

SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1, TO 1997 SENATE BILL 264

October 22, 1997 - Offered by Senator Huelsman.

AN ACT to renumber and amend 48.207 (2), 48.243 (2), 48.27 (1), 48.27 (4) 1 (intro.) and 48.985 (2) (a); to amend 38.24 (1s), 46.001, 46.03 (7) (a), 46.238, $\mathbf{2}$ 3 46.40 (7m), 46.51 (title), 46.51 (1), 46.51 (3), 46.51 (4), 46.51 (5), 46.95 (2) (a), 4 48.01 (1) (intro.), 48.01 (1) (a), 48.01 (1) (br), 48.01 (1) (dm), 48.02 (17m), 48.06 5 (1) (a) 1., 48.06 (1) (a) 3., 48.06 (1) (am) 3., 48.06 (2) (c), 48.065 (1), 48.065 (2) 6 (gm), 48.065 (3) (c), 48.065 (3) (e), 48.067 (1), 48.067 (2), 48.067 (3), 48.067 (4), 48.067 (6m), 48.067 (8), 48.069 (1) (a), 48.069 (1) (c), 48.07 (4), 48.08 (1), 48.09 7 8 (5), 48.135 (title), 48.135 (1), 48.135 (2), 48.14 (5), 48.15, 48.185 (1), 48.185 (2), 9 48.19 (1) (c), 48.20 (title), 48.20 (7) (b), 48.20 (8), 48.205 (title), 48.205 (1) (intro.), 10 48.205 (2), 48.207 (title), 48.207 (1) (intro.), 48.207 (1) (g), 48.208 (4), 48.21 (1) 11 (b), 48.21 (3) (intro.), 48.21 (3) (b), 48.21 (6), 48.21 (7), 48.227 (4) (e) 2., 48.23 (4), 12 48.235 (3), 48.235 (6), 48.24 (1), 48.24 (1m), 48.24 (2) (a), 48.24 (2m) (a) (intro.), 13 48.24 (3), 48.24 (5), 48.243 (1) (intro.), (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g), 48.243 (3),

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The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 38.24 (1s) of the statutes is amended to read:

38.24 (1s) Additional Fees. A district board may establish and charge a fee in addition to the fees under sub. (1m) for a court-approved alcohol or other drug abuse education program offered to individuals under s. 48.245 (2) (a) 4., 48.345 (13) (b), 48.347 (5) (b), 938.245 (2) (a) 4., 938.32 (1g) (b), 938.34 (6r) (b) or (14s) (b) 3., 938.343 (10) (c) or 938.344 (2g) (a).

Section 2. 46.001 of the statutes is amended to read:

46.001 Purposes of chapter. The purposes of this chapter are to conserve human resources in Wisconsin; to provide a just and humane program of services to children and unborn children in need of protection or services and, nonmarital children and the expectant mothers of those unborn children; to prevent dependency, mental illness, developmental disability, mental infirmity and other forms of social maladjustment by a continuous attack on causes; to provide effective aid and services to all persons in need thereof and to assist those persons to achieve or regain self-dependence at the earliest possible date; to avoid duplication and waste of effort and money on the part of public and private agencies; and to coordinate and integrate a social welfare program.

Section 3. 46.03 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

46.03 (7) (a) Promote the enforcement of laws for the protection of developmentally disabled children, children and unborn children in need of protection or services and nonmarital children; and to this end cooperate with courts assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 and, licensed child welfare agencies and public and private institutions (public and private) and take the initiative in all matters involving the interests of such those children where and unborn children when adequate provision therefor for those interests has not

already been made, including the establishment and enforcement of standards for services provided under s. ss. 48.345 and 48.347.

Section 4. 46.238 of the statutes is amended to read:

46.238 (title) Infants whose mothers and unborn children whose expectant mothers abuse controlled substances or controlled substance analogs. If the county department under s. 46.215, 46.22 or 46.23 receives a report under s. 146.0255 (2), the county department shall offer to provide appropriate services and treatment to the child and the child's mother or to the unborn child, as defined in s. 48.02 (19), and the expectant mother of the unborn child or the county department shall make arrangements for the provision of appropriate services or treatment.

Section 5. 46.40 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read:

46.40 (7m) Use by county of community aids funds to pay private attorneys for certain proceedings under the children's code. Upon application by a county department under s. 46.215, 46.22 or 46.23 to the department for permission to use funds allocated to that county department under sub. (2) to employ private counsel for the purposes specified in this subsection and a determination by the department that use of funds for those purposes does not affect any federal grants or federal funding allocated under this section, the department and the county department shall execute a contract authorizing the county department to expend, as agreed upon in the contract, funds allocated to that county department under sub. (2) to permit the county department to employ private counsel to represent the interests of the state or county in proceedings under ch. 48 relating to child abuse or neglect cases, unborn child abuse cases, proceedings to terminate parental rights and any

1	ch. 48 cases or proceedings involving the Indian child welfare act, 25 USC 1901 to
2	1963.
3	Section 6. 46.51 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	46.51 (title) Child abuse and neglect and unborn child abuse services.
5	Section 7. 46.51 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	46.51 (1) From the amounts distributed under s. 46.40 (1) for services for
7	children and families, the department shall distribute funds to eligible counties for
8	services related to child abuse and neglect and to unborn child abuse, including child
9	abuse and neglect and unborn child abuse prevention, investigation and treatment.
10	Section 8. 46.51 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	46.51 (3) The department shall distribute the funds under sub. (1) to counties
12	that have a serious problem with child abuse and neglect or with unborn child abuse
13	according to eligibility criteria and distribution criteria to be developed by the
14	department.
15	Section 9. 46.51 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	46.51 (4) A county may use the funds distributed under this section to fund
17	additional foster parents and treatment foster parents to care for abused and
18	neglected children and to fund additional staff positions to provide services related
19	to child abuse and neglect <u>and to unborn child abuse</u> .
20	Section 10. 46.51 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	46.51 (5) A county may not use the funds distributed under this section to
22	reduce its expenditures from other sources for services related to child abuse and
23	neglect or to unborn child abuse below the level in the year before the year for which
24	the funds are distributed.
25	Section 11. 46.95 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

46.95 (2) (a) The secretary shall make grants from the appropriations under s. 20.435 (1) (cd) and (hh) to organizations for the provision of any of the services specified in sub. (1) (d). Grants may be made to organizations which have provided those domestic abuse services in the past or to organizations which propose to provide those services in the future. No grant may be made to fund services for child or unborn child abuse or abuse of elderly persons.

Section 12. 48.01 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.01 (1) (intro.) This chapter may be cited as "The Children's Code". In construing this chapter, the best interests of the child <u>or unborn child</u> shall always be of paramount consideration. This chapter shall be liberally construed to effectuate the following express legislative purposes:

SECTION 13. 48.01 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.01 (1) (a) While recognizing that the paramount goal of this chapter is to protect children and unborn children, to preserve the unity of the family, whenever appropriate, by strengthening family life through assisting parents and the expectant mothers of unborn children, whenever appropriate, in fulfilling their parental responsibilities as parents or expectant mothers. The courts and agencies responsible for child welfare should assist parents and the expectant mothers of unborn children in changing any circumstances in the home which might harm the child or unborn child, which may require the child to be placed outside the home or which may require the expectant mother to be taken into custody. The courts should recognize that they have the authority, in appropriate cases, not to reunite a child with his or her family. The courts and agencies responsible for child welfare should also recognize that instability and impermanence in family relationships are contrary to the welfare of children and should therefore recognize the importance of

eliminating the need for children to wait unreasonable periods of time for their parents to correct the conditions that prevent their return to the family.

SECTION 14. 48.01 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

48.01 (1) (am) To recognize that unborn children have certain basic needs which must be provided for, including the need to develop physically to their potential and the need to be free from physical harm due to the habitual lack of self-control of their expectant mothers in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree. It is further recognized that, when an expectant mother of an unborn child suffers from a habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, in order to ensure that the needs of the unborn child, as described in this paragraph, are provided for, the court may determine that it is in the best interests of the unborn child for the expectant mother to be ordered to receive treatment, including inpatient treatment, for that habitual lack of self-control, consistent with any applicable law relating to the rights of the expectant mother.

Section 15. 48.01 (1) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

48.01 (1) (bm) To ensure that unborn children are protected against the harmful effects resulting from the habitual lack of self-control of their expectant mothers in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or control substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree.

SECTION 16. 48.01 (1) (br) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.01 (1) (br) To encourage innovative and effective prevention, intervention and treatment approaches, including collaborative community efforts and the use of community-based programs, as significant strategies in planning and

implementing legislative, executive and local government policies and programs relating to children and their families and substitute families <u>and to unborn children</u> and their expectant mothers.

Section 17. 48.01 (1) (dm) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.01 (1) (dm) To divert children and unborn children from formal proceedings under this chapter to the extent that this is consistent with protection of children, unborn children and the public safety.

SECTION 18. 48.02 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

48.02(1) (am) When used in referring to an unborn child, serious physical harm inflicted on the unborn child, and the risk of serious physical harm to the child when born, caused by the habitual lack of self-control of the expectant mother of the unborn child in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree.

Section 19. 48.02 (17m) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.02 (17m) "Special treatment or care" means professional services which need to be provided to a child or his or her family to protect the well-being of the child, prevent placement of the child outside the home or meet the special needs of the child. "Special treatment or care" also means professional services which need to be provided to the expectant mother of an unborn child to protect the physical health of the unborn child and of the child when born from the harmful effects resulting from the habitual lack of self-control of the expectant mother in the use of alcohol, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree. This term includes, but is not limited to, medical, psychological or psychiatric treatment, alcohol or other drug abuse treatment or other services which the court finds to be necessary and appropriate.

Section 20. 48.02 (19) of the statutes is created to read:

48.02 (19) "Unborn child" means an unborn human who is at that stage of fetal development when there is a reasonable likelihood of sustained survival outside the womb, with or without artificial support.

Section 21. 48.06 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.06 (1) (a) 1. In counties with a population of 500,000 or more, the county board of supervisors shall provide the court with the services necessary for investigating and supervising cases by operating a children's court center under the supervision of a director who is appointed as provided in s. 46.21 (1m) (a). The director is the chief administrative officer of the center and of the intake and probation sections and secure detention facilities of the center except as otherwise provided in this subsection. The director is charged with administration of the personnel and services of the sections and of the secure detention facilities, and is responsible for supervising both the operation of the physical plant and the maintenance and improvement of the buildings and grounds of the center. The center shall include investigative services for all children and unborn children alleged to be in need of protection or services to be provided by the county department, and the services of an assistant district attorney or assistant corporation counsel or both, who shall be assigned to the center to provide investigative as well as legal work in the cases.

Section 22. 48.06 (1) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.06 (1) (a) 3. The county board of supervisors shall develop policies and establish necessary rules for the management and administration of the nonjudicial operations of the children's court center. The director of the center shall report and is responsible to the director of the county department for the execution of all

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nonjudicial operational policies and rules governing the center, including activities of probation officers whenever they are not performing services for the court. The director of the center is also responsible for the preparation and submission to the county board of supervisors of the annual budget for the center except for the judicial functions or responsibilities which are delegated by law to the judge or judges and clerk of circuit court. The county board of supervisors shall make provision in the organization of the office of director for the devolution of the director's authority in the case of temporary absence, illness, disability to act or a vacancy in position and shall establish the general qualifications for the position. The county board of supervisors also has the authority to investigate, arbitrate and resolve any conflict in the administration of the center as between judicial and nonjudicial operational policy and rules. The county board of supervisors does not have authority and may not assert jurisdiction over the disposition of any case or, child, unborn child or expectant mother of an unborn child after a written order is made under s. 48.21 or 48.213 or if a petition is filed under s. 48.25. All personnel of the intake and probation sections and of the secure detention facilities shall be appointed under civil service by the director except that existing court service personnel having permanent civil service status may be reassigned to any of the respective sections within the center specified in this paragraph.

Section 23. 48.06 (1) (am) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.06 (1) (am) 3. Each intake worker whose responsibilities include investigation or treatment of child abuse or neglect or unborn child abuse shall successfully complete additional training in child abuse and neglect and unborn child abuse protective services approved by the department under s. 48.981 (8) (d).

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Not more than 4 hours of the additional training may be applied to the requirement 1 2 under subd. 1. 3 **SECTION 24.** 48.06 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 48.06 (2) (c) Each intake worker whose responsibilities include investigation 5 or treatment of child abuse or neglect or unborn child abuse shall successfully 6 complete additional training in child abuse and neglect and unborn child abuse 7 protective services approved by the department under s. 48.981 (8) (d). Not more 8 than 4 hours of the additional training may be applied to the requirement under par. 9 (b). 10 **Section 25.** 48.065 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 11 48.065 (1) The board of supervisors of any county may authorize the chief judge 12 of the judicial administrative district to appoint one or more part-time or full-time 13 juvenile court commissioners who shall serve at the discretion of the chief judge. A 14 juvenile court commissioner shall be licensed to practice law in this state and shall 15 have been so licensed for at least 2 years immediately prior to appointment and shall have a demonstrated interest in the welfare of children and unborn children. The 16 17 chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to the court commissioner. The chief judge shall supervise juvenile court commissioners, law clerks, bailiffs and 18 19 deputies, except that the chief judge may delegate any of those duties. 20 **Section 26.** 48.065 (2) (bm) of the statutes is created to read: 2148.065 (2) (bm) Conduct hearings under s. 48.213 and thereafter order an adult

expectant mother of an unborn child to be held in or released from custody.

Section 27. 48.065 (2) (gm) of the statutes is amended to read:

Section 28. 48.065 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.065 (2) (gm) Conduct uncontested proceedings under s. ss. 48.13 and 48.133.

48.065 **(3)** (c) Make dispositions other than approving consent decrees and other than dispositions in uncontested proceedings under s. 48.13 or 48.133.

SECTION 29. 48.065 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.065 (3) (e) Make changes in placements of children <u>or of the expectant</u> mothers of unborn children, or revisions or extensions of dispositional orders, except in uncontested proceedings under s. 48.13 <u>or 48.133</u>.

Section 30. 48.067 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.067 (1) Provide intake services 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, for the purpose of screening children taken into custody and not released under s. 48.20 (2) and the adult expectant mothers of unborn children taken into custody and not released under s. 48.203 (1);

SECTION 31. 48.067 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.067 (2) Interview, unless impossible, any child or expectant mother of an unborn child who is taken into physical custody and not released, and where when appropriate interview other available concerned parties. If the child cannot be interviewed, the intake worker shall consult with the child's parent or a responsible adult. If an adult expectant mother of an unborn child cannot be interviewed, the intake worker shall consult with an adult relative or friend of the adult expectant mother. No child may be placed in a secure detention facility unless the child has been interviewed in person by an intake worker, except that if the intake worker is in a place which is distant from the place where the child is or the hour is unreasonable, as defined by written court intake rules, and if the child meets the criteria under s. 48.208, the intake worker, after consulting by telephone with the law enforcement officer who took the child into custody, may authorize the secure holding of the child while the intake worker is en route to the in-person interview

1	or until 8 a.m. of the morning after the night on which the child was taken into
2	custody.
3	Section 32. 48.067 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	48.067 (3) Determine whether the child or the expectant mother of an unborn
5	child shall be held under s. 48.205 and such policies as the judge shall promulgate
6	under s. 48.06 (1) or (2);
7	Section 33. 48.067 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	48.067 (4) If the child or the expectant mother of an unborn child is not
9	released, determine where the child or expectant mother shall be held;
10	Section 34. 48.067 (6m) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	48.067 (6m) Conduct the multidisciplinary screen in counties that have a pilot
12	an alcohol and other drug abuse program under s. 48.547.
13	Section 35. 48.067 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	48.067 (8) Make interim recommendations to the court concerning children,
15	and unborn children and their expectant mothers, awaiting final disposition under
16	s. 48.355; and
17	Section 36. 48.069 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	48.069 (1) (a) Supervise and assist a child and the child's family or the
19	expectant mother of an unborn child pursuant to informal dispositions, a consent
20	decree or order of the court.
21	Section 37. 48.069 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	48.069 (1) (c) Make an affirmative effort to obtain necessary or desired services
23	for the child and the child's family or for the expectant mother of an unborn child and
24	investigate and develop resources toward that end.
25	Section 38. 48.07 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.07 (4) County departments that provide developmental disabilities, mental health or alcohol and other drug abuse services. Within the limits of available state and federal funds and of county funds appropriated to match state funds, the court may order county departments established under s. 51.42 or 51.437 to provide special treatment or care to a child if special treatment or care has been ordered under s. 48.345 (6) and if s. 48.362 (4) applies or to provide special treatment or care to the expectant mother of an unborn child if special treatment or care has been ordered under s. 48.347 (4) and if s. 48.362 (4) applies.

Section 39. 48.08 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.08 (1) It is the duty of each person appointed to furnish services to the court as provided in ss. 48.06 and 48.07 to make such investigations and exercise such discretionary powers as the judge may direct, to keep a written record of such investigations and to submit a report to the judge. Such person shall keep informed concerning the conduct and condition of the <u>a</u> child <u>or expectant mother of an unborn child</u> under the person's supervision and shall report thereon <u>on that conduct and condition</u> as the judge directs.

Section 40. 48.08 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

48.08 (3) Any person authorized to provide or providing intake or dispositional services for the court under s. 48.067 or 48.069 has the power of police officers and deputy sheriffs only for the purpose of taking the expectant mother of an unborn child into physical custody when the expectant mother comes voluntarily or when there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered due to the expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree.

SECTION 41. 48.09 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.09 (5) By the district attorney or, if designated by the county board of supervisors, by the corporation counsel, in any matter arising under s. 48.13, 48.133 or 48.977. If the county board transfers this authority to or from the district attorney on or after May 11, 1990, the board may do so only if the action is effective on September 1 of an odd-numbered year and the board notifies the department of administration of that change by January 1 of that odd-numbered year.

Section 42. 48.133 of the statutes is created to read:

48.133 Jurisdiction over unborn children in need of protection or services and the expectant mothers of those unborn children. The court has exclusive original jurisdiction over an unborn child alleged to be in need of protection or services which can be ordered by the court whose expectant mother habitually lacks self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, to the extent that there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered unless the expectant mother receives prompt and adequate treatment for that habitual lack of self-control. The court also has exclusive original jurisdiction over the expectant mother of an unborn child described in this section.

Section 43. 48.135 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.135 (title) Referral of children and expectant mothers of unborn children to proceedings under chapter 51 or 55.

Section 44. 48.135 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.135 (1) If a child alleged to be in need of protection or services <u>or a child</u> expectant mother of an unborn child alleged to be in need of protection or services

is before the court and it appears that the child <u>or child expectant mother</u> is developmentally disabled, mentally ill or drug dependent or suffers from alcoholism, the court may proceed under ch. 51 or 55. <u>If an adult expectant mother of an unborn child alleged to be in need of protection or services is before the court and it appears that the adult expectant mother is drug dependent or suffers from alcoholism, the court may proceed under ch. 51.</u>

SECTION 45. 48.135 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.135 (2) Any Except as provided in ss. 48.19 to 48.21 and s. 48.345 (14), any voluntary or involuntary admissions, placements or commitments of a child made in or to an inpatient facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (10), shall be governed by ch. 51 or 55. Except as provided in ss. 48.193 to 48.213 and s. 48.347 (6), any voluntary or involuntary admissions, placements or commitments of an adult expectant mother of an unborn child made in or to an inpatient facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (10), shall be governed by ch. 51.

