

State of Misconsin 1995 - 1996 LEGISLATURE

1995 ASSEMBLY BILL 1050

March 19, 1996 – Introduced by Representatives HANDRICK, PORTER, OLSEN, POWERS, BOCK, BALDWIN, JOHNSRUD, BRANCEL, OURADA, OTT, BOYLE and BRANDEMUEHL, cosponsored by Senators Welch, BUETTNER and Cowles. Referred to Committee on Urban and Local Affairs.

AN ACT to renumber and amend 30.77 (3) (ar), 31.385 (1), 33.235 (1) and 33.24; 1 $\mathbf{2}$ to amend 20.866 (2) (tL), 20.866 (2) (tx), 23.09 (19), 23.094 (1), 30.275 (4) (d), 3 30.77 (1) (intro.), 30.77 (3) (am) 2., 30.77 (3) (am) 4., 30.77 (3) (aw) 1., 30.77 (3) 4 (d), 30.77 (3) (e) 1. (intro.), 30.77 (3) (e) 1. b., 30.77 (3) (e) 1. c., 30.78 (1g) (b), 30.78 $\mathbf{5}$ (1g) (c), 30.79 (1) (a), 30.79 (1) (b) 2., 30.81 (1m) (b), 30.81 (1m) (d), 30.81 (3), 6 30.92 (1) (b), 31.385 (2) (c) 2., 31.385 (3), 33.001 (2) (b), 33.01 (8), 33.14 (3), 33.21, 7 33.22 (4), 33.23 (1), 33.23 (2), 33.235 (title), 33.235 (2), 33.235 (3), 33.235 (4), 8 33.25 (1) (a), 33.30 (1), 33.305 (1), 66.119 (1) (a), 66.119 (2) (a), 66.119 (3) (c), 9 66.119 (3) (d), 66.119 (3) (e), 66.12 (1) (a), 66.12 (1) (b), 66.12 (2), 66.12 (3) (b), 115.375 (2) (a) 2., 165.85 (2) (d), 814.63 (2) and 814.63 (4); and to create 30.50 10 11 (4q), 30.77 (3) (am) 1m., 30.77 (3) (am) 3m., 30.77 (3) (am) 3r., 30.78 (1g) (am), 1230.78 (3) (am), 30.81 (1m) (am), 30.81 (1m) (cm), 30.81 (1m) (cr), 31.385 (1d), 13 33.01 (9g), 33.235 (1), 33.24 (1), 60.77 (5m), 60.782 and 115.375 (2) (a) 1m. of the 14 statutes; relating to: certain town sanitary districts having the powers of public inland lake protection and rehabilitation districts, authority to enact 1516 ordinances by town sanitary districts, conversion of town sanitary districts into

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public inland lake protection and rehabilitation districts on lakes without

contiguous public lands or easements and making appropriations.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, towns, villages and cities (municipalities) and public inland lake protection and rehabilitation districts (lake districts) may enact boating ordinances that are not contrary to state law. An ordinance is valid only if all of the municipalities having jurisdiction on the waters of the lake have enacted an identical ordinance or if at least 50% of these municipalities together have at least 60% of the footage of shoreline on the lake within their boundaries and they have enacted an identical ordinance. In addition, a lake district may enact and enforce ordinances that are applicable to a lake that is entirely within its boundaries if each municipality having jurisdiction on the lake adopts a resolution authorizing the lake district to do so or if at least 50% of these municipalities together have at least 60% of the footage of shoreline of the lake within their boundaries together have at least 60% of the lake district to do so or if at least 50% of these municipalities together have at least 60% of the footage of shoreline of the lake within their boundaries and they adopt resolutions authorizing the lake district to do so.

This bill allows town sanitary districts to enact boating ordinances under the same conditions as lake districts, except that for town sanitary districts only 60% of the footage of shoreline must be within the sanitary district's boundaries.

The bill grants a town sanitary district that meets this 60% footage requirement many of the powers of a lake district. These powers include the power to receive state funding for local water safety patrols, for stream bank protection and urban green space under the stewardship program and for dam improvements.

The bill grants a town sanitary district that has an entire lake within its boundaries the power to enact ordinances governing the operation of seaplanes and snowmobiles on the lake.

The bill also grants town sanitary districts the general power to enact and enforce ordinances.

Under current law, lake districts may exist only for inland lakes that provide public access via contiguous public lands or easements. The bill allows public inland lake protection and rehabilitation districts that are formed from or that incorporate town sanitary districts to exist for inland lakes that do not provide such public access.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 20.866 (2) (tL) of the statutes, as affected by 1995 Wisconsin Act 27,

4 is amended to read:

