

**Ag 10.02 Bovine animals, import.** (1) **HEALTH CERTIFICATE; BRUCELLOSIS AND TUBERCULOSIS TESTS.** Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) hereof, no person shall import bovine animals into this state unless they are accompanied by an interstate health certificate including thereon a report of negative brucellosis and tuberculosis tests conducted within 30 days of entry. Brucellosis tests conducted pursuant to this section shall be by the tube test method, except that the brucellosis card test may be substituted for tests required as a condition of entry. In addition, cattle originating in a non-modified certified brucellosis area shall be imported into this state only under a permit issued by the department. Such cattle shall be held in quarantine at the premises in this state to which they were originally consigned until they are negative to another brucellosis test conducted not less than 30 days after the previous test nor more than 45 days after the date of shipment. This section shall not apply to animals shipped directly to slaughtering establishments or public stockyards inspected by the federal bureau, provided the animals are accompanied by a waybill or similar document; steers; calves under 8 months of age; or feeder cattle which enter in compliance with Wis. Adm. Code section Ag 10.03. Tests for brucellosis shall be conducted in a state or federally approved laboratory. A copy of each health certificate, approved by the chief livestock sanitary official of the state of origin of the shipment, shall be filed with the department.

(2) **EXCEPTIONS, BRUCELLOSIS TEST.** The requirement for a report of negative brucellosis test in subsection (1) shall not apply to:

(a) Cattle vaccinated against brucellosis between 3 and 8 months of age by an approved veterinarian if such animals are not more than 30 months of age and if the interstate health certificate discloses the date of vaccination and age of each animal.

(b) Cattle from brucellosis-free certified herds, if the interstate health certificate includes thereon the herd certificate number.

(3) **EXCEPTIONS, TUBERCULOSIS TEST.** The requirement for a report of negative tuberculosis test in subsection (1) shall not apply to:

(a) Cattle from tuberculosis-free accredited herds, if the interstate health certificate includes thereon the date of the last tuberculosis test and the herd certificate number.

(b) Cattle from a herd in an area designated by the federal bureau as a "modified accredited area", if the interstate health certificate includes thereon a report of negative tuberculosis test of the entire herd within 12 months prior to entry.

(4) **EXCEPTIONS, TUBERCULOSIS TEST.** The tuberculosis test requirements of this section shall not apply to cattle imported from states which are classified as "modified accredited areas" if such states permit the importation of cattle from this state upon equivalent terms and conditions.

**History:** 1-2-56; am. (1), (2) (b) and (3) (a), Register, June, 1959, No. 42, eff. 7-1-59; am. (1), Register, February, 1962, No. 74, eff. 3-1-62; am. (2) (a), Register, October, 1967, No. 142, eff. 11-1-67; am. (1), Register, February, 1968, No. 146, eff. 3-1-68; cr. (4), Register, January, 1969, No. 157, eff. 2-1-69.

**Ag 10.03 Feeder cattle, import.** (1) **MOVEMENT OF FEEDER CATTLE TO APPROVED FEED LOTS.** Feeder cattle (as defined in Wis. Adm. Code section Ag 10.01 (17)) originating from herds not known to be affected with brucellosis, in a certified or modified certified brucellosis-free area, or from certified brucellosis-free or qualified herds in a

non-certified area, may be imported into the state to an approved feed lot or a federally inspected public stockyards under an annual permit from the department; provided that cattle over 6 months of age originating from qualified herds in non-certified areas shall be accompanied by a certificate which indicates that they have been subjected to brucellosis test and found negative as required under title 9, section 78.12, code of federal regulations. Such permits shall expire on June 30 and shall designate the premises where the animals will be received. Each lot or load of such animals shall be accompanied by an interstate health certificate or other certificate conforming to federal brucellosis regulations (title 9, section 78.1, code of federal regulations). Permittees shall receive the animals at the designated premises. No feeder cattle shall be removed from the designated premises except in compliance with the brucellosis test requirements of section 95.49, Wis. Stats. Qualified herds are as defined in title 9, section 78.1 (r), code of federal regulations.

