

State of Misconsin 1997 - 1998 LEGISLATURE

1997 ASSEMBLY BILL 147

March 4, 1997 – Introduced by Representatives CARPENTER, URBAN, M. LEHMAN, BOCK, NOTESTEIN, KEDZIE, J. LEHMAN, BOYLE and R. POTTER, cosponsored by Senators CLAUSING and BUETTNER. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

1	$An \; ACT \textit{ to amend } 59.25 \; (3) \; (f) \; 2., \; 59.40 \; (2) \; (m), \; 66.119 \; (1) \; (b) \; 7. \; c., \; 66.119 \; (1) \; (b)$
2	7. d., 66.119 (1) (c), 66.119 (3) (a), 66.119 (3) (b), 66.119 (3) (c), 66.119 (3) (d), 66.12
3	(1) (b), 345.26 (1) (b) 1., 345.26 (2) (b), 345.36 (2) (b), 345.37 (1) (b), 345.37 (2),
4	345.37 (5), 345.375 (2), 345.47 (title), 345.47 (1) (intro.), 345.47 (1) (b), 345.47
5	(1) (c), 345.47 (2), 345.47 (3), 345.49, 345.61 (2) (c), 346.655 (1), 778.02, 778.03,
6	778.06, 778.10, 778.105, 778.13, 778.18, 800.02 (2) (a) 8., 800.02 (3) (a) 5., 800.03
7	(3), 800.04 (2) (c), 800.09 (1), 800.09 (2) (b), 800.095 (4) (b) 1., 800.10 (2), 800.12
8	(2), 938.237 (2), 938.37 (1), 938.37 (3), 973.05 (1), 973.05 (2), 973.05 (3) (a) and
9	973.07; and to create 20.435 (1) (gt), 146.58 (9), 345.15, 814.60 (2) (cg) and
10	814.63 (3) (bg) of the statutes; relating to: imposing an emergency medical
11	services surcharge, requiring distribution of funds by the emergency medical
12	services board and making an appropriation.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, any person convicted of a state or local traffic law violation (except for parking or certain safety belt use violations) must, in addition to any

forfeiture or fine imposed, pay a penalty assessment, jail assessment and any applicable fees. This bill requires the person to also pay an emergency medical services surcharge of \$5. Under the bill, the emergency medical services board must annually distribute moneys obtained from the imposition of this surcharge, under a funding formula, for ambulance service vehicles or vehicle equipment, emergency medical services supplies or equipment or emergency medical training for personnel.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 20.435 (1) (gt) of the statutes is created to read:

2 20.435 (1) (gt) *Emergency medical services; aids.* All moneys received from
a emergency medical services surcharges imposed under s. 345.15 (2), to be used for
a ambulance service vehicles or vehicle equipment, emergency medical services
supplies or equipment or emergency medical training for personnel under s. 146.58
(9).

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SECTION 2. 59.25 (3) (f) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

8 59.25 (3) (f) 2. For all court imposed fines and forfeitures required by law to be 9 deposited in the state treasury, the amounts required by s. 165.87 for the penalty 10 assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 167.31 (5) for the weapons 11 assessment, the amounts required by s. 973.045 for the crime victim and witness 12assistance surcharge, the amounts required by s. 973.046 for the deoxyribonucleic 13acid analysis surcharge, the amounts required by s. 961.41 (5) for the drug abuse 14 program improvement surcharge, the amounts authorized by s. 971.37 (1m) (c) 1. or 15required by s. 973.055 (1) for the domestic abuse assessment, the amounts required 16 by s. 345.15 for the emergency medical services surcharge, the amounts required by 17s. 346.655 (2) (a) and (b) for the driver improvement surcharge, the amounts required 18 by s. 102.85 (4) for the uninsured employer assessment, the amounts required by s.

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299.93 for the environmental assessment, the amounts required by s. 29.9965 for the 1 2 wild animal protection assessment, the amounts required by s. 29.997 for the natural 3 resources assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 29.9967 for the fishing 4 shelter removal assessment, the amounts required by s. 350.115 for the snowmobile $\mathbf{5}$ registration restitution payment and the amounts required by s. 29.998 for natural 6 resources restitution payments, transmit to the state treasurer a statement of all 7 moneys required by law to be paid on the actions entered during the preceding month 8 on or before the first day of the next succeeding month, certified by the county 9 treasurer's personal signature affixed or attached thereto, and at the same time pay 10 to the state treasurer the amount thereof.