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1	20.866 (2) (tL) Natural resources; segregated revenue supported dam
2	maintenance, repair, modification, abandonment and removal. From the capital
3	improvement fund, a sum sufficient for the department of natural resources to
4	provide financial assistance to counties, cities, villages, towns, lake sanitary
5	districts, as defined in s. 30.50 (4q), and public inland lake protection and
6	rehabilitation districts in conducting dam maintenance, repair, modification,
7	abandonment and removal under s. 31.385. The state may contract public debt in an
8	amount not to exceed \$4,000,000 for this purpose.
9	SECTION 2. 20.866 (2) (tx) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	20.866 (2) (tx) Natural resources; dam maintenance, repair, modification,
11	abandonment and removal. From the capital improvement fund, a sum sufficient for
12	the department of natural resources to provide financial assistance to counties,
13	cities, villages, towns <u>, lake sanitary districts, as defined in s. 30.50 (4q)</u> , and public
14	inland lake protection and rehabilitation districts in conducting dam maintenance,
15	repair, modification, abandonment and removal under s. 31.385. The state may
16	contract public debt in an amount not to exceed \$5,500,000 for this purpose.
17	SECTION 3. 23.09 (19) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	23.09 (19) (a) In this subsection, "local governmental unit" means a city, village,
19	town, county <u>, lake sanitary district, as defined in s. 30.50 (4q),</u> or public inland lake
20	protection and rehabilitation district.
21	SECTION 4. 23.094 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	23.094 (1) DEFINITION. In this section, "political subdivision" means city,
23	village, town, county <u>, lake sanitary district, as defined in s. 30.50 (4q)</u> , or public
24	inland lake protection and rehabilitation district.
25	SECTION 5. 30.275 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	30.275 (4) (d) Provide grants to municipalities, lake sanitary districts, as
2	defined in s. 30.50 (4q), and public inland lake protection and rehabilitation
3	districts to undertake any of the activities under pars. (a) to (c).
4	SECTION 6. 30.50 (4q) of the statutes is created to read:
5	30.50 (4q) "Lake sanitary district" means a town sanitary district that has
6	within its boundaries at least 60% of the footage of shoreline of a public inland lake,
7	as defined in s. 60.782 (1), for which a public inland lake protection and rehabilitation
8	district is not in effect.
9	SECTION 7. 30.77 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	30.77 (1) LOCAL REGULATION PROHIBITED; EXCEPTIONS. (intro.) Sections 30.50 to
11	30.71 shall be uniform in operation throughout the state. No municipality or, public
12	inland lake protection and rehabilitation district or town sanitary district may:
13	SECTION 8. 30.77 (3) (am) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:
14	30.77 (3) (am) 1m. A town sanitary district may, in the interest of public health,
15	safety or welfare, including the public's interest in preserving the state's natural
16	resources, enact and enforce ordinances applicable to a lake if at least 60% of the
17	footage of shoreline of the lake is within its boundaries, if no public inland lake
18	protection and rehabilitation district has in effect any ordinances enacted under
19	subd. 1. for the lake and if any one of the following occurs:
20	a. Each town, village and city having jurisdiction over the lake adopts a
21	resolution authorizing the town sanitary district to do so.
22	b. At least 50% of the towns, villages and cities having jurisdiction over the lake
23	adopt resolutions authorizing the town sanitary district to enact and enforce
24	ordinances, and at least 60% of the footage of shoreline of the lake is within the
25	boundaries of these towns, villages and cities.

1	SECTION 9. $30.77(3)(am)$ 2. of the statutes, as affected by 1995 Wisconsin Act
2	152, is amended to read:
3	30.77 (3) (am) 2. An ordinance enacted under subd. 1. or 1m. may not be
4	contrary to or inconsistent with this chapter and shall relate to the equipment, use
5	or operation of boats or to an activity regulated by ss. 30.60 to 30.71.
6	SECTION 10. 30.77 (3) (am) 3m. of the statutes is created to read:
7	30.77 (3) (am) 3m. If a town sanitary district enacts an ordinance under this
8	paragraph, the town sanitary district ordinance supersedes all conflicting provisions
9	of a town, village or city ordinance enacted under par. (a) that are applicable to the
10	lake.
11	SECTION 11. 30.77 (3) (am) 3r. of the statutes is created to read:
12	30.77 (3) (am) 3r. If a public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district
13	is created for an inland lake after a town sanitary district has enacted ordinances
14	under subd. 1m. for the lake, any ordinances enacted by the public inland lake
15	protection and rehabilitation district supersede all of the following:
16	a. Any conflicting provisions of a town, village or city ordinance enacted under
17	par. (a) that are applicable to the lake.
18	b. Any conflicting provisions of a town sanitary district ordinance enacted
19	under subd. 1m. that are applicable to the lake.
20	SECTION 12. $30.77(3)(am) 4$. of the statutes, as affected by 1995 Wisconsin Act
21	152, is amended to read:
22	30.77 (3) (am) 4. If a town, village or city proposes to rescind a resolution that
23	it adopted under subd. 1. <u>or 1m.</u> , and if the recision will result in less than 50% of the
24	towns, villages or cities with jurisdiction over the lake still having in effect
25	resolutions adopted under subd. 1. <u>or 1m.</u> or will result in less than 60% of the footage

