No. 158, S.]

[Published July 17, 1917. CHAPTER 674

- AN ACT to amend section 439a-1, subsection 1 of section 1728a, subsection 1 of section 1728a-3, section 1728b, subsection 1 of section 1728c, subsection 1 of section 1728c-1, subsection 1 of section 1728e, and subsection 1 of section 1728o-2, to create subsection 2 of section 1728o-2, and to amend and renumber subsection 2 of section 1728o-2 to be subsection 3 of said section, of the statutes, relating to attendance of minors in continuation schools.
- The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 439a-1, subsection 1 of section 1728a, subsection 1 of section 1728a-3, section 1728b, subsection 1 of section 1728c, subsection 1 of section 1728c-1, subsection 1 of section 1728e, and subsection 1 of section 17280-2 of the statutes are amended to read: Section 439a—1. Until September first, 1918, any person between the ages of fourteen and sixteen, unless indentured as an apprentice, as provided in section 2377, and after that date any person between the ages of fourteen and seventeen, living within two miles of the school of any town, or within the corporate limits of any city or village and not physically incapacitated, who is not required by section 439a to attend some public, private or parochial school, and who is not attending a free high school or equivalent of a high school, must either attend some public, private, or parochial school, or attend for at least eight hours a week for • • • at least eight months and for such additional months or parts thereof as the other public schools in such city, town or village are in session in excess of eight during the regular school year, or the equivalent as may be determined by the local board of industrial educa-* an industrial, continuation, or commercial tion. . school, provided such school or schools are maintained according to the provisions of sections 553p-1 to 553p-9, inclusive, in the town, village or city in which his parents or guardians This section shall apply only to persons between the reside. ages herein specified, * * * Iliving in towns, villages and cities maintaining schools as provided in sections 553p-1 to 553p-9, inclusive, of the statutes.

(Section 1728a) 1. No child between the ages of fourteen and • • • seventeen years unless indentured as an apprentice, as provided in section 2377 of the statutes, shall be employed, required, suffered or permitted to work at any time in any factory, or workshop, store, hotel, restaurant, bakery. mercantile establishment, laundry, telegraph, telephone or public messenger service, or the delivery of any merchandise, or at any gainful occupation, or employment, directly or indirectly. or, in cities wherein a vocational school is maintained, in domestic service other than casual employment in such service, unless there is first obtained from the industrial commission • • a judge of • a county. or from . . or * * * juvenile court designated municipal, . by the industrial commission where such child resides, or from some other person designated by said commission, a written permit authorizing the employment of such child in such employment within such time or times as the said * * * industrial commission or a judge • • • or other person designated by said commission may fix; providing, that such times shall not conflict with those designated in subsection 1 of section 1728c.

(Section 1728a—3) 1. The permit required by section 1728a of the statutes shall contain the signature of the director of the continuation school where the child is to attend and state the name, the date and place of birth of the child, and describe the color of hair and eyes, the height and weight, and any distinguishing facial marks of such child, and that the papers required in subsection 2 hereof have been duly examined, approved and filed.

SECTION 1728b. 1. Every person, firm or corporation, agent or manager of any firm or corporation employing minors in domestic service coming within the provisions of subsection I of section 1728a or in any factory or workshop, store, office, hotel, restaurant, bakery, mercantile establishment, laundry, telegraph, telephone or public messenger service within this state shall keep a register in the place where such minor is employed, and subject at all times to the inspection of any factory inspector, or assistant factory inspector, or truant officer, in which register shall be recorded the name, age, date of birth and place of residence of every child employed, permitted or suffered to work therein, under the age of • • seventeen years, except as provided by section 2377, for indentured apprentices.

2. No person, firm or corporation, agent or manager of any firm or corporation shall hire or employ, permit or suffer to work in any *domestic service*, coming within the provisions of subsection I of section 1728a, mercantile establishment, factory or worshop, store, office, hotel, restaurant, bakery, laundry, telegraph, telephone or public messenger service, any child not in-

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dentured as an apprentice as provided in section 2377, under * * seventeen years of age, unless there is first provided and placed on file in such mercantile establishment, factory, workshop, store, office, hotel, restaurant, bakery, laundry, telegraph, telephone or public messenger service office, or other place of employment included herein a permit granted by the * * industrial commission or by any judge or person designated by said commission as provided in section 1728a.

(Section 1728c) 1. No child under the age of sixteen years shall be employed, required, permitted or suffered to work at any gainful occupation, other than domestic service or farm labor, for more than forty-eight hours in any one week, nor more than eight hours in any one day, or before the hour of seven o'clock in the morning or after the hour of six o'clock in the evening, nor more than six days in any one week. • • • A dinner period of not less than thirty minutes shall be allowed during each day. During such dinner period the power shall be shut off from machinery operated by children, and no work shall be permitted. Provided nothing in sections 1728a to 1728j, inclusive, shall be construed to interfere with the employment of children as provided in sections 1728a—1 and 1728u of the statutes.