Section 46. 48.14 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.14 **(5)** Proceedings under chs. 51 and 55 which apply to minors <u>and</u> proceedings under ch. 51 which apply to the adult expectant mothers of unborn children, if those adult expectant mothers appear to be drug dependent or to suffer from alcoholism.

Section 47. 48.15 of the statutes is amended to read:

48.15 Jurisdiction of other courts to determine legal custody. Nothing contained in ss. 48.13, 48.133 and 48.14 deprives other courts of the right to determine the legal custody of children by habeas corpus or to determine the legal custody or guardianship of children if the legal custody or guardianship is incidental to the determination of causes pending in the other courts. But the jurisdiction of

the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 938 is paramount in all cases involving children alleged to come within the provisions of ss. 48.13 and 48.14 and unborn children and their expectant mothers alleged to come within the provisions of ss. 48.133 and 48.14 (5).

SECTION 48. 48.185 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.185 (1) Subject to sub. (2), venue for any proceeding under ss. 48.13, 48.133, 48.135 and 48.14 (1) to (9) may be in any of the following: the county where the child or the expectant mother of the unborn child resides, or the county where the child is or expectant mother is present or, in the case of a violation of a state law or a county, town or municipal ordinance, the county where the violation occurred. Venue for proceedings brought under subch. VIII is as provided in this subsection except where the child has been placed and is living outside the home of the child's parent pursuant to a dispositional order, in which case venue is as provided in sub. (2). Venue for a proceeding under s. 48.14 (10) is as provided in s. 801.50 (5s).

SECTION 49. 48.185 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.185 (2) In an action under s. 48.41, venue shall be in the county where the birth parent or child resides at the time that the petition is filed. Venue for any proceeding under s. 48.363, 48.365 or 48.977, or any proceeding under subch. VIII when the child has been placed outside the home pursuant to a dispositional order under s. 48.345 or 48.347, shall be in the county where the dispositional order was issued, unless the child's county of residence has changed, or the parent of the child or the expectant mother of the unborn child has resided in a different county of this state for 6 months. In either case, the court may, upon a motion and for good cause shown, transfer the case, along with all appropriate records, to the county of residence of the child or, parent or expectant mother.

Subchapter IV (title) of chapter 48 [precedes 48.19] of the statutes is amended 1 2 to read: 3 **CHAPTER 48** 4 SUBCHAPTER IV 5 HOLDING A CHILD OR AN EXPECTANT MOTHER IN CUSTODY 6 7 **Section 50.** 48.19 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 48.19 (1) (c) An order of the judge if made upon a showing satisfactory to the 9 judge that the welfare of the child demands that the child be immediately removed 10 from his or her present custody. The order shall specify that the child be held in 11 custody under s. 48.207 (1). 12 **Section 51.** 48.19 (1) (cm) of the statutes is created to read: 13 48.19 (1) (cm) An order of the judge if made upon a showing satisfactory to the 14 judge that the child is an expectant mother and that due to the child expectant 15 mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled 16 substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, there is a 17 substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered unless the child expectant mother is 18 19 taken into custody. The order shall specify that the child expectant mother be held 20 in custody under s. 48.207 (1). 21 **Section 52.** 48.19 (1) (d) 8. of the statutes is created to read: 22 48.19 (1) (d) 8. The child is an expectant mother and there is a substantial risk 23 that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be 24 seriously affected or endangered due to the child expectant mother's habitual lack 25of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled

substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, unless the child expectant mother is taken into custody.

Section 53. 48.193 of the statutes is created to read:

- **48.193** Taking an adult expectant mother into custody. (1) An adult expectant mother of an unborn child may be taken into custody under any of the following:
 - (a) A warrant.
 - (b) A capias issued by a judge under s. 48.28.
- (c) An order of the judge if made upon a showing satisfactory to the judge that due to the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered unless the adult expectant mother is taken into custody. The order shall specify that the adult expectant mother be held in custody under s. 48.207 (1m).
- (d) Circumstances in which a law enforcement officer believes on reasonable grounds that any of the following conditions exists:
- 1. A capias or warrant for the apprehension of the adult expectant mother has been issued in this state or in another state.
- 2. There is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered due to the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, unless the adult expectant mother is taken into custody.

- 3. The adult expectant mother has violated the conditions of an order under s. 48.213 (3) or the conditions of an order for temporary physical custody by an intake worker.
- (2) When an adult expectant mother of an unborn child is taken into physical custody as provided in this section, the person taking the adult expectant mother into custody shall immediately attempt to notify an adult relative or friend of the adult expectant mother by the most practical means. The person taking the adult expectant mother into custody shall continue such attempt until an adult relative or friend is notified, or the adult expectant mother is delivered to an intake worker under s. 48.203 (2), whichever occurs first. If the adult expectant mother is delivered to the intake worker before an adult relative or friend is notified, the intake worker, or another person at his or her direction, shall continue the attempt to notify until an adult relative or friend of the adult expectant mother is notified.
- (3) Taking into custody is not an arrest except for the purpose of determining whether the taking into custody or the obtaining of any evidence is lawful.
 - **Section 54.** 48.20 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 48.20 (title) Release or delivery of child from custody.
- **Section 55.** 48.20 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:
- 48.20 (4m) If the child is an expectant mother and if the unborn child or child expectant mother is believed to be suffering from a serious physical condition which requires either prompt diagnosis or prompt treatment or if there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered due to the child expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, the person taking the child

expectant mother into physical custody, the intake worker or other appropriate person shall deliver the child expectant mother to a hospital as defined in s. 50.33 (2) (a) and (c) or physician's office.

Section 56. 48.20 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.20 (7) (b) The intake worker shall review the need to hold the child in custody and shall make every effort to release the child from custody as provided in par. (c). The intake worker shall base his or her decision as to whether to release the child or to continue to hold the child in custody on the criteria specified in s. 48.205 (1) and criteria established under s. 48.06 (1) or (2).

Section 57. 48.20 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.20 (8) If a child is held in custody, the intake worker shall notify the child's parent, guardian and legal custodian of the reasons for holding the child in custody and of the child's whereabouts unless there is reason to believe that notice would present imminent danger to the child. If a child who has violated the terms of aftercare supervision administered by the department of corrections or a county department is held in custody, the intake worker shall also notify the department of corrections or county department, whichever has supervision over the child, of the reasons for holding the child in custody, of the child's whereabouts and of the time and place of the detention hearing required under s. 48.21. The parent, guardian and legal custodian shall also be notified of the time and place of the detention hearing required under s. 48.21, the nature and possible consequences of that hearing, and the right to present and cross-examine witnesses at the hearing. If the parent, guardian or legal custodian is not immediately available, the intake worker or another person designated by the court shall provide notice as soon as possible. When the child is alleged to be in need of protection or services and is 12 years of age

or older, the child shall receive the same notice about the detention hearing as the parent, guardian or legal custodian. The intake worker shall notify both the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian. When the child is an expectant mother who has been taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., the unborn child, through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, shall receive the same notice about the whereabouts of the child expectant mother, about the reasons for holding the child expectant mother in custody and about the detention hearing as the child expectant mother and her parent, guardian or legal custodian. The intake worker shall notify the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian or legal custodian and the unborn child, by the unborn child's guardian ad litem.

Section 58. 48.203 of the statutes is created to read:

warning the adult expectant mother as may be appropriate.

A person taking an adult expectant mother of an unborn child into custody shall make every effort to release the adult expectant mother to an adult relative or friend of the adult expectant mother after counseling or warning the adult expectant mother as may be appropriate or, if an adult relative or friend is unavailable, unwilling or unable to accept the release of the adult expectant mother, the person taking the adult expectant mother into custody may release the adult expectant

mother under the adult expectant mother's own supervision after counseling or

48.203 Release or delivery of adult expectant mother from custody. (1)

(2) If the adult expectant mother is not released under sub. (1), the person who took the adult expectant mother into custody shall arrange in a manner determined by the court and law enforcement agencies for the adult expectant mother to be interviewed by the intake worker under s. 48.067 (2), and shall make a statement in writing with supporting facts of the reasons why the adult expectant mother was

taken into physical custody and shall give the adult expectant mother a copy of the statement in addition to giving a copy to the intake worker. When the intake interview is not done in person, the report may be read to the intake worker.

- (3) If the unborn child or adult expectant mother is believed to be suffering from a serious physical condition which requires either prompt diagnosis or prompt treatment or if there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered due to the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, the person taking the adult expectant mother into physical custody, the intake worker or other appropriate person shall deliver the adult expectant mother to a hospital, as defined in s. 50.33 (2) (a) and (c), or physician's office.
- (4) If the adult expectant mother is believed to be mentally ill, drug dependent or developmentally disabled, and exhibits conduct which constitutes a substantial probability of physical harm to herself or others, or a substantial probability of physical impairment or injury to the adult expectant mother exists due to the impaired judgment of the adult expectant mother, and the standards of s. 51.15 are met, the person taking the adult expectant mother into physical custody, the intake worker or other appropriate person shall proceed under s. 51.15.
- (5) If the adult expectant mother is believed to be an intoxicated person who has threatened, attempted or inflicted physical harm on herself or on another and is likely to inflict such physical harm unless committed, or is incapacitated by alcohol, the person taking the adult expectant mother into physical custody, the intake worker or other appropriate person shall proceed under s. 51.45 (11).

- (6) (a) When an adult expectant mother is interviewed by an intake worker, the intake worker shall inform the adult expectant mother of her right to counsel.
- (b) The intake worker shall review the need to hold the adult expectant mother in custody and shall make every effort to release the adult expectant mother from custody as provided in par. (c). The intake worker shall base his or her decision as to whether to release the adult expectant mother or to continue to hold the adult expectant mother in custody on the criteria specified in s. 48.205 (1m) and criteria established under s. 48.06 (1) or (2).
- (c) The intake worker may release the adult expectant mother to an adult relative or friend of the adult expectant mother after counseling or warning the adult expectant mother as may be appropriate or, if an adult relative or friend is unavailable, unwilling or unable to accept the release of the adult expectant mother, the intake worker may release the adult expectant mother under the adult expectant mother's own supervision after counseling or warning the adult expectant mother as may be appropriate.
- (7) If an adult expectant mother is held in custody, the intake worker shall notify the adult expectant mother and the unborn child, through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, of the reasons for holding the adult expectant mother in custody, the time and place of the detention hearing required under s. 48.213, the nature and possible consequences of that hearing, and the right to present and cross–examine witnesses at the hearing.
 - **Section 59.** 48.205 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 48.205 (title) Criteria for holding a child or expectant mother in physical custody.
 - **SECTION 60.** 48.205 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.205 (1) (intro.) A child may be held under s. 48.207 (1), 48.208 or 48.209 if the intake worker determines that there is probable cause to believe the child is within the jurisdiction of the court and:

Section 61. 48.205 (1) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

48.205 (1) (d) Probable cause exists to believe that the child is an expectant mother and that if the child expectant mother is not held, there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the child expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree.

Section 62. 48.205 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

48.205 (1m) An adult expectant mother of an unborn child may be held under s. 48.207 (1m) if the intake worker determines that there is probable cause to believe that the adult expectant mother is within the jurisdiction of the court and to believe that if the adult expectant mother is not held, there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree.

Section 63. 48.205 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.205 (2) The criteria for holding a child or the expectant mother of an unborn child in custody specified in this section shall govern the decision of all persons responsible for determining whether the action is appropriate.

Section 64. 48.207 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	48.207 (title) Places where a child or expectant mother may be held in
2	nonsecure custody.
3	Section 65. 48.207 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	48.207 (1) (intro.) A child held in physical custody under s. 48.205 (1) may be
5	held in any of the following places:
6	Section 66. 48.207 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	48.207(1)(g) A hospital as defined in s. $50.33(2)(a)$ and (c) or physician's office
8	if the child is held under s. $48.20(4)$ or $(4m)$.
9	Section 67. 48.207 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:
10	48.207 (1m) An adult expectant mother of an unborn child held in physical
11	custody under s. $48.205 (1m)$ may be held in any of the following places:
12	(a) The home of an adult relative or friend of the adult expectant mother.
13	(b) A licensed community-based residential facility, as defined in s. $50.01 (1g)$,
14	if the placement does not violate the conditions of the license.
15	(c) A hospital, as defined in s. 50.33 (2) (a) and (c), or a physician's office if the
16	adult expectant mother is held under s. 48.203 (3).
17	(d) A place listed in s. 51.15 (2) if the adult expectant mother is held under s.
18	48.203 (4).
19	(e) An approved public treatment facility for emergency treatment if the adult
20	expectant mother is held under s. 48.203 (5).
21	Section 68. 48.207 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 48.207 (2) (a) and
22	amended to read:
23	48.207 (2) (a) If a facility listed in sub. (1) (b) to (k) is used to hold children \underline{a}
24	<u>child</u> in custody, or if supervisory services of a home detention program are provided
25	to children a child held under sub. (1) (a), its the authorized rate of the facility or the

authorized rate for those supervisory services shall be paid by the county for the supervision or care of the child. If no authorized rate has been established, a reasonable sum to be fixed by the court shall be paid by the county for the supervision or care of the child.

Section 69. 48.207 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

48.207 (2) (b) If a facility listed in sub. (1m) (b) to (e) is used to hold an expectant mother of an unborn child in custody, or if supervisory services of a home detention program are provided to an expectant mother held under sub. (1m) (a), the authorized rate of the facility or the authorized rate for those supervisory services shall be paid by the county for the supervision or care of the expectant mother. If no authorized rate has been established, a reasonable sum to be fixed by the court shall be paid by the county for the supervision or care of the expectant mother.

Section 70. 48.208 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.208 (4) Probable cause exists to believe that the child, having been placed in nonsecure custody by an intake worker under s. 48.207 (1) or by the judge or juvenile court commissioner under s. 48.21 (4), has run away or committed a delinquent act and no other suitable alternative exists.

Section 71. 48.21 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (1) (b) If no petition has been filed by the time of the hearing, a child may be held in custody with approval of the judge or juvenile court commissioner for an additional 72 hours from the time of the hearing, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, only if, as a result of the facts brought forth at the hearing, the judge or juvenile court commissioner determines that probable cause exists to believe that the child is an imminent danger to himself or herself or to others, or that probable cause exists to believe that the parent, guardian or legal custodian of the child or

other responsible adult is neglecting, refusing, unable or unavailable to provide adequate supervision and care or, if the child is an expectant mother who was taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., that probable cause exists to believe that there is a substantial risk that if the child expectant mother is not held, the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the child expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree. The extension may be granted only once for any petition. In the event of failure to file a petition within the extension period provided for in this paragraph, the judge or juvenile court commissioner shall order the child's immediate release from custody.

Section 72. 48.21 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (3) (title) Proceedings concerning children in Need of Protection or Services and Unborn Children in Need of Protection or Services and Their Child EXPECTANT MOTHERS. (intro.) Proceedings concerning a child who comes within the jurisdiction of the court under s. 48.13 or an unborn child and a child expectant mother of the unborn child who come within the jurisdiction of the court under s. 48.133 shall be conducted according to this subsection.

Section 73. 48.21 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (3) (b) If present at the hearing, a copy of the petition shall be given to the parent, guardian or legal custodian, and to the child if he or she is 12 years of age or older, before the hearing begins. If the child is an expectant mother who has been taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., a copy of the petition shall also be given to the unborn child, through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, before the hearing begins. Prior notice of the hearing shall be given to the child's parent,

guardian and legal custodian and, to the child if he or she is 12 years of age or older and, if the child is an expectant mother who has been taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., to the unborn child, through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, in accordance with s. 48.20 (8).

SECTION 74. 48.21 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (6) AMENDMENT OF ORDER. An order placing a child under sub. (4) (a) on conditions specified in this section may at any time be amended, with notice, so as to return place the child to in another form of custody for failure to conform to the conditions originally imposed. A child may be transferred to secure custody if he or she meets the criteria of s. 48.208.

Section 75. 48.21 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (7) Informal disposition. If the judge or juvenile court commissioner determines that the best interests of the child and the public are served or, in the case of a child expectant mother who has been taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., that the best interests of the unborn child and the public are served, he or she may enter a consent decree under s. 48.32 or order the petition dismissed and refer the matter to the intake worker for informal disposition in accordance with s. 48.245.

Section 76. 48.213 of the statutes is created to read:

48.213 Hearing for adult expectant mother in custody. (1) Hearing; When held. (a) If an adult expectant mother of an unborn child who has been taken into custody is not released under s. 48.203, a hearing to determine whether the adult expectant mother shall continue to be held in custody under the criteria of s. 48.205 (1m) shall be conducted by the judge or juvenile court commissioner within 48 hours after the time that the decision to hold the adult expectant mother was made,

excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. By the time of the hearing a petition under s. 48.25 shall be filed, except that no petition need be filed when an adult expectant mother is taken into custody under s. 48.193 (1) (b) or (d) 1. or 3., in which case a written statement of the reasons for holding the adult expectant mother in custody shall be substituted if the petition is not filed. If no hearing has been held within those 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, or if no petition or statement has been filed at the time of the hearing, the adult expectant mother shall be released except as provided in par. (b).

- (b) If no petition has been filed by the time of the hearing, an adult expectant mother of an unborn child may be held in custody with the approval of the judge or juvenile court commissioner for an additional 72 hours after the time of the hearing, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, only if, as a result of the facts brought forth at the hearing, the judge or juvenile court commissioner determines that probable cause exists to believe that there is a substantial risk that if the adult expectant mother is not held, the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree. The extension may be granted only once for any petition. In the event of failure to file a petition within the extension period provided for in this paragraph, the judge or juvenile court commissioner shall order the adult expectant mother's immediate release from custody.
- (2) PROCEEDINGS CONCERNING UNBORN CHILDREN IN NEED OF PROTECTION OR SERVICES AND THEIR ADULT EXPECTANT MOTHERS. (a) Proceedings concerning an unborn child and an adult expectant mother of the unborn child who come within the

- jurisdiction of the court under s. 48.133 shall be conducted according to this subsection.
- (b) The adult expectant mother may waive the hearing under this section. After any waiver, a hearing shall be granted at the request of any interested party.
- (c) A copy of the petition shall be given to the adult expectant mother, and to the unborn child, through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, before the hearing begins. Prior notice of the hearing shall be given to the adult expectant mother and unborn child in accordance with s. 48.203 (7).
- (d) Prior to the commencement of the hearing, the adult expectant mother and the unborn child, through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, shall be informed by the court of the allegations that have been made or may be made, the nature and possible consequences of this hearing as compared to possible future hearings, the right to confront and cross–examine witnesses and the right to present witnesses.
- (e) If the adult expectant mother is not represented by counsel at the hearing and the adult expectant mother is continued in custody as a result of the hearing, the adult expectant mother may request through counsel subsequently appointed or retained or through a guardian ad litem that the order to hold the adult expectant mother in custody be reheard. If the request is made, a rehearing shall take place as soon as possible. Any order to hold the adult expectant mother in custody shall be subject to rehearing for good cause, whether or not counsel was present.
- (3) CONTINUATION OF CUSTODY. If the judge or juvenile court commissioner finds that the adult expectant mother should be continued in custody under the criteria of s. 48.205 (1m), the judge or juvenile court commissioner shall enter one of the following orders:

- (a) Release the adult expectant mother and impose reasonable restrictions on the adult expectant mother's travel, association with other persons or places of abode during the period of the order, including a condition requiring the adult expectant mother to return to other custody as requested; or subject the adult expectant mother to the supervision of an agency agreeing to supervise the adult expectant mother. Reasonable restrictions may be placed upon the conduct of the adult expectant mother which may be necessary to ensure the safety of the unborn child and of the child when born.
- (b) Order the adult expectant mother to be held in an appropriate manner under s. 48.207 (1m).
- (4) ORDERS IN WRITING. All orders to hold an adult expectant mother of an unborn child in custody shall be in writing, listing the reasons and criteria forming the basis for the decision.
- (5) AMENDMENT OF ORDER. An order under sub. (3) (a) imposing restrictions on an adult expectant mother of an unborn child may at any time be amended, with notice, so as to place the adult expectant mother in another form of custody for failure of the adult expectant mother to conform to the conditions originally imposed.
- (6) Informal disposition. If the judge or juvenile court commissioner determines that the best interests of the unborn child and the public are served, the judge or juvenile court commissioner may enter a consent decree under s. 48.32 or order the petition dismissed and refer the matter to the intake worker for informal disposition in accordance with s. 48.245.
 - **SECTION 77.** 48.227 (4) (e) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 48.227 (4) (e) 2. That, with the consent of the child and the runaway home, the child remain in the care of the runaway home for a period of not more than 20 days.

