

State of Misconsin 1995 - 1996 LEGISLATURE

1995 ASSEMBLY BILL 985

March 6, 1996 – Introduced by Representatives GOETSCH, ALBERS, LORGE, MUSSER, BRANDEMUEHL, OLSEN, OTTE, WASSERMAN, CULLEN, HUBER, HANSON, WARD, KLUSMAN, ROBSON, SERATTI and KELSO, cosponsored by Senators HUELSMAN, ROSENZWEIG, PANZER, DARLING and BUETTNER. Referred to Committee on State Affairs.

1	$AN \; ACT \textit{to amend} \; 23.33 \; (4c) \; (a) \; 2., \; 23.33 \; (4c) \; (a) \; 3., \; 23.33 \; (4c) \; (b) \; 2., \; 23.33 \; (c) \; (c) \; (c) \; 2., \; (c) \; (c)$
2	4.,23.33~(4x),30.681~(1)~(b),30.681~(2)~(b),30.681~(2)~(d),30.687,340.01~(46m)
3	(a), $340.01 (46m)$ (b), $343.10 (5) (a) 2., 343.305 (4m)$ (b), $343.305 (5) (d)$, $343.305 (5) (d)$, $343.305 (d)$, 343.305
4	(7) (b), 345.24 (1), 346.63 (2) (b), 346.63 (2m), 346.63 (7) (a) 1., 350.101 (1) (b),
5	350.101 (1) (c), 350.101 (2) (b), 350.101 (2) (d), 350.107, 885.235 (1) (a) 1.,
6	885.235 (1) (a) 2., 885.235 (1) (b), 885.235 (1) (bd), 885.235 (1) (c), 885.235 (1)
7	(cd), 885.235 (1) (d), 885.235 (1m), 885.235 (4), 905.04 (4) (f), 940.09 (1g) (b),
8	940.09 (2), 940.25 (2) and 967.055 (1) (b); and <i>to create</i> 23.33 (1) (ar), 30.50 (1g),
9	350.01 (1h) and 939.22 (3) of the statutes; relating to: the definition of alcohol
10	concentration.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law uses the terms "alcohol concentration" and "blood alcohol concentration" and the concepts that these terms relate to in inconsistent ways in various chapters of the statutes dealing with the intoxicated operation of all-terrain vehicles, motorboats, motor vehicles and snowmobiles. This bill uses the term "alcohol concentration" consistently throughout the statutes to mean the number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of a person's blood or the number of grams of alcohol per 210 liters of a person's breath.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Success 1, 22,22 (1) (an) of the statutes is exected to need.
1	SECTION 1. 23.33 (1) (ar) of the statutes is created to read:
2	23.33 (1) (ar) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v).
3	SECTION 2. 23.33 (4c) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	23.33 (4c) (a) 2. 'Operating with alcohol concentrations at or above specified
5	levels.' No person may engage in the operation of an all-terrain vehicle while the
6	person has a blood an alcohol concentration of $0.1\% \ \underline{0.1}$ or more by weight of alcohol
7	in his or her blood. No person may engage in the operation of an all-terrain vehicle
8	while the person has 0.1 grams or more of alcohol in 210 liters of his or her breath.
9	SECTION 3. 23.33 (4c) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
10	23.33 (4c) (a) 3. 'Operating with alcohol concentrations at specified levels;
11	below age 19.' If a person has not attained the age of 19, the person may not engage
12	in the operation of an all-terrain vehicle while he or she has a blood <u>an</u> alcohol
13	concentration of more than 0.0% <u>0.0</u> but not more than 0.1% by weight of alcohol in
14	his or her blood or more than 0.0 grams but not more than 0.1 grams of alcohol in 210
15	liters of his or her breath <u>0.1</u> .
16	SECTION 4. 23.33 (4c) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
17	23.33 (4c) (b) 2. 'Causing injury with alcohol concentrations at or above
18	specified levels.' No person who has a blood <u>an</u> alcohol concentration of 0.1% <u>0.1</u> or
19	more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood may cause injury to another person by
20	the operation of an all-terrain vehicle. No person who has 0.1 grams or more of
21	alcohol in 210 liters of his or her breath may cause injury to another person by the
22	operation of an all-terrain vehicle.
23	SECTION 5. 23.33 (4c) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
24	23.33 (4c) (b) 4. 'Defenses.' In an action under this paragraph, the defendant
25	has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the injury

