received into any institution, provided for by this act, and cared for at a rate which shall not exceed the actual cost of maintenance therein; provided, that before such admission, he shall furnish to the superintendent of the institution a certificate of a regularly licensed physician that he is suffering from tuberculosis in the secondary or advanced stages.

(Am. 1911, ch. 664, s. 86.)

2. Whenever any such institution is completed, according to the plans and specifications approved by the state board of control, such board shall cause a certificate of that fact, signed by the president and secretary thereof, to be filed with the secretary of state, and, thereafter, any county which shall create such an institution shall receive from the state, the sum of three dollars per week for each person cared for at public expense, subject to the limitation hereinafter mentioned.

3. On the first day of July, the trustees of any county, operating such an institution, shall certify to the secretary of state the names of all the persons cared for at public expense in such institution, the date when such persons were admitted, the number of weeks each of them was cared for during the preceding year, which certificate shall be verified by the affidavit of the trustees, and delivered by said secretary to the state board of control, and if such board of control shall approve the same, and cause its approval to be indorsed thereon by the president and secretary thereof, the secretary of state shall credit the amount so certified to be due such county on the next taxes due therefrom.

4. The amount contributed by the state as provided for in

subsection 2 of this section, shall not in any one year exceed the sum of twenty thousand dollars, said sum to be divided among the various county institutions, in proportion to the number of patients in each institution, on the first day of July of each year: provided, that in no case shall any county receive from the state to exceed three dollars a week for each patient for the time which such patient shall be a resident of said institution.

Section 1421—15. The board of trustees, on or before October first, of each year, shall make to the board of supervisors a report showing in detail the operations of the institution for the year next preceding, which report shall also contain such recommendations as may be required, and detailed estimates of the appropriations required for all purposes during the ensuing year.

Section 1421—15. Such institution shall be conducted under the rules and regulations made by the superintendent, and approved by the board of trustees of such institution.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 27, 1911.

No. 758, A.]

[Published June 28, 1911.

## CHAPTER 458.

AN ACT to amend sections 1747—40, 1747—43, 1747—44, 1747—46 and 1747—55 of the statutes, relating to a grain and warehouse commission, and making an appropriation therefor. *The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Sections 1747—40, 1747—43, 1747—44, 1747—46 and 1747—55 of the statutes are amended to read: Section 1747—40. It shall be the duty of the grain and warehouse commission to assume and exercise a constant supervision over the housing and marketing of grain in the city of Superior, the handling, inspection, weighing and storing of same, and the management of the public houses of said city, and to at least three times annually verify by measurement the amount of grain shown to be in store in all public warehouses, and to investigate all complaints of fraud or oppression in the grain trade, and in the handling and housing of grain in said city, and to correct the same. \* \* \*

Section 1747—43. \* \* \* The grain and warehouse commission \* \* \* shall appoint \* \* \* one of their num-