Without further proceedings, the child shall be released whenever the child indicates, either by statement or conduct, that he or she wishes to leave the home or whenever the runaway home withdraws its consent. During this time period not to exceed 20 days ordered by the court, the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian may not remove the child from the home but may confer with the child or with the person operating the home. If, at the conclusion of the time period ordered by the court the child has not left the home, and no petition concerning the child has been filed under s. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12 or 938.13, the child shall be released from the home. If a petition concerning the child has been filed under s. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12 or 938.13, the child may be held in temporary physical custody under ss. 48.20 to 48.21 or 938.20 to 938.21.

Section 78. 48.23 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

48.23 (2m) RIGHT OF EXPECTANT MOTHER TO COUNSEL. (a) When an unborn child is alleged to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.133, the expectant mother of the unborn child, if the expectant mother is a child, shall be represented by counsel and may not waive counsel.

(b) If a petition under s. 48.133 is contested, no expectant mother may be placed outside of her home unless the expectant mother is represented by counsel at the fact-finding hearing and subsequent proceedings. If the petition is not contested, the expectant mother may not be placed outside of her home unless the expectant mother is represented by counsel at the hearing at which the placement is made. An adult expectant mother, however, may waive counsel if the court is satisfied that the waiver is knowingly and voluntarily made and the court may place the adult expectant mother outside of her home even though the adult expectant mother was not represented by counsel.

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(c) For an expectant mother under 12 years of age, the judge may appoint a guardian ad litem instead of counsel.

SECTION 79. 48.23 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.23 (4) Providing counsel. In any situation under this section in which a person has a right to be represented by counsel or is provided counsel at the discretion of the court and counsel is not knowingly and voluntarily waived, the court shall refer the person to the state public defender and counsel shall be appointed by the state public defender under s. 977.08 without a determination of indigency. If the referral is of a person who has filed a petition under s. 48.375 (7), the state public defender shall appoint counsel within 24 hours after that referral. Any counsel appointed in a petition filed under s. 48.375 (7) shall continue to represent the child in any appeal brought under s. 809.105 unless the child requests substitution of counsel or extenuating circumstances make it impossible for counsel to continue to represent the child. In any situation under sub. (2) or (2m) in which a parent 18 years of age or older over or an adult expectant mother is entitled to representation by counsel; counsel is not knowingly and voluntarily waived; and it appears that the parent or adult expectant mother is unable to afford counsel in full, or the parent or adult expectant mother so indicates; the court shall refer the parent or adult expectant mother to the authority for indigency determinations specified under s. 977.07 (1). In any other situation under this section in which a person has a right to be represented by counsel or is provided counsel at the discretion of the court, competent and independent counsel shall be provided and reimbursed in any manner suitable to the court regardless of the person's ability to pay, except that the court may not order a person who files a petition under s. 813.122 or 813.125 to reimburse counsel for the child who is named as the respondent in that petition.

Section 80. 48.235 (1) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

48.235 (1) (f) The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem, or extend the appointment of a guardian ad litem previously appointed under par. (a), for any unborn child alleged or found to be in need of protection or services.

SECTION 81. 48.235 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

- 48.235 (3) Duties and responsibilities. (a) The guardian ad litem shall be an advocate for the best interests of the person or unborn child for whom the appointment is made. The guardian ad litem shall function independently, in the same manner as an attorney for a party to the action, and shall consider, but shall not be bound by, the wishes of such that person or the positions of others as to the best interests of such that person or unborn child. If the guardian ad litem determines that the best interests of the person are substantially inconsistent with the wishes of such that person, the guardian ad litem shall so inform the court and the court may appoint counsel to represent that person. The guardian ad litem has none of the rights or duties of a general guardian.
- (b) In addition to any other duties and responsibilities required of a guardian ad litem, a guardian ad litem appointed for a child who is the subject of a proceeding under s. 48.13 or for an unborn child who is the subject of a proceeding under s. 48.133 shall do all of the following:
- 1. Unless granted leave by the court not to do so, personally, or through a trained designee, meet with the child or expectant mother of the unborn child, assess the appropriateness and safety of the child's environment of the child or unborn child and, if the child is old enough to communicate, interview the child and determine the child's goals and concerns regarding his or her placement.

1	2. Make clear and specific recommendations to the court concerning the best
2	interest of the child <u>or unborn child</u> at every stage of the proceeding.
3	SECTION 82. 48.235 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:
4	48.235 (4m) Matters involving unborn child in need of protection or
5	SERVICES. (a) In any matter involving an unborn child found to be in need of
6	protection or services, the guardian ad litem may, if reappointed or if the
7	appointment is continued under sub. (7), do any of the following:
8	1. Participate in permanency planning under ss. 48.38 and 48.43 (5) after the
9	child is born.
10	2. Petition for a change in placement under s. 48.357.
11	3. Petition for termination of parental rights or any other matter specified
12	under s. 48.14 after the child is born.
13	3m. Petition for a commitment of the expectant mother of the unborn child
14	under ch. 51 as specified in s. 48.14 (5).
15	4. Petition for revision of dispositional orders under s. 48.363.
16	5. Petition for extension of dispositional orders under s. 48.365.
17	6. Petition for a temporary restraining order and injunction under s. 813.122
18	or 813.125 after the child is born.
19	7. Petition for relief from a judgment terminating parental rights under s. 48.46
20	after the child is born.
21	7g. Petition for the appointment of a guardian under s. 48.977 (2), the revision
22	of a guardianship order under s. 48.977 (6) or the removal of a guardian under s.
23	48.977 (7) after the child is born.
24	7m. Bring an action or motion for the determination of the child's paternity
25	under s. 767.45 after the child is born.

- 8. Perform any other duties consistent with this chapter.
- (b) The court shall order the agency identified under s. 48.355 (2) (b) 1. as primarily responsible for the provision of services to notify the guardian ad litem, if any, regarding actions to be taken under par. (a).

Section 83. 48.235 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.235 **(6)** Communication to a jury. In jury trials under this chapter, the guardian ad litem or the court may tell the jury that the guardian ad litem represents the interests of the person <u>or unborn child</u> for whom the guardian ad litem was appointed.

SECTION 84. 48.24 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.24 (1) Information indicating that a child <u>or an unborn child</u> should be referred to the court as in need of protection or services shall be referred to the intake worker, who shall conduct an intake inquiry on behalf of the court to determine whether the available facts establish prima facie jurisdiction and to determine the best interests of the child <u>or unborn child</u> and of the public with regard to any action to be taken.

Section 85. 48.24 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.24 (1m) As part of the intake inquiry, the intake worker shall inform the child and the child's parent, guardian and legal custodian that they, or the adult expectant mother of an unborn child that she, may request counseling from a person designated by the court to provide dispositional services under s. 48.069.

Section 86. 48.24 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.24 (2) (a) As part of the intake inquiry the intake worker may conduct multidisciplinary screens and intake conferences with notice to the child, parent, guardian and legal custodian or to the adult expectant mother of the unborn child.

If sub. (2m) applies, the intake worker shall conduct a multidisciplinary screen under s. 48.547 if the child <u>or expectant mother</u> has not refused to participate under par. (b).

SECTION 87. 48.24 (2m) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.24 **(2m)** (a) (intro.) In counties that have a pilot an alcohol and other drug abuse program under s. 48.547, a multidisciplinary screen shall be conducted for:

SECTION 88. 48.24 (2m) (a) 6. of the statutes is created to read:

48.24 **(2m)** (a) 6. Any expectant mother 12 years of age or over who requests and consents to a multidisciplinary screen.

Section 89. 48.24 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.24 (3) If the intake worker determines as a result of the intake inquiry that the child <u>or unborn child</u> should be referred to the court, the intake worker shall request that the district attorney, corporation counsel or other official specified in s. 48.09 file a petition.

Section 90. 48.24 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.24 (5) The intake worker shall request that a petition be filed, enter into an informal disposition or close the case within 40 days or sooner of receipt of referral information. If the case is closed or an informal disposition is entered into, the district attorney, corporation counsel or other official under s. 48.09 shall receive written notice of such action. If a law enforcement officer has made a recommendation concerning the child, or the unborn child and the expectant mother of the unborn child, the intake worker shall forward this recommendation to the district attorney, corporation counsel or other official under s. 48.09. With respect to petitioning a child or unborn child to be in need of protection or services, information received more than 40 days before filing the petition may be included to

establish a condition or pattern which, together with information received within the
40-day period, provides a basis for conferring jurisdiction on the court. The judge
shall dismiss with prejudice any such petition which is not referred or filed within
the time limits specified within this subsection.
SECTION 91. 48.243 (1) (intro.), (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of the statutes are
amended to read:
48.243 (1) (intro.) Before conferring with the parent, expectant mother or child
during the intake inquiry, the intake worker shall personally inform parents,
expectant mothers and children 12 years of age or older who are the focus of an
inquiry regarding the need for protection or services that the referral may result in
a petition to the court and of all of the following:
(a) What allegations could be in the petition;
(b) The nature and possible consequences of the proceedings;
(c) The right to remain silent and the fact that silence of any party may be
relevant;.
(d) The right to confront and cross-examine those appearing against them;
(e) The right of the child to counsel under s. 48.23;.
(f) The right to present and subpoena witnesses;.
(g) The right to a jury trial; and.
Section 92. 48.243 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 48.243 (4) and amended
to read:
48.243 (4) This section does not apply if the child or expectant mother was
present at a hearing under s. 48.21 or 48.213.

Section 93. 48.243 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

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48.243 (3) If the child or expectant mother has not had a hearing under s. 48.21 or 48.213 and was not present at an intake conference under s. 48.24, the intake worker shall inform the child, parent, guardian and legal custodian, or expectant mother, as appropriate of, of the basic rights provided under this section. This The notice shall be given verbally, either in person or by telephone, and in writing. This notice shall be given so as to allow the child, parent, guardian or, legal custodian or adult expectant mother sufficient time to prepare for the plea hearing. This subsection does not apply to cases of informal disposition under s. 48.245.

Section 94. 48.245 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.245 (1) The intake worker may enter into a written agreement with all parties which imposes informal disposition under this section if the intake worker has determined that neither the interests of the child <u>or unborn child</u> nor of the public require filing of a petition for circumstances relating to ss. 48.13 to 48.14. Informal disposition shall be available only if the facts persuade the intake worker that the jurisdiction of the court, if sought, would exist and upon consent of the child, parent, guardian and legal custodian; or upon consent of the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian and legal custodian and the unborn child, by the unborn child's guardian ad litem; or upon consent of the adult expectant mother and the unborn child, by the unborn child's guardian ad litem.

Section 95. 48.245 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.245 (2) (a) 1. That the child appear with a parent, guardian or legal custodian for counseling and advice or that the adult expectant mother appear for counseling and advice.

Section 96. 48.245 (2) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

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48.245 (2) (a) 2. That the child and a parent, guardian and legal custodian abide by such obligations as will tend to ensure the child's rehabilitation, protection or care of the child or that the expectant mother abide by such obligations as will tend to ensure the protection or care of the unborn child and the rehabilitation of the expectant mother.

Section 97. 48.245 (2) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.245 (2) (a) 3. That the child <u>or expectant mother</u> submit to an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment that conforms to the criteria specified under s. 48.547 (4) and that is conducted by an approved treatment facility for an examination of the child's use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs <u>by the child or expectant mother</u> and any medical, personal, family or social effects caused by its use, if the multidisciplinary screen conducted under s. 48.24 (2) shows that the child <u>or expectant mother</u> is at risk of having needs and problems related to the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs and its medical, personal, family or social effects.

Section 98. 48.245 (2) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.245 (2) (a) 4. That the child <u>or expectant mother</u> participate in an alcohol and other drug abuse outpatient treatment program or an education program relating to the abuse of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, if an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment conducted under subd. 3. recommends outpatient treatment or education.

Section 99. 48.245 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.245 (2) (c) If the informal disposition provides for alcohol and other drug abuse outpatient treatment under par. (a) 4., the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, or the adult expectant mother, shall execute an informed

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consent form that indicates that they are, or that she is, voluntarily and knowingly entering into an informal disposition agreement for the provision of alcohol and other drug abuse outpatient treatment.

SECTION 100. 48.245 (2r) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.245 (2r) If an informal disposition is based on allegations that a child or an unborn child is in need of protection or services, the intake worker may, after giving written notice to the child and the child's parent, guardian and legal custodian and their counsel, if any, or after giving written notice to the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian and legal custodian and their counsel, if any, and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or after giving written notice to the adult expectant mother, her counsel, if any, and the unborn child, by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, extend the informal disposition for up to an additional 6 months unless the child or the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian or legal custodian or the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or the adult expectant mother or the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, objects to the extension. If the child or the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian or legal custodian or the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or the adult expectant mother or the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, objects to the extension, the intake worker may recommend to the district attorney or corporation counsel that a petition be filed under s. 48.13 or 48.133. An extension under this subsection may be granted only once for any informal disposition. An extension under this subsection of an informal disposition relating to an unborn child who is alleged to be in need of protection or services may be granted after the child is born.

Section 101. 48.245 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.245 (3) The obligations imposed under an informal disposition and its effective date shall be set forth in writing. The child and a parent, guardian and legal custodian, the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian and legal custodian and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or the adult expectant mother and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, shall receive a copy, as shall any agency providing services under the agreement.

Section 102. 48.245 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.245 (4) The intake worker shall inform the child and the child's parent, guardian and legal custodian, the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian and legal custodian and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or the adult expectant mother and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, in writing of their right to terminate the informal disposition at any time or object at any time to the fact or terms of the informal disposition. If an objection arises the intake worker may alter the terms of the agreement or recommend to the district attorney or corporation counsel that a petition be filed. If the informal disposition is terminated the intake worker may recommend to the district attorney or corporation counsel that a petition be filed.

Section 103. 48.245 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.245 (5) Informal disposition shall be terminated upon the request of the child, parent, guardian or legal custodian, upon request of the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian or legal custodian or the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or upon the request of the adult expectant mother or the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem.

SECTION 104. 48.245 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.245 (8) If the obligations imposed under the informal disposition are met, the intake worker shall so inform the child and a parent, guardian and legal custodian, the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian and legal custodian and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or the adult expectant mother and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, in writing, and no petition may be filed on the charges that brought about the informal disposition nor may the charges be the sole basis for a petition under ss. 48.13 to 48.14.

Section 105. 48.25 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.25 (1) A petition initiating proceedings under this chapter shall be signed by a person who has knowledge of the facts alleged or is informed of them and believes them to be true. The district attorney, corporation counsel or other appropriate official specified under s. 48.09 may file the petition if the proceeding is under s. 48.13 or 48.133. The counsel or guardian ad litem for a parent, relative, guardian or child may file a petition under s. 48.13 or 48.14. The counsel or guardian ad litem for an expectant mother or the guardian ad litem for an unborn child may file a petition under s. 48.133. The district attorney, corporation counsel or other appropriate person designated by the court may initiate proceedings under s. 48.14 in a manner specified by the court.

Section 106. 48.25 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.25 (2) If the proceeding is brought under s. 48.13 or 48.133, the district attorney, corporation counsel or other appropriate official shall file the petition, close the case, or refer the case back to intake within 20 days after the date that the intake worker's recommendation was filed. A referral back to intake may be made only when the district attorney, corporation counsel or other appropriate official decides not to file a petition or determines that further investigation is necessary. If the case

is referred back to intake upon a decision not to file a petition, the intake worker shall close the case or enter into an informal disposition within 20 days. If the case is referred back to intake for further investigation, the appropriate agency or person shall complete the investigation within 20 days. If another referral is made to the district attorney, corporation counsel or other appropriate official, it shall be considered a new referral to which the time limits of this subsection shall apply. The time limits in this subsection may only be extended by a judge upon a showing of good cause under s. 48.315. If a petition is not filed within the time limitations set forth in this subsection and the court has not granted an extension, the petition shall be accompanied by a statement of reasons for the delay. The court shall dismiss with prejudice a petition which was not timely filed unless the court finds at the plea hearing that good cause has been shown for failure to meet the time limitations.

Section 107. 48.255 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.255 (1) (intro.) A petition initiating proceedings under this chapter, other than a petition under s. 48.133, shall be entitled, "In the interest of (child's name), a person under the age of 18" and shall set forth with specificity:

Section 108. 48.255 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

48.255 (1m) A petition initiating proceedings under s. 48.133 shall be entitled "In the interest of (J. Doe), an unborn child, and (expectant mother's name), the unborn child's expectant mother" and shall set forth with specificity:

- (a) The estimated gestational age of the unborn child and a statement that the unborn child is at that stage of fetal development when there is a reasonable likelihood of sustained survival outside the womb, with or without artificial support.
 - (b) The name, birth date and address of the expectant mother.

(bm) The names and addresses of the parent, guardian, legal custodian or
spouse, if any, of the expectant mother, if the expectant mother is a child, the name
and address of the spouse, if any, of the expectant mother, if the expectant mother
is an adult, or, if no such person can be identified, the name and address of the nearest
relative of the expectant mother.
(c) Whether the expectant mother is in custody and, if so, the place where the
expectant mother is being held and the time when the expectant mother was taken
into custody unless there is reasonable cause to believe that disclosure of that
information would result in imminent danger to the unborn child, expectant mother
or physical custodian.
(d) Whether the unborn child, when born, may be subject to the federal Indian
Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963.
(e) Reliable and credible information which forms the basis of the allegations
necessary to invoke the jurisdiction of the court under s. 48.133 and to provide
reasonable notice of the conduct or circumstances to be considered by the court
together with a statement that the unborn child is in need of protection or care and
that the expectant mother is in need of supervision, services, care or rehabilitation
Section 109. 48.255 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
48.255 (2) If any of the facts in required under sub. (1) (a) to (cm) or (1m) (a)
to (d) are not known or cannot be ascertained by the petitioner, the petition shall so
state.
SECTION 110. 48.255 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
48.255 (3) If the information required under sub. (1) (e) or (1m) (e) is not stated

the petition shall be dismissed or amended under s. 48.263 (2).

Section 111. 48.255 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.255 (4) A copy of the a petition under sub. (1) shall be given to the child if the child is 12 years of age or older over and to the parents, guardian, legal custodian and physical custodian. A copy of a petition under sub. (1m) shall be given to the child expectant mother, if 12 years of age or over, her parents, guardian, legal custodian and physical custodian and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem or to the adult expectant mother, the unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem and the physical custodian of the expectant mother, if any. A copy of a petition under sub. (1) or (1m) shall also be given to the tribe or band with which the child is affiliated or with which the unborn child may be eligible for affiliation when born, if the child is an Indian child or the unborn child may be an Indian child when born.

