

notices, council proceedings and other proceedings as are required by the charter, by resolution or ordinance of the council to be published in a newspaper, and which such newspaper shall have contracted to publish for the compensation specified in their proposals and contract, and no lower or higher, and shall receive no other compensation therefor; provided, however, that said council shall reject all bids exceeding legal rates for like work, and in case of the rejection of all bids for either advertising or publication of proceedings for such cause it shall thereupon be the duty of the said council to direct said clerk to readvertise for proposals for such advertising or publication, as the case may be, in the manner hereinbefore provided, and said clerk shall thereafter transmit to said council the proposals so received by him in the manner aforesaid. The said council shall designate the newspaper or newspapers receiving the contract for such advertising as the proper official newspaper or newspapers of the city.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 27, 1913.

No. 480, A.]

[Published May 31, 1913.]

CHAPTER 349.

AN ACT to amend section 4075 of the statutes, relating to the disclosing of information by physicians and surgeons.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 4075 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 4075. No person duly authorized to practice physic or surgery shall be * * * *permitted* to disclose any information which he may have acquired in attending any patient in a professional character, and which information was necessary to enable him to prescribe for such patient as a physician or to do any act for him as a surgeon; but as a witness in his own behalf, he may disclose such information in any civil action brought by such patient or his legal representatives to recover damages for malpractice in such professional attendance, and also in any criminal prosecution for such malpractice, whenever such patient or his legal representatives shall have first given evidence relating to such information.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 27, 1913.