

State of Misconsin 1995 - 1996 LEGISLATURE

1995 SENATE BILL 417

November 9, 1995 – Introduced by Senators RUDE, JAUCH, SCHULTZ, DRZEWIECKI, PANZER, COWLES, A. LASEE and BUETTNER, cosponsored by Representatives ALBERS, MEYER, BRANDEMUEHL, HUEBSCH, WASSERMAN, DOBYNS, HANSON, GOETSCH, HAHN, SCHNEIDERS, BALDUS, TURNER, FOTI, SERATTI, OLSEN, HUBER and GROTHMAN. Referred to Committee on Education and Financial Institutions.

1 AN ACT to create 708.10 of the statutes; relating to: loan funds availability at

real estate closings.

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Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill establishes requirements for the delivery of loan funds at certain loan closings secured by a mortgage on real property. Under the bill, a lender may not permit or require a borrower to complete a loan settlement unless the lender unconditionally delivers qualified loan funds to the borrower in a transaction immediately upon completion of the loan settlement. If a settlement agent is to deliver qualified loan funds to the borrower in a transaction, a lender may not permit or require a borrower to complete a loan settlement unless the lender unconditionally delivers qualified loan funds to the settlement agent before or immediately on completion of the loan settlement. The bill defines qualified loan funds as a wire transfer, a cashier's check, a negotiable check on which the lender or an affiliate of the lender is the payer, or the transfer of loan funds into an account maintained by the lender or an affiliate of the lender in favor of the settlement agent or the borrower.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

3	SECTION 1. 708.10 of the statutes is created to read:
4	708.10 Loan funds at closings. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:
5	(a) "Affiliate" means, with respect to any lender, any person that controls, is
6	controlled by, or is under common control with, the lender.

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(b) "Borrower" means a person who borrows money from a lender to finance a 1 $\mathbf{2}$ transaction under a loan that is secured by a real estate mortgage. 3 (c) "Lender" means all lenders identified under s. 706.11 (1), loan solicitors, as 4 defined under s. 440.71 (2), and savings and loan associations organized under ch. 5 215.6 (d) "Loan settlement" means the execution by the borrower of a promissory $\mathbf{7}$ note, mortgage and any other documents that are required by the lender to be signed 8 as a condition to the granting of a loan to the borrower and the delivery of the 9 proceeds of the loan to the borrower or, in the case of a loan subject to a right of recision under 15 USC 1635, the expiration of the borrower's right to recision under 10 11 15 USC 1635. (e) "Qualified loan funds" means any of the following: 121. Wire transfer. 1314 2. Cashier's check. 153. A check that is negotiable, as defined in s. 403.104 (1), and on which the 16 lender or an affiliate of the lender is the paver. 174. Transfer of the loan funds by the lender into an account maintained by the 18 lender or an affiliate of the lender in favor of the settlement agent or borrower. (f) "Settlement agent" means a person retained by the lender who provides 19 20services that benefit the lender and borrower in a transaction and who receives and 21disburses money in connection with the transaction. 22(g) "Transaction" means a transaction under s. 706.01 (1) and includes a 23refinancing of an existing indebtedness that is secured by a mortgage on real $\mathbf{24}$ property.

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(h) "Wire transfer" means the electronic funds transfer system of the federal
 reserve banks. When funds are transferred by wire transfer, delivery of the funds
 is complete when a transaction number has been assigned to the wire transfer.

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4 (2) LOAN FUND DISPERSAL. (a) A lender may not permit or require a borrower
5 to complete a loan settlement unless the lender unconditionally delivers qualified
6 loan funds to the borrower in a transaction immediately upon completion of the loan
7 settlement.

8 (b) If a settlement agent is to deliver qualified loan funds to the borrower in a 9 transaction, a lender may not permit or require a borrower to complete a loan 10 settlement unless the lender unconditionally delivers qualified loan funds to the 11 settlement agent before or immediately on completion of the loan settlement.

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SECTION 2. Initial applicability.

13 (1) This act first applies to transactions entered into on the effective date of this14 subsection.

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SECTION 3. Effective date.

16 (1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 3rd month beginning afterpublication.

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(END)