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1 would have occurred even if he or she had been exercising due care and he or she had $\mathbf{2}$ not been under the influence of an intoxicant or did not have a blood an alcohol 3 concentration of 0.1% or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood or 0.1 grams 4 or more of alcohol in 210 liters of his or her breath. 5**SECTION 6.** 23.33 (4x) of the statutes is amended to read: 6 23.33 (4x) OFFICER'S ACTION AFTER ARREST FOR OPERATING AN ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE 7 WHILE UNDER INFLUENCE OF INTOXICANT. A person arrested for a violation of sub. (4c) 8 (a) 1. or 2. or a local ordinance in conformity therewith or sub. (4c) (b) 1. or 2. may 9 not be released until 12 hours have elapsed from the time of his or her arrest or unless 10 a chemical test administered under sub. (4p) (a) 1. shows that there is 0.05% or less by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or 0.05 grams or less of alcohol in 210 liters 11 12of the person's breath the person has an alcohol concentration of 0.05 or less, but the 13 person may be released to his or her attorney, spouse, relative or other responsible 14 adult at any time after arrest. 15**SECTION 7.** 30.50 (1g) of the statutes is created to read: 30.50 (1g) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v). 16 17**SECTION 8.** 30.681 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 30.681 (1) (b) Operating with alcohol concentrations at or above specified levels. 18 19 No person may engage in the operation of a motorboat while the person has a blood 20 an alcohol concentration of 0.1% 0.1 or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. 21No person may engage in the operation of a motorboat while the person has 0.1 grams 22or more of alcohol in 210 liters of his or her breath. 23**SECTION 9.** 30.681 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 2430.681 (2) (b) Causing injury with alcohol concentrations at or above specified 25*levels*. No person who has a blood an alcohol concentration of 0.1% 0.1 or more by

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weight of alcohol in his or her blood may cause injury to another person by the 1 2 operation of a motorboat. No person who has 0.1 grams or more of alcohol in 210 liters 3 of his or her breath may cause injury to another person by the operation of a 4 motorboat.

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SECTION 10. 30.681 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 30.681 (2) (d) Defenses. In an action under this subsection, the defendant has 7 a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the injury would 8 have occurred even if he or she had been exercising due care and he or she had not 9 been under the influence of an intoxicant or did not have a blood an alcohol 10 concentration of 0.1% or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood or 0.1 grams 11 or more of alcohol in 210 liters of his or her breath.

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SECTION 11. 30.687 of the statutes is amended to read:

13 30.687 Officer's action after arrest for violating intoxicated boating 14**law.** A person arrested for a violation of the intoxicating boating law, may not be 15released until 12 hours have elapsed from the time of his or her arrest or unless a 16 chemical test administered under s. 30.684(1) (a) shows that there is 0.05% or less 17by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or 0.05 grams or less of alcohol in 210 liters of the person's breath the person has an alcohol concentration of 0.05 or less, but the 18 person may be released to his or her attorney, spouse, relative or other responsible 19 20 adult at any time after arrest.

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SECTION 12. 340.01 (46m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

22340.01 (46m) (a) If the person has one or no prior convictions, suspensions or 23revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), a blood an alcohol concentration of 0.1% $\mathbf{24}$ or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or 0.1 grams or more of alcohol in 25210 liters of the person's breath.

1	SECTION 13. 340.01 (46m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	340.01 (46m) (b) If the person has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions or
3	revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), a blood an alcohol concentration of
4	0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or 0.08 grams or more of
5	alcohol in 210 liters of the person's breath.
6	SECTION 14. 343.10 (5) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
7	343.10 (5) (a) 2. If the petitioner has 2 or more convictions, suspensions or
8	revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), the order for issuance of an occupational
9	license shall prohibit the petitioner from driving or operating a motor vehicle while
10	he or she has a blood <u>an</u> alcohol concentration of more than 0.0% by weight of alcohol
11	in the person's blood or more than 0.0 grams of alcohol in 210 liters of that person's
12	breath.
13	SECTION 15. 343.305 (4m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	343.305 (4m) (b) That, if one or more tests are taken and the results of any test
15	indicate that the person has any measured <u>an</u> alcohol concentration above 0.0 and
16	was driving or operating or on duty time with respect to a commercial motor vehicle,
17	the person will be subject to penalties and issuance of an out-of-service order for the
18	24 hours following the test.
19	SECTION 16. 343.305 (5) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	343.305 (5) (d) At the trial of any civil or criminal action or proceeding arising

out of the acts committed by a person alleged to have been driving or operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant or a controlled substance or a combination of alcohol and a controlled substance, under the influence of any other drug to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely driving, or under the combined influence of an intoxicant and any other drug to a degree which renders