(2) MOVEMENT OF CATTLE TO APPROVED QUARANTINE FEED LOTS. Feeder cattle not known to be affected with brucellosis, originating from any herd in any area, or from a federally inspected public stockyards, may be imported directly to a quarantine feed lot or federally inspected public stockyards. An individual permit shall be secured from the department for each lot or load of cattle prior to entry, except for cattle consigned directly to a federally inspected public stockyards. Feeder cattle consigned directly to a federally inspected public stockyards under this subsection may be removed therefrom only directly to a quarantine feed lot or to a state or federally inspected slaughtering plant under permit from the department. Each lot or load of cattle shall be accompanied by a certificate conforming to federal brucellosis regulations (title 9, section 78.1, code of federal regulations). Quarantine feed lot permittees shall receive the cattle only within the designated quarantine lot.

**History:** 1-2-56; am. Register, June, 1959, No. 42, eff. 7-1-59; r. and recr. Register, February, 1960, No. 50, eff. 3-1-60; am. Register, February, 1962, No. 74, eff. 3-1-62; r. and recr., Register, March, 1970, No. 171, eff. 4-1-70.

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**Ag 10.04 Swine, import. (1) HEALTH CERTIFICATE.** (a) No person shall import any swine into this state unless such swine are identified by ear tag, or other means of permanent identification approved by the department, and are accompanied by an interstate health certificate including thereon a report of official vaccination or official serum prophylaxis for hog cholera showing the kind of treatment and date of inoculations as defined in subsection (2) of this section. The vaccination and serum treatment requirement of this paragraph shall not apply to swine imported from a state that has been designated as a hog cholera-free state by the federal bureau, provided such swine are identified as required by this paragraph and are accompanied by an interstate health certificate including thereon a report that such swine have been examined and are free from evidence of disease. No person shall import swine into this state without first obtaining a permit from the department.

(b) Swine fed raw commercial garbage may not be imported into this state. Swine fed cooked commercial garbage may be imported into this state for slaughter only under a special permit from the department.

(2) **OFFICIAL VACCINATION; OFFICIAL SERUM PROPHYLAXIS.** Swine may be admitted on an official interstate health certificate only if not known to be affected with or exposed to hog cholera and if:

(a) Officially vaccinated prior to July 1, 1969, but not more than 2 years prior to arrival in Wisconsin, with a modified live virus vaccine that was approved under title 9, section 76.16c, code of federal regulations, with anti-hog cholera serum or antibody concentrate, or

(b) Officially vaccinated prior to July 1, 1969, but not more than 1 year prior to arrival in Wisconsin, with at least 2 doses of killed or inactivated hog cholera vaccine when given not less than 30 days nor more than 6 months apart, or

(c) Treated not more than 5 days prior to arrival at destination in this state with the minimum dosage of anti-hog cholera serum or antibody concentrate appearing in the following table:

<i>Weight</i>	<i>Anti-hog cholera serum minimum dose (c.c.)</i>	<i>Antibody concentrate minimum dose (c.c.)</i>
Suckling pigs -----	20	10
Pigs 20 to 40 lbs. -----	30	15
Pigs 40 to 90 lbs. -----	35	17.5
Pigs 90 to 120 lbs. -----	45	22.5
Hogs 120 to 150 lbs. -----	55	27.5
Hogs 150 to 180 lbs. -----	65	32.5
Hogs 180 lbs. and over ---	75	37.5

Such swine shall be identified by an orange-colored swine ear tag or other identification approved by the department.

(3) **QUARANTINE.** All swine imported into this state shall be segregated and quarantined separate and apart from all other swine on the premises for a period of 30 days after arrival. The department shall inspect all such swine upon the expiration of the quarantine period and the quarantine shall be removed if no evidence of hog cholera is disclosed. In the event evidence of hog cholera is disclosed, all infected and exposed swine shall be condemned and destroyed.

(4) **EXCEPTIONS.** The provisions of subsections (1) (a) and (3) shall not apply to healthy swine not infected or exposed to hog cholera provided:

(a) They are shipped directly to a slaughtering establishment for immediate slaughter, or to a federally approved livestock market, dealer's premises or public stockyard for sale to a slaughtering establishment.

