

owning or operating hospitals and sanitariums for the care of sick or insane persons, shall as often as semimonthly pay to every employe engaged in its business, except to those employes engaged in lumbering and logging operations, or in circuses and other traveling shows, all wages or salaries earned by such employe to a day not more than eighteen days prior to the date of such payment. Any employe who is absent at the time fixed or payment or who for any other reason is not paid at that time shall be paid thereafter at any time upon six days' demand and any employe leaving his or her employment or discharged therefrom shall be paid in full following his or her employment at any time upon three days' demand. No corporation coming within the meaning of this act shall by special contract with employes or by any other means secure exemption from the provisions of this act and each and every employe of any corporation coming within the meaning of this act shall have his or her right of action against any such corporation for the full amount of his or her wages due on each regular pay day as herein provided, in any court of competent jurisdiction. Any corporation which pays its employes at the end of the month fifty per cent or more of the amount due for services performed or work done during such month and pays the remainder thereof not later than the fifteenth day of the month next succeeding shall be deemed to have complied with the provisions of this section. Any corporation owning or operating any hospital or sanitarium for the care of sick or insane persons shall give the same number of days' notice of its intention to discharge any employe as it requires such employe to give before being permitted to quit its service, unless such employe is discharged because of a serious infraction of a rule.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 24, 1917.

No. 551, A.]

[Published May 26, 1917.

CHAPTER 280

AN ACT to create section 926—11a of the statutes, relating to registering coupon bonds of cities.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. A new section is added to the statutes to read: Section 926—11a. 1. When any bonds have heretofore been issued or are hereafter issued by any such city, payable to bearer,

such bonds may at the request of the lawful holder thereof be registered as to principal by such city upon presentation of said bond or bonds to the comptroller of said city. A book shall be kept by the comptroller of said city for the purpose of registering bonds and in it shall be entered the name of the holder, a description of the bond, the date when the same was registered and such other information as the comptroller may deem necessary. At the same time there shall be printed, stamped or written on said bond a certificate signed by the comptroller of said city to the effect that the bonds are registered and that the principal is payable only to the registered holder thereof, naming him, or his duly appointed legal representatives. The interest on said bonds shall be payable as theretofore but the principal thereof shall not be payable to any person other than the duly registered holder or his legal representative, unless the bond or bonds are subsequently registered in the name of another person or made payable to bearer again as hereinafter provided. Provided, that the registered holder may authorize any national or state bank or trust company, authorized to do a banking or trust company business in the city which issued said bonds, or he may authorize any city which has issued the bonds and which has a fiscal agent to present such bond or bonds for payment; and payment of the principal of any such bond or bonds by the city to such bank or trust company upon presentation of the bond to the treasurer of the city or its fiscal agent by such bank or trust company shall be a complete satisfaction of any and all liability on the part of the city for or on account of the principal thereof. Provided further that if one or more persons claiming to be the legal representative or representatives of the registered holder shall either in person or through a bank or trust company as above provided present the bond to the treasurer or fiscal agent of such city together with a certified copy of the court order by which they claim to have been appointed the legal representatives of the registered holder, payment to such person or persons or to such bank or trust company shall constitute a complete satisfaction and extinguishment of all liability of the city for the principal of said bond or bonds.

2. When any such bonds have been registered as above provided, the registered holder thereof may present the bond to the comptroller of such city either in person or by a national or state bank or trust company authorized to do business in such city together with a written request endorsed on the bond purporting to be signed by the registered holder thereof or his legal representative that the bond be registered in the name of another

person or persons or that the registry be cancelled and the bond made payable to bearer and thereupon the comptroller of such city shall enter in the register kept for such purpose as provided in subsection one of this section, a notation cancelling the former registry and registering the bond or bonds in the name of the person or persons designated in such request and shall print, stamp or write on said bond a certificate in the same manner as required for an original registry; or if said request is that the bond be made payable to bearer, the notation cancelling said registry shall so state and the comptroller shall certify on the bond that said bond is payable to bearer.

SECTION 2. All laws or parts of laws insofar as they conflict with the provisions of this law, are hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 24, 1917.

No. 127, S.]

[Published May 26, 1917.

CHAPTER 281

AN ACT to amend section 1030a of the statutes, relating to assessment districts in cities of the first class.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 1030a of the statutes is amended to read : Section 1030a. In all cities of the first class, whether organized under general or special charter, the tax commissioner or other head of the taxation department of such city by whatever name he may be known, shall divide such city into sixteen districts for assessment purposes and fix the boundary lines thereof without regard to ward lines, to be approved by the common council. *Whenever any of such districts shall be enlarged by reason of the annexation of territory to the city, the tax commissioner may, with the approval of the common council, re-district the city or so much thereof as he deems necessary in order to equalize the work of the several assessors, or he may, with the approval of the common council create additional assessment districts.* The said tax commissioner shall appoint one assessor for each district who shall be a resident of the district for which he is appointed and hold office in accordance with the civil service laws applicable to such city. They shall devote their entire time and attention to the duties of their office and shall not actively engage in any other occupation, pursuit, business or profession. They shall receive an annual salary to be fixed by the common