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him or her incapable of safely driving, or having a prohibited alcohol concentration, 1 2 or alleged to have been driving or operating or on duty time with respect to a 3 commercial motor vehicle while having any measured an alcohol concentration 4 above 0.0 or possessing an intoxicating beverage, regardless of its alcohol content, 5 or within 4 hours of having consumed or having been under the influence of an 6 intoxicating beverage, regardless of its alcohol content, or of having an alcohol 7 concentration of 0.04 or more, the results of a test administered in accordance with 8 this section are admissible on the issue of whether the person was under the 9 influence of an intoxicant or a controlled substance or a combination of alcohol and 10 a controlled substance, under the influence of any other drug to a degree which 11 renders him or her incapable of safely driving or under the combined influence of an 12intoxicant and any other drug to a degree which renders him or her incapable of 13 safely driving or any issue relating to the person's alcohol concentration. Test results 14shall be given the effect required under s. 885.235.

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SECTION 17. 343.305 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 343.305 (7) (b) If a person who was driving or operating or on duty time with 17respect to a commercial motor vehicle submits to chemical testing administered in 18 accordance with this section and any test results indicate any measured an alcohol concentration above 0.0, the law enforcement officer may take possession of the 19 20 person's license and retain the license for 24 hours. The person may reclaim a seized 21license in person or request return of the license by mail. The law enforcement officer 22shall issue a citation for violation of s. 346.63 (7) (a) 1., issue citations for such other 23violations as may apply and issue an out-of-service order to the person for the 24 $\mathbf{24}$ hours after the testing, and report both the out-of-service order and the test results to the department in the manner prescribed by the department. If the person is a 25

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nonresident, the department shall report issuance of the out-of-service order to the driver licensing agency in the person's home jurisdiction.

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SECTION 18. 345.24 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 345.24 (1) A person arrested under s. 346.63 (1) or (5) or an ordinance in 5conformity therewith or s. 346.63 (2) or (6) or 940.25, or s. 940.09 where the offense 6 involved the use of a vehicle, may not be released until 12 hours have elapsed from 7 the time of his or her arrest or unless a chemical test administered under s. 343.305 8 shows that there is 0.04% or less by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or 0.04 9 grams or less of alcohol in 210 liters of the person's breath the person has an alcohol 10 concentration of less than 0.04, but the person may be released to his or her attorney, 11 spouse, relative or other responsible adult at any time after arrest.

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SECTION 19. 346.63 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 346.63 (2) (b) In an action under this subsection, the defendant has a defense 14 if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the injury would have 15occurred even if he or she had been exercising due care and he or she had not been 16 under the influence of an intoxicant or a controlled substance or a combination 17thereof, under the influence of any other drug to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely driving, or under the combined influence of an intoxicant and any 18 19 other drug to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely driving or did not 20 have a blood prohibited alcohol concentration described under par. (a) 2.

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SECTION 20. 346.63 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.63 (2m) If a person has not attained the age of 19, the person may not drive
or operate a motor vehicle while he or she has a blood an alcohol concentration of
more than 0.0% 0.0 but not more than 0.1% by weight of alcohol in the person's blood
or more than 0.0 grams but not more than 0.1 grams of alcohol in 210 liters of that