1	of shoreline of the lake being within the boundaries of the towns, villages and cities
2	with resolutions still in effect, the town, village or city proposing to rescind the
3	resolution shall hold a hearing on the recision at least 30 days before the recision will
4	take effect and shall give notice as required under par. (aw) 2. If, after holding the
5	hearing, the town, village or city rescinds the resolution that it adopted under subd.
6	1. or 1m., the lake public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district
7	ordinances or the town sanitary district ordinances are void.
8	SECTION 13. $30.77(3)(ar)$ of the statutes, as created by 1995 Wisconsin Act152,
9	is renumbered 30.105 and amended to read:
10	30.105 (title) Determining footage of shoreline. In determining footage
11	of shoreline for purposes of pars. <u>s. 30.50</u> (4q), <u>30.77 (3)</u> (ac), (ae) and (am) <u>and 60.782</u>
12	(2), towns, villages, cities and lake, public inland lake protection and rehabilitation
13	districts and town sanitary districts shall measure by use of a map wheel on the U.S.
14	geological survey 7 1/2 minute series map.
15	SECTION 14. 30.77 (3) (aw) 1. of the statutes, as created by 1995 Wisconsin Act
16	152, is amended to read:
17	30.77 (3) (aw) 1. If one or more towns, villages or cities propose to enact an
18	ordinance for an inland lake under par. (ac) 2. or a lake public inland lake protection
19	and rehabilitation district or town sanitary district proposes to enact an ordinance
20	for an inland lake under par. (am) 1. b. <u>or 1m. b.</u> , it shall hold a public hearing on the
21	proposed ordinance at least 30 days before its enactment.
22	SECTION 15. 30.77 (3) (d) of the statutes, as affected by 1995 Wisconsin Act 152,
23	is amended to read:
24	30.77 (3) (d) Ordinances pertaining to the equipment, use or operation of boats
25	on inland lakes shall be subject to advisory review by the department as provided

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1 under this paragraph. Proposed ordinances subject to review under this paragraph 2 shall be submitted by the local town, village or city clerk or by a the public inland lake 3 protection and rehabilitation district or town sanitary district to the department at 4 least 60 days prior to final action thereon by the town, village or, city or district 5governing body. Advisory reports regarding town, village or, city or, lake district or 6 town sanitary district ordinances that regulate the equipment, use or operation of 7 boats on inland lakes shall be based on consideration of the effect of the ordinance 8 on the state from the standpoint of uniformity and enforcement and the effect of the 9 ordinance on an affected town, village, city or, lake district or town sanitary district 10 in view of pertinent local conditions. Advisory reports shall state in what regard such 11 ordinances are considered consistent or inconsistent with this chapter as to public 12health, safety or welfare, including the public's interest in preserving the state's 13 natural resources, and shall be accompanied by suggested changes, if any. No later 14 than 20 days after receipt by the department of proposed ordinances, the department 15shall advise the town, village, city or, lake district or town sanitary district in writing 16 as to the results of its advisory review under this paragraph. The department shall 17address the results sent to a town, village or city to its clerk. 18

SECTION 16. 30.77 (3) (e) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 30.77 (3) (e) 1. (intro.) A municipality or, a public inland lake protection and 20 rehabilitation district or a town sanitary district that has in effect an ordinance 21under par. (am) may charge boat operators reasonable fees for any of the following: 22 **SECTION 17.** 30.77 (3) (e) 1. b. of the statutes is amended to read: 2330.77 (3) (e) 1. b. The municipality's or lake district's costs for operating or

24maintaining a water safety patrol unit, as defined in s. 30.79 (1) (b) 2.

SECTION 18. 30.77 (3) (e) 1. c. of the statutes is amended to read: 25

1	30.77 (3) (e) 1. c. The municipality's or lake district's costs for providing other
2	recreational boating services.
3	SECTION 19. 30.78 (1g) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
4	30.78 (1g) (am) A town sanitary district, after public hearing, may enact and
5	enforce local ordinances applicable to a lake entirely within its boundaries if each
6	town, village and city having jurisdiction on the lake adopts a resolution authorizing
7	the town sanitary district to do so and if no public inland lake protection and
8	rehabilitation district has in effect ordinances enacted under par. (a) for the lake.
9	SECTION 20. 30.78 (1g) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	30.78 (1g) (b) Ordinances authorized under par. (a) <u>or (am)</u> are limited to the
11	type of ordinances authorized under sub. (1) (a) to (c).
12	SECTION 21. 30.78 (1g) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	30.78 (1g) (c) If any town, village or city having jurisdiction on the <u>a</u> lake
14	rescinds the <u>a</u> resolution <u>adopted under par. (a) or (am)</u> authorizing the <u>a</u> public
15	inland lake protection and rehabilitation district or town sanitary district to enact
16	and enforce ordinances under this paragraph, the lake district ordinances are void.
17	SECTION 22. 30.78 (3) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
18	30.78 (3) (am) 1. If a town sanitary district enacts an ordinance under sub. (1g),
19	the town sanitary district ordinance supersedes all conflicting provisions of a town,
20	village or city ordinance enacted under sub. (1) that are applicable to that lake.
21	2. If a public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district is created for an
22	inland lake after a town sanitary district has enacted ordinances under sub. (1g) (am)
23	for the lake, any ordinances enacted by the public inland lake protection and
24	rehabilitation district supersede all of the following:

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1	a. Any conflicting provisions of a town, village or city ordinance enacted under
2	sub. (1) that are applicable to the lake.
3	b. Any conflicting provisions of a town sanitary district ordinance enacted
4	under sub. (1g) (am) that are applicable to the lake.
5	SECTION 23. 30.79 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	30.79 (1) (a) "Local governmental unit" means a municipality or, a public
7	inland lake protection and rehabilitation district or a lake sanitary district.
8	SECTION 24. 30.79 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
9	30.79 (1) (b) 2. A unit created by a public inland lake protection and
10	rehabilitation district <u>, by a lake sanitary district</u> or by a number of local
11	governmental units riparian to a single lake, at least one of which is a lake district
12	or a lake sanitary district, for the purposes specified in subd. 1.
13	SECTION 25. 30.81 (1m) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
14	30.81 (1m) (am) A town sanitary district, in the interest of public health or
15	safety, may enact and enforce ordinances applicable to a lake entirely within its
16	boundaries if each town, village and city having jurisdiction on the lake adopts a
17	resolution authorizing the town sanitary district to do so and if no public inland lake
18	protection and rehabilitation district has in effect ordinances enacted under par. (a)
19	for the lake.
20	SECTION 26. 30.81 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	30.81 (1m) (b) An ordinance enacted under par. (a) <u>or (am)</u> must be consistent
22	with this chapter and must relate to the use or operation of boats and other craft,
23	including snowmobiles and other motor vehicles, on icebound inland lakes.
24	SECTION 27. 30.81 (1m) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	30.81 (1m) (cm) If a town sanitary district enacts an ordinance under this
2	subsection, the town sanitary district ordinance supersedes all conflicting provisions
3	of a town, village or city ordinance enacted under sub. (1) that are applicable to the
4	lake.
5	SECTION 28. 30.81 (1m) (cr) of the statutes is created to read:
6	30.81 (1m) (cr) If a public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district is
7	created for an inland lake after a town sanitary district has enacted ordinances
8	under this subsection for the lake, any ordinances enacted by the public inland lake
9	protection and rehabilitation district supersede all of the following:
10	1. Any conflicting provisions of a town, village or city ordinance enacted under
11	sub. (1) that are applicable to the lake.
12	2. Any conflicting provisions of a town sanitary district ordinance enacted
13	under par. (am) that are applicable to the lake.
14	SECTION 29. 30.81 (1m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	30.81(1m) (d) If a town, village or city having jurisdiction on the <u>a</u> lake rescinds
16	the resolution authorizing the \underline{a} public inland lake protection and rehabilitation
17	district or town sanitary district to enact and enforce ordinances under this
18	paragraph <u>subsection</u> , the lake district ordinances are void.
19	SECTION 30. 30.81 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	30.81 (3) LIABILITY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT. All traffic on icebound, inland waters
21	shall be at the risk of the traveler. An ordinance by any municipality or any public
22	inland lake protection and rehabilitation district or town sanitary district that is
23	enacted under this section permitting traffic on icebound inland waters shall not
24	render the municipality or lake <u>district or town sanitary</u> district enacting the

ordinance liable for any accident to those engaged in permitted traffic while the
 ordinance is in effect.

3	SECTION 31. 30.92 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	30.92 (1) (b) "Governmental unit" means the department, a municipality, a
5	town <u>lake</u> sanitary district, a public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district
6	organized under ch. 33, the Milwaukee River revitalization council, the Lower
7	Wisconsin State Riverway board, the Fox River management commission or any
8	other local governmental unit, as defined in s. 66.299 (1) (a), that is established for
9	the purpose of lake management.
10	SECTION 32. $31.385(1)$ of the statutes is renumbered $31.385(1m)$ and amended
11	to read:
12	31.385 (1m) The department shall promulgate the rules necessary to
13	administer a financial assistance program for municipalities and, public inland lake
14	protection and rehabilitation districts and lake sanitary districts for dam
15	maintenance, repair, modification, abandonment and removal.
16	SECTION 33. 31.385 (1d) of the statutes is created to read:
17	31.385 (1d) In this section, "lake sanitary district" has the meaning given in
18	s. 30.50 (4q).
19	SECTION 34. 31.385 (2) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
20	31.385 (2) (c) 2. The municipality or, public inland lake protection and
21	rehabilitation district or lake sanitary district has received directives from the
22	department or is under order by the department to maintain, repair, modify, abandon
23	or remove a dam on August 9, 1989.
24	SECTION 35. 31.385 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	31.385 (3) The department shall provide municipalities and, public inland lake
2	protection and rehabilitation districts and lake sanitary districts with technical
3	assistance in conducting dam maintenance, repair, modification, abandonment and
4	removal. The department shall coordinate the financial assistance program under
5	this section with other related state and federal programs.
6	SECTION 36. 33.001 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	33.001 (2) (b) A state effort of research, analysis, planning and financing, and
8	a local effort undertaken by public inland lake protection and rehabilitation districts
9	and the Dane county lakes and watershed commission of planning and plan
10	implementation are necessary and desirable and that the local districts should be
11	formed by persons directly affected by the deteriorated condition of inland waters
12	and willing to assist financially, or through other means, in remedying lake
13	problems.
14	SECTION 37. 33.01 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	33.01 (8) "Public inland lake" or "lake" means a lake, reservoir or flowage
16	within the boundaries of the state that is accessible to the public via contiguous
17	public lands or easements giving public access. "Lake" also includes any lake,
17 18	public lands or easements giving public access. " <u>Lake</u> " also includes any lake, reservoir or flowage within the boundaries of the state that is under the jurisdiction
18	reservoir or flowage within the boundaries of the state that is under the jurisdiction
18 19	reservoir or flowage within the boundaries of the state that is under the jurisdiction of a restructured district.
18 19 20	reservoir or flowage within the boundaries of the state that is under the jurisdiction of a restructured district. SECTION 38. 33.01 (9g) of the statutes is created to read:
18 19 20 21	reservoir or flowage within the boundaries of the state that is under the jurisdiction of a restructured district. SECTION 38. 33.01 (9g) of the statutes is created to read: 33.01 (9g) "Restructured district" means a district for a lake that results from