SECTION 112. 48.263 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.263 (1) Except as provided in s. 48.255 (3), no petition, process or other proceeding may be dismissed or reversed for any error or mistake if the case and the identity of the child <u>or expectant mother</u> named in the petition may be readily understood by the court; and the court may order an amendment curing the defects.

Section 113. 48.263 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.263 (2) With reasonable notification to the interested parties and prior to the taking of a plea under s. 48.30, the petition may be amended at the discretion of the court or person who filed the petition. After the taking of a plea, if the child is alleged to be in need of protection or services, the petition may be amended provided any objecting party is allowed a continuance for a reasonable time.

SECTION 114. 48.27 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 48.27 (1) (a) and amended to read:

48.27 **(1)** (a) After a petition has been filed relating to facts concerning a situation specified under ss. s. 48.13 or a situation specified in s. 48.133 involving an expectant mother who is a child, unless the parties under sub. (3) voluntarily appear, the court may issue a summons requiring the person who has legal custody of the child to appear personally, and, if the court so orders, to bring the child before the court at a time and place stated.

Section 115. 48.27 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

48.27 (1) (b) After a petition has been filed relating to facts concerning a situation specified under s. 48.133 involving an expectant mother who is an adult, unless the adult expectant mother voluntarily appears, the court may issue a summons requiring the adult expectant mother to appear personally before the court at a time and place stated.

Section 116. 48.27 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.27 (3) (a) 1. The If the petition that was filed relates to facts concerning a situation under s. 48.13 or a situation under s. 48.133 involving an expectant mother who is a child, the court shall also notify, under s. 48.273, the child, any parent, guardian and legal custodian of the child, any foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the child, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, if applicable, and any person specified in par. (b) or (d), if applicable, of all hearings involving the child except hearings on motions for which notice need only be provided to the child and his or her counsel. Where When parents who are entitled to notice have the same place of residence, notice to one shall constitute notice to the other. The first notice to any interested party, foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) shall be written and may have a copy of the petition attached to it. Thereafter, notice

of hearings may be given by telephone at least 72 hours before the time of the hearing. The person giving telephone notice shall place in the case file a signed statement of the time notice was given and the person to whom he or she spoke.

SECTION 117. 48.27 (3) (b) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.27 (3) (b) 1. (intro.) Except as provided in subd. 2., if the petition that was filed relates to facts concerning a situation under s. 48.13 or a situation under s. 48.13 involving an expectant mother who is a child and if the child is a nonmarital child who is not adopted or whose parents do not subsequently intermarry as provided under s. 767.60 and if paternity has not been established, the court shall notify, under s. 48.273, all of the following persons:

Section 118. 48.27 (3) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

48.27 (3) (c) If the petition that was filed relates to facts concerning a situation under s. 48.133 involving an expectant mother who is an adult, the court shall notify, under s. 48.273, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, the expectant mother, the physical custodian of the expectant mother, if any, and any person specified in par. (d), if applicable, of all hearings involving the unborn child and expectant mother except hearings on motions for which notice need only be provided to the expectant mother and her counsel and the unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem. The first notice to any interested party shall be written and may have a copy of the petition attached to it. Thereafter, notice of hearings may be given by telephone at least 72 hours before the time of the hearing. The person giving telephone notice shall place in the case file a signed statement of the time notice was given and the person to whom he or she spoke.

SECTION 119. 48.27 (3) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

48.27 (3) (d) If the petition that was filed relates to facts concerning a situation
under s. 48.133 concerning an unborn child who, when born, will be an Indian child
the court shall notify, under s. 48.273, the tribe or band with which the unborn child
will be affiliated when born and that tribe or band may, at the court's discretion,
intervene in the proceeding before the unborn child is born.
Section 120. 48.27 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 48.27 (4) (a)
(intro.) and amended to read:
48.27 (4) (a) (intro.) The \underline{A} notice under sub. (3) (a) or (b) shall:
Section 121. 48.27 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
48.27 (4) (b) A notice under sub. (3) (c) shall:
(a) Contain the name of the adult expectant mother, and the nature, location,
date and time of the hearing.
(b) Advise the adult expectant mother of her right to legal counsel regardless
of ability to pay.
SECTION 122. 48.27 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:
48.27 (8) When a petition is filed under s. 48.13 or when a petition involving
an expectant mother who is a child is filed under s. 48.133, the court shall notify, in
writing, the child's parents or guardian that they may be ordered to reimburse this
state or the county for the costs of legal counsel provided for the child, as provided
under s. 48.275 (2).
Section 123. 48.275 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
48.275 (1) If the court finds a child to be in need of protection or services under
s. 48.13 or an unborn child of an expectant mother who is a child to be in need of
protection or services under s. 48.133, the court shall order the parents parent of the
child to contribute toward the expense of post-adjudication services to the child

expectant mother and the child when born the proportion of the total amount which the court finds the parents are parent is able to pay. If the court finds an unborn child of an expectant mother who is an adult to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.133, the court shall order the adult expectant mother to contribute toward the expense of post-adjudication services to the adult expectant mother and the child when born the proportion of the total amount which the court finds the adult expectant mother is able to pay.

Section 124. 48.275 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.275 (2) (a) If this state or a county provides legal counsel to a child who is subject to a proceeding under s. 48.13 or to a child expectant mother who is subject to a proceeding under s. 48.133, the court shall order the child's parent to reimburse the state or county in accordance with par. (b) or (c). If this state or a county provides legal counsel to an adult expectant mother who is subject to a proceeding under s. 48.133, the court shall order the adult expectant mother to reimburse the state or county in accordance with par. (b) or (c). The court may not order reimbursement if a parent is the complaining or petitioning party or if the court finds that the interests of the parent and the interests of the child in the proceeding are substantially and directly adverse and that reimbursement would be unfair to the parent. The court may not order reimbursement until the completion of the proceeding or until the state or county is no longer providing the child or expectant mother with legal counsel in the proceeding.

Section 125. 48.275 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.275 (2) (b) If this state provides the child <u>or adult expectant mother</u> with legal counsel and the court orders reimbursement under par. (a), the child's parent <u>or the adult expectant mother</u> may request the state public defender to determine

whether the parent <u>or adult expectant mother</u> is indigent as provided under s. 977.07 and to determine the amount of reimbursement. If the parent <u>or adult expectant mother</u> is found not to be indigent, the amount of reimbursement shall be the maximum amount established by the public defender board. If the parent <u>or adult expectant mother</u> is found to be indigent in part, the amount of reimbursement shall be the amount of partial payment determined in accordance with the rules of the public defender board under s. 977.02 (3).

Section 126. 48.275 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.275 (2) (c) If the county provides the child <u>or adult expectant mother</u> with legal counsel and the court orders reimbursement under par. (a), the court shall either make a determination of indigency or shall appoint the county department to make the determination. If the court or the county department finds that the parent <u>or adult expectant mother</u> is not indigent or is indigent in part, the court shall establish the amount of reimbursement and shall order the parent <u>or adult expectant mother</u> to pay it.

Section 127. 48.275 (2) (cg) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.275 **(2)** (cg) (intro.) The court shall, upon motion by a parent <u>or expectant</u> mother, hold a hearing to review any of the following:

Section 128. 48.29 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.29 (1) The child, or the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, the expectant mother or the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, either before or during the plea hearing, may file a written request with the clerk of the court or other person acting as the clerk for a substitution of the judge assigned to the proceeding. Upon filing the written request, the filing party shall immediately mail or deliver a copy of the request to the judge named therein. Whenever in the

request. When any person has the right to request a substitution of judge, that person's counsel or guardian ad litem may file the request. Not more than one such written request may be filed in any one proceeding, nor may any single request name more than one judge. This section shall does not apply to proceedings under s. 48.21 or 48.213.

Section 129. 48.293 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.293 (2) All records relating to a child, or to an unborn child and the unborn child's expectant mother, which are relevant to the subject matter of a proceeding under this chapter shall be open to inspection by a guardian ad litem or counsel for any party, upon demand and upon presentation of releases where when necessary, at least 48 hours before the proceeding. Persons and unborn children, by their guardians ad litem, entitled to inspect the records may obtain copies of the records with the permission of the custodian of the records or with permission of the court. The court may instruct counsel not to disclose specified items in the materials to the child or the parent, or to the expectant mother, if the court reasonably believes that the disclosure would be harmful to the interests of the child or the unborn child.

SECTION 130. 48.293 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.293 (3) Upon request prior to the fact-finding hearing, counsel for the interests of the public shall disclose to the child, child's through his or her counsel or guardian ad litem, or to the unborn child, through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, the existence of any videotaped oral statement of a child under s. 908.08 which is within the possession, custody or control of the state and shall make reasonable arrangements for the requesting person to view the videotaped oral statement. If, subsequent to compliance with this subsection, the state obtains possession, custody or control of such a videotaped statement, counsel for the interests of the public shall

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promptly notify the requesting person of that fact and make reasonable arrangements for the requesting person to view the videotaped oral statement.

SECTION 131. 48.295 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.295 (1) After the filing of a petition and upon a finding by the court that reasonable cause exists to warrant an examination or an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment that conforms to the criteria specified under s. 48.547 (4), the court may order any child coming within its jurisdiction to be examined as an outpatient by personnel in an approved treatment facility for alcohol and other drug abuse, by a physician, psychiatrist or licensed psychologist, or by another expert appointed by the court holding at least a master's degree in social work or another related field of child development, in order that the child's physical, psychological, alcohol or other drug dependency, mental or developmental condition may be considered. The court may also order an examination or an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment that conforms to the criteria specified under s. 48.547 (4) of a parent, guardian or legal custodian whose ability to care for a child is at issue before the court or of an expectant mother whose ability to control her use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs is at issue before the court. The court shall hear any objections by the child, the child's parents, guardian or legal custodian or the expectant mother to the request for such an examination or assessment before ordering the examination or assessment. The expenses of an examination, if approved by the court, shall be paid by the county of the court ordering the examination. The payment for an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment shall be in accordance with s. 48.361.

Section 132. 48.295 (1c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.295 (1c) Reasonable cause is considered to exist to warrant an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment under sub. (1) if the multidisciplinary screen procedure conducted under s. 48.24 (2) indicates that the child or expectant mother is at risk of having needs and problems related to alcohol or other drug abuse.

Section 133. 48.295 (1g) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.295 (1g) If the court orders an alcohol or other drug abuse assessment under sub. (1), the approved treatment facility shall, within 14 days after the court order, report the results of the assessment to the court, except that, upon request by the approved treatment facility and if the child is not an expectant mother under s. 48.133 and is not held in secure or nonsecure custody, the court may extend the period for assessment for not more than 20 additional working days. The report shall include a recommendation as to whether the child or expectant mother is in need of treatment for abuse of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs or education relating to the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances and controlled substance analogs and, if so, shall recommend a service plan and an appropriate treatment, from an approved treatment facility, or a court-approved education program.

Section 134. 48.295 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.295 (2) The examiner shall file a report of the examination with the court by the date specified in the order. The court shall cause copies to be transmitted to the district attorney or corporation counsel and to the child's, to counsel or guardian ad litem for the child and, if applicable, to counsel or guardian ad litem for the unborn child and the unborn child's expectant mother. The report shall describe the nature of the examination and identify the persons interviewed, the particular records reviewed and any tests administered to the child or expectant mother. The report

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1	shall also state in reasonable detail the facts and reasoning upon which the
2	examiner's opinions are based.
3	Section 135. 48.295 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	48.295 (3) If the child or a, the child's parent or the expectant mother objects
5	to a particular physician, psychiatrist, licensed psychologist or other expert as
6	required under this section, the court shall appoint a different physician,
7	psychiatrist, psychologist or other expert as required under this section.
8	Section 136. 48.297 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	48.297 (4) Although the taking of a child or an expectant mother of an unborn
10	child into custody is not an arrest, it that taking into custody shall be considered an
11	arrest for the purpose of deciding motions which require a decision about the
12	propriety of taking into custody, including but not limited to motions to suppress
13	evidence as illegally seized, motions to suppress statements as illegally obtained and
14	motions challenging the lawfulness of the taking into custody.
15	Section 137. 48.297 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	48.297 (5) If the child or the expectant mother of an unborn child is in custody
17	and the court grants a motion to dismiss based upon on a defect in the petition or in
18	the institution of the proceedings, the court may order the child or expectant mother
19	to be continued in custody for not more than 48 hours pending the filing of a new
20	petition.
21	SECTION 138. 48.297 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	48.297 (6) A motion required to be served on a child may be served upon on his

or her attorney of record. A motion required to be served on an unborn child may be

SECTION 139. 48.299 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

served on the unborn child's guardian ad litem.

48.299 (1) (a) The general public shall be excluded from hearings under this chapter and from hearings by courts exercising jurisdiction under s. 48.16 unless a public fact-finding hearing is demanded by a child through his or her counsel, by an expectant mother through her counsel or by an unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem. However, the court shall refuse to grant the public hearing in a proceeding other than a proceeding under s. 48.375 (7), if a parent or, guardian, expectant mother or unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem objects.

Section 140. 48.299 (1) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.299 (1) (ag) In a proceeding other than a proceeding under s. 48.375 (7), if a public hearing is not held, only the parties and their counsel or guardian ad litem, if any, the child's foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), witnesses and other persons requested by a party and approved by the court may be present, except that the court may exclude a foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) from any portion of the hearing if that portion of the hearing deals with sensitive personal information of the child or the child's family or if the court determines that excluding the foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian would be in the best interests of the child. Except in a proceeding under s. 48.375 (7), any other person the court finds to have a proper interest in the case or in the work of the court, including a member of the bar, may be admitted by the court.

SECTION 141. 48.299 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.299 (1) (b) Except as provided in ss. 48.375 (7) (e) and 48.396, any person who divulges any information which would identify the child, the expectant mother or the family involved in any proceeding under this chapter shall be subject to ch.

785. This paragraph does not preclude a victim of the child's act from commencing a civil action based upon the child's act.

SECTION 142. 48.299 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.299 (4) (b) Except as provided in s. 901.05, neither common law nor statutory rules of evidence are binding at a hearing for a child held in custody under s. 48.21, a hearing for an adult expectant mother held in custody under s. 48.213, a runaway home hearing under s. 48.227 (4), a dispositional hearing, or a hearing about changes in placement, revision of dispositional orders, extension of dispositional orders or termination of guardianship orders entered under s. 48.977 (4) (h) 2. or (6). At those hearings, the court shall admit all testimony having reasonable probative value, but shall exclude immaterial, irrelevant or unduly repetitious testimony or evidence that is inadmissible under s. 901.05. Hearsay evidence may be admitted if it has demonstrable circumstantial guarantees of trustworthiness. The court shall give effect to the rules of privilege recognized by law. The court shall apply the basic principles of relevancy, materiality and probative value to proof of all questions of fact. Objections to evidentiary offers and offers of proof of evidence not admitted may be made and shall be noted in the record.

Section 143. 48.299 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.299 (5) On request of any party, unless good cause to the contrary is shown, any hearing under s. 48.209 (1) (e) or, 48.21 (1) or 48.213 (1) may be held on the record by telephone or live audio-visual means or testimony may be received by telephone or live audio-visual means as prescribed in s. 807.13 (2). The request and the showing of good cause for not conducting the hearing or admitting testimony by telephone or live audio-visual means may be made by telephone.

Section 144. 48.30 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.30 (1) Except as provided in this subsection, the hearing to determine whether any party wishes to contest an allegation that the child <u>or unborn child</u> is in need of protection or services shall take place on a date which allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is within 30 days after the filing of a petition for a child <u>or an expectant mother</u> who is not being held in secure custody or within 10 days after the filing of a petition for a child who is being held in secure custody.

Section 145. 48.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.30 (2) At the commencement of the hearing under this section the child and the parent, guardian or legal custodian, the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian or legal custodian and the unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem or the adult expectant mother and the unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, shall be advised of their rights as specified in s. 48.243 and shall be informed that a request for a jury trial or for a substitution of judge under s. 48.29 must be made before the end of the plea hearing or be waived. Nonpetitioning parties, including the child, shall be granted a continuance of the plea hearing if they wish to consult with an attorney on the request for a jury trial or substitution of a judge.

Section 146. 48.30 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.30 (3) If a petition alleges that a child is in need of protection or services under s. 48.13 or that an unborn child of a child expectant mother is in need of protection or services under s. 48.133, the nonpetitioning parties and the child, if he or she is 12 years of age or older or is otherwise competent to do so, shall state whether they desire to contest the petition. If a petition alleges that an unborn child of an adult expectant mother is in need of protection or services under s. 48.133, the

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adult expectant mother of the unborn child shall state whether she desires to contest the petition.

SECTION 147. 48.30 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 3, is amended to read:

48.30 (6) If a petition is not contested, the court shall set a date for the dispositional hearing which allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 10 days from after the plea hearing for the a child who is held in secure custody and no more than 30 days from after the plea hearing for a child or an expectant mother who is not held in secure custody. If it appears to the court that disposition of the case may include placement of the child outside the child's home, the court shall order the child's parent to provide a statement of income, assets, debts and living expenses to the court or the designated agency under s. 48.33 (1) at least 5 days before the scheduled date of the dispositional hearing or as otherwise ordered by the court. The clerk of court shall provide, without charge, to any parent ordered to provide a statement of income, assets, debts and living expenses a document setting forth the percentage standard established by the department of workforce development under s. 49.22 (9) and the manner of its application established by the department of health and family services under s. 46.247 and listing the factors that a court may consider under s. 46.10 (14) (c). If all parties consent the court may proceed immediately with the dispositional hearing.

Section 148. 48.30 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.30 (7) If the petition is contested, the court shall set a date for the fact-finding hearing which allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 20 days from after the plea hearing for a child who is held in secure

custody and no more than 30 days from after the plea hearing for a child or an expectant mother who is not held in secure custody.

SECTION 149. 48.30 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.30 (8) (a) Address the parties present including the child or expectant mother personally and determine that the plea or admission is made voluntarily with understanding of the nature of the acts alleged in the petition and the potential dispositions.

Section 150. 48.30 (8) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.30 (8) (c) Make such inquiries as satisfactorily establishes that there is a factual basis for the parent's and child's plea or admission of the parent and child, of the parent and child expectant mother or of the adult expectant mother.

Section 151. 48.30 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.30 **(9)** If a court commissioner conducts the plea hearing and accepts an admission of the alleged facts in a petition brought under s. 48.13 or 48.133, the judge shall review the admission at the beginning of the dispositional hearing by addressing the parties and making the inquiries set forth in sub. (8).

Section 152. 48.305 of the statutes is amended to read:

48.305 (title) **Hearing upon the involuntary removal of a child or expectant mother.** Notwithstanding other time periods for hearings under this chapter, if a child is removed from the physical custody of the child's parent or guardian under s. 48.19 (1) (c) or (cm) or (d) 5. or 8. without the consent of the parent or guardian or if an adult expectant mother is taken into custody under s. 48.193 (1) (c) or (d) 2. without the consent of the expectant mother, the court shall schedule a plea hearing and fact-finding hearing within 30 days of after a request from the parent or guardian from whom custody was removed or from the adult expectant

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mother who was taken into custody. The plea hearing and fact-finding hearing may be combined. This time period may be extended only with the consent of the requesting parent or, guardian or expectant mother.

Section 153. 48.31 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.31 (1) In this section, "fact-finding hearing" means a hearing to determine if the allegations in a petition under s. 48.13 or 48.133 or a petition to terminate parental rights are proved by clear and convincing evidence.

