a large proportion of their products is made in a few months of the year, and if said legislation is enacted the market for butter will be destroyed, with a consequent lessening of production resulting in a shortage and too high a price in winter and,

WHEREAS, It has been proven that butter held in cold storage is not detrimental to the health of the consumer, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, That we respectfully memorialize the congress of the United States, in enacting cold storage legislation, not to limit the time during which said dairy products can be stored, to less than one year.

[No. 119, A.]

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 56.

To add section 13, to article VIII, of the constitution. relating to state insurance.

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring. That there be added to article VIII of the state constitution a new section to read: Section 13. The state may grant insurance upon such risks and in such manner as may be prescribed by law, and the limitations or restrictions provided in the constitution shall not apply to this subject; but provision shall be made for annual accounting for all liabilities assumed, and for the separation and safeguarding of all funds and property held by the state on account of any such insurance.

[No. 136, A.]

JOINT RESOLUTION NO 57.

Relating to trusts, pools and conspiracies.

WHEREAS, Apparently by concerted action, the price of ice has been greatly increased this year by all the dealers in the eity of Madison, without justification therefor, and

WHEREAS, It is also alleged that the price of coal is in like manner maintained by unlawful agreement at excessive rates in the cities of this state, and

WHEREAS, By section 1791j, Wisconsin statutes 1898, corporations are prohibited from unlawfully fixing prices as therein set forth, and the attorney-general directed therein, to proceed in an action of ouster, whenever such facts are disclosed; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring. That the attorney-general of Wisconsin be requested to investigate such charges and if well founded, to take such action as may be necessary in preventing further violations of law. Resolved, further, That upon the complaint of twenty-five electors of any town, city or village in the state of Wisconsin, the attorney-general shall investigate similar charges and if well founded take such actions as may be necessary in preventing further violations of law.

[No. 10, S.]

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 58.

Relating to the investigation of the primary and general election of 1908, and the election of United States senator in 1909.

WHEREAS. The senate committee members of the Joint Investigation Committee, and the Senate Investigation Committee appointed to investigate the manner, means, and methods by which the primary campaign and election of the year 1908 is claimed to have been corruptly and unlawfully conducted, and to fully, fairly, and thoroughly investigate the campaign and election of Isaac Stephenson to the United States Senate, and the campaign of the primary and general election, and the primary election and election of the members of the last legislature, so far as the same in any way pertained to or affected the election of Isaac Stephenson to the United States Senate, have, in accordance with the resolutions adopted for said purposes, made and filed their report with the Governor of the State of Wisconsin, and

WHEREAS, The senate committee members of the Joint Senatorial Primary Investigation Committee and the Senate Investigation Committee have in said report found that Isaac Stephenson did commit acts of bribery and attempted bribery, and did commit other acts in violation of the Corrupt Practices laws of Wisconsin relating to said matters; and further, that the managers and agents of Isaac Stephenson in said primary campaign and election and general election and senatorial election did, by acts of bribery and attempted bribery and other acts in violation of the Corrupt Practices laws and Penal Statutes of Wisconsin relating to said matters, obtained for the said Isaac Stephenson votes without which he would not have been elected. and that for such reason the election of said Isaac Stephenson to the United States Senate was null and void, and such election of the said Isaac Stochensen to the United States Senate should be annulled by the United States Senate.

WHEREAS, His Excellency, Governor Francis E. McGovern on the 17th day of January, 1911, transmitted to the consideration