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1 33.14 (3) DEPARTMENT REVIEW. Within 21 days after receipt of the proposed plan 2 and applications the department shall advise the lake district if additional 3 information is needed to conduct its technical and environmental review of the 4 proposal. If an environmental impact statement is required, the department shall 5 complete its environmental impact review before taking final action on the proposed 6 plan.

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SECTION 40. 33.21 of the statutes is amended to read:

8 **33.21** Public inland lake protection and rehabilitation districts; 9 purposes. Public inland lake protection and rehabilitation districts <u>Districts</u> may 10 be created for the purpose of undertaking a program of lake protection and 11 rehabilitation of a lake or parts thereof within the district.

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SECTION 41. 33.22 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

33.22 (4) Districts shall not exercise the town sanitary district powers
authorized under sub. (3) within the boundaries of an incorporated municipality
unless the governing body of the municipality consents. In addition, districts shall
not exercise town sanitary district powers in any territory included in an existing
town sanitary district except by contract under s. 66.30 or unless the sanitary district
merges into the public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district under s.
33.235 (3).

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SECTION 42. 33.23 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

33.23 (1) The governing body of a municipality may by resolution establish a
public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district if the municipality
encompasses within its boundaries all the lake frontage of the public inland lake
within this state. Except as provided under sub. (3), the governing body of the
municipality which establishes the district shall perform the function of the board

of commissioners. <u>For purposes of this subsection, "district" does not include a</u> restructured district.

SECTION 43. 33.23 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
33.23 (2) Establishment of lake districts by towns under this section shall
conform to the procedures of ss. 33.25 and 33.26 except that the town clerk shall
perform the functions of the county clerk and the town board shall perform the
functions of the county board and in addition shall hold the hearing.

8 **SECTION 44.** 33.235 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 33.235 (title) Conversion <u>Restructured districts; conversion</u> and
 10 merger of town sanitary districts.

SECTION 45. 33.235 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 33.235 (1m) and amended
to read.

33.235 (1m) A town board by resolution may convert a town sanitary district 1314 which encompasses all the frontage of a lake within its boundaries into a public 15inland lake protection and rehabilitation restructured district. The town sanitary district commissioners shall serve as the initial board of commissioners until the first 16 17annual meeting of the lake restructured district, at which time the commissioners 18 shall be selected under s. 33.28. Conversion shall not affect any preexisting rights 19 or liabilities of the town sanitary district. All such rights or liabilities shall be 20assumed automatically by the newly created public inland lake protection and 21rehabilitation restructured district.

22 **SECTION 46.** 33.235 (1) of the statutes is created to read:

23 33.235 (1) In this section:

24 (a) "Lake" means a lake, reservoir or flowage within the boundaries of the state.

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(b) "Lake district" means a public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district that does not include a restructured district.

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SECTION 47. 33.235 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 33.235 (2) The commissioners of a town sanitary district that does not 5encompass all the frontage of a lake within its boundaries may, with approval of the 6 town board, petition under s. 33.25 for the formation of a restructured district to 7 include the territory of the existing sanitary district and any additional frontage on 8 the lake that is deemed appropriate by the commissioners. The commissioners may 9 sign the petition for the landowners in the sanitary district. If necessary to meet the 10 requirements of s. 33.25, signatures of owners of land lying outside the sanitary 11 district shall be obtained. Creation Formation of a restructured district that includes 12such additional territory shall not affect any preexisting rights or liabilities of the 13 town sanitary district, and all these rights and liabilities shall be assumed 14automatically by the newly created public inland lake protection and rehabilitation 15restructured district. The method by which these rights and liabilities are 16 apportioned within the newly created restructured district shall be determined by 17the county board, and set out in the order issued under s. 33.26 (3) creating forming 18 the restructured district.