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SECTION 3. 59.40 (2) (m) of the statutes is amended to read:

1259.40 (2) (m) Pay monthly to the treasurer for the use of the state the state's 13 percentage of the fees required to be paid on each civil action, criminal action and 14special proceeding filed during the preceding month and pay monthly to the 15treasurer for the use of the state the percentage of court imposed fines and forfeitures 16 required by law to be deposited in the state treasury, the amounts required by s. 17165.87 (2) (b) for the penalty assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 18 167.31 (5) for the weapons assessment, the amounts required by s. 973.045 for the 19 crime victim and witness assistance surcharge, the amounts required by s. 973.046 20 for the deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharge, the amounts required by s. 961.41 21(5) for the drug abuse program improvement surcharge, the amounts authorized by 22 s. 971.37 (1m) (c) 1. or required by s. 973.055 for the domestic abuse assessment 23surcharge, the amounts required by s. 345.15 for the emergency medical services 24surcharge, the amounts required by s. 346.655 for the driver improvement surcharge, the amounts required by s. 102.85 (4) for the uninsured employer 25

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1	assessment, the amounts required by s. 299.93 for the environmental assessment,
2	the amounts required under s. 29.9965 for the wild animal protection assessment,
3	the amounts required under s. 29.997 (1) (d) for the natural resources assessment
4	surcharge, the amounts required by s. 29.9967 for the fishing shelter removal
5	assessment, the amounts required by s. 350.115 for the snowmobile registration
6	restitution payment and the amounts required under s. 29.998 (1) (d) for the natural
7	resources restitution payments. The payments shall be made by the 15th day of the
8	month following receipt thereof.
9	SECTION 4. 66.119 (1) (b) 7. c. of the statutes is amended to read:
10	66.119 (1) (b) 7. c. That if the alleged violator makes a cash deposit and does
11	not appear in court, he or she either will be deemed to have tendered a plea of no
12	contest and submitted to a forfeiture, a penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, a
13	jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable emergency medical services
14	surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment
15	imposed by s. $973.055(1)$ not to exceed the amount of the deposit or will be summoned
16	into court to answer the complaint if the court does not accept the plea of no contest.
17	SECTION 5. 66.119 (1) (b) 7. d. of the statutes is amended to read:
18	66.119 (1) (b) 7. d. That if the alleged violator does not make a cash deposit and
19	does not appear in court at the time specified, the court may issue a summons or a
20	warrant for the defendant's arrest or consider the nonappearance to be a plea of no
21	contest and enter judgment under sub. (3) (d), or the municipality may commence an
22	action against the alleged violator to collect the forfeiture, the penalty assessment
23	imposed by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable
24	emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2) and any applicable
25	domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. $973.055(1)$.

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1	SECTION 6. 66.119 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	66.119 (1) (c) An ordinance adopted under par. (a) shall contain a schedule of
3	cash deposits that are to be required for the various ordinance violations, and for the
4	penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46
5	(1), any applicable emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2)
6	and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. $973.055(1)$, for which
7	a citation may be issued. The ordinance shall also specify the court, clerk of court
8	or other official to whom cash deposits are to be made and shall require that receipts
9	be given for cash deposits.
10	SECTION 7. 66.119 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	66.119(3)(a) The person named as the alleged violator in a citation may appear
12	in court at the time specified in the citation or may mail or deliver personally a cash
13	deposit in the amount, within the time and to the court, clerk of court or other official
14	specified in the citation. If a person makes a cash deposit, the person may
15	nevertheless appear in court at the time specified in the citation, provided that the
16	cash deposit may be retained for application against any forfeiture, restitution,
17	penalty assessment, jail assessment <u>, emergency medical services surcharge</u> or

18 domestic abuse assessment that may be imposed.

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SECTION 8. 66.119 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.119 (3) (b) If a person appears in court in response to a citation, the citation may be used as the initial pleading, unless the court directs that a formal complaint be made, and the appearance confers personal jurisdiction over the person. The person may plead guilty, no contest or not guilty. If the person pleads guilty or no contest, the court shall accept the plea, enter a judgment of guilty and impose a forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed

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1	by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s.
2	$\underline{345.15}(2)$ and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1).
3	If the court finds that the violation meets the conditions in s. $800.093(1)$, the court
4	may order restitution under s. 800.093. A plea of not guilty shall put all matters in
5	the case at issue, and the matter shall be set for trial.
6	SECTION 9. 66.119 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	66.119 (3) (c) If the alleged violator makes a cash deposit and fails to appear
8	in court, the citation may serve as the initial pleading and the violator shall be
9	considered to have tendered a plea of no contest and submitted to a forfeiture, the
10	penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46
11	(1), any applicable emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2)
12	and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) not
13	exceeding the amount of the deposit. The court may either accept the plea of no
14	contest and enter judgment accordingly or reject the plea. If the court finds the
15	violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the alleged
16	violator into court to determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 800.093. If
17	the court accepts the plea of no contest, the defendant may move within 10 days after
18	the date set for the appearance to withdraw the plea of no contest, open the judgment
19	and enter a plea of not guilty if the defendant shows to the satisfaction of the court
20	that the failure to appear was due to mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable
21	neglect. If the plea of no contest is accepted and not subsequently changed to a plea
22	of not guilty, no costs or fees may be taxed against the violator, but a penalty
23	assessment, a jail assessment and, if applicable, an emergency medical services
24	surcharge or a domestic abuse assessment shall be assessed. If the court rejects the
25	plea of no contest, an action for collection of the forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail

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assessment and any applicable <u>emergency medical services surcharge or</u> domestic
abuse assessment may be commenced. A city, village, town sanitary district or public
inland lake protection and rehabilitation district may commence action under s.
66.12 (1) and a county or town may commence action under s. 778.10. The citation
may be used as the complaint in the action for the collection of the forfeiture, penalty
assessment, jail assessment and any applicable <u>emergency medical services</u>
surcharge or domestic abuse assessment.

