## 1995 ASSEMBLY BILL 86

January 31, 1995 – Introduced by Representatives Dobyns, Ladwig, Goetsch, Duff, Musser, Foti, Brandemuehl, Silbaugh, Handrick, Owens, Jensen, Ainsworth, Krusick, Seratti, La Fave, Albers, Skindrud, Freese, Ott, Vrakas and Otte, cosponsored by Senator A. Lasee. Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice and Corrections.

AN ACT to repeal 941.20 (2) (intro.); to amend 939.63 (2), 941.20 (2) (a) and 941.20 (2) (b); and to create 304.02 (6), 304.06 (1v), 304.071 (3) and 939.63 (3) of the statutes; relating to: committing a felony while using a firearm and providing a penalty..

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a person who commits a felony while possessing, using or threatening to use a dangerous weapon is subject, upon conviction, to a 3-year minimum sentence for the first violation and a 5-year minimum sentence for any subsequent violation. The terms are presumptive minimum terms because the court may give a lesser sentence or probation if it states its reasons for doing so on the record.

This bill provides a mandatory minimum sentence under certain circumstances. If a person commits a felony listed in the criminal code or the controlled substances (dangerous drugs) act while using a firearm, the court must sentence him or her to at least 5 years imprisonment. The court may not place the person on probation. Further, the person is not eligible for parole until he or she has served 30 months or 25% of the sentence, whichever is greater. These new provisions do not apply to any felony punishable by life imprisonment.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

304.02 (6) Notwithstanding subs. (1) to (3), a prisoner who is serving a sentence
under s. 939.63 (3) (a) 1. is not eligible for release to parole supervision under this
section until he or she is eligible for parole under s. $304.06 (1v)$ .
<b>Section 2.</b> 304.06 (1v) of the statutes is created to read:
304.06 (1v) The parole commission may parole an inmate serving a sentence
under s. 939.63 (3) (a) 1. when he or she has served 25% of the sentence imposed for
the felony or has served 30 months, whichever is greater. The person is not eligible
for the waiver under sub. (1m).
<b>Section 3.</b> 304.071 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
304.071 (3) If a prisoner is sentenced under s. 939.63 (3) (a) 1., he or she is not
eligible for parole under this section.
<b>SECTION 4.</b> 939.63 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
939.63 (2) Whoever is convicted of committing a felony while possessing, using
or threatening to use a dangerous weapon shall be sentenced to a minimum term of
years in prison, unless the sentencing court otherwise provides. The minimum term
for the first application of this subsection is 3 years. The minimum term for any
subsequent application of this subsection is 5 years. If the court places the person
on probation or imposes a sentence less than the presumptive minimum sentence,
it shall place its reasons for so doing on the record. <u>If sub. (3) applies to a felony</u>
conviction, this subsection does not apply.
<b>SECTION 5.</b> 939.63 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
939.63 (3) (a) 1. If a person is convicted of committing a felony covered under

subd. 2. while using a firearm, the court shall sentence the person to not less than

5 years of imprisonment. The court shall not place the person on probation.

1	2. Subdivision 1. applies to any felony violation under chs. 161 or 939 to 951
2	that is not punishable by life imprisonment.
3	(b) If the felony under par. (a) has a maximum period of imprisonment,
4	including all penalty enhancement statutes, of less than the applicable mandatory
5	minimum period specified in par. (a) 1., the maximum period of imprisonment is
6	increased to equal the applicable minimum period.
7	<b>Section 6.</b> 941.20 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is repealed.
8	<b>Section 7.</b> 941.20 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	941.20 (2) (a) Intentionally Whoever intentionally discharges a firearm into a
LO	vehicle or building under circumstances in which he or she should realize there
11	might be a human being present therein; or is guilty of a Class D felony.
12	<b>Section 8.</b> 941.20 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	941.20 (2) (b) Sets Whoever sets a spring gun is guilty of a Class E felony.
14	SECTION 9. Initial applicability.
15	(1) This act first applies to offenses committed on the effective date of this
16	subsection.
L7	(END)