made in payment of the previous account balance with any remainder credited to the current bill.

History; Emerg. cr. eff. 1-21-75; cr. Register, January, 1975, No. 229, eff. 2-1-75.

- PSC 134.064 Dispute procedures. (1) Whenever the customer disputes the utility's request for a deposit or other guarantee, or advises the utility's designated office prior to the disconnection of service that all or any part of any billing as rendered is in dispute, or that any matter related to the disconnection or refusal of service is in dispute, the utility shall:
 - (a) Investigate the dispute promptly and completely.
 - (b) Advise the customer of the results of the investigation.
 - (c) Attempt to resolve the dispute.
- (d) Provide the opportunity for the customer to enter into a deferred payment agreement when applicable in order to settle the dispute.
- (2) After the customer has pursued the available remedies with the utility, he may request that the public service commission staff informally review the disputed issue and recommend terms of settlement.
- (a) A request for informal review may be made in any reasonable manner such as by written notice or telephoned request directed to the public service commission.
- (b) There must be at least 5 days between the date the commission staff mails written notice of terms of settlement after informal review, and any subsequent disconnection.
- (3) Any party to the dispute after informal review may make a written request for a formal review by the commission. Such request must be made within 5 days of the date the commission staff mails written notice of terms of settlement after informal review.
- (a) Within 10 days from the time such a request is made, the commission shall decide on the basis of the information it has received from the staff whether to hold a hearing on the matter and shall inform both parties of its decision.
- (b) If the commission decides to conduct formal hearing on the dispute, the customer shall be required to pay 50% of the bill or deposit in dispute to the utility or post bond for that amount on or before date of hearing. Such payment or bond may be waived by the commission for good cause shown. Failure to pay the specified amount before hearing will constitute waiver by the customer.
- (c) Such a hearing shall conform to the procedures described in sections 196.26 to 196.34, Wis. Stats.
- (d) Any such hearing shall be held not less than 10 days following a notice of hearing and a decision thereon shall be rendered following the conclusion of the hearing.
- (4) Utility service shall not be disconnected or refused because of any disputed matter while the disputed matter is being pursued in accordance with the provisions of this section. In no way does this

Register, March, 1977, No. 255

relieve the customer from obligation of paying charges which are not in dispute.

History: Emerg. cr. eff. 1-21-75; cr. Register, January, 1975, No. 229, eff. 2-1-75; am. (1),
(3) (b) and (4), Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-76.

PSC 134.09 Refusal of service. History: 1-2-56; r. and recr. Register, February, 1959, No. 38, eff. 3-1-59; r. and recr. (1), (2), and (3), to be PSC 134.06, Register, August, 1962, No. 80, eff. 9-1-62; emerg. r. eff. 1-21-75; r. Register, January, 1975, No. 229, eff. 2-1-75.

PSC 134.10 Service on customer's premises. (1) All changes in the heating value standard, all changes in pressure and specific gravity greater than the allowable variation, and changes in the composition of the gas which would materially affect the operation of the customer's appliances must be accompanied by a general inspection and adjustment of all appliances that would be affected by the changes. The utility shall make such adjustments and such changes to all customers' appliances that are connected to an interior piping system at the time of the change as may be necessary in order that the appliance may operate as efficiently and give as good service as was possible before the change. This should be done promptly and without cost or unnecessary inconvenience to the customer.

- (2) If in connection with a service change specified in (1) above, a piece of properly operating utilization equipment cannot be adjusted so that it will operate satisfactorily and if it must be replaced in its entirety the utility shall share equitably in the cost of changing the equipment. The change in customer's equipment should be made with the greatest possible economy to the customer, and final settlement made at the time of the change. A satisfactory settlement would be payment by the utility to the customer of the remaining value of the customer's equipment and the cost of removing the old and installing in the same position substantially equal equipment which replaces it.
- (3) (a) Each utility shall adopt and file with this commission a policy for inspection of customer's appliances. The filed rule need not include the inspection and adjustment of special industrial equipment, which should be checked by persons more familiar with the equipment. The filed rule shall provide that customers having such equipment are to be notified.
- (b) Each gas utility shall establish an educational and inspection program designed to inform customers and assist the general public in the proper and efficient operation and maintenance of gas burning equipment. Such program shall advise customers to have heating equipment checked annually and offer energy saving suggestions to customers.
- (c) Whenever a gas utility is required to enter a customer's premises to re-establish service to relight applicances due to a non-emergency interruption of service, an inspection of the burner ignition and flame appearance shall be made on each appliance which is relit to check for safety and efficient operation. The utility will be prepared to advise the customer relative to the safety and efficiency of connected appliances.

History: 1-2-56; r. and recr. Register, February, 1959, No. 38, eff. 3-1-59; am. (3), Register, March, 1977, No. 255, eff. 4-1-77.

Register, March, 1977, No. 255

PSC 134.11 Meters and control equipment. (1) Where possible to do so, all gas quantities required to be reported to the commission shall be metered.

- (2) All gas sold to customers shall be measured by commercially acceptable measuring devices owned and maintained by the utility. The maintenance of the accuracy of the meters shall be the responsibility of the utility.
- (3) Every reasonable effort shall be made to measure at one meter location all gas quantities necessary for billing the customer.

Next page is numbered 239