Section 154. 48.31 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.31 (2) The hearing shall be to the court unless the child, the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem or the expectant mother of the unborn child exercises the right to a jury trial by demanding a jury trial at any time before or during the plea hearing. If a jury trial is demanded in a proceeding under s. 48.13 or 48.133, the jury shall consist of 6 persons. If a jury trial is demanded in a proceeding under s. 48.42, the jury shall consist of 12 persons unless the parties agree to a lesser number. Chapters 756 and 805 shall govern the selection of jurors. If the hearing involves a child victim or witness, as defined in s. 950.02, the court may order the taking and allow the use of a videotaped deposition under s. 967.04 (7) to (10) and, with the district attorney, shall comply with s. 971.105. At the conclusion of the hearing, the court or jury shall make a determination of the facts, except that in a case alleging a child or an unborn child to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.13 or 48.133, the court shall make the determination under s. 48.13 (intro.) or 48.133 (intro.) relating to whether the child or unborn child is in need of protection or services which can be ordered by the court. If the court finds that the child or unborn child is not within the jurisdiction of the court or, in a case alleging a child or an unborn child to be in need

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of protection or services under s. 48.13 or 48.133, that the child or unborn child is not in need of protection or services which can be ordered by the court or if the court or jury finds that the facts alleged in the petition have not been proved, the court shall dismiss the petition with prejudice.

Section 155. 48.31 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.31 (4) The court or jury shall make findings of fact and the court shall make conclusions of law relating to the allegations of a petition filed under s. 48.13, 48.133 or 48.42, except that the court shall make findings of fact relating to whether the child or unborn child is in need of protection or services which can be ordered by the court. In cases alleging a child to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.13 (11), the court shall may not find that the child is suffering emotional damage unless a licensed physician specializing in psychiatry or a licensed psychologist appointed by the court to examine the child has testified at the hearing that in his or her opinion the condition exists, and adequate opportunity for the cross-examination of the physician or psychologist has been afforded. The judge may use the written reports if the right to have testimony presented is voluntarily, knowingly and intelligently waived by the guardian ad litem or legal counsel for the child and the parent or guardian. In cases alleging a child to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.13 (11m) or an unborn child to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.133. the court shall may not find that the child or the expectant mother of the unborn child is in need of treatment and education for needs and problems related to the use or abuse of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs and its medical, personal, family or social effects unless an assessment for alcohol and other drug abuse that conforms to the criteria specified under s. 48.547 (4) has been conducted by an approved treatment facility.

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SECTION 156. 48.31 (7) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 3, is amended to read:

48.31 (7) At the close of the fact-finding hearing, the court shall set a date for the dispositional hearing which allows a reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 10 days from after the fact-finding hearing for a child in secure custody and no more than 30 days from after the fact-finding hearing for a child or expectant mother who is not held in secure custody. If it appears to the court that disposition of the case may include placement of the child outside the child's home, the court shall order the child's parent to provide a statement of income, assets, debts and living expenses to the court or the designated agency under s. 48.33 (1) at least 5 days before the scheduled date of the dispositional hearing or as otherwise ordered by the court. The clerk of court shall provide, without charge, to any parent ordered to provide a statement of income, assets, debts and living expenses a document setting forth the percentage standard established by the department of workforce development under s. 49.22 (9) and the manner of its application established by the department of health and family services under s. 46.247 and listing the factors that a court may consider under s. 46.10 (14) (c). If all parties consent, the court may immediately proceed with a dispositional hearing.

Section 157. 48.315 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.315 (1) (a) Any period of delay resulting from other legal actions concerning the child or the unborn child and the unborn child's expectant mother, including an examination under s. 48.295 or a hearing related to the child's mental condition of the child, the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian or the expectant mother, prehearing motions, waiver motions and hearings on other matters.

SECTION 158. 48.315 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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48.315 (1) (b) Any period of delay resulting from a continuance granted at the request of or with the consent of the child and <u>his or her</u> counsel <u>or of the unborn child</u> <u>by the unborn child's guardian ad litem</u>.

SECTION 159. 48.315 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.315 **(1)** (f) Any period of delay resulting from the absence or unavailability of the child <u>or expectant mother.</u>

Section 160. 48.32 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (1) At any time after the filing of a petition for a proceeding relating to s. 48.13 or 48.133 and before the entry of judgment, the judge or juvenile court commissioner may suspend the proceedings and place the child or expectant mother under supervision in the child's own home or present placement of the child or expectant mother. The court may establish terms and conditions applicable to the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, and to the child to the child expectant mother and her parent, guardian or legal custodian or to the adult expectant mother. The order under this section shall be known as a consent decree and must be agreed to by the child if 12 years of age or older; the parent, guardian or legal custodian; and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25; by the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian or legal custodian, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25; or by the adult expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25; or by the adult expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25. The consent decree shall be reduced to writing and given to the parties.

Section 161. 48.32 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (2) (a) A consent decree shall remain in effect up to 6 months unless the child, parent, guardian or, legal custodian or expectant mother is discharged sooner by the judge or juvenile court commissioner.

Section 162. 48.32 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (2) (c) Upon the motion of the court or the application of the child, parent, guardian, legal custodian, expectant mother, unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, intake worker or any agency supervising the child or expectant mother under the consent decree, the court may, after giving notice to the parties to the consent decree and their counsel or guardian ad litem, if any, extend the decree for up to an additional 6 months in the absence of objection to extension by the parties to the initial consent decree. If the child, parent, guardian er, legal custodian, expectant mother or unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem objects to the extension, the judge shall schedule a hearing and make a determination on the issue of extension. An extension under this paragraph of a consent decree relating to an unborn child who is alleged to be in need of protection or services may be granted after the child is born.

Section 163. 48.32 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (3) If, prior to discharge by the court, or the expiration of the consent decree, the court finds that the child or, parent, legal guardian or, legal custodian or expectant mother has failed to fulfill the express terms and conditions of the consent decree or that the child or expectant mother objects to the continuation of the consent decree, the hearing under which the child or expectant mother was placed on supervision may be continued to conclusion as if the consent decree had never been entered.

SECTION 164. 48.32 (5) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

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48.32 **(5)** (intro.) A court which, under this section, elicits or examines information or material about a child <u>or an expectant mother</u> which would be inadmissible in a hearing on the allegations of the petition shall <u>may</u> not, over objections of one of the parties, participate in any subsequent proceedings if <u>any of the following applies</u>:

SECTION 165. 48.32 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (5) (a) The court refuses to enter into a consent decree and the allegations in the petition remain to be decided in a hearing where at which one of the parties denies the allegations forming the basis for a child or unborn child in need of protection or services petition; or.

SECTION 166. 48.32 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (5) (b) A consent decree is granted but the petition under s. 48.13 or 48.133 is subsequently reinstated.

Section 167. 48.32 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (6) The judge or juvenile court commissioner shall inform the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, or the adult expectant mother, in writing, of the child's right of the child or expectant mother to object to the continuation of the consent decree under sub. (3) and the fact that the hearing under which the child or expectant mother was placed on supervision may be continued to conclusion as if the consent decree had never been entered.

Section 168. 48.33 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.33 (1) Report required. (intro.) Before the disposition of a child or unborn child adjudged to be in need of protection or services the court shall designate an agency, as defined in s. 48.38 (1) (a), to submit a report which shall contain all of the following:

Section 169. 48.33 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 1 2 48.33 (1) (a) The social history of the child or of the expectant mother of the 3 unborn child. **Section 170.** 48.33 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 5 48.33 (1) (b) A recommended plan of rehabilitation or treatment and care for 6 the child or expectant mother which is based on the investigation conducted by the 7 agency and any report resulting from an examination or assessment under s. 48.295. 8 which employs the least restrictive means available to accomplish the objectives of 9 the plan, and, in cases of child abuse or neglect or unborn child abuse, which also 10 includes an assessment of risks to the child's physical safety and physical health of 11 the child or unborn child and a description of a plan for controlling the risks. **Section 171.** 48.33 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 12 48.33 (1) (c) A description of the specific services or continuum of services which 13 14 the agency is recommending that the court order for the child or family or for the 15 expectant mother of the unborn child, the persons or agencies that would be primarily responsible for providing those services, and the identity of the person or 16 17 agency that would provide case management or coordination of services, if any or, 18 and, in the case of a child adjudged to be in need of protection or services, whether 19 or not the child should receive an integrated service plan. 20 **Section 172.** 48.33 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 2148.33 (1) (d) A statement of the objectives of the plan, including any desired 22 behavior changes desired of the child or expectant mother and the academic, social 23 and vocational skills needed by the child or the expectant mother.

Section 173. 48.33 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.33 (1) (f) If the agency is recommending that the court order the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian or the expectant mother to participate in mental health treatment, anger management, individual or family counseling or parent or prenatal development training and education, a statement as to the availability of those services and as to the availability of funding for those services.

Section 174. 48.33 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.33 (2) Home placement reports. A report recommending that the child remain in his or her home or that the expectant mother remain in her home may be

48.33 (2) Home placement reports. A report recommending that the child remain in his or her home or that the expectant mother remain in her home may be presented orally at the dispositional hearing if all parties consent. A report that is presented orally shall be transcribed and made a part of the court record.

Section 175. 48.33 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.33 (4) Other out-of-home placements. (intro.) A report recommending placement of an adult expectant mother outside of her home shall be in writing. A report recommending placement of a child in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home or child caring institution shall be in writing and shall include all of the following:

Section 176. 48.335 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.335 (1) The court shall conduct a hearing to determine the disposition of a case in which a child is adjudged to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.13 or an unborn child is adjudged to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.133.

Section 177. 48.345 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.345 (title) Disposition of child or unborn child of child expectant mother adjudged in need of protection or services. (intro.) If the judge finds that the child is in need of protection or services or that the unborn child of a child expectant mother is in need of protection or services, the judge shall enter an order

deciding one or more of the dispositions of the case as provided in this section under a care and treatment plan, except that the order may not place any child not specifically found under chs. 46, 49, 51, 115 and 880 to be developmentally disabled, mentally ill or to have exceptional educational needs in facilities which exclusively treat those categories of children. The dispositions under this section are as follows:

Section 178. 48.345 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.345 (2) Place the child under supervision of an agency, the department, if the department approves, or a suitable adult, including a friend of the child, under conditions prescribed by the judge including reasonable rules for the child's conduct, designed for the physical, mental and moral well-being and behavior of the child and, if applicable, for the physical well-being of the child's unborn child.

Section 179. 48.345 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.345 (2m) Place the child in the child's home under the supervision of an agency or the department, if the department approves, and order the agency or department to provide specified services to the child and the child's family, which may include but are not limited to individual, family or, group counseling, homemaker or parent aide services, respite care, housing assistance, day care or parent skills training or prenatal development training or education.

Section 180. 48.345 (13) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.345 (13) (c) Payment for the court ordered treatment or education under this subsection in counties that have a pilot an alcohol and other drug abuse program under s. 48.547 shall be in accordance with s. 48.361.

SECTION 181. 48.345 (14) of the statutes is created to read:

48.345 (14) (a) If, based on an evaluation under s. 48.295 and the report under s. 48.33, the judge finds that the child expectant mother of an unborn child in need

of protection or services is in need of inpatient treatment for her habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, that inpatient treatment is appropriate for the child expectant mother's needs and that inpatient treatment is the least restrictive treatment consistent with the child expectant mother's needs, the judge may order the child expectant mother to enter an inpatient alcohol or other drug abuse treatment program at an inpatient facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (10). The inpatient facility shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the county and the inpatient facility, or with the written and informed consent of the child expectant mother or the child expectant mother's parent if the child expectant mother has not attained the age of 12, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child expectant mother as to whether the child expectant mother is cooperating with the treatment and whether the treatment appears to be effective.

(b) Payment for any treatment ordered under par. (a) shall be in accordance with s. 48.361.

Section 182. 48.345 (15) of the statutes is created to read:

48.345 (15) If it appears that an unborn child in need of protection or services may be born during the period of the dispositional order, the judge may order that the child, when born, be provided with any services or care that may be ordered for a child in need of protection or services under this section.

Section 183. 48.347 of the statutes is created to read:

48.347 Disposition of unborn child of adult expectant mother adjudged in need of protection or services. If the judge finds that the unborn child of an adult expectant mother is in need of protection or services, the judge shall enter an order deciding one or more of the dispositions of the case as provided in this

section under a care and treatment plan, except that the order may not place any adult expectant mother of an unborn child not specifically found under ch. 51, 55 or 880 to be developmentally disabled or mentally ill in a facility which exclusively treats those categories of individuals. If the judge finds that the unborn child of a child expectant mother is in need of protection or services, the judge shall enter an order deciding one or more of the dispositions of the case as provided in s. 48.345 under a care and treatment plan. The dispositions under this section are as follows:

- (1) Counseling. Counsel the adult expectant mother.
- (2) Supervision. Place the adult expectant mother under supervision of the county department, the department, if the department approves, or a suitable adult, including an adult relative or friend of the adult expectant mother, under conditions prescribed by the judge including reasonable rules for the adult expectant mother's conduct, designed for the physical well-being of the unborn child. An order under this paragraph may include an order to participate in mental health treatment, anger management, individual or family counseling or prenatal development training or education and to make a reasonable contribution, based on ability to pay, for the cost of those services.
- (3) PLACEMENT. Designate one of the following as the placement for the adult expectant mother:
 - (a) The home of an adult relative or friend of the adult expectant mother.
 - (b) A community-based residential facility, as defined in s. 50.01 (1g).
- (4) Special treatment or care, as identified in an evaluation under s. 48.295 and the report under s. 48.33, the judge may order the adult expectant mother to obtain the special treatment or care. If the adult expectant mother fails or is financially unable

- to obtain the special treatment or care, the judge may order an appropriate agency to provide the special treatment or care. If a judge orders a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 to provide special treatment or care under this paragraph, the provision of that special treatment or care shall be subject to conditions specified in ch. 51. An order of special treatment or care under this paragraph may not include an order for the administration of psychotropic drugs.
- (b) Payment for any special treatment or care that relates to alcohol and other drug abuse services ordered under par. (a) shall be in accordance with s. 48.361.
- (c) Payment for any services provided under ch. 51 that are ordered under par.(a), other than alcohol and other drug abuse services, shall be in accordance with s.48.362.
- (5) ALCOHOL OR DRUG TREATMENT OR EDUCATION. (a) If the report prepared under s. 48.33 (1) recommends that the adult expectant mother is in need of treatment for the use or abuse of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs and its medical, personal, family or social effects, the court may order the adult expectant mother to enter an outpatient alcohol and other drug abuse treatment program at an approved treatment facility. The approved treatment facility shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the county and the approved treatment facility, or with the written informed consent of the adult expectant mother, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the adult expectant mother as to whether the adult expectant mother is cooperating with the treatment and whether the treatment appears to be effective.
- (b) If the report prepared under s. 48.33 (1) recommends that the adult expectant mother is in need of education relating to the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, the court may order the adult

- expectant mother to participate in an alcohol or other drug abuse education program approved by the court. The person or agency that provides the education program shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the county and the education program, or with the written informed consent of the adult expectant mother, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the adult expectant mother about the adult expectant mother's attendance at the program.
- (c) Payment for any treatment or education ordered under this subsection in counties that have an alcohol and other drug abuse program under s. 48.547 shall be in accordance with s. 48.361.
- (6) Inpatient alcohol or drug treatment. (a) If, based on an evaluation under s. 48.295 and the report under s. 48.33, the judge finds that the adult expectant mother is in need of inpatient treatment for her habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, that inpatient treatment is appropriate for the adult expectant mother's needs and that inpatient treatment is the least restrictive treatment consistent with the adult expectant mother's needs, the judge may order the adult expectant mother to enter an inpatient alcohol or other drug abuse treatment program at an inpatient facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (10). The inpatient facility shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the county and the inpatient facility, or with the written and informed consent of the adult expectant mother, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the adult expectant mother as to whether the adult expectant mother is cooperating with the treatment and whether the treatment appears to be effective.
- (b) Payment for any treatment ordered under par. (a) shall be in accordance with s. 48.361.

(7) Services for CHILD WHEN BORN. If it appears that the unborn child may be
born during the period of the dispositional order, the judge may order that the child,
when born, be provided any services or care that may be ordered for a child in need
of protection or services under s. 48.345.
Section 184. 48.35 (1) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
48.35 (1) (b) (intro.) The disposition of a child or an unborn child, and any record
of evidence given in a hearing in court, shall not be admissible as evidence against
the child or the expectant mother of the unborn child in any case or proceeding in any
other court except <u>as follows</u> :
Section 185. 48.35 (1) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
48.35 (1) (b) 1. In sentencing proceedings after conviction the child or expectant
mother has been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor and then only for the purpose
of a presentence study and report;.
Section 186. 48.35 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
48.35 (1) (b) 2. In a proceeding in any court assigned to exercise jurisdiction
under this chapter and ch. 938 ; or .
Section 187. 48.35 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
48.35 (2) Except as specifically provided in sub. (1), this section does not
preclude the court from disclosing information to qualified persons if the court
considers the disclosure to be in the best interests of the child <u>or unborn child</u> or of
the administration of justice.
Section 188. 48.355 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
48.355 (1) Intent. In any order under s. 48.345 or 48.347 the judge shall decide
on a placement and treatment finding based on evidence submitted to the judge. The
disposition shall employ those means necessary to maintain and protect the child's

well-being of the child or unborn child which are the least restrictive of the rights of the parent of the parent of the rights of the parent and child expectant mother or of the rights of the adult expectant mother, and which assure the care, treatment or rehabilitation of the child and the family, of the child expectant mother, the unborn child and the family or of the adult expectant mother and the unborn child, consistent with the protection of the public. Whenever When appropriate, and, in cases of child abuse and or neglect or unborn child abuse, when it is consistent with the child's best interest of the child or unborn child in terms of physical safety and physical health, the family unit shall be preserved and there shall be a policy of transferring custody of a child from the parent or of placing an expectant mother outside of her home only where when there is no less drastic alternative. If there is no less drastic alternative for a child than transferring custody from the parent, the judge shall consider transferring custody to a relative whenever possible.

Section 189. 48.355 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.355 (2) (a) In addition to the order, the judge shall make written findings of fact and conclusions of law based on the evidence presented to the judge to support the disposition ordered, including findings as to the child's condition and need for special treatment or care of the child or expectant mother if an examination or assessment was conducted under s. 48.295. A finding may not include a finding that a child or an expectant mother is in need of psychotropic medications.