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SECTION 10. 66.119 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 66.119 (3) (d) If the alleged violator does not make a cash deposit and fails to 10 appear in court at the time specified in the citation, the court may issue a summons 11 or warrant for the defendant's arrest or consider the nonappearance to be a plea of 12no contest and enter judgment accordingly if service was completed as provided 13 under par. (e) or the county, town, city, village, town sanitary district or public inland 14lake protection and rehabilitation district may commence an action for collection of 15the forfeiture, penalty assessment and jail assessment and any applicable emergency medical services surcharge or domestic abuse assessment. A city, village, 16 17town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district may 18 commence action under s. 66.12 (1) and a county or town may commence action under s. 778.10. The citation may be used as the complaint in the action for the collection 19 20 of the forfeiture, penalty assessment and jail assessment and any applicable 21emergency medical services surcharge or domestic abuse assessment. If the court 22considers the nonappearance to be a plea of no contest and enters judgment 23accordingly, the court shall promptly mail a copy or notice of the judgment to the 24defendant. The judgment shall allow the defendant not less than 20 days from the date of the judgment to pay any forfeiture, penalty assessment and jail assessment 25

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and any applicable <u>emergency medical services surcharge or</u> domestic abuse assessment imposed. If the defendant moves to open the judgment within 6 months after the court appearance date fixed in the citation, and shows to the satisfaction of the court that the failure to appear was due to mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect, the court shall reopen the judgment, accept a not guilty plea and set a trial date.

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SECTION 11. 66.12 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 66.12 (1) (b) Local ordinances, except as provided in this paragraph or ss. 9 345.20 to 345.53, may contain a provision for stipulation of guilt or no contest of any 10 or all violations under those ordinances, and may designate the manner in which the 11 stipulation is to be made and fix the penalty to be paid. When a person charged with 12a violation for which stipulation of guilt or no contest is authorized makes a timely 13 stipulation and pays the required penalty and pays the penalty assessment imposed 14by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2) and any applicable domestic 15abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) to the designated official, the person 16 17need not appear in court and no witness fees or other additional costs may be taxed 18 unless the local ordinance so provides. A court appearance is required for a violation 19 of a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1). The official receiving the 20 penalties shall remit all moneys collected to the treasurer of the city, village, town 21sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district in whose 22behalf the sum was paid, except that all jail assessments shall be remitted to the 23county treasurer, within 20 days after its receipt by him or her; and in case of any $\mathbf{24}$ failure in the payment, the treasurer may collect the payment of the officer by action, in the name of the office, and upon the official bond of the officer, with interest at the 25

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rate of 12% per year from the time when it should have been paid. In the case of the 1 2 penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the driver improvement surcharge 3 imposed by s. 346.655 (1), the emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 4 345.15 (2) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1), $\mathbf{5}$ the treasurer of the city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake 6 protection and rehabilitation district shall remit to the state treasurer the sum 7 required by law to be paid on the actions so entered during the preceding month on 8 or before the first day of the next succeeding month. The governing body of the city, 9 village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation 10 district shall by ordinance designate the official to receive the penalties and the 11 terms under which the official shall qualify.

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SECTION 12. 146.58 (9) of the statutes is created to read:

13 146.58 (9) (a) From the appropriation under s. 20.435 (1) (gt), annually 14distribute funds for ambulance service vehicles or vehicle equipment, emergency 15medical services supplies or equipment or emergency medical training for personnel to an ambulance service provider that is a public agency, a volunteer fire department 16 17or a nonprofit corporation, under a funding formula consisting of an identical base 18 amount for each ambulance service provider plus a supplemental amount based on the population of the ambulance service provider's primary service or contract area, 19 20 as established under s. 146.50 (5) (a). If a public agency has contracted for ambulance 21service with an ambulance service provider that operates for profit, the emergency 22medical services board shall distribute funds under this paragraph to the public 23agency.

