other county the amount of the benefits so paid, and said clerk, upon receipt of such certificate, shall draw his warrant upon the county treasurer in favor of the county which paid such benefits for the amount named in such certificate.

Section 572k. Any person claiming a benefit as provided in sections 572i to 572o, inclusive, shall make an affidavit before the county clerk of the county in which he resides of the facts which bring him within the provisions of this act, which affidavit shall be deemed an application for said benefit. Such application shall be accompanied by an affidavit of two freeholders residing in the county, that they are personally acquainted with such applicant and know that he has been a bona fide resident of this state for ten years and of said county for year immediately preceding the filing of such application; or if application is made for a benefit under paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of section 572i, said freeholders' affidavit shall state that the applicant is a bona fide resident of said county and shall set forth the name of the county from which he removed to the county in which such application is made and the length of time the applicant resided in such former county.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 8, 1917.

No. 513, S..]

[Published June 13, 1917

## CHAPTER 379

AN ACT to amend subsection 1 of section 1454 of the statutes, relating to location of cemeteries.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Subsection 1 of section 1454 of the statutes is SECTION 1. amended to read: (Section 1454) 1. No person, association or corporation shall lay out or establish any cemetery grounds or use any lot or grounds for burial purposes (except such as are now in use for such purposes) within the limits of any recorded plat of any city or village, or of any recorded addition thereto. when such cemetery, lot, or grounds shall be within one mile of any lot or block therein on which any building may then be erected; and no person, association or corporation shall lay out or establish any cemetery grounds or use any grounds for burial purposes except such as are now in use for such purposes without the limits of such plat or addition thereto and within two hundred rods of any inhabited dwelling standing on any lot or block in such city or village or addition thereto, without first obtaining the consent of the municipal authorities thereof; nor within fifteen rods of any habitable dwelling, public building, watering place, or schoolhouse, nor within two hundred rods of the institutions for the deaf and dumb, for the blind, the hospitals for the insane, the industrial school for boys, the home for the feeble-minded, the state public school, or the state reformatory, without the consent of the state board of control; provided, that an existing cemetery in a village may be extended toward or beyond either of the two nearest village limits upon first obtaining the consent of the village board and of the owners of any dwelling or other building within fifteen rods of such addition; and provided further, that an existing cemetery in any city of the fourth class may be extended and enlarged upon first obtaining the consent of the council of such city and of the owners of any dwelling or other building within fifteen rods of such addition; and provided further, that an incorporated college of a religious order in any city of the fourth class may, with the consent of the council of said city, establish a private cemetery on land owned by said college for the interment of members of said order in such city, but no such cemetery shall be established within fifty rods of any private dwelling or building without the consent of the ouner thereof.

Section 2. This aet shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 8, 1917.

No. 530, S.]

[Published June 13, 1917.

## CHAPTER 380

AN ACT to amend sections 1565—1, 1565—2 and 1565—4, relating to the use of intoxicating liquors on railroads, interurban and inter-city street railways, and providing a penalty.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Sections 1565—1, 1565—2 and 1565—4 of the statutes are amended to read: Section 1565—1. 1. No person while intoxicated, shall enter or be on or remain upon, as a passenger, a train of a steam railroad, while interurban railroad, or a car of a street railway connecting any two or more cities in this state or any city in this state with a city or cities in any other state.

2. No person shall publicly drink any intoxicating liquor as a beverage in any smoking car, parlor car or day coach of a