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1	person's breath <u>0.1</u> . One penalty for violation of this subsection is suspension of a
2	person's operating privilege under s. 343.30 (1p). The person is eligible for an
3	occupational license under s. 343.10 at any time. If a person arrested for a violation
4	of this subsection refuses to take a test under s. 343.305, the refusal is a separate
5	violation and the person is subject to revocation of the person's operating privilege
6	under s. 343.305 (10) (em).
7	SECTION 21. 346.63 (7) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
8	346.63 (7) (a) 1. While having any measured an alcohol concentration above
9	0.0.
10	SECTION 22. 350.01 (1h) of the statutes is created to read:
11	350.01 (1h) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v).
12	SECTION 23. 350.101 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	350.101 (1) (b) Operating with alcohol concentrations at or above specified
14	levels. No person may engage in the operation of a snowmobile while the person has
15	a blood <u>an</u> alcohol concentration of 0.1% <u>0.1</u> or more by weight of alcohol in his or her
16	blood. No person may engage in the operation of a snowmobile while the person has
17	0.1 grams or more of alcohol in 210 liters of his or her breath.
18	SECTION 24. 350.101 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	350.101 (1) (c) Operating with alcohol concentrations at specified levels; below
20	age 19. If a person has not attained the age of 19, the person may not engage in the
21	operation of a snowmobile while he or she has a blood <u>an</u> alcohol concentration of
22	more than 0.0% 0.0 but not more than 0.1% by weight of alcohol in his or her blood
23	or more than 0.0 grams but not more than 0.1 grams of alcohol in 210 liters of his or
24	her breath <u>0.1</u> .
25	SECTION 25. 350.101 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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350.101 (2) (b) Causing injury with alcohol concentrations at or above specified 1 2 *levels*. No person who has a blood an alcohol concentration of 0.1% 0.1 or more by 3 weight of alcohol in his or her blood may cause injury to another person by the 4 operation of a snowmobile. No person who has 0.1 grams or more of alcohol in 210 5liters of his or her breath may cause injury to another person by the operation of a 6 snowmobile. 7 **SECTION 26.** 350,101 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 350.101 (2) (d) Defenses. In an action under this subsection, the defendant has 9 a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the injury would 10 have occurred even if he or she had been exercising due care and he or she had not 11 been under the influence of an intoxicant or did not have a blood an alcohol 12 concentration of 0.1% or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood or 0.1 grams or more of alcohol in 210 liters of his or her breath. 1314 **SECTION 27.** 350.107 of the statutes is amended to read: 15350.107 Officer's action after arrest for operating a snowmobile while **under influence of intoxicant.** A person arrested for a violation of s. 350.101 (1) 16 17(a) or (b) or a local ordinance in conformity therewith or s. 350.101 (2) (a) or (b) may 18 not be released until 12 hours have elapsed from the time of his or her arrest or unless 19 a chemical test administered under s. 350.104 (1) (a) shows that there is 0.05% or less by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or 0.05 grams or less of alcohol in 210 liters 20 21of the person's breath the person has an alcohol concentration of 0.05 or less, but the 22person may be released to his or her attorney, spouse, relative or other responsible 23adult at any time after arrest. **SECTION 28.** 885.235 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	885.235 (1) (a) 1. The fact that the analysis shows that there was more than
2	0.0% but less than 0.08% by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or more than 0.0
3	grams but less than 0.08 grams of alcohol in 210 liters of the person's breath the
4	person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but less than 0.08 is relevant
5	evidence on the issue of being under the combined influence of alcohol and a
6	controlled substance or any other drug, but, except as provided in par. (d) or sub.
7	(1m), is not to be given any prima facie effect.
8	SECTION 29. 885.235 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
9	885.235 (1) (a) 2. The fact that the analysis shows that there was more than
10	0.0% but less than 0.1% by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or more than 0.0
11	grams but less than 0.1 grams of alcohol in 210 liters of the person's breath <u>the person</u>
12	had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but less than 0.1 is relevant evidence
13	on the issue of being under the combined influence of alcohol and a controlled
14	substance or any other drug but, except as provided in par. (d) or sub. (1m), is not to
15	be given any prima facie effect.
16	SECTION 30. 885.235 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	885.235 (1) (b) Except with respect to the operation of a commercial motor
18	vehicle as provided in par. (d), the fact that the analysis shows that there was more
19	than 0.04% but less than 0.1% by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or more than
20	0.04 grams but less than 0.1 grams of alcohol in 210 liters of the person's breath the
21	person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.04 but less than 0.1 is relevant
22	evidence on the issue of intoxication or an alcohol concentration of 0.1 or more but
23	is not to be given any prima facie effect.
24	SECTION 31. 885.235 (1) (bd) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	885.235 (1) (bd) Except with respect to the operation of a commercial motor
2	vehicle as provided in par. (d), the fact that the analysis shows that there was more
3	than 0.04% but less than 0.08% by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or more
4	than 0.04 grams but less than 0.08 grams of alcohol in 210 liters of the person's breath
5	the person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.04 but less than 0.08 is
6	relevant evidence on the issue of intoxication or an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or
7	more, but is not to be given any prima facie effect.
8	SECTION 32. 885.235 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	885.235 (1) (c) The fact that the analysis shows that there was 0.1% or more
10	by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or 0.1 grams or more of alcohol in 210 liters
11	of the person's breath the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.1 or more is prima
12	facie evidence that he or she was under the influence of an intoxicant and is prima
13	facie evidence that he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.1 or more.
14	SECTION 33. 885.235 (1) (cd) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	885.235 (1) (cd) In cases involving persons who have 2 or more prior
16	convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), the fact that
17	the analysis shows that there was 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the person's
18	blood or 0.08 grams or more of alcohol in 210 liters of the person's breath the person
19	had an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more is prima facie evidence that he or she
20	was under the influence of an intoxicant and is prima facie evidence that he or she
21	had an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.
22	SECTION 34. 885.235 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	885.235 (1) (d) The fact that the analysis shows that there was 0.04% or more
24	by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or 0.04 grams or more of alcohol in 210 liters
25	of the person's breath <u>the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more</u> is