(b) Distribute funds under par. (a) only as a supplement to existing, budgeted
moneys of or provided to an ambulance service provider. The funds under par. (a)

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may not be used to replace, decrease or release for alternative purposes the existing. 1 2 budgeted moneys of or provided to the ambulance service provider. In order to ensure 3 compliance with this paragraph, the emergency medical services board shall require 4 a financial report of expenditures under this subsection from an ambulance service 5 provider and may require a financial report of expenditures under this subsection 6 from an owner or operator of an ambulance service or a public agency, volunteer fire 7 department or a nonprofit corporation with which an ambulance service provider has 8 contracted to provide ambulance services.

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SECTION 13. 345.15 of the statutes is created to read:

345.15 Emergency medical services surcharge. (1) All moneys collected
 from emergency medical services surcharges under this section shall be deposited in
 s. 20.435 (1) (gt) and utilized in accordance with s. 146.58 (9).

- (2) (a) Whenever a court imposes a fine or forfeiture for a violation of any state traffic law or ordinance enacted in accordance with s. 349.06, except for a violation of any state or local law involving a nonmoving traffic violation or a safety belt use violation under s. 347.48 (2m), there shall be imposed in addition an emergency medical services surcharge of \$5. If multiple offenses are involved, the court shall impose an emergency medical services surcharge upon each fine or forfeiture imposed.
- (b) If a fine or forfeiture is imposed by a court of record, after a determination
 by the court of the amount due, the clerk of the court shall collect and transmit such
 amount to the county treasurer as provided in s. 59.40 (2) (m). The county treasurer
 shall then make payment to the state treasurer as provided in s. 59.25 (3) (f) 2.

(c) If a fine or forfeiture is imposed by a municipal court, after a determination
by the court of the amount due, the court shall collect and transmit such amount to

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the treasurer of the county, city, town or village, and that treasurer shall make
 payment to the state treasurer as provided in s. 66.12 (1) (b).

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SECTION 14. 345.26 (1) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

4 345.26 (1) (b) 1. If the person makes a deposit for a violation of a traffic 5 regulation, the person need not appear in court at the time fixed in the citation, and 6 the person will be deemed to have tendered a plea of no contest and submitted to a 7 forfeiture and a penalty assessment, if required by s. 165.87, and a jail assessment, 8 if required by s. 302.46 (1), and an emergency medical services surcharge, if required 9 by s. 345.15 (2), plus any applicable fees prescribed in ch. 814, not to exceed the 10 amount of the deposit that the court may accept as provided in s. 345.37; and

SECTION 15. 345.26 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

345.26 (2) (b) In addition to the amount in par. (a), the deposit shall include
court costs, including any applicable fees prescribed in ch. 814, any applicable
penalty assessment, any applicable emergency medical services surcharge and any
applicable jail assessment.

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SECTION 16. 345.36 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

17345.36(2) (b) Deem the nonappearance a plea of no contest and enter judgment 18 accordingly. If the defendant has posted bond for appearance at that date, the court 19 may also order the bond forfeited. The court shall promptly mail a copy of the 20 judgment to the defendant. The judgment shall allow not less than 20 days from the 21date thereof for payment of any forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment, 22 emergency medical services surcharge and costs imposed. If the defendant moves 23to open the judgment within 20 days after the date set for trial, and shows to the 24satisfaction of the court that the failure to appear was due to mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect, the court shall open the judgment, reinstate the not 25

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guilty plea and set a new trial date. The court may impose costs under s. 814.07. The
 court shall immediately notify the department to delete the record of conviction
 based upon the original judgment.

4 **SECTION 17.** 345.37 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 345.37 (1) (b) Deem the nonappearance a plea of no contest and enter judgment 6 accordingly. If the defendant has posted bond for appearance at that date, the court 7 may also order the bond forfeited. The court shall promptly mail a copy or notice of the judgment to the defendant. The judgment shall allow not less than 20 days from 8 9 the date thereof for payment of any forfeiture, penalty assessment, emergency 10 medical services surcharge and costs imposed. If the defendant moves to open the 11 judgment within 6 months after the court appearance date fixed in the citation, and 12shows to the satisfaction of the court that the failure to appear was due to mistake. 13inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect, the court shall open the judgment, 14accept a not guilty plea and set a trial date. The court may impose costs under s. 15814.07. The court shall immediately notify the department to delete the record of conviction based upon the original judgment. If the offense involved is a nonmoving 16 17traffic violation and the defendant is subject to s. 345.28 (5) (c), a default judgment may be entered and opened as provided in s. 345.28 (5) (c). 18

19 SECTION 18. 345.37 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

345.37 (2) If the defendant has made a deposit under s. 345.26, the citation may
serve as the initial pleading and the defendant shall be deemed to have tendered a
plea of no contest and submitted to a forfeiture and a penalty assessment, if required
by s. 165.87, and a jail assessment, if required by s. 302.46 (1), and an emergency
medical services surcharge, if required by s. 345.15 (2), plus costs, including any
applicable fees prescribed in ch. 814, not exceeding the amount of the deposit. The

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court may either accept the plea of no contest and enter judgment accordingly, or 1 $\mathbf{2}$ reject the plea and issue a summons under ch. 968. If the defendant fails to appear 3 in response to the summons, the court shall issue a warrant under ch. 968. If the court accepts the plea of no contest, the defendant may move within 6 months after 4 $\mathbf{5}$ the date set for the appearance to withdraw the plea of no contest, open the judgment 6 and enter a plea of not guilty upon a showing to the satisfaction of the court that the 7 failure to appear was due to mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect. 8 If on reopening the defendant is found not guilty, the court shall immediately notify 9 the department to delete the record of conviction based on the original proceeding 10 and shall order the defendant's deposit returned.