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SECTION 48. 33.235 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 33.235 (3) Town <u>A town</u> sanitary districts <u>district</u> having boundaries 21 coterminous or contiguous to a public inland lake protection and rehabilitation <u>lake</u> 22 district may merge into the lake district. Merger is effected by approval of an 23 identical merger resolution by a two-thirds vote of the commissioners of each district 24 <u>the town sanitary district and the lake district</u>, followed by ratification by a majority 25 of those voting at an annual or special meeting of a <u>the</u> lake district and a majority

of those voting in a referendum of the town sanitary district under s. 60.785 (2). 1 2 Merger may not become effective unless the town board which created the sanitary 3 district approves the merger. The commissioners of each the town sanitary district 4 and the district shall act jointly until the next annual or special meeting, whichever 5 occurs first, of the restructured district at which time the board of the merged 6 restructured district shall be created subject to the requirements under s. 33.28. 7 Merger does not affect the preexisting rights or liabilities of the districts town sanitary district or the lake district. All these rights and liabilities are assumed 8 9 automatically by the merged restructured district, but the method of discharging 10 these rights or obligations shall be set out in the merger resolution.

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SECTION 49. 33.235 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

1233.235 (4) Any restructured district which results from the conversion of a town 13 sanitary district under sub. (1), the formation of a district from a preexisting town 14sanitary district under sub. (2), or the merger with a town sanitary district under 15sub. (3), shall have all powers granted to districts under this chapter and to town 16 sanitary districts under ch. 60, except the taxation power under s. 60.77 (6) (b). Such 17powers shall be exercised using the procedures and methods set out in this chapter. **SECTION 50.** 33.24 of the statutes is renumbered 33.24 (2) and amended to read: 18 19 33.24 (2) The county board of any county may establish public inland lake 20 protection and rehabilitation districts within the county if the conditions stated in 21s. 33.26 are found to exist. Before a district that includes any portion of a city or 22village, may be formed under authority of this section, the city council or village 23board must have previously approved the inclusion of its territory within the

boundaries of a proposed district.

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SECTION 51. 33.24 (1) of the statutes is created to read:

1 33.24 (1) Notwithstanding s. 33.01 (3), in this section, "district" does not 2 include a restructured district.

- 3 **SECTION 52.** 33.25 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 33.25 (1) (a) Before a county board may establish a district under s. 33.235 or 533.24, a petition requesting establishment shall be filed with the county clerk, 6 addressed to the board and signed by persons constituting 51% of the landowners or 7 the owners of 51% of the lands within the proposed district. Governmental 8 subdivisions, other than the state or federal governments, owning lands within the 9 proposed district are eligible to sign such petition. A city council or village or town 10 board may by resolution represent persons owning lands within the proposed district 11 who are within its jurisdiction, and sign for all such landowners.
- 12

SECTION 53. 33.30 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 33.30 (1) Every public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district shall
14 have an annual meeting. Each annual meeting shall be scheduled during the time
15 period between May 22 and September 8 unless scheduled outside those dates by
16 majority vote of the previous annual meeting.

17

SECTION 54. 33.305 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

33.305 (1) The board of commissioners of a public inland lake protection and
rehabilitation district may schedule a special meeting of the district at any time. The
board of commissioners shall schedule a special meeting upon receipt of a petition
signed by at least 10% of the electors and property owners in the district.

22 SECTION 55. 60.77 (5m) of the statutes is created to read:

60.77 (5m) AUTHORITY TO ENACT ORDINANCES. The commission may enact and
enforce ordinances to implement the powers listed under sub. (5). The ordinances
shall be published as a class 1 notice under ch. 985.

1	SECTION 56. 60.782 of the statutes is created to read:
2	60.782 Power to act as a public inland lake protection and
3	rehabilitation district. (1) In this section, "public inland lake" means a lake,
4	reservoir or flowage within the boundaries of the state that is accessible to the public
5	via contiguous public lands or easements giving public access.
6	(2) A town sanitary district that has at least 60% of the footage of shoreline
7	of a public inland lake within its boundaries for which a public inland lake protection
8	and rehabilitation district is not in effect may do any of the following that is
9	authorized by the commission:
10	(a) Create, operate and maintain a water safety patrol unit, as defined in s.
11	30.79 (1) (b) 2.
12	(b) Undertake projects to enhance the recreational uses of the public inland
13	lake, including recreational boating facilities, as defined in s. 30.92 (1) (c).
14	(c) Appropriate money for the conservation of natural resources or for payment
15	to a bona fide nonprofit organization for the conservation of natural resources within
16	the district or beneficial to the district.
17	(d) Lease or acquire, including by condemnation, any real property situated in
18	this state that may be needed for the purposes of s. 23.09 (19), 23.094 (3g) or 30.275 $$
19	(4).
20	(3) The commissioners of a town sanitary district that has the powers of a
21	public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district under sub. (2) shall possess
22	the powers of the board of commissioners of a public inland lake protection and
23	rehabilitation district that are authorized by resolution of the town sanitary district.
24	SECTION 57. 66.119 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1 66.119 (1) (a) The governing body of any county, town, city, village, town $\mathbf{2}$ sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district may by 3 ordinance adopt and authorize the use of a citation to be issued for violations of 4 ordinances, including ordinances for which a statutory counterpart exists. 5 **SECTION 58.** 66.119 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 6 66.119 (2) (a) Citations authorized under this section may be issued by law 7 enforcement officers of the county, town, city, village, town sanitary district or public 8 inland lake protection and rehabilitation district. In addition, the governing body 9 of a county, town, city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection 10 and rehabilitation district may designate by ordinance or resolution other county, 11 town, city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and 12rehabilitation district officials who may issue citations with respect to ordinances 13 which are directly related to the official responsibilities of the officials. Officials 14granted the authority to issue citations may delegate, with the approval of the 15governing body, the authority to employes. Authority delegated to an official or 16 employe shall be revoked in the same manner by which it is conferred. 17**SECTION 59.** 66.119 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