(Section 1728c-1) 1. Whenever any day continuation classes, industrial school or commercial school shall be established in any town, village or city in this state for minors between the ages of fourteen and sixteen, working under permit as now provided by law, every such child residing or employed within any town, village or city in which any such school is established, shall attend such school in the daytime not less than eight hours per week for # at least eight months in each year and for such additional months or parts thereof as the other public schools in such city, town or village are in session in excess of eight during the regular school year, or the equivalent as may be determined by the local board of industrial education, subject to the provisions of section 439a-1, until such child becomes sixteen years of age, and every employer shall allow all minor employes over fourteen and under sixteen years of age a reduction in hours of work of not less than the number of hours the minor is by this section required to attend school.

(Section 1728c) 1. The • • • industrial commission or judge or other person designated by the commission under section 1728a, may refuse to grant permits in the case of children who may seem physically unable to perform the labor at which they may be employed. They may also refuse to grant a permit if, in their judgment, the best interests of the child would be served by such refusal.

(Section 17280-2) 1. Until September first, 1918, whenever an industrial, continuation or commercial school shall be established according to the provisions of sections 553p-1 to 553p-9. inclusive, of the statutes, in any town, village or city, any minor not indentured as an apprentice as provided in section 2377 of the statutes, or not regularly attending any other recognized school • • • between the ages of sixteen and seventeen, residing or working in such town, village or city, shall attend such school in the davtime not less than ٠ four hours per week for • • • at least eight months in each year and for such additional months or parts thereof as the other public schools of such city, town or village are in session in excess of eight during the regular school year or the equivalent as may be determined by the local board of industrial education. Every employer shall allow all such minor employes a reduction in hours of work of not less than the number of hours the minor is by this section required to attend school. Whenever the working time and the class time coincide, such reduction in hours of work shall be allowed at the time when the classes which the minor is by law required to attend are held.

SECTION 2. There is added to section 17280-2 a new subsection to read: (Section 17280-2) 2. From and after September first, 1918, whenever an industrial, continuation or commercial school shall be established according to the provisions of sections 553p-1 to 553p-9, inclusive, of the statutes, in any town, village or city, any minor not indentured as an apprentice as provided in section 2377 of the statutes, or not regularly attending any other recognized school, between the ages of sixteen and seventeen, residing or working in such town, village or city, shall attend such school in the daytime not less than 8 hours per week for at least eight months, and for such additional months or parts thereof as the other public schools of such city, town or village are in session in excess of eight during the regular school year, or the equivalent, as may be determined by the local board of industrial education. Every employer shall allow all such minor employes a reduction in hours of work of not less than the number of hours the minor is by this section required to attend school. The total hours of schooling and employment for boys over sixteen and under seventeen years of age shall not exceed fifty-five hours per week. Whenever the working time and the class time coincide, such reduction in hours shall be allowed at the time when the classes which the minor is by law required to attend are held.

SECTION 3. Subsection 2 of section 17280-2 is amended to read: (Section 17280-2) • • • 3. Any violation of this section in a case involving a minor in employment shall be punished as is provided in the case of violation of the provisions of section 1728a of the statutes and any violation in a case involving a minor not in employment shall be punished as is provided in the case of violating the provisions of section 439a of the statutes.

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect September 1, 1917. Approved July 14, 1917.

No. 391, A.]

[Published July 17, 1917. CHAPTER 675

- AN ACT to amend subsections 6 and 7 of section 553p—3 of the statutes, and to create subsection 10 of section 553p—3 of the statutes, relating to industrial education.
- The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Subsections 6 and 7 of section 553p—3 of the statutes are amended to read: (Section 553p—3) 7. This board shall have power to purchase all machinery, tools and supplies, and purchase or lease suitable grounds or buildings for the use of the schools under its supervision; to rent to others any portion of such buildings and grounds not presently needed for school purposes; and to erect, improve or enlarge buildings for the use of said schools. Existing school buildings and equipment shall be used as far as practicable. All conveyances, leases and contracts shall be in the name of the city, and all property, real or personal, acquired by said city for the use of said schools under the supervision of the board of industrial education shall belong to the city.

(Section 553p-3) 6. The teachers in the schools created under sections 553p-1 to 553p-15, inclusive, shall be employed and their qualifications determined by the local board of industrial education, subject to the approval of the state board of industrial education; and, subject to such approval, the said local board may employ such other technical advisors and experts or highly trained, experienced and skilled individuals as may be necessary for the proper execution of the duties devolving upon it by law and fix their compensation. For office work in connection with the administration of the schools under its