(b) They originate from an adjacent state and are shipped directly to a market in this state approved under title 9, part 76, code of federal regulations. Such markets shall register annually with the department for approval to receive such swine. Imported swine shall be isolated from all other swine on the premises and if commingled with other swine, all such swine shall be exported in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph. Swine imported pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph shall be identified immediately upon arrival in this state with a distinctive ear tag prescribed by the department and shall be removed from such market only for shipment directly to a destination outside of this state.

(5) **HEALTH CERTIFICATE.** In addition to the requirements of subsection (1), all swine imported into this state for breeding or exhi-

bition purposes shall be accompanied by a report of negative brucellosis test conducted within 30 days of entry, or originate from a brucellosis-free validated herd with certification requirements equivalent to those required in Wis. Adm. Code section Ag 10.55. For the purpose of this subsection, when the swine brucellosis test discloses no agglutination in a dilution of 1-50 the animal shall be classified negative.

**History:** 1-2-56; Ag 10.04 renum. to be Ag 10.04 (1) and Ag 10.05 renum. to be Ag 10.04 (2), and as renum. are am., Register, June, 1959, No. 42, eff. 7-1-59; am. (1), Register, February, 1962, No. 74, eff. 3-1-62; renum. (2) to be (5); cr. (2), (3) and (4), Register, April, 1963, No. 88, eff. 5-1-63; r. and recr. (1) to (4), and am. (5), Register, February, 1967, No. 134, eff. 3-1-67; r. and recr. Register, May, 1968, No. 149, eff. 6-1-68; am. (1) (a) and (b), r. (c), r. and recr. (2), am. (3), Register, March, 1970, No. 171, eff. 4-1-70.

**Ag 10.045 History:** Emerg. cr. eff. 6-30-69.

**Ag 10.05 Sheep, import. (1) (a)** Sheep imported into this state for any purpose except for immediate slaughter shall be accompanied by an interstate health certificate which discloses that such sheep and their flock of origin were inspected within 10 days of the date of shipment and were free of foot rot and all other contagious and infectious diseases; provided that in the case of feeder lambs no flock inspection shall be required.

(b) The interstate health certificate accompanying such sheep which originate in a state or area which has been designated by the federal bureau as a scabies-free state or area shall also disclose that the area of origin is on the federal list of scabies-free areas published in the code of federal regulations.

(c) The interstate health certificate accompanying any such sheep originating in states or areas not designated as scabies-free by the federal bureau shall also disclose that such sheep have been dipped, not more than 10 days prior to shipment, under the supervision of a veterinarian or inspector employed by the state or federal government, in a dip approved by the federal bureau.

(2) Sheep not known to be infected or exposed to scabies may be imported into this state for immediate slaughter if shipped directly to a slaughtering establishment or to a stockyards which is inspected by the federal bureau. Sheep originating in states or areas not designated as scabies-free by the federal bureau shall be accompanied by an interstate health certificate which discloses that such sheep were inspected within 10 days of the date of shipment and found free of contagious or infectious disease. Sheep imported pursuant to this subsection shall not be removed from a stockyards except to a slaughtering establishment for immediate slaughter, unless they have been inspected and dipped in a dip approved by the federal bureau.

**History:** 1-2-56; renum. from Ag 10.06 to be Ag 10.05 and as renum. is am., Register, June, 1959, No. 42, eff. 7-1-59; am. Register, February, 1962, No. 74, eff. 3-1-62; am. (1) (a), Register, January, 1965, No. 109, eff. 2-1-65.

**Ag 10.06 Goats, import.** No person shall import goats into this state unless such goats are accompanied by an interstate health certificate including thereon a report of negative brucellosis and tuberculosis tests conducted within 30 days of entry, except that (1) no report of negative tuberculosis test shall be required for goats from a herd certified as free from tuberculosis, and (2) no report of negative brucellosis test shall be required for goats from a herd certified