

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There is appropriated from any moneys in the general fund to the service recognition fund in addition to any moneys in that fund or which may hereafter accrue to it a sum of money sufficient to meet the appropriations made from the service recognition fund by chapter 667, laws of 1919, and sections 3 and 4 of chapter 30, laws of the special session of the legislature of 1920. The moneys shall be transferred from the general fund to the service recognition fund upon the certification of the governor, the secretary of state and the state treasurer, from time to time in such amounts as in their opinion may be needed to carry out the provisions of chapter 667, laws of 1919, and sections 3 and 4 of chapter 30, laws of the special session of the legislature of 1920.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 21, 1921.

No. 520, A.]

[Published June 27, 1921.

CHAPTER 411.

AN ACT to amend subsection (3) of section 40.73 and subsection 1 of section 1728c—1; to repeal subsections 2 and 3 of section 1728c—1 and subsections 1 and 2 of section 1728o—2; and to renumber subsection 4 of section 1728c—1 of the statutes, relating to part time compulsory education and to the employment of minors.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Subsection (3) of section 40.73 and subsection 1 of section 1728c—1 of the statutes are amended to read: (40.73) (3) Until September first, * * * 1921, any person between the ages of fourteen and * * * *seventeen*, unless indentured as an apprentice, as provided in section 2377, and after that date any person * * * *who has completed the period of compulsory full time education and who has not completed the equivalent of four years of school work above the elementary grades, or who has not completed the school term, quarter, semester or other division of the school year in which he is eighteen years of age,*

living within two miles of the school of any town, or within the corporate limits of any city or village and not physically incapacitated, who is not required by subsection (1) to attend some public, private or parochial school, and who is not attending a free high school or equivalent of a high school, must either attend some public, private or parochial school *at least half time*, or attend for at least eight hours a week for at least eight months and for such additional months or parts thereof as the other public schools in such city, town or village are in session in excess of eight during the regular school year, or the equivalent as may be determined by the local board of industrial education, a vocational school, provided such school or schools are maintained according to the provisions of sections 41.13 to 41.20, in the town, village or city in which his parents or guardians reside. This subsection shall apply only to persons between the ages herein specified, living in towns, villages and cities maintaining schools as provided in sections 41.13 to 41.20.

(Section 1728c—1) 1. Whenever any day vocational school shall be established in any town, village or city in this state for minors * * * working under permit as now provided by law, every such child residing or employed within any town, village or city in which any such school is established, *who has not completed four years of work above the eight elementary grades and who has not reached the end of the term, quarter, semester or other division of the school year in which he is eighteen years of age, and who is not in regular attendance at least half time at some other public, private or parochial school*, shall attend such school in the daytime not less than eight hours per week for at least eight months in each year and for such additional months or parts thereof as the other public schools in such city, town or village are in session in excess of eight during the regular school year, or the equivalent as may be determined by the local board of industrial education, * * * and every employer shall allow all minor employes * * * a reduction in hours of work of not less than the number of hours the minor is by * * * law required to attend school. *Whenever the working time and the class time coincide, such reduction in hours of work shall be allowed at the time when the classes which the minor is by law required to attend are held.*

SECTION 2. Subsections 2 and 3 of section 1728c—1 and subsections 1 and 2 of section 1728o—2 of the statutes are hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. Subsection 4 of section 1728c—1 of the statutes is renumbered to be subsection 2 of said section 1728c—1.

SECTION 4. In cities in which suitable quarters are not available, and in cities in which new buildings are in process of erection, the state board of vocational education may, for a reasonable period not to extend beyond September 1, 1923, provide for temporary continuation of the present legal requirements and a gradual transition to the requirements established by this act.

SECTION 5. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 22, 1921.

No. 482, S.]

[Published June 27, 1921.

CHAPTER 412.

AN ACT to amend section 14, chapter 63, laws of 1895, as amended by chapter 135, laws of 1913, relating to the municipal court of Oneida county.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 14, chapter 63, laws of 1895, as amended by chapter 135, laws of 1913, is amended to read: (Chapter 63, laws of 1895) Section 14. The board of supervisors of the county of Oneida shall fix the salary of said municipal judge the same as the salaries of other county officers are fixed. Such salaries shall not be less than twelve hundred dollars or more than \$2,000 per year, and shall be paid out by the county treasurer as the salaries of other county officers are paid, and shall be in full for all services rendered by said court in criminal cases and all actions in which the county would otherwise be liable for fees of said municipal judge. Until changed by the said board the salary of said judge shall be twelve hundred dollars per year. The same fees in all actions, civil and criminal, that are now allowed by law to justices of the peace, it shall be lawful for said municipal judge to charge and collect, and one dollar in addition thereto for every civil action or proceeding in his court. The fees so charged and collected in civil actions shall be retained by said municipal judge