11

SECTION 19. 345.37 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 345.37 (5) Within 5 working days after forfeiture of deposit or entry of default 13 judgment, the official receiving the forfeiture, the penalty assessment, if required by 14 s. 165.87, and the jail assessment, if required by s. 302.46 (1), and the emergency 15 medical services surcharge, if required by s. 345.15 (2), shall forward to the 16 department a certification of the entry of default judgment or a judgment of 17 forfeiture.

18 **SECTION 20.** 345.375 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

345.375 (2) Upon default of the defendant corporation or limited liability
company or upon conviction, judgment for the amount of the forfeiture, the penalty
assessment, if required under s. 165.87, and the jail assessment, if required by s.
302.46 (1), and the emergency medical services surcharge, if required by s. 345.15 (2),
shall be entered.

24 **SECTION 21.** 345.47 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

(title) Judgment of forfeitures and, assessments and 1 345.47 $\mathbf{2}$ surcharges. 3 **SECTION 22.** 345.47 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 345.47 (1) (intro.) If the defendant is found guilty, the court may enter $\mathbf{5}$ judgment against the defendant for a monetary amount not to exceed the maximum 6 forfeiture, penalty assessment, if required by s. 165.87, and the jail assessment, if 7 required by s. 302.46 (1), and emergency medical services surcharge, if required by s. 345.15 (2), provided for the violation and for costs under s. 345.53 and, in addition, 8 9 may suspend or revoke his or her operating privilege under s. 343.30. If the judgment 10 is not paid, the court shall order: 11 **SECTION 23.** 345.47 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 12345.47 (1) (b) In lieu of imprisonment and in addition to any other suspension 13or revocation, that the defendant's operating privilege be suspended for 30 days or 14until the person pays the forfeiture, the penalty assessment, if required by s. 165.87, 15and the jail assessment, if required by s. 302.46 (1), and the emergency medical services surcharge, if required by s. 345.15 (2), but not to exceed 5 years. Suspension 16 17under this paragraph shall not affect the power of the court to suspend or revoke 18 under s. 343.30 or the power of the secretary to suspend or revoke the operating privilege. 19 20**SECTION 24.** 345.47 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

345.47 (1) (c) If a court or judge suspends an operating privilege under this
section, the court or judge shall immediately take possession of the suspended license
and shall forward it to the department together with the notice of suspension, which
shall clearly state that the suspension was for failure to pay a forfeiture, a penalty
assessment, if required by s. 165.87, and a jail assessment, if required by s. 302.46

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1	(1), and an emergency medical services surcharge, if required by s. 345.15 (2),
2	imposed by the court. The notice of suspension and the suspended license, if it is
3	available, shall be forwarded to the department within 48 hours after the order of
4	suspension. If the forfeiture, penalty assessment and, jail assessment and
5	emergency medical services surcharge are paid during a period of suspension, the
6	court or judge shall immediately notify the department. Upon receipt of the notice
7	and payment of the reinstatement fee under s. 343.21 (1) (j), the department shall
8	return the surrendered license.
9	SECTION 25. 345.47 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	345.47 (2) The payment of any judgment may be suspended or deferred for not
11	more than 60 days in the discretion of the court. In cases where a deposit has been
12	made, any forfeitures, penalty assessments, jail assessments, emergency medical
13	services surcharges and costs shall be taken out of the deposit and the balance, if any,
14	returned to the defendant.
15	SECTION 26. 345.47 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	345.47 (3) When a defendant is imprisoned for nonpayment of a forfeiture, a
17	penalty assessment or, a jail assessment <u>or an emergency medical services surcharge</u>
18	for an action brought by a municipality located in more than one county, any
19	commitment to a county institution shall be to the county in which the action was
20	tried.
21	SECTION 27. 345.49 of the statutes is amended to read:
22	345.49 (title) Procedure on imprisonment; nonpayment of forfeiture or,
23	assessments or surcharges. (1) Any person imprisoned under s. 345.47 for
24	nonpayment of a forfeiture, a penalty assessment, if required by s. 165.87, or a jail
25	assessment, if required by s. 302.46 (1), or an emergency medical services surcharge,

<u>if required by s. 345.15 (2)</u>, may, on request, be allowed to work under s. 303.08. If
the person does work, earnings shall be applied on the unpaid forfeiture, penalty
assessment or, jail assessment <u>or emergency medical services surcharge</u> after
payment of personal board and expenses and support of personal dependents to the
extent directed by the court.