Section 190. 48.355 (2) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.355 (2) (b) 1. The specific services or continuum of services to be provided to the child and family, to the child expectant mother and family or to the adult expectant mother, the identity of the agencies which are to be primarily responsible for the provision of the services mandated ordered by the judge, the identity of the

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person or agency who will provide case management or coordination of services, if any, and, if custody of the child is to be transferred to effect the treatment plan, the identity of the legal custodian. **SECTION 191.** 48.355 (2) (b) 1m. of the statutes is amended to read: 48.355 (2) (b) 1m. A notice that the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian or, the child, if 14 years of age or over, the expectant mother, if 14 years of age or over, or the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem may request an agency that is providing care or services for the child or expectant mother or that has legal custody of the child to disclose to, or make available for inspection by, the parent, guardian, legal custodian or, child, expectant mother or unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem the contents of any record kept or information received by the agency about the child or expectant mother as provided in s. 48.78 (2) (ag) and (aj). **SECTION 192.** 48.355 (2) (b) 2m. of the statutes is created to read: 48.355 (2) (b) 2m. If the adult expectant mother is placed outside her home, the name of the place or facility, including transitional placements, where the expectant mother shall be treated. **SECTION 193.** 48.355 (2) (b) 7. of the statutes is amended to read: 48.355 (2) (b) 7. A statement of the conditions with which the child or expectant mother is required to comply. **SECTION 194.** 48.355 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 48.355 (2) (d) The court shall provide a copy of the a dispositional order relating to a child in need of protection or services to the child's parent, guardian or trustee. The court shall provide a copy of a dispositional order relating to an unborn child in

need of protection or services to the expectant mother, to the unborn child through

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the unborn child's guardian ad litem and, if the expectant mother is a child, to her 1 2 parent, guardian or trustee. 3 **Section 195.** 48.355 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 48.355 (2m) TRANSITIONAL PLACEMENTS. The court order may include the name 5 of transitional placements, but may not designate a specific time when transitions 6 are to take place. The procedures of ss. 48.357 and 48.363 shall govern when such 7 transitions take place. However, the court may place specific time limitations on 8 interim arrangements made for the care of the child or for the treatment of the 9 expectant mother pending the availability of the dispositional placement. 10 **Section 196.** 48.355 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: 11 48.355 (4) TERMINATION OF ORDERS. Except as provided under s. 48.368, all 12 orders under this section shall terminate at the end of one year unless the judge 13 specifies a shorter period of time. Except if s. 48.368 applies, extensions or revisions 14 shall terminate at the end of one year unless the judge specifies a shorter period of 15 time. Any order made before the child reaches the age of majority or before the 16 unborn child is born shall be effective for a time up to one year after its entry unless 17 the judge specifies a shorter period of time. **Section 197.** 48.355 (5) of the statutes is amended to read: 18 19 48.355 (5) Effect of court order. Any party, person or agency who provides 20 services for the child or the expectant mother under this section shall be bound by 21the court order. **Section 198.** 48.355 (7) of the statutes is amended to read: 22 23 48.355 (7) (title) Orders applicable to parents, guardians, legal custodians.

EXPECTANT MOTHERS AND OTHER ADULTS. In addition to any dispositional order entered

under s. 48.345 or 48.347, the court may enter an order applicable to a child's the

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parent, guardian or legal custodian <u>of a child, to a family member of an adult</u> <u>expectant mother</u> or to another adult, as provided under s. 48.45.

SECTION 199. 48.356 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.356 (1) Whenever the court orders a child to be placed outside his or her home, orders an expectant mother of an unborn child to be placed outside of her home or denies a parent visitation because the child or unborn child has been adjudged to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.345, 48.347 48.357, 48.363 or 48.365, the court shall orally inform the parent or parents who appear in court or the expectant mother who appears in court of any grounds for termination of parental rights under s. 48.415 which may be applicable and of the conditions necessary for the child or expectant mother to be returned to the home or for the parent to be granted visitation.

Section 200. 48.356 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.356 (2) In addition to the notice required under sub. (1), any written order which places a child <u>or an expectant mother</u> outside the home or denies visitation under sub. (1) shall notify the parent or parents <u>or expectant mother</u> of the information specified under sub. (1).

Section 201. 48.357 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.357 (1) The person or agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order, the district attorney or the corporation counsel may request a change in the placement of the child or expectant mother, whether or not the change requested is authorized in the dispositional order and shall cause written notice to be sent to the child or the child's counsel or guardian ad litem, the parent, guardian and legal custodian of the child, any foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), guardian and legal custodian of the child,

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and, if the child is the expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem. If the expectant mother is an adult, written notice shall be sent to the adult expectant mother and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem. The notice shall contain the name and address of the new placement, the reasons for the change in placement, a statement describing why the new placement is preferable to the present placement and a statement of how the new placement satisfies objectives of the treatment plan ordered by the court. Any person receiving the notice under this subsection or notice of the a specific foster or treatment foster placement under s. 48.355 (2) (b) 2. may obtain a hearing on the matter by filing an objection with the court within 10 days of after receipt of the notice. Placements shall may not be changed until 10 days after such that notice is sent to the court unless the parent, guardian or legal custodian and the child, if 12 or more years of age or over, or the child expectant mother, if 12 years of age or over, her parent, guardian or legal custodian and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or the adult expectant mother and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, sign written waivers of objection, except that placement changes which were authorized in the dispositional order may be made immediately if notice is given as required in this subsection. In addition, a hearing is not required for placement changes authorized in the dispositional order except where when an objection filed by a person who received notice alleges that new information is available which affects the advisability of the court's dispositional order. If a hearing is held under this subsection and the change in placement would remove a child from a foster home, treatment foster home or other placement with a physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the court shall permit the foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) to make

a written or oral statement during the hearing or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relating to the child and the requested change in placement.

SECTION 202. 48.357 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.357 (2) If emergency conditions necessitate an immediate change in the placement of a child <u>or expectant mother</u> placed outside the home, the person or agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order may remove the child <u>or expectant mother</u> to a new placement, whether or not authorized by the existing dispositional order, without the prior notice provided in sub. (1). The notice shall, however, be sent within 48 hours after the emergency change in placement. Any party receiving notice may demand a hearing under sub. (1). In emergency situations, the <u>a</u> child may be placed in a licensed public or private shelter care facility as a transitional placement for not more than 20 days, as well as in any placement authorized under s. 48.345 (3).

Section 203. 48.357 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.357 (2m) The child, the parent, guardian or legal custodian of the child, the expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem or any person or agency primarily bound by the dispositional order, other than the person or agency responsible for implementing the order, may request a change in placement under this subsection. The request shall contain the name and address of the place of the new placement requested and shall state what new information is available which affects the advisability of the current placement. This request shall be submitted to the court. In addition, the court may propose a change in placement on its own motion. The court shall hold a hearing on the matter prior to ordering any change in placement under this subsection if the request states that new information is available which affects the advisability of the current placement,

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unless written waivers of objection to the proposed change in placement are signed by all parties entitled to receive notice under sub. (1) and the court approves. If a hearing is scheduled, the court shall notify the child, the parent, guardian and legal custodian of the child, any foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the child and, all parties who are bound by the dispositional order and, if the child is the expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or shall notify the adult expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and all parties who are bound by the dispositional order, at least 3 days prior to the hearing. A copy of the request or proposal for the change in placement shall be attached to the notice. If all the parties consent, the court may proceed immediately with the hearing. If a hearing is held under this subsection and the change in placement would remove a child from a foster home, treatment foster home or other placement with a physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the court shall permit the foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) to make a written or oral statement during the hearing or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relating to the child and the requested change in placement.

Section 204. 48.36 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.36 (2) If an expectant mother or a child whose legal custody has not been taken from a parent or guardian is given educational and social services, or medical, psychological or psychiatric treatment by order of the court, the cost thereof of those services or treatment, if ordered by the court, shall be a charge upon the county. This section does not prevent recovery of reasonable contribution toward the costs from the parent or guardian of the child or from an adult expectant mother as the court

1	may order based on the ability of the parent or, guardian or adult expectant mother
2	to pay. This subsection shall be is subject to s. 46.03 (18).
3	Section 205. 48.361 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	48.361 (1) (b) Any special treatment or care that relates to alcohol or other drug
5	abuse services ordered by a court under s. 48.345 (6) (a) or 48.347 (4) (a).
6	Section 206. 48.361 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	48.361 (1) (c) Any alcohol or other drug abuse treatment or education ordered
8	by a court under s. 48.345 (6) (a) or, (13) or (14) or 48.347 (4) (a), (5) or (6) (a).
9	Section 207. 48.361 (2) (a) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:
10	48.361 (2) (a) 1m. If an adult expectant mother neglects, refuses or is unable
11	to obtain court-ordered alcohol and other drug abuse services for herself through her
12	health insurance or other 3rd-party payments, the judge may order the adult
13	expectant mother to pay for the court-ordered alcohol and drug abuse services. If
14	the adult expectant mother consents to obtain court-ordered alcohol and other drug
15	abuse services for herself through her health insurance or other 3rd-party payments
16	but the health insurance provider or other 3rd-party payer refuses to provide the
17	court-ordered alcohol and other drug abuse services, the court may order the health
18	insurance provider or 3rd-party payer to pay for the court-ordered alcohol and other
19	drug abuse services in accordance with the terms of the adult expectant mother's
20	health insurance policy or other 3rd-party payment plan.
21	Section 208. 48.361 (2) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
22	48.361 (2) (am) 1. If a court in a county that has a pilot an alcohol or other drug
23	abuse program under s. 48.547 finds that payment is not attainable under par. (a),
24	the court may order payment in accordance with par. (b).

Section 209. 48.361 (2) (am) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.361 (2) (am) 2. If a court in a county that does not have a pilot an alcohol and other drug abuse program under s. 48.547 finds that payment is not attainable under par. (a), the court may order payment in accordance with s. 48.345 (6) (a), 48.347 (4) (a) or 48.36.

Section 210. 48.361 (2) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.361 (2) (b) 1. In counties that have a pilot an alcohol and other drug abuse program under s. 48.547, in addition to using the alternative provided for under par. (a), the court may order a county department of human services established under s. 46.23 or a county department established under s. 51.42 or 51.437 in the child's county of legal residence to pay for the court-ordered alcohol and other drug abuse services whether or not custody has been taken from the parent.

SECTION 211. 48.361 (2) (b) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

48.361 (2) (b) 1m. In counties that have an alcohol and other drug abuse program under s. 48.547, in addition to using the alternative provided for under par. (a), the court may order a county department of human services established under s. 46.23 or a county department established under s. 51.42 or 51.437 in the adult expectant mother's county of legal residence to pay for the court-ordered alcohol and other drug abuse services provided for the adult expectant mother.

Section 212. 48.361 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.361 (2) (c) Payment for alcohol and other drug abuse services by a county department under this section does not prohibit the county department from contracting with another county department or approved treatment facility for the provision of alcohol and other drug abuse services. Payment by the county under this section does not prevent recovery of reasonable contribution toward the costs of the court-ordered alcohol and other drug abuse services from the parent or adult

expectant mother which is based upon the ability of the parent or adult expectant mother to pay. This subsection is subject to s. 46.03 (18).

SECTION 213. 48.362 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.362 (2) This section applies to the payment of court-ordered special treatment or care under s. 48.345 (6) (a), whether or not custody has been taken from the parent, and to the payment of court-ordered special treatment or care under s. 48.347 (4) (a).

Section 214. 48.362 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:

48.362 (3m) If an adult expectant mother neglects, refuses or is unable to obtain court-ordered special treatment or care for herself through her health insurance or other 3rd-party payments, the judge may order the adult expectant mother to pay for the court-ordered special treatment or care. If the adult expectant mother consents to obtain court-ordered special treatment or care for herself through her health insurance or other 3rd-party payments but the health insurance provider or other 3rd-party payer refuses to provide the court-ordered special treatment or care, the judge may order the health insurance provider or 3rd-party payer to pay for the court-ordered special treatment or care in accordance with the terms of the adult expectant mother's health insurance policy or other 3rd-party payment plan.

Section 215. 48.362 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.362 (4) (a) If the judge finds that payment is not attainable under sub. (3) or (3m), the judge may order the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 of the child's county of legal residence of the child or expectant mother to pay the cost of any court-ordered special treatment or care that is provided by or under contract with that county department.

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Section 216. 48.362 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.362 (4) (c) A county department that pays for court-ordered special treatment or care under par. (a) may recover from the parent or adult expectant mother, based on the parent's ability of the parent or adult expectant mother to pay, a reasonable contribution toward the costs of the court-ordered special treatment or care. This paragraph is subject to s. 46.03 (18).

SECTION 217. 48.363 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 3, is amended to read:

48.363 (1) A child, the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, an expectant mother, an unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, any person or agency bound by a dispositional order or the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered may request a revision in the order that does not involve a change in placement, including a revision with respect to the amount of child support to be paid by a parent, or the court may on its own motion propose such a revision. The request or court proposal shall set forth in detail the nature of the proposed revision and what new information is available that affects the advisability of the court's disposition. The request or court proposal shall be submitted to the court. The court shall hold a hearing on the matter if the request or court proposal indicates that new information is available which affects the advisability of the court's dispositional order and prior to any revision of the dispositional order, unless written waivers of objections to the revision are signed by all parties entitled to receive notice and the court approves. If a hearing is held, the court shall notify the child, the child's parent, guardian and legal custodian, all parties bound by the dispositional order, the child's foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district attorney

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or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered, and, if the child is the expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem or shall notify the adult expectant mother, the unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, all parties bound by the dispositional order and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered, at least 3 days prior to the hearing. A copy of the request or proposal shall be attached to the notice. If the proposed revision is for a change in the amount of child support to be paid by a parent, the court shall order the child's parent to provide a statement of income, assets, debts and living expenses to the court and the person or agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order by a date specified by the court. The clerk of court shall provide, without charge, to any parent ordered to provide a statement of income, assets, debts and living expenses a document setting forth the percentage standard established by the department of workforce development under s. 49.22 (9) and the manner of its application established by the department of health and family services under s. 46.247 and listing the factors that a court may consider under s. 46.10 (14) (c). If all parties consent, the court may proceed immediately with the hearing. No revision may extend the effective period of the original order.

Section 218. 48.365 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.365 (1m) The parent, child, guardian, legal custodian, expectant mother, unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, any person or agency bound by the dispositional order, the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered or the court on its own motion, may request an extension of an order under s. 48.355 including an order under s. 48.355 that was entered before the child was born. The request shall be submitted to the

court which entered the order. No order under s. 48.355 may be extended except as provided in this section.

SECTION 219. 48.365 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.365 (2) No order may be extended without a hearing. The court shall notify the child or the child's guardian ad litem or counsel, the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all the parties present at the original hearing, the child's foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered and, if the child is an expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or shall notify the adult expectant mother, the unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, all the parties present at the original hearing and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered, of the time and place of the hearing.

Section 220. 48.365 (2g) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.365 (2g) (a) At the hearing the person or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child <u>or expectant mother</u> shall file with the court a written report stating to what extent the dispositional order has been meeting the objectives of the plan for the child's rehabilitation or care and treatment. The juvenile offender review program may file a written report regarding any child examined by the program of the child or for the rehabilitation and treatment of the expectant mother and the care of the unborn child.

Section 221. 48.365 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.365 **(2m)** (a) Any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of extension. The judge shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law based on the

evidence, including a finding as to whether reasonable efforts were made by the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child or expectant mother to make it possible for the child to return to his or her home or for the expectant mother to return to her home. An order shall be issued under s. 48.355.

Section 222. 48.365 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.365 (2m) (b) If a child has been placed outside the home under s. 48.345, or if an adult expectant mother has been placed outside the home under s. 48.347, and an extension is ordered under this subsection, the judge shall state in the record the reason for the extension.

Section 223. 48.396 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.396 (1) Law enforcement officers' records of children shall be kept separate from records of adults. Law enforcement officers' records of the expectant mothers of unborn children shall be kept separate from records of other adults. Law enforcement officers' records of children and the expectant mothers of unborn children shall not be open to inspection or their contents disclosed except under sub. (1b) or (1d) or s. 48.293 or by order of the court. This subsection does not apply to the representatives of newspapers or other reporters of news who wish to obtain information for the purpose of reporting news without revealing the identity of the child or expectant mother involved, to the confidential exchange of information between the police and officials of the school attended by the child or other law enforcement or social welfare agencies or to children 10 years of age or older who are subject to the jurisdiction of the court of criminal jurisdiction.

Section 224. 48.396 (1b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.396 (**1b**) If requested by the parent, guardian or legal custodian of a child who is the subject of a law enforcement officer's report, or if requested by the child,

if 14 years of age or over, a law enforcement agency may, subject to official agency policy, provide to the parent, guardian, legal custodian or child a copy of that report. If requested by an expectant mother of an unborn child who is the subject of a law enforcement officer's report, if 14 years of age or over, or if requested by an unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, a law enforcement agency may, subject to official agency policy, provide to the expectant mother or unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem a copy of that report.

Section 225. 48.396 (1d) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.396 (1d) Upon the written permission of the parent, guardian or legal custodian of a child who is the subject of a law enforcement officer's report or upon the written permission of the child, if 14 years of age or over, a law enforcement agency may, subject to official agency policy, make available to the person named in the permission any reports specifically identified by the parent, guardian, legal custodian or child in the written permission. Upon the written permission of an expectant mother of an unborn child who is the subject of a law enforcement officer's report, if 14 years of age or over, or of her parent, guardian or legal custodian, if under 14 years of age, and of the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, a law enforcement agency may, subject to official agency policy, make available to the person named in the permission any reports specifically identified by the expectant mother, or parent, guardian or legal custodian, and unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem in the written permission.

Section 226. 48.396 (2) (aj) of the statutes is created to read:

48.396 (2) (aj) Upon request of an expectant mother of an unborn child who is the subject of a record of a court specified in par. (a), if 14 years of age or over, or upon request of an unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, the court shall

open for inspection by the expectant mother or by the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem the records of the court relating to that expectant mother, unless the court finds, after due notice and hearing, that inspection of those records by the expectant mother or by the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem would result in imminent danger to anyone.

SECTION 227. 48.396 (2) (ap) of the statutes is created to read:

48.396 (2) (ap) Upon the written permission of an expectant mother of an unborn child who is the subject of a record of a court specified in par. (a) if 14 years of age or over, or of her parent, guardian or legal custodian, if under 14 years of age, and of the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, the court shall open for inspection by the person named in the permission any records specifically identified by the expectant mother, or parent, guardian or legal custodian, and unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem in the written permission, unless the court finds, after due notice and hearing, that inspection of those records by the person named in the permission would result in imminent danger to anyone.

Section 228. 48.396 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.396 (5) (b) The court shall notify the child, the child's counsel, the child's parents and, appropriate law enforcement agencies and, if the child is an expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or shall notify the adult expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and appropriate law enforcement agencies, in writing of the petition. If any person notified objects to the disclosure, the court may hold a hearing to take evidence relating to the petitioner's need for the disclosure.

Section 229. 48.396 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.396 (5) (c) The court shall make an inspection, which may be in camera, of
the $\frac{\text{child's}}{\text{court}}$ records $\frac{\text{of the child or expectant mother}}{\text{child's}}$. If the court determines that the
information sought is for good cause and that it cannot be obtained with reasonable
effort from other sources, it $\underline{\text{the court}}$ shall then determine whether the petitioner's
$need\ for\ the\ information\ outweighs\ society \\ is\ interest\ in\ protecting\ its\ confidentiality.$
In making $\underline{\text{this}}$ $\underline{\text{that}}$ determination, the court shall balance the $\underline{\text{petitioner's}}$ interest
$\underline{\text{of the petitioner}}$ in obtaining access to the record against the $\underline{\text{child's}}$ interest $\underline{\text{of the}}$
<u>child or expectant mother</u> in avoiding the stigma that might result from disclosure.

Section 230. 48.396 (5) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.396 (5) (e) The court shall record the reasons for its decision to disclose or not to disclose the child's records of the child or expectant mother. All records related to a decision under this subsection are confidential.

Section 231. 48.415 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.415 (2) (a) That the child has been adjudged to be a child or an unborn child in need of protection or services and placed, or continued in a placement, outside his or her home pursuant to one or more court orders under s. 48.345, 48.347, 48.357, 48.363, 48.365, 938.345, 938.357, 938.363 or 938.365 containing the notice required by s. 48.356 (2) or 938.356 (2).

SECTION 232. 48.415 (2) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.415 (2) (b) 1. In this paragraph, "diligent effort" means an earnest and conscientious effort to take good faith steps to provide the services ordered by the court which takes into consideration the characteristics of the parent or child or of the expectant mother or child, the level of cooperation of the parent or expectant mother and other relevant circumstances of the case.

