catfish of any kind of less than one and one-half pounds, round or undressed weight, or less than one pound dressed weight, or more than twenty pounds of such variety of fish in any one day or in lieu thereof, not to exceed six fish of lawful size, or any black bass, yellow bass, green bass or Oswego bass of a length less than ten inches, or any white bass or crappie less than seven inches long. For the purpose of enforcing the laws in which is specified the length of fish which may be had in possession, sold or transported, to determine the length of such fish, measurements shall be taken from the tip of the nose to the tip of the tail; and this shall be the rule for measurements in all such cases.

(b) For any person, persons, firm, company or corporation to have whitefish of less weight than two pounds round or undressed, or one and one-half pounds dressed, or to sell, offer for sale, or transport any undersized whitefish.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 23, 1915.

No. 512, S.]

[Published June 25, 1915.

## CHAPTER 283.

AN ACT to create subsections 2, 3 and 4 of section 51.34 of the statutes, relating to actions affecting the license fees of insurance companies.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There are added to section 51.34 of the statutes three new subsections to read: (Section 51.34) 2. No suit shall be brought to restrain or enjoin the collection of any license fee imposed or provided for by sections 51.31 to 51.34, inclusive. Any company, corporation, or association, aggrieved by the payment of any such license fee, may maintain a suit against the state for the recovery thereof in the circuit court for Dane county within six months from the time of the payment thereof. The state may be served with a summons in such suit by delivering a copy to the attorney-general or leaving it at his office in the capitol with one of his assistants.

3. No action shall be commenced to compel the issuance of the license provided for by subsection 5 of section 1947 until the fee imposed by sections 51.31 to 51.34, inclusive, shall have been fully paid.

4. It shall be the duty of the attorney-general to institute suit in the circuit court for Dane county to recover any such license fees not paid within the time prescribed by sections 51.31 to 51.34, inclusive. Nothing in this act shall be construed as amending or modifying in any respect the provisions of Chapter 139 of the statutes.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 23, 1915.

No. 540, S.]

[Published June 25, 1915.

## CHAPTER 284.

AN ACT to repeal sections 1042c to 1042i, both inclusive, and to amend sections 1055 and 1056 of the statutes, all relating to the assessment of evidence of indebtedness for the purpose of taxation.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Sections 1042c to 1042i, both inclusive, of the statutes are repealed.

Section 2. Section 1055 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 1055. All articles of personal property shall, as far as practicable, be valued by the assessor upon actual view at their true cash value; and after arriving at the total valuation of all articles of personal property which he shall be able to discover as belonging to any person, if he have reason to believe that such person has other personal property \* \* or any other thing of value liable to taxation, he shall add to such aggregate valuation of personal property an amount which, in his judgment, will render such aggregate valuation a just and equitable valuation of all the personal property liable to taxation belonging to such person.

Section 3. Section 1056 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 1056. To determine the amount and value of personal property for which any person should be assessed, \* \* any assessor may examine such person under oath as to all such items of property and the true value thereof; and should any person refuse to so testify, or should any assessor or the board of review hereinafter provided for desire further evidence, they may call upon other persons as witnesses to give evidence underoath as to the items and value of the personal property of such person.