reading rooms, library stations, debating clubs, gymnasiums, public playgrounds, public baths and similar activities, and accommodations to be determined by such boards, without charge to the residents of such cities; also to coöperate with commissioners or boards having the custody and management in such citics of public parks, libraries, museums and public buildings and grounds of whatever sort, and by making arrangements satisfactory to such boards of school directors, and such commissioners or boards controlling other public buildings and grounds, to provide the equipment, supervision, instruction and oversight necessary to carry on public educational and recreational activities, as described in this section, in buildings and upon grounds in the custody and under the management of such commissioners or boards having charge of public parks, libraries, museums or public buildings and grounds of whatever sort in such cities of the first, second or third class.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 10, 1915.

No. 507, A.]

[Published June 12, 1915.

## CHAPTER 205.

AN ACT to create section 943e of the statutes, relating to the issuance of bonds by cities.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section 943e. Whenever the proposition of issuing bonds for any lawful purpose shall be submitted by any city to the electors thereof and there shall be then outstanding bonds theretofore issued by said city for a similar purpose, there shall be printed on the ballot by which the proposition is submitted, in addition to the things required by section 943 of the statutes, a statement of the amount of bonds theretofore issued by such city for sail purpose and then outstanding.

SECTION 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed in so far as they are inconsistent herewith.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon July 1st, 1915. Approved June 10, 1915.

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