SECTION 233. 48.415 (2) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.415 (2) (b) 2. That the agency responsible for the care of the child and the
family or of the unborn child and expectant mother has made a diligent effort to
provide the services ordered by the court.
SECTION 234. 48.415 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
48.415 (2) (c) That the child has been outside the home for a cumulative total
period of 6 months or longer pursuant to such orders including time spent outside
the home as an unborn child; and that the parent has failed to demonstrate
substantial progress toward meeting the conditions established for the return of the
child to the home and there is a substantial likelihood that the parent will not meet
these conditions within the 12-month period following the fact-finding hearing
under s. 48.424.
SECTION 235. 48.44 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
48.44 (1) The court has jurisdiction over persons 17 or older as provided under
ss. $\underline{48.133}$, 48.355 (4) and 48.45 and as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter
Section 236. 48.45 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
48.45 (1) (am) If in the hearing of a case of an unborn child and the unborn
child's expectant mother alleged to be in a condition described in s. 48.133 it appears
that any person 17 years of age or over has been guilty of contributing to
encouraging, or tending to cause by any act or omission, such condition of the unborr
child and expectant mother, the judge may make orders with respect to the conduct
of such person in his or her relationship to the unborn child and expectant mother
Section 237. 48.45 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
48.45 (1) (b) An act or failure to act contributes to a condition of a child as
described in s. 48.13 or an unborn child and the unborn child's expectant mother as

described in s. 48.133, although the child is not actually adjudicated to come within

the provisions of s. 48.13 or the unborn child and expectant mother are not actually adjudicated to come within the provisions of s. 48.133, if the natural and probable consequences of that act or failure to act would be to cause the child to come within the provisions of s. 48.13 or the unborn child and expectant mother to come within the provisions of s. 48.133.

Section 238. 48.45 (1r) of the statutes is created to read:

48.45 (**1r**) In a proceeding in which an unborn child has been found to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.133, the judge may impose on the expectant mother any disposition permitted under s. 48.347 (1) to (6).

Section 239. 48.45 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.45 (2) No order under sub. (1) (a) or (am) or (1m) (a) may be entered until the person who is the subject of the contemplated order is given an opportunity to be heard on the contemplated order. The court shall cause notice of the time, place and purpose of the hearing to be served on the person personally at least 10 days before the date of hearing. The procedure in these cases shall, as far as practicable, be the same as in other cases in the court. At the hearing the person may be represented by counsel and may produce and cross–examine witnesses. Any person who fails to comply with any order issued by a court under sub. (1) (a) or (am) or (1m) (a) may be proceeded against for contempt of court. If the person's conduct involves a crime, the person may be proceeded against under the criminal law.

SECTION 240. 48.46 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.46 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), the parent, guardian or legal custodian of the child or the child whose status is adjudicated by the court, the parent, guardian or legal custodian of that child, the unborn child whose status is adjudicated by the court or the expectant mother of that unborn child may at any time within one year

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after the entering of the court's order petition the court for a rehearing on the ground that new evidence has been discovered affecting the advisability of the court's original adjudication. Upon a showing that such evidence does exist, the court shall order a new hearing. **Section 241.** 48.48 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 48.48 (1) To promote the enforcement of the laws relating to nonmarital children and, children in need of protection or services including developmentally disabled children and unborn children in need of protection or services and to take the initiative in all matters involving the interests of such those children where and unborn children when adequate provision therefor for those interests is not made. This duty shall be discharged in cooperation with the courts, county departments, licensed child welfare agencies and with parents, expectant mothers and other individuals interested in the welfare of children and unborn children. **Section 242.** 48.48 (16) of the statutes is amended to read: 48.48 (16) To establish and enforce standards for services provided under s. ss. 48.345 and 48.347. **Section 243.** 48.52 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 48.52 (title) Facilities for care of children and adult expectant mothers in care of department. **Section 244.** 48.52 (1m) of the statutes is created to read: 48.52 (1m) Facilities maintained or used for adult expectant mothers. The department may maintain or use the following facilities for adult expectant mothers in its care:

(a) Community-based residential facilities, as defined in s. 50.01 (1g).

(b) Inpatient facilities, as defined in s. 51.01 (10).

(c) Other facilities determined by the department to be appropriate for the adult expectant mother.

SECTION 245. 48.52 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.52 (2) (a) In addition to the facilities and services described in sub. (1), the department may use other facilities and services under its jurisdiction. The department may also contract for and pay for the use of other public facilities or private facilities for the care and treatment of children and the expectant mothers of unborn children in its care. Placements in institutions for the mentally ill or developmentally disabled shall be made in accordance with ss. 48.14 (5), 48.347 (6) and 48.63 and ch. 51.

Section 246. 48.547 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.547 (title) Juvenile alcohol Alcohol and other drug abuse pilot program.

SECTION 247. 48.547 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.547 (1) Legislative findings and purpose. The legislature finds that the use and abuse of alcohol and other drugs by children and the expectant mothers of unborn children is a state responsibility of statewide dimension. The legislature recognizes that there is a lack of adequate procedures to screen, assess and treat children and the expectant mothers of unborn children for alcohol and other drug abuse. To reduce the incidence of alcohol and other drug abuse by children and the expectant mothers of unborn children, the legislature deems it necessary to experiment with solutions to the problems of the use and abuse of alcohol and other drugs by children and the expectant mothers of unborn children by establishing a juvenile and expectant mother alcohol and other drug abuse pilot program in a limited number of counties. The purpose of the program is to develop intake and

court procedures that screen, assess and give new dispositional alternatives for children <u>and expectant mothers</u> with needs and problems related to the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs who come within the jurisdiction of a court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 938 in the pilot counties selected by the department.

Section 248. 48.547 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.547 (2) Department responsibilities. Within the availability of funding under s. 20.435 (7) (mb) that is available for the pilot program, the department shall select counties to participate in the pilot program. Unless a county department of human services has been established under s. 46.23 in the county that is seeking to implement a pilot program, the application submitted to the department shall be a joint application by the county department that provides social services and the county department established under s. 51.42 or 51.437. The department shall select counties in accordance with the request for proposal procedures established by the department. The department shall give a preference to county applications that include a plan for case management. The counties selected shall begin the pilot program on January 1, 1989.

SECTION 249. 48.547 (3) (intro.), (b) and (d) of the statutes are amended to read: 48.547 (3) MULTIDISCIPLINARY SCREEN. (intro.) By September 1, 1988, the The department shall develop provide a multidisciplinary screen for the pilot program. The screen shall be used by an intake worker to determine whether or not a child or an expectant mother of an unborn child is in need of an alcohol or other drug abuse assessment. The screen shall also include indicators that screen children and expectant mothers for:

(b) School or, truancy or work problems.

(d) Delinquent or criminal behavior patterns.

Section 250. 48.547 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.547 (4) Assessment criteria. By September 1, 1988, the The department shall develop provide uniform alcohol and other drug abuse assessment criteria to be used in the pilot program under ss. 48.245 (2) (a) 3. and 48.295 (1). An approved treatment facility that assesses a person under s. 48.245 (2) (a) 3. or 48.295 (1) may not also provide the person with treatment unless the department permits the approved treatment facility to do both in accordance with the criteria established by rule by the department.

Section 251. 48.57 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.57 (1) (a) To investigate the conditions surrounding nonmarital children and, children in need of protection or services, including developmentally disabled children, and unborn children in need of protection or services within the county and to take every reasonable action within its power to secure for them the full benefit of all laws enacted for their benefit. Unless provided by another agency, the county department shall offer social services to the caretaker of any child, and to the expectant mother of any unborn child, who is referred to it under the conditions specified in this paragraph. This duty shall be discharged in cooperation with the court and with the public officers or boards legally responsible for the administration and enforcement of these those laws.

Section 252. 48.57 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.57 (1) (b) To accept legal custody of children transferred to it by the court under s. 48.355, to accept supervision over expectant mothers of unborn children who are placed under its supervision under s. 48.355 and to provide special treatment and care for children and expectant mothers if ordered by the court. A court may not

order a county department to administer psychotropic medications to children <u>and</u> <u>expectant mothers</u> who receive special treatment or care under this paragraph.

SECTION 253. 48.57 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.57 (1) (c) To provide appropriate protection and services for children and the expectant mothers of unborn children in its care, including providing services for those children and their families and for those expectant mothers in their own homes, placing the those children in licensed foster homes, licensed treatment foster homes or licensed group homes in this state or another state within a reasonable proximity to the agency with legal custody or contracting for services for them those children by licensed child welfare agencies, except that the county department shall may not purchase the educational component of private day treatment programs unless the county department, the school board as defined in s. 115.001 (7) and the department of education state superintendent of public instruction all determine that an appropriate public education program is not available. Disputes between the county department and the school district shall be resolved by the department of education state superintendent of public instruction.

SECTION 254. 48.57 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.57 (1) (g) Upon request of the department of health and family services or the department of corrections, to provide service for any child or expectant mother of an unborn child in the care of those departments.

Section 255. 48.57 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.57 **(2)** In performing the functions specified in sub. (1) the county department may avail itself of the cooperation of any individual or private agency or organization interested in the social welfare of children and unborn children in the county.

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Section 256. 48.59 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.59 (1) The county department shall investigate the personal and family history and environment of any child transferred to its legal custody or placed under its supervision under s. 48.345 and of every expectant mother of an unborn child placed under its supervision under s. 48.347 and make any physical or mental examinations of the child or expectant mother considered necessary to determine the type of care necessary for the child or expectant mother. The county department shall screen a child or expectant mother who is examined under this subsection to determine whether the child or expectant mother is in need of special treatment or care because of alcohol or other drug abuse, mental illness or severe emotional disturbance. The county department shall keep a complete record of the information received from the court, the date of reception, all available data on the personal and family history of the child or expectant mother, the results of all tests and examinations given the child or expectant mother and a complete history of all placements of the child while in the legal custody or under the supervision of the county department or of the expectant mother while under the supervision of the county department.

Section 257. 48.59 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.59 (2) At the department's request, the county department shall report to the department regarding children who are in the legal custody or under the supervision of the county department and expectant mothers of unborn children who are under the supervision of the county department.

Section 258. 48.78 (2) (aj) of the statutes is created to read:

48.78 (2) (aj) Paragraph (a) does not prohibit an agency from making available for inspection or disclosing the contents of a record, upon the request of an expectant

mother of an unborn child who is the subject of the record, if 14 years of age or over, or upon the request of an unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem to the expectant mother or unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, unless the agency determines that inspection of those records by the expectant mother or unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem would result in imminent danger to anyone.

SECTION 259. 48.78 (2) (ap) of the statutes is created to read:

48.78 (2) (ap) Paragraph (a) does not prohibit an agency from making available for inspection or disclosing the contents of a record, upon the written permission of an expectant mother of an unborn child who is the subject of the record, if 14 years of age or over, and of her parent, guardian or legal custodian, if under 14 years of age, and of the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, to the person named in the permission if the expectant mother, or parent, guardian or legal custodian, and unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem specifically identify the record in the written permission, unless the agency determines that inspection of those records by the person named in the permission would result in imminent danger to anyone.

Section 260. 48.981 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (title) Abused or neglected children and abused unborn children.

SECTION 261. 48.981 (1) (ct) of the statutes is created to read:

48.981 (1) (ct) "Indian unborn child" means an unborn child who, when born, may be eligible for affiliation with an Indian tribe or band in any of the following ways:

1. As a member of the tribe or band.

2. As a person who is both eligible for membership in the tribe or band and the biological child of a member of the tribe or band.

SECTION 262. 48.981 (1) (h) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (1) (h) (intro.) "Subject" means a person <u>or unborn child</u> named in a report or record as <u>either any</u> of the following:

SECTION 263. 48.981 (1) (h) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

48.981 (1) (h) 1m. An unborn child who is the victim or alleged victim of abuse or who is at substantial risk of abuse.

SECTION 264. 48.981 (1) (h) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (1) (h) 2. A person who is suspected of abuse or neglect or who has been determined to have abused or neglected a child or to have abused an unborn child.

Section 265. 48.981 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (2) Persons required to report. A physician, coroner, medical examiner, nurse, dentist, chiropractor, optometrist, acupuncturist, other medical or mental health professional, social worker, marriage and family therapist, professional counselor, public assistance worker, including a financial and employment planner, as defined in s. 49.141 (1) (d), school teacher, administrator or counselor, mediator under s. 767.11, child care worker in a day care center or child caring institution, day care provider, alcohol or other drug abuse counselor, member of the treatment staff employed by or working under contract with a county department under s. 46.23, 51.42 or 51.437, physical therapist, occupational therapist, dietitian, speech-language pathologist, audiologist, emergency medical technician or police or law enforcement officer having reasonable cause to suspect that a child seen in the course of professional duties has been abused or neglected στ, having reasonable cause to suspect that an unborn child of an expectant mother

seen in the course of professional duties has been abused, having reason to believe that a child seen in the course of professional duties has been threatened with abuse or neglect and that abuse or neglect of the child will occur or having reason to believe that an unborn child of an expectant mother seen in the course of professional duties is at substantial risk of abuse shall, except as provided under sub. (2m), report as provided in sub. (3). Any other person, including an attorney, having reason to suspect that a child has been abused or neglected or, reason to suspect that an unborn child has been abused, reason to believe that a child has been threatened with abuse or neglect and that abuse or neglect of the child will occur or reason to believe that an unborn child is at substantial risk of abuse may make such a report. No person making a report under this subsection may be discharged from employment for so doing.

Section 266. 48.981 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (a) Referral of report. A person required to report under sub. (2) shall immediately inform, by telephone or personally, the county department or the sheriff or city, village or town police department of the facts and circumstances contributing to a suspicion of child abuse or neglect or of unborn child abuse or to a belief that abuse or neglect will occur. The sheriff or police department shall within 12 hours, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays or legal holidays, refer to the county department all cases reported to it. The county department may require that a subsequent report be made in writing. Each county department shall adopt a written policy specifying the kinds of reports it will routinely report to local law enforcement authorities.

Section 267. 48.981 (3) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (b) 1. Any person reporting under this section may request an immediate investigation by the sheriff or police department if the person has reason

to suspect that a child's the health or safety of a child or of an unborn child is in immediate danger. Upon receiving such a request, the sheriff or police department shall immediately investigate to determine if there is reason to believe that the child's health or safety of the child or unborn child is in immediate danger and take any necessary action to protect the child or unborn child.

Section 268. 48.981 (3) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (b) 2. If the investigating officer has reason under s. 48.19 (1) (c) or (cm) or (d) 5. or 8. to take a child into custody, the investigating officer shall take the child into custody and deliver the child to the intake worker under s. 48.20.

SECTION 269. 48.981 (3) (b) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

48.981 (3) (b) 2m. If the investigating officer has reason under s. 48.193 (1) (c) or (d) 2. to take the adult expectant mother of an unborn child into custody, the investigating officer shall take the adult expectant mother into custody and deliver the adult expectant mother to the intake worker under s. 48.203.

SECTION 270. 48.981 (3) (bm) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (bm) *Notice of report to Indian tribal agent*. (intro.) In a county which has wholly or partially within its boundaries a federally recognized Indian reservation or a bureau of Indian affairs service area for the Winnebago Ho-Chunk tribe, if a county department which receives a report under par. (a) pertaining to a child or unborn child knows that he or she the child is an Indian child who resides in the county or that the unborn child is an Indian unborn child whose expectant mother resides in the county, the county department shall provide notice, which shall consist only of the name and address of the child or expectant mother and the fact that a report has been received about that child or unborn child, within 24 hours to one of the following:

SECTION 271. 48.981 (3) (bm) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (bm) 1. If the county department knows with which tribe or band the child is affiliated, or with which tribe or band the unborn child, when born, may be eligible for affiliation, and it is a Wisconsin tribe or band, the tribal agent of that tribe or band.

SECTION 272. 48.981 (3) (bm) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (bm) 2. If the county department does not know with which tribe or band the child is affiliated, or with which tribe or band the unborn child, when born, may be eligible for affiliation, or the child or expectant mother is not affiliated with a Wisconsin tribe or band, the tribal agent serving the reservation or Winnebago Ho-Chunk service area where the child or expectant mother resides.

SECTION 273. 48.981 (3) (bm) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (bm) 3. If neither subd. 1. nor 2. applies, any tribal agent serving a reservation or Winnebago Ho-Chunk service area in the county.

Section 274. 48.981 (3) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (c) 1. Within 24 hours after receiving a report under par. (a), the county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department shall, in accordance with the authority granted to the county department under s. 48.57 (1) (a), initiate a diligent investigation to determine if the child or unborn child is in need of protection or services. The investigation shall be conducted in accordance with standards established by the department for conducting child abuse and neglect investigations or unborn child abuse investigations. If the investigation is of a report of abuse or neglect or threatened abuse or neglect by a caregiver specified in sub. (1) (am) 5. to 8. who continues to have access to the child or a caregiver specified in sub. (1) (am) 1. to 4., or of a report that

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does not disclose who is suspected of the abuse or neglect and in which the investigation does not disclose who abused or neglected the child, the investigation shall also include observation of or an interview with the child, or both, and, if possible, an interview with the child's parents, guardian or legal custodian. If the investigation is of a report of abuse or neglect or threatened abuse or neglect by a caregiver who continues to reside in the same dwelling as the child, the investigation shall also include, if possible, a visit to that dwelling. At the initial visit to the child's dwelling, the person making the investigation shall identify himself or herself and the county department or licensed child welfare agency involved to the child's parents, guardian or legal custodian. The county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department may contact, observe or interview the child at any location without permission from the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian if necessary to determine if the child is in need of protection or services, except that the person making the investigation may enter a child's dwelling only with permission from the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian or after obtaining a court order to do so.

Section 275. 48.981 (3) (c) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

48.981 (3) (c) 2m. a. If the person making the investigation is an employe of the county department and he or she determines that it is consistent with the best interest of the unborn child in terms of physical safety and physical health to take the expectant mother into custody for the immediate protection of the unborn child, he or she shall take the expectant mother into custody under s. 48.08 (2), 48.19 (1) (cm) or 48.193 (1) (c) and deliver the expectant mother to the intake worker under s. 48.20 or 48.203.

b. If the person making the investigation is an employe of a licensed child welfare agency which is under contract with the county department and he or she determines that any unborn child requires immediate protection, he or she shall notify the county department of the circumstances and together with an employe of the county department shall take the expectant mother of the unborn child into custody under s. 48.08 (2), 48.19 (1) (cm) or 48.193 (1) (c) and deliver the expectant mother to the intake worker under s. 48.20 or 48.203.

Section 276. 48.981 (3) (c) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (c) 3. If the county department determines that a child, any member of the child's family or the child's guardian or legal custodian is in need of services or that the expectant mother of an unborn child is in need of services, the county department shall offer to provide appropriate services or to make arrangements for the provision of services. If the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian or the expectant mother refuses to accept the services, the county department may request that a petition be filed under s. 48.13 alleging that the child who is the subject of the report or any other child in the home is in need of protection or services or that a petition be filed under s. 48.133 alleging that the unborn child who is the subject of the report is in need of protection or services.

Section 277. 48.981 (3) (c) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (c) 5. The county department and licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department shall maintain a record of its actions in connection with each report it receives. The record shall include a description of the services provided to any child and to the parents, guardian or legal custodian of the child or to any expectant mother of an unborn child. The county department and

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licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department shall update the record every 6 months until the case is closed.

SECTION 278. 48.981 (3) (c) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (c) 6. The county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department shall, within 60 days after it receives a report from a person required under sub. (2) to report, inform the reporter what action, if any, was taken to protect the health and welfare of the child <u>or unborn child</u> who is the subject of the report.

