

shall, deliver to each physician and midwife one container and one copy of the instructions. It shall be the duty of the attending physician or midwife in each confinement case to use the said solution as directed in said instructions.

Section 1409a—2. 1. In any confinement case not attended by a physician or midwife, if one or both eyes of an infant become inflamed, swollen and red, and show an unnatural discharge at any time within two weeks after its birth, the nurse, parents, or other attendant having charge of such infant shall report in writing, within six hours thereafter, to the health officer of the city, village, or town in which the parents of the infant reside, the fact that such inflammation, swelling, redness, or unnatural discharge exists.

2. On receipt of such report the health officer shall immediately give to the parents or person having charge of said infant a warning of the dangers to the eye, or eyes, of said infant, and a copy of the instructions prepared pursuant to section 1409a—1 of the statutes; and shall employ at the expense of the said city, village, or town, a competent physician to examine the case reported and to provide such treatment as may be prescribed by the state board of health and vital statistics in its instructions.

Section 172—27. 1. There is annually appropriated on July 1st, fifteen hundred dollars, payable from any moneys in the general fund, not otherwise appropriated, for the state board of health and vital statistics, to carry out the provisions of section 1409a—1.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 27, 1913.

No. 429, S.]

[Published May 29, 1913.

## CHAPTER 345.

AN ACT to amend section 2313 of the statutes, relating to conveyances.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 2313 of the statutes is amended to read: (Section 2313) No mortgage of personal property shall be valid against any other person than the parties thereto unless the possession of the mortgaged property be delivered to and retained by the mortgagee or unless the mortgage or a copy thereof be filed as provided in \* \* \* section 2314, except when otherwise directed in these statutes. Nor shall a chattel mortgage of personal property which is by law exempt from

seizure and sale upon execution be valid unless the same be signed by the wife of the person making such chattel mortgage, if he be a married man and his wife at the time be a member of his family, and unless such signature of such wife be witnessed by two witnesses.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 26, 1913.

No. 240, A.]

[Published May 31, 1913.

## CHAPTER 346.

AN ACT to create section 494a and section 172—116 of the statutes, relating to the introduction and administration of a winter term in high schools and providing an appropriation therefor.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. There is added to the statutes two new sections to read: Section 494a. 1. The high school boards of not exceeding ten high schools not under the supervision of a city superintendent may each, under such conditions and regulations as the state superintendent of schools may prescribe, establish a winter term commencing between the 30th of October and the 15th day of November, and continuing each year for a number of weeks equal to one-half the number of weeks school is maintained for the regular high school course during that school year.

2. The qualifications for admission to the course of study of said winter term shall be those prescribed for admission to the regular high school courses; provided, that persons not possessing the qualifications required for admission to the regular courses may be admitted to said winter term course upon the presentation to the high school principal of evidence through examination or otherwise satisfactory to him of ability to carry on the work of said course, and persons between the ages of sixteen and twenty years so admitted shall be entitled to the privileges prescribed in sections 496j to 496o, inclusive, of the statutes, and they shall also be entitled to enter the regular high school classes upon evidence satisfactory to the high school board and principal of their ability to do the work of such classes.

3. The course of study for such winter term shall receive the approval of the state superintendent; the additional teacher or teachers necessary to administer the said winter term course of study in addition to the regular courses of the school, shall be selected with his advice and consent, and the course of study