6 (2) Any person who is subject to imprisonment under s. 345.47 for nonpayment 7 of a forfeiture, penalty assessment or, jail assessment or emergency medical services surcharge may be placed on probation to some person satisfactory to the court for not 8 9 more than 90 days or until the forfeiture, penalty assessment or , jail assessment or 10 emergency medical services surcharge is paid if that is done before expiration of the 11 90-day period. The payment of the forfeiture, penalty assessment or, jail assessment 12or emergency medical services surcharge during that period shall be a condition of 13the probation. If the forfeiture, penalty assessment or, jail assessment or emergency 14medical services surcharge is not paid or the court deems that the interests of justice 15require, probation may be terminated and the defendant imprisoned as provided in sub. (1) or s. 345.47. 16

17

SECTION 28. 345.61 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

18 345.61 (2) (c) "Guaranteed arrest bond certificate" as used in this section means 19 any printed card or other certificate issued by an automobile club, association or 20insurance company to any of its members or insureds, which card or certificate is 21signed by the member or insureds and contains a printed statement that the 22automobile club, association or insurance company and a surety company, or an 23insurance company authorized to transact both automobile liability insurance and $\mathbf{24}$ surety business, guarantee the appearance of the persons whose signature appears on the card or certificate and that they will in the event of failure of the person to 25

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appear in court at the time of trial, pay any fine or forfeiture imposed on the person, 1 2 including the penalty assessment required by s. 165.87 and, the jail assessment 3 required by s. 302.46 (1), and the emergency medical services surcharge required by 4 s. 345.15 (2) in an amount not exceeding \$200, or \$1,000 as provided in sub. (1) (b). 5 **SECTION 29.** 346.655 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 6 346.655 (1) On or after July 1, 1988, if If a court imposes a fine or a forfeiture 7 for a violation of s. 346.63 (1) or (5), or a local ordinance in conformity therewith, or s. 346.63 (2) or (6) or 940.25, or s. 940.09 where the offense involved the use of a 8 9 vehicle, it shall impose a driver improvement surcharge in an amount of \$300 in 10 addition to the fine or forfeiture, penalty assessment and, jail assessment and 11 emergency medical services surcharge. 12**SECTION 30.** 778.02 of the statutes is amended to read: 13 778.02 Action in name of state; complaint; attachment. Every such 14forfeiture action shall be in the name of the state of Wisconsin, and it is sufficient to 15allege in the complaint that the defendant is indebted to the plaintiff in the amount 16 of the forfeiture claimed, according to the provisions of the statute that imposes it. 17specifying the statute and for the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the jail 18 assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment 19 20 imposed by s. 973.055 (1). If the statute imposes a forfeiture for several offenses or

delinquencies the complaint shall specify the particular offense or delinquency for
which the action is brought, with a demand for judgment for the amount of the
forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment and any applicable <u>emergency</u>
<u>medical services surcharge or</u> domestic abuse assessment. If the defendant is a
nonresident of the state, an attachment may issue.

SECTION 31. 778.03 of the statutes is amended to read: 1 2 778.03 Complaint to recover forfeited goods. In an action to recover 3 property forfeited by any statute it shall be sufficient to allege in the complaint that 4 the property has been forfeited, specifying the statute, with a demand of judgment 5 for the delivery of the property, or the value thereof and for payment of the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any 6 7 applicable emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1). 8 9 **SECTION 32.** 778.06 of the statutes is amended to read: 10 778.06 Action for what sum. When a forfeiture is imposed, not exceeding a 11 specific sum or when it is not less than one sum or more than another, the action may 12be brought for the highest sum specified and for the penalty assessment imposed by 13s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable emergency

14 medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2) and any applicable domestic 15 abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1); and judgment may be rendered for such 16 sum as the court or jury shall assess or determine to be proportionate to the offense. 17 SECTION 33. 778.10 of the statutes is amended to read:

18 778.10 Municipal forfeitures, how recovered. All forfeitures imposed by 19 any ordinance or regulation of any county, town, city or village, or of any other 20domestic corporation may be sued for and recovered, under this chapter, in the name 21of the county, town, city, village or corporation. It is sufficient to allege in the 22complaint that the defendant is indebted to the plaintiff in the amount of the 23forfeiture claimed, specifying the ordinance or regulation that imposes it and of the $\mathbf{24}$ penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2) 25

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and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1). If the 1 2 ordinance or regulation imposes a penalty or forfeiture for several offenses or 3 delinquencies the complaint shall specify the particular offenses or delinquency for 4 which the action is brought, with a demand for judgment for the amount of the $\mathbf{5}$ forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 6 7 345.15 (2) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1). 8 All moneys collected on the judgment shall be paid to the treasurer of the county, 9 town, city, village or corporation, except that all jail assessments shall be paid to the 10 county treasurer.