18 66.119 (3) (c) If the alleged violator makes a cash deposit and fails to appear 19 in court, the citation may serve as the initial pleading and the violator shall be 20 considered to have tendered a plea of no contest and submitted to a forfeiture, the 21penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 22(1) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) not 23exceeding the amount of the deposit. The court may either accept the plea of no 24contest and enter judgment accordingly or reject the plea. If the court finds the 25violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the alleged

violator into court to determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 800.093. If 1 2 the court accepts the plea of no contest, the defendant may move within 10 days after 3 the date set for the appearance to withdraw the plea of no contest, open the judgment 4 and enter a plea of not guilty if the defendant shows to the satisfaction of the court 5 that the failure to appear was due to mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable 6 neglect. If the plea of no contest is accepted and not subsequently changed to a plea 7 of not guilty, no costs or fees may be taxed against the violator, but a penalty 8 assessment, a jail assessment and, if applicable, a domestic abuse assessment shall 9 be assessed. If the court rejects the plea of no contest, an action for collection of the 10 forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment and any applicable domestic abuse 11 assessment may be commenced. A city, village, town sanitary district or public 12inland lake protection and rehabilitation district may commence action under s. 13 66.12 (1) and a county or town may commence action under s. 778.10. The citation 14may be used as the complaint in the action for the collection of the forfeiture, penalty 15assessment, jail assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment.

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SECTION 60. 66.119 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

1766.119 (3) (d) If the alleged violator does not make a cash deposit and fails to appear in court at the time specified in the citation, the court may issue a summons 18 19 or warrant for the defendant's arrest or consider the nonappearance to be a plea of 20 no contest and enter judgment accordingly if service was completed as provided 21under par. (e) or the county, town, city, village, town sanitary district or public inland 22lake protection and rehabilitation district may commence an action for collection of 23the forfeiture, penalty assessment and jail assessment and any applicable domestic $\mathbf{24}$ abuse assessment. A city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district may commence action under s. 66.12 (1) and a 25

county or town may commence action under s. 778.10. The citation may be used as 1 2 the complaint in the action for the collection of the forfeiture, penalty assessment and 3 jail assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment. If the court 4 considers the nonappearance to be a plea of no contest and enters judgment 5accordingly, the court shall promptly mail a copy or notice of the judgment to the 6 defendant. The judgment shall allow the defendant not less than 20 days from the 7 date of the judgment to pay any forfeiture, penalty assessment and jail assessment 8 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed. If the defendant moves to 9 open the judgment within 6 months after the court appearance date fixed in the 10 citation, and shows to the satisfaction of the court that the failure to appear was due 11 to mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect, the court shall reopen the 12judgment, accept a not guilty plea and set a trial date.

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SECTION 61. 66.119 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.119 (3) (e) A judgment may be entered under par. (d) if the summons or
citation was served as provided under s. 968.04 (3) (b) 2. or by personal service by a
county, town, city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and
rehabilitation district employe.

18 SECTION 62. 66.12 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 66.12 (1) (a) An action for violation of an ordinance or bylaw enacted by a city, 20 village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation 21 district is a civil action. All forfeitures and penalties imposed by any ordinance or 22 bylaw of the city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and 23 rehabilitation district, except as provided in ss. 345.20 to 345.53, may be collected in 24 an action in the name of the city or village before the municipal court or in an action 25 in the name of the city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection

and rehabilitation district before a court of record. If the action is in municipal court, 1 $\mathbf{2}$ the procedures under ch. 800 apply and the procedures under this section do not 3 apply. If the action is in a court of record, it shall be commenced by warrant or 4 summons under s. 968.04 or, if applicable, by citation under s. 778.25 or 778.26. A 5 law enforcement officer may arrest the offender in all cases without warrant under 6 s. 968.07. The affidavit where the action is commenced by warrant may be the 7 complaint. The affidavit or complaint shall be sufficient if it alleges that the 8 defendant has violated an ordinance or bylaw, specifying the ordinance or bylaw by 9 section, chapter, title or otherwise with sufficient plainness to identify the ordinance 10 or bylaw. The judge may release a defendant without bail or may permit him or her 11 to execute an unsecured appearance bond upon arrest. In arrests without a warrant 12or summons a statement on the records of the court of the offense charged shall stand 13 as the complaint unless the court directs that formal complaint be issued. In all 14actions under this paragraph the defendant's plea shall be guilty, not guilty or no 15contest and shall be entered as not guilty on failure to plead, which plea of not guilty 16 shall put all matters in the case at issue, any other provision of law notwithstanding. 17**SECTION 63.** 66.12 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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18 66.12 (1) (b) Local ordinances, except as provided in this paragraph or ss. 19 345.20 to 345.53, may contain a provision for stipulation of guilt or no contest of any 20 or all violations under those ordinances, and may designate the manner in which the 21stipulation is to be made and fix the penalty to be paid. When a person charged with 22a violation for which stipulation of guilt or no contest is authorized makes a timely 23stipulation and pays the required penalty and pays the penalty assessment imposed $\mathbf{24}$ by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) to the designated official, the person 25

