

(29.35) (1) Net licenses which shall authorize the use of dip nets with a diameter of not more than eight feet and with meshes not less than one and one-half inches, for taking, catching or killing whitefish or cisco in any of the inland waters of the state may be issued by the state conservation commission, subject to the provisions of section 29.09, to any resident of the state duly applying therefor. Licenses which shall authorize the use of not exceeding one hundred feet of gill net, with meshes not less than two and three-fourths inches may also be issued by the commission for the catching of whitefish or ciscos, respectively, *in lakes in Waupaca county and in Lake Mendota and Lake Monona in Dane county*, and for the catching of whitefish from October fifteenth to November fourth in Barron, Burnett and Washburn counties. The fee for each such license is one dollar.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 19, 1931.

No. 154, A.]

[Published May 21, 1931.

CHAPTER 134.

AN ACT to amend section 366.01 of the statutes, relating to inquests.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 366.01 of the statutes is amended to read: 366.01 Whenever the district attorney shall have notice of the death of any person within his county and from the circumstances surrounding the same there is good reason to believe that murder or manslaughter has been committed, he shall forthwith order and require the coroner, deputy coroner or in the event of the absence or disability of the coroner, or any deputy coroner, some justice of the peace therein to take an inquest on the view of the dead body of such person. For the purpose of taking such inquest deputy coroners may perform all the duties and exercise all the jurisdiction and powers conferred upon such coroners by this chapter and shall be entitled to the same fees as such coroner for the performance of like duties, except as hereinafter provided. Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as preventing such coroner from holding an inquest with-

out being first notified by the district attorney so to hold such inquest. *Such inquest shall be held in the county, if within this state, where the wrongful act or accident occurred which resulted in the death, notwithstanding the fact that the person wounded, injured, or dying, dies in another county.*

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 19, 1931.

No. 157, A.]

[Published May 21, 1931.

CHAPTER 135.

AN ACT to amend subsection (5) of section 62.24 of the statutes, relating to police courts in certain cities.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Subsection (5) of section 62.24 of the statutes is amended to read: (62.24) (5) EXCEPTION. This section shall not apply to cities having a court or judge with substantially the same jurisdiction as that conferred by subsection (2); provided, however, any city of the second class, within which a municipal court is located, having a jurisdiction * * * of at least twenty-five thousand dollars in civil cases, may, by ordinance, establish a police court, as provided in this section, and thereupon the jurisdiction of such municipal court shall not be deemed to include offenses against ordinances of such city and the police court thus created shall be vested with the jurisdiction specified in subsection (2). Whenever such police court is established, the mayor may appoint a police justice to serve until the next city election. Such police justice in such cities of the second class shall be a duly licensed attorney.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 19, 1931.