11

SECTION 34. 778.105 of the statutes is amended to read:

12 **778.105 Disposition of forfeitures.** Revenues from forfeitures imposed by 13 any court or any branch thereof for the violation of any municipal or county 14 ordinance shall be paid to the municipality or county. Penalty assessment payments 15 shall be made as provided in s. 165.87. Jail assessment payments shall be made as 16 provided in s. 302.46 (1). Domestic abuse assessments shall be made as provided in 17 s. 973.055. Emergency medical services surcharges shall be made as provided in s. 18 345.15.

19

SECTION 35. 778.13 of the statutes is amended to read:

20 778.13 Forfeitures collected, to whom paid. All moneys collected in favor 21 of the state for forfeiture, except the portion to be paid to any person who sues with 22 the state, shall be paid by the officer who collects the forfeiture to the treasurer of the 23 county within which the forfeiture was incurred within 20 days after its receipt. In 24 case of any failure in the payment the county treasurer may collect the payment of 25 the officer by action, in the name of the office and upon the official bond of the officer,

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with interest at the rate of 12% per year from the time when it should have been paid.
Penalty assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 165.87. Jail
assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 302.46 (1). Domestic abuse
assessments shall be made as provided in s. 973.055. <u>Emergency medical services</u>
surcharge shall be made as provided in s. 345.15.

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6

SECTION 36. 778.18 of the statutes is amended to read:

7 778.18 Penalty upon municipal judge. If any municipal judge, of his or her 8 own will, dismisses any action brought before the judge under this chapter, unless 9 by order of the district attorney or attorney general or the person joined as plaintiff 10 with the state, or renders a less judgment therein than is prescribed by law, or 11 releases or discharges any such judgment or part thereof without payment or 12collection, the judge and the judge's sureties shall be liable, in an action upon the 13judge's bond, for the full amount of the forfeitures imposed by law or of the forfeiture 14imposed by the judge and for the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the jail 15assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment 16 17imposed by s. 973.055 (1), or for an amount equal to the amount in which any such 18 judgment or any part thereof is released or discharged. If any municipal judge gives 19 time or delay to any person against whom any such judgment is rendered by the 20judge, or takes any bond or security for its future payment, the judge and the judge's 21sureties shall also be liable for the payment of the judgment upon the judge's bond. 22**SECTION 37.** 800.02 (2) (a) 8. of the statutes is amended to read:

800.02 (2) (a) 8. Notice that if the defendant makes a deposit and fails to appear
in court at the time fixed in the citation, the defendant is deemed to have tendered
a plea of no contest and submits to a forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment

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and any applicable <u>emergency medical services surcharge or</u> domestic abuse
 assessment plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), not to exceed the
 amount of the deposit. The notice shall also state that the court may decide to
 summon the defendant rather than accept the deposit and plea.

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5 SECTION 38. 800.02 (3) (a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

6 800.02 (3) (a) 5. A plain and concise statement of the violation identifying the 7 event or occurrence from which the violation arose and showing that the plaintiff is 8 entitled to relief, the ordinance, resolution or bylaw upon which the cause of action 9 is based and a demand for a forfeiture, the amount of which shall not exceed the 10 maximum set by the statute involved, the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, 11 any applicable <u>emergency medical services surcharge or</u> domestic abuse assessment 12 and such other relief that is sought by the plaintiff.

13 **SECTION 39.** 800.03 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 800.03 (3) The amount of the deposit shall be set by the municipal judge, but 15shall not be effective until approved by the governing body of the municipality. The 16 amount shall not exceed the maximum penalty for the offense, including any penalty 17assessment that would be applicable under s. 165.87, any jail assessment that would be applicable under s. 302.46 (1), any emergency medical services surcharge that 18 would be applicable under s. 345.15 (2) and any domestic abuse assessment that 19 20 would be applicable under s. 973.055 (1), plus court costs, including the fee 21prescribed in s. 814.65 (1).

22

SECTION 40. 800.04 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.04 (2) (c) If the defendant has made a deposit under par. (b) or s. 800.03
and does not appear, he or she is deemed to have tendered a plea of no contest and
submits to a forfeiture, a penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, a jail assessment