1 need not appear in court and no witness fees or other additional costs may be taxed 2 unless the local ordinance so provides. A court appearance is required for a violation 3 of a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1). The official receiving the 4 penalties shall remit all moneys collected to the treasurer of the city, village, town 5sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district in whose 6 behalf the sum was paid, except that all jail assessments shall be remitted to the 7 county treasurer, within 20 days after its receipt by him or her; and in case of any 8 failure in the payment, the treasurer may collect the payment of the officer by action, 9 in the name of the office, and upon the official bond of the officer, with interest at the 10 rate of 12% per year from the time when it should have been paid. In the case of the 11 penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the driver improvement surcharge 12imposed by s. 346.655 (1) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by 13 s. 973.055 (1), the treasurer of the city, village, town sanitary district or public inland 14 lake protection and rehabilitation district shall remit to the state treasurer the sum 15required by law to be paid on the actions so entered during the preceding month on 16 or before the first day of the next succeeding month. The governing body of the city. 17village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation 18 district shall by ordinance designate the official to receive the penalties and the 19 terms under which the official shall qualify.

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SECTION 64. 66.12 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.12 (2) APPEALS. Appeals in actions in courts of record to recover forfeitures
and penalties imposed by any ordinance or bylaw of a city, village, town sanitary
<u>district</u> or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district may be taken
either by the defendant or by the city, village, town sanitary district or public inland
lake protection and rehabilitation district. Appeals from circuit court in actions to

recover forfeitures for ordinances enacted under ch. 349 shall be to the court of 1 $\mathbf{2}$ appeals. An appeal by the defendant shall include a bond to the city, village, town 3 sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district with 4 surety, to be approved by the judge, conditioned that if judgment is affirmed in whole 5 or in part the defendant will pay the judgment and all costs and damages awarded 6 against the defendant on the appeal. If the judgment is affirmed in whole or in part, 7 execution may issue against both the defendant and the surety. 8 **SECTION 65.** 66.12 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 9 66.12 (3) (b) All forfeitures and penalties recovered for the violation of any 10 ordinance or bylaw of any city, village, town, town sanitary district or public inland 11 lake protection and rehabilitation district shall be paid into the city, village, town, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district 1213treasury for the use of the city, village, town, town sanitary district or public inland 14 lake protection and rehabilitation district, except as otherwise provided in par. (c), 15sub. (1) (b) and s. 165.87. The judge shall report and pay into the treasury, guarterly, 16 or at more frequent intervals if so required, all moneys collected belonging to the city. 17village, town, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and 18 rehabilitation district, which report shall be certified and filed in the office of the 19 treasurer; and the judge shall be entitled to duplicate receipts for such moneys, one 20of which he or she shall file with the city, village or town clerk or with the town 21sanitary district or the public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district. 22**SECTION 66.** 115.375 (2) (a) 1m. of the statutes is created to read: 23115.375 (2) (a) 1m. "Lake sanitary district" has the meaning given in s. 30.50

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(4q).

SECTION 67. 115.375 (2) (a) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 1995 Wisconsin Act 1 $\mathbf{2}$ 27, is amended to read: 3 115.375 (2) (a) 2. "Public agency" means a county, city, village, town, public 4 inland lake protection and rehabilitation district, lake sanitary district or school 5 district or an agency of this state or of a county, city, village, town, public inland lake 6 protection and rehabilitation district, lake sanitary district or school district. 7 **SECTION 68.** 165.85 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 165.85 (2) (d) "Political subdivision" means counties, cities, villages, towns, 9 town sanitary districts and public inland lake protection and rehabilitation districts. 10 **SECTION 69.** 814.63 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 11 814.63 (2) Upon the disposition of a forfeiture action in circuit court for 12violation of a county, town, city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake 13protection and rehabilitation district ordinance, except an action for a safety belt use 14 violation under s. 347.48 (2m), the county, town, city, village, town sanitary district 15or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district shall pay a nonrefundable 16 fee of \$5 to the clerk of circuit court. 17**SECTION 70.** 814.63 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: 18 814.63 (4) In forfeiture actions in which a county, town, city, village, town 19 sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district prevails. 20costs and disbursements shall be allowed to the county, town, city, village, town 21sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district subject 22only to sub. (2) and such other limitation as the court may direct.

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(END)