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prima facie evidence that he or she was under the influence of an intoxicant with
 respect to operation of a commercial motor vehicle and is prima facie evidence that
 he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more.

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SECTION 35. 885.235 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 885.235 (1m) In any action under s. 23.33 (4c) (a) 3., 346.63 (2m) or (7) or 6 350.101 (1) (c), evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's blood at the time in 7 question, as shown by chemical analysis of a sample of the person's blood or urine or 8 evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's breath, is admissible on the issue 9 of whether he or she had a blood an alcohol concentration in the range specified in s. 23.33 (4c) (a) 3., 346.63 (2m) or 350.101 (1) (c) or a measured an alcohol 10 11 concentration above 0.0 under s. 346.63 (7) if the sample was taken within 3 hours after the event to be proved. The fact that the analysis shows that there was more 12than 0.0% but not more than 0.1% by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or more 1314 than 0.0 grams but not more than 0.1 grams of alcohol in 210 liters of the person's 15breath the person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but not more than 16 0.1 is prima facie evidence that the person had a blood an alcohol concentration in 17the range specified in s. 23.33 (4c) (a) 3., 346.63 (2m) or 350.101 (1) (c) or a measured 18 an alcohol concentration above 0.0 under s. 346.63 (7).

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SECTION 36. 885.235 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 885.235 (4) The provisions of this section relating to the admissibility of 21 chemical tests for alcohol concentration, <u>or</u> intoxication or blood alcohol 22 concentration shall not be construed as limiting the introduction of any other 23 competent evidence bearing on the question of whether or not a person was under 24 the influence of an intoxicant, had a specified alcohol concentration or had a blood

an alcohol concentration in the range specified in s. 23.33 (4c) (a) 3., 346.63 (2m) or
 350.101 (1) (c).

3 **SECTION 37.** 905.04 (4) (f) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 905.04 (4) (f) Tests for intoxication. There is no privilege concerning the results $\mathbf{5}$ of or circumstances surrounding any chemical tests for intoxication or blood alcohol 6 concentration, as defined in s. 340.01 (1v). 7 **SECTION 38.** 939.22 (3) of the statutes is created to read: 8 939.22 (3) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v). 9 **SECTION 39.** 940.09 (1g) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 10 940.09 (1g) (b) Causes the death of another by the operation or handling of a 11 firearm or airgun while the person has a blood an alcohol concentration of 0.1% 0.1 12or more by weight of alcohol in that person's blood or 0.10 grams or more of alcohol 13 in 210 liters of that person's breath. 14**SECTION 40.** 940.09 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 15940.09 (2) The defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the death would have occurred even if he or she had been 16 17exercising due care and he or she had not been under the influence of an intoxicant or did not have a blood an alcohol concentration described under sub. (1) (b) or (bm) 18 or (1g) (b). 19 20 **SECTION 41.** 940.25 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 21940.25 (2) The defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance 22of the evidence that the great bodily harm would have occurred even if he or she had 23been exercising due care and he or she had not been under the influence of an 24intoxicant or did not have a blood an alcohol concentration described under sub. (1) (b) or (bm). 25

1	SECTION 42. 967.055 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	967.055 (1) (b) The legislature intends to encourage the vigorous prosecution
3	of offenses concerning the operation of motorboats by persons under the influence of
4	an intoxicant, a controlled substance or both to a degree which renders him or her
5	incapable of operating a motorboat safely, or under the combined influence of an
6	intoxicant and any other drug to a degree which renders him or her incapable of
7	operating a motorboat safely or having a blood <u>an</u> alcohol concentration of 0.1% <u>0.1</u>
8	or more.

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(END)