Section 279. 48.981 (3) (c) 6m. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (c) 6m. If a person who is not required under sub. (2) to report makes a report and is a relative of the child, other than the child's parent, or is a relative of the expectant mother of the unborn child, that person may make a written request to the county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department for information regarding what action, if any, was taken to protect the health and welfare of the child or unborn child who is the subject of the report. A county department or licensed child welfare agency that receives a written request under this subdivision shall, within 60 days after it receives the report or 20 days after it receives the written request, whichever is later, inform the reporter in writing of what action, if any, was taken to protect the health and welfare of the child or unborn child, unless a court order prohibits that disclosure, and of the duty to keep the information confidential under sub. (7) (e) and the penalties for failing to do so under sub. (7) (f). The county department or licensed child welfare agency may petition the court ex parte for an order prohibiting that disclosure and, if the county department or licensed child welfare agency does so, the time period within which the information must be disclosed is tolled on the date the petition is filed and

remains tolled until the court issues a decision. The court may hold an ex parte hearing in camera and shall issue an order granting the petition if the court determines that disclosure of the information would not be in the best interests of the child <u>or unborn child</u>.

Section 280. 48.981 (3) (c) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (c) 7. The county department shall cooperate with law enforcement officials, courts of competent jurisdiction, tribal governments and other human service agencies to prevent, identify and treat child abuse and neglect and unborn child abuse. The county department shall coordinate the development and provision of services to abused and neglected children and, to abused unborn children, to families where in which child abuse or neglect has occurred or, to expectant mothers who have abused their unborn children, to children and families where when circumstances justify a belief that child abuse or neglect will occur and to the expectant mothers of unborn children when circumstances justify a belief that unborn child abuse will occur.

SECTION 281. 48.981 (3) (c) 8. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (c) 8. Using the format prescribed by the department, each county department shall provide the department with information about each report that it receives or that is received by a licensed child welfare agency that is under contract with the county department and about each investigation it or a licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department conducts. This information shall be used by the department to monitor services provided by county departments or licensed child welfare agencies under contract with county departments. The department shall use nonidentifying information to maintain

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statewide statistics on child abuse and neglect <u>and on unborn child abuse</u>, and for planning and policy development <u>purposes</u>.

SECTION 282. 48.981 (3) (d) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (d) 1. In this paragraph, "agent" includes, but is not limited to, a foster parent, treatment foster parent or other person given custody of a child or a human services professional employed by a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 who is working with the a child or expectant mother of an unborn child under contract with or under the supervision of the county department under s. 46.215 or 46.22.

SECTION 283. 48.981 (3) (d) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (d) 2. If an agent or employe of a county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department required to investigate under this subsection is the subject of a report, or if the county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department determines that, because of the relationship between the county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department and the subject of a report, there is a substantial probability that the county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department would not conduct an unbiased investigation, the county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department shall, after taking any action necessary to protect the child or unborn child, notify the department. Upon receipt of the notice, the department or a county department or child welfare agency designated by the department shall conduct an independent investigation. If the department designates a county department under s. 46.215, 46.22, 46.23, 51.42 or 51.437, that county department shall conduct the independent investigation. If a licensed child

welfare agency agrees to conduct the independent investigation, the department may designate that agency to do so. The powers and duties of the department or designated county department or child welfare agency making an independent investigation are those given to county departments under par. (c).

SECTION 284. 48.981 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (4) Immunity from Liability. Any person or institution participating in good faith in the making of a report, conducting an investigation, ordering or taking of photographs or ordering or performing medical examinations of a child or of an expectant mother under this section shall have immunity from any liability, civil or criminal, that results by reason of the action. For the purpose of any proceeding, civil or criminal, the good faith of any person reporting under this section shall be presumed. The immunity provided under this subsection does not apply to liability for abusing or neglecting a child or for abusing an unborn child.

Section 285. 48.981 (7) (a) 1m. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (7) (a) 1m. A reporter described in sub. (3) (c) 6m. who makes a written request to the county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with the county department for information regarding what action, if any, was taken to protect the health and welfare of the child <u>or unborn child</u> who is the subject of the report, unless a court order under sub. (3) (c) 6m. prohibits disclosure of that information to that reporter, except that the only information that may be disclosed is information in the record regarding what action, if any, was taken to protect the health and welfare of the child or unborn child who is the subject of the report.

Section 286. 48.981 (7) (a) 3m. of the statutes is amended to read:

	48.981 (7) (a) 3m. A child's parent, guardian or legal custodian or the expectant
moth	er of an unborn child, except that the person or agency maintaining the record
or re	port may not disclose any information that would identify the reporter.
	SECTION 287. 48.981 (7) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
	48.981 (7) (a) 4. A child's foster parent, treatment foster parent or other person
havii	ng physical custody of the child or a person having physical custody of the
expe	ctant mother of an unborn child, except that the person or agency maintaining
the 1	record or report may not disclose any information that would identify the
repoi	rter.
	SECTION 288. 48.981 (7) (a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:
	48.981 (7) (a) 5. A professional employe of a county department under s. 51.42
or 51	.437 who is working with the child <u>or the expectant mother of the unborn child</u>
unde	r contract with or under the supervision of the county department under s.
46.21	15 or 46.22.
	SECTION 289. 48.981 (7) (a) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:
	48.981 (7) (a) 6. A multidisciplinary child abuse and neglect or unborn child
<u>abus</u>	e team recognized by the county department.
	SECTION 290. 48.981 (7) (a) 10. of the statutes is amended to read:
	48.981 (7) (a) 10. A court conducting proceedings under s. 48.21 or 48.213, a
court	conducting proceedings related to a petition under s. 48.13 <u>, 48.133</u> or 48.42 or
a cou	rt conducting dispositional proceedings under subch. VI or VIII in which abuse
or ne	glect of the child who is the subject of the report or record <u>or abuse of the unborn</u>
child	who is the subject of the report or record is an issue.
	SECTION 291. 48.981 (7) (a) 10m. of the statutes is amended to read:

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48.981 (7) (a) 10m. A tribal court, or other adjudicative body authorized by a tribe or band to perform child welfare functions, that exercises jurisdiction over children and unborn children alleged to be in need of protection or services for use in proceedings in which abuse or neglect of the child who is the subject of the report or record or abuse of the unborn child who is the subject of the report or record is an issue.

SECTION 292. 48.981 (7) (a) 11. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (7) (a) 11. The county corporation counsel or district attorney representing the interests of the public and in proceedings under subd. 10., 10g. or 10j., the counsel or guardian ad litem representing the interests of a child in proceedings under subd. 10., 10g. or 10j. and the guardian ad litem representing the interests of an unborn child in proceedings under subd. 10.

SECTION 293. 48.981 (7) (a) 11m. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (7) (a) 11m. An attorney representing the interests of an Indian tribe or band or in proceedings under subd. 10m. or 10r., of an Indian child in proceedings under subd. 10m. or 10r. or of an Indian unborn child in proceedings under subd. 10m.

SECTION 294. 48.981 (7) (a) 11r. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (7) (a) 11r. A volunteer appointed or person employed by a court-appointed special advocate program recognized by the county board or the county department, to the extent necessary to perform the advocacy services in proceedings related to a petition under s. 48.13 or 48.133 for which the court-appointed special advocate program is recognized by the county board or county department.

Section 295. 48.981 (7) (a) 17. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (7) (a) 17. A federal agency, state agency of this state or any other state or local governmental unit located in this state or any other state that has a need for a report or record in order to carry out its responsibility to protect children from abuse or neglect or to protect unborn children from abuse.

Section 296. 48.981 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (8) (a) The department and county departments to the extent feasible shall conduct continuing education and training programs for staff of the department, county departments and tribal social services departments, persons and officials required to report, the general public and others as appropriate. The programs shall be designed to encourage reporting of child abuse and neglect and of unborn child abuse, to encourage self-reporting and voluntary acceptance of services and to improve communication, cooperation and coordination in the identification, prevention and treatment of child abuse and neglect and of unborn child abuse. The department and county departments shall develop public information programs about child abuse and neglect and about unborn child abuse.

Section 297. 48.981 (8) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (8) (b) The department shall to the extent feasible ensure that there are available in the state administrative procedures, personnel trained in child abuse and neglect and in unborn child abuse, multidisciplinary programs and operational procedures and capabilities to deal effectively with child abuse and neglect cases and with unborn child abuse cases. These procedures and capabilities may include, but are not limited to, receipt, investigation and verification of reports; determination of treatment or ameliorative social services; or referral to the appropriate court.

SECTION 298. 48.981 (8) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (8) (c) In meeting its responsibilities under par. (a) or (b), the department or a county department may contract with any public or private organization which meets the standards set by the department. In entering into the contracts the department or county department shall give priority to parental organizations combating child abuse and neglect or unborn child abuse.

SECTION 299. 48.981 (8) (d) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (8) (d) 1. Each county department or licensed child welfare agency under contract with a county department staff member and supervisor whose responsibilities include investigation or treatment of child abuse and neglect or of unborn child abuse shall successfully complete training in child abuse and neglect protective services and in unborn child abuse protective services approved by the department. The department shall monitor compliance with this subdivision according to rules promulgated by the department.

Section 300. 48.981 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (9) Annual Reports. Annually, the department shall prepare and transmit to the governor, and to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2), a report on the status of child abuse and neglect programs and on the status of unborn child abuse programs. The report shall include a full statistical analysis of the child abuse and neglect reports, and the unborn child abuse reports, made through the last calendar year, an evaluation of services offered under this section and their effectiveness, and recommendations for additional legislative and other action to fulfill the purpose of this section. The department shall provide statistical breakdowns by county, if requested by a county.

Section 301. 48.985 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.985 (1) Federal program operations. From the appropriation under s. 20.435 (3) (n), the department shall expend not more than \$543,700 in fiscal year 1995–96 and not more than \$543,700 in fiscal year 1996–97 of the moneys received under 42 USC 620 to 626 for the department's expenses in connection with administering the expenditure of funds received under 42 USC 620 to 626, for child welfare projects and services provided or purchased by the department, for child abuse and neglect and unborn child abuse independent investigations and for providing child-at-risk and unborn child-at-risk field training to counties.

SECTION 302. 48.985 (2) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 48.985 (2) and amended to read:

48.985 (2) From the appropriation under s. 20.435 (7) (o), the department shall distribute not more than \$3,919,800 in each fiscal year of the moneys received under 42 USC 620 to 626 to county departments under ss. 46.215, 46.22 and 46.23 for the provision or purchase of child welfare projects and services, for services to children and families, for services to the expectant mothers of unborn children and for family-based child welfare services.

SECTION 303. 51.13 (4) (h) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (h) 4. If there is a reason to believe the minor is in need of protection or services under s. 48.13 or 938.13 or the minor is an expectant mother of an unborn child in need of protection or services under s. 48.133, dismiss the petition and authorize the filing of a petition under s. 48.25 (3) or 938.25 (3). The court may release the minor or may order that the minor be taken and held in custody under s. 48.19 (1) (c) or (cm) or 938.19 (1) (c).

Section 304. 51.30 (4) (b) 9. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (4) (b) 9. To a facility which is to receive an individual who is involuntarily committed under this chapter, ch. 48, 971 or 975 upon transfer of the individual from one treatment facility to another. Release of records under this subdivision shall be limited to such treatment records as are required by law, a record or summary of all somatic treatments, and a discharge summary. The discharge summary may include a statement of the patient's problem, the treatment goals, the type of treatment which has been provided, and recommendation for future treatment, but it may not include the patient's complete treatment record. The department shall promulgate rules to implement this subdivision.

Section 305. 51.30 (4) (b) 11. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (4) (b) 11. To the subject individual's counsel or guardian ad litem, without modification, at any time in order to prepare for involuntary commitment or recommitment proceedings, reexaminations, appeals or other actions relating to detention, admission, commitment or patients' rights under this chapter or ch. 48, 971 or 975.

Section 306. 51.30 (4) (b) 11m. of the statutes is created to read:

51.30 (4) (b) 11m. To the guardian ad litem of the unborn child, as defined in s. 48.02 (19), of a subject individual, without modification, at any time to prepare for proceedings under s. 48.133.

Section 307. 51.30 (4) (b) 14. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (4) (b) 14. To the counsel for the interests of the public in order to prepare for involuntary commitment or recommitment proceedings, reexaminations, appeals or other actions relating to detention, admission or commitment under this chapter or ch. 48, 971 or 975. Records released under this subdivision are limited to

information concerning the admission, detention or commitment of an individual who is presently admitted, detained or committed.

SECTION 308. 51.30 (4) (b) 17. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (4) (b) 17. To the county agency designated under s. 46.90 (2) or other investigating agency under s. 46.90 for the purposes of s. 46.90 (4) (a) and (5) , to the county department, as defined in s. 48.02 (2g), or the sheriff or police department for the purposes of s. 48.981 (2) and (3) or to the county protective services agency designated under s. 55.02 for purposes of s. 55.043. The treatment record holder may release treatment record information by initiating contact with the county protective services agency or county department, as defined in s. 48.02 (2g), without first receiving a request for release of the treatment record from the county protective services agency or county department.

Section 309. 51.61 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.61 (1) (intro.) In this section, "patient" means any individual who is receiving services for mental illness, developmental disabilities, alcoholism or drug dependency, including any individual who is admitted to a treatment facility in accordance with this chapter or ch. 48 or 55 or who is detained, committed or placed under this chapter or ch. 48, 55, 971, 975 or 980, or who is transferred to a treatment facility under s. 51.35 (3) or 51.37 or who is receiving care or treatment for those conditions through the department or a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 or in a private treatment facility. "Patient" does not include persons committed under ch. 975 who are transferred to or residing in any state prison listed under s. 302.01. In private hospitals and in public general hospitals, "patient" includes any individual who is admitted for the primary purpose of treatment of mental illness, developmental disability, alcoholism or drug abuse but does not include an

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individual who receives treatment in a hospital emergency room nor an individual who receives treatment on an outpatient basis at those hospitals, unless the individual is otherwise covered under this subsection. Except as provided in sub. (2), each patient shall:

Section 310. 146.0255 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

146.0255 (2) Testing. Any hospital employe who provides health care, social worker or intake worker under ch. 48 may refer an infant or an expectant mother of an unborn child, as defined in s. 48.02 (19), to a physician for testing of the infant's bodily fluids of the infant or expectant mother for controlled substances or controlled substance analogs if the hospital employe who provides health care, social worker or intake worker suspects that the infant or expectant mother has controlled substances or controlled substance analogs in the infant's bodily fluids of the infant or expectant mother because of the mother's use of controlled substances or controlled substance analogs by the mother while she was pregnant with the infant or by the expectant mother while she is pregnant with the unborn child. The physician may test the infant or expectant mother to ascertain whether or not the infant or expectant mother has controlled substances or controlled substance analogs in the infant's bodily fluids of the infant or expectant mother, if the physician determines that there is a serious risk that there are controlled substances or controlled substance analogs in the infant's bodily fluids of the infant or expectant mother because of the mother's use of controlled substances or controlled substance analogs by the mother while she was pregnant with the infant or by the expectant mother while she is pregnant with the unborn child and that the health of the infant, the unborn child or the child when born may be adversely affected by the controlled substances or controlled substance analogs. If the results of the test indicate that

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1	the infant or expectant mother does have controlled substances or controlled
2	substance analogs in the infant's bodily fluids of the infant or expectant mother, the
3	physician shall make a report under s. 46.238.
4	Section 311. 146.0255 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	146.0255 (3) Test results. (intro.) The physician who performs a test under
6	sub. (2) shall provide the infant's parents or guardian or the expectant mother with
7	all of the following information:
8	Section 312. 146.82 (2) (a) 11. of the statutes is amended to read:
9	146.82 (2) (a) 11. To a county department, as defined under s. 48.02 (2g), a
10	sheriff or police department or a district attorney for purposes of investigation of
11	threatened or suspected child abuse or neglect or suspected unborn child abuse or
12	for purposes of prosecution of alleged child abuse or neglect, if the person conducting
13	the investigation or prosecution identifies the subject of the record by name. The
14	health care provider may release information by initiating contact with a county
15	department, sheriff or police department or district attorney without receiving a
16	request for release of the information. A person to whom a report or record is
17	disclosed under this subdivision may not further disclose it, except to the persons,
18	for the purposes and under the conditions specified in s. 48.981 (7).
19	Section 313. 301.01 (2) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:
20	301.01 (2) (cm) Any expectant mother held in custody under ss. 48.193 to
21	48.213.
22	Section 314. 757.69 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	757.69 (1) (g) When assigned to the court assigned jurisdiction under chs. 48

and 938, a court commissioner may, under ch. 48 or 938, issue summonses and

warrants, order the release or detention of children apprehended or expectant

mothers of unborn children taken into custody, conduct detention and shelter care
hearings, conduct preliminary appearances, conduct uncontested proceedings under
ss. 48.13, <u>48.133</u> , 938.12, 938.13 and 938.18, enter into consent decrees and exercise
the powers and perform the duties specified in par. (j) or (m), whichever is applicable,
in proceedings under s. 813.122 or 813.125 in which the respondent is a child.
Contested waiver hearings under s. 938.18 and dispositional hearings under ss.
48.335 and 938.335 shall be conducted by a judge. When acting in an official capacity
and assigned to the children's court center, a court commissioner shall sit at the
children's court center or such other facility designated by the chief judge. Any
decision by the commissioner shall be reviewed by the judge of the branch of court
to which the case has been assigned, upon motion of any party. Any determination,
order or ruling by the commissioner may be certified to the branch of court to which
such case has been assigned upon a motion of any party for a hearing de novo.

Section 315. 808.075 (4) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

808.075 (4) (a) 4. Hearing for child held in custody under s. 48.21 or an adult expectant mother of an unborn child held in custody under s. 48.213.

Section 316. 813.122 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.122 (1) (a) "Abuse" has the meaning given in s. 48.02 (1) (a) and (b) to (gm) and, in addition, includes a threat to engage in any conduct under s. 48.02 (1), other than conduct under s. 48.02 (1) (am).

Section 317. 904.085 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

904.085 (4) (d) A mediator reporting child <u>or unborn child</u> abuse under s. 48.981 or reporting nonidentifying information for statistical, research or educational purposes does not violate this section.

SECTION 318. 905.04 (4) (e) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

905.04 (4) (e) (title) Abused or neglected child or abused unborn child.

Section 319. 905.04 (4) (e) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

905.04 (4) (e) 3. There is no privilege in situations where the examination of the expectant mother of an abused unborn child creates a reasonable ground for an opinion of the physician, registered nurse, chiropractor, psychologist, social worker, marriage and family therapist or professional counselor that the physical injury inflicted on the unborn child was caused by the habitual lack of self-control of the expectant mother of the unborn child in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree.

Section 320. 938.245 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.245 **(8)** If the obligations imposed under the deferred prosecution agreement are met, the intake worker shall so inform the juvenile and a parent, guardian and legal custodian in writing, and no petition may be filed or citation issued on the charges that brought about the deferred prosecution agreement nor may the charges be the sole basis for a petition under s. 48.13, 48.133, 48.14, 938.13 or 938.14.

SECTION 321. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to an expectant mother of an unborn child, as defined in section 48.02 (19) of the statutes, as created by this act, who exhibits a lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, to a severe degree, on the effective date of this subsection, but does not preclude consideration of a lack of that self-control exhibited before the effective date of this subsection in determining whether the lack of that self-control is habitual or is habitually exhibited to a severe degree, or in determining whether there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, or of the child

- when born, will be seriously affected or endangered due to the habitual lack of that
- 2 self-control, exhibited to a severe degree.

3 (END)