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imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable emergency medical services surcharge 1 $\mathbf{2}$ imposed by s. 345.15 (2) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by 3 s. 973.055 (1) plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), not exceeding 4 the amount of the deposit. The court may either accept the plea of no contest and 5 enter judgment accordingly, or reject the plea and issue a summons. If the court finds 6 that the violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the 7 alleged violator into court to determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 8 800.093. If the defendant fails to appear in response to the summons, the court shall 9 issue a warrant under s. 968.09. If the defendant has made a deposit but does appear, 10 the court shall allow the defendant to withdraw the plea of no contest. 11 **SECTION 41.** 800.09 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 12800.09 (1) JUDGMENT. If a municipal court finds a defendant guilty it may 13render judgment by ordering restitution under s. 800.093 and payment of a 14forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), any applicable emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 15345.15 (2) and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) 16 17plus costs of prosecution, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1). The court shall 18 apply any payment received on a judgment that includes restitution to first satisfy 19 any payment of restitution ordered, then to pay the forfeiture, assessments and, if applicable, emergency medical <u>services surcharge</u>, and costs. If the judgment is not 2021paid, the court may proceed under par. (a), (b) or (c) or any combination of those 22paragraphs, as follows:

(a) The court may defer payment of any judgment or provide for instalment
payments. At the time the judgment is rendered, the court shall inform the
defendant, orally and in writing, of the date by which restitution and the payment

of the forfeiture, the penalty assessment, the jail assessment and any applicable 1 2 emergency medical services surcharge or domestic abuse assessment plus costs must 3 be made, and of the possible consequences of failure to do so in timely fashion, 4 including imprisonment, as provided in s. 800.095, or suspension of the defendant's $\mathbf{5}$ motor vehicle operating privilege, as provided in par. (c), if applicable. If the 6 defendant is not present, the court shall ensure that the information is sent to the 7 defendant by mail. In 1st class cities, all of the written information required by this 8 paragraph shall be printed in English and Spanish and provided to each defendant.

9 (b) If the defendant agrees to perform community service work in lieu of making 10 restitution or paying the forfeiture, assessments, surcharge and costs, or both, the 11 court may order that the defendant perform community service work for a public 12agency or a nonprofit charitable organization that is designated by the court. 13 Community service work may be in lieu of restitution only if also agreed to by the 14public agency or nonprofit charitable organization and by the person to whom 15restitution is owed. The court may utilize any available resources, including any community service work program, in ordering the defendant to perform community 16 17service work. The number of hours of community service work required may not exceed the number determined by dividing the amount owed on the forfeiture by the 18 19 minimum wage established under ch. 104 for adults in nonagriculture, nontipped 20 employment. The court shall ensure that the defendant is provided a written 21statement of the terms of the community service order and that the community 22 service order is monitored.

(c) The court may suspend the defendant's operating privilege, as defined in s.
340.01 (40), until restitution is made and the forfeiture, assessments, surcharge and
costs are paid, if the defendant has not done so within 60 days after the date the

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restitution or payments or both are to be made under par. (a) and has not notified the
court that he or she is unable to comply with the judgment, as provided under s.
800.095 (4) (a), except that the suspension period may not exceed 5 years. The court
shall take possession of the suspended license and shall forward the license, along
with a notice of the suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for failure to
comply with a judgment of the court, to the department of transportation.

7

SECTION 42. 800.09 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 800.09 (2) (b) If the person charged fails to appear personally or by an attorney 9 at the time fixed for hearing of the case, the defendant may be deemed to have 10 entered a plea of no contest and the money deposited, if any, or such portion thereof 11 as the court determines to be an adequate penalty, plus the penalty assessment, the 12jail assessment and any applicable emergency medical services surcharge or 13domestic abuse assessment plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), 14may be declared forfeited by the court or may be ordered applied upon the payment 15of any penalty which may be imposed, together with the penalty assessment, the jail assessment and any applicable emergency medical services surcharge or domestic 16 17abuse assessment plus costs. If the court finds that the violation meets the 18 conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the alleged violator into court to 19 determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 800.093. Any money remaining 20after payment of any penalties, assessments, surcharge, costs and restitution shall 21be refunded to the person who made the deposit.

22

SECTION 43. 800.095 (4) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

800.095 (4) (b) 1. That the defendant be imprisoned until the forfeiture,
assessments, surcharge surcharges and costs are paid, except that the defendant
reduces the amount owed at a rate of at least \$25 for each day of imprisonment,

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including imprisonment following an arrest but prior to the findings under this
 subsection, and the maximum period of imprisonment is 90 days.

3

SECTION 44. 800.10 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 800.10 (2) All forfeitures, fees, penalty assessments, domestic abuse $\mathbf{5}$ assessments, emergency medical services surcharges and costs paid to a municipal 6 court under a judgment before a municipal judge shall be paid to the municipal 7 treasurer within 7 days after receipt of the money by a municipal judge or other court 8 personnel. At the time of the payment, the municipal judge shall report to the 9 municipal treasurer the title of the action, the offense for which a forfeiture was 10 imposed and the total amount of the forfeiture, fees, penalty assessments, domestic 11 abuse assessments, emergency medical services surcharges and costs, if any. The 12treasurer shall disburse the fees as provided in s. 814.65 (1). All jail assessments 13 paid to a municipal court under a judgment before a municipal judge shall be paid 14to the county treasurer within 7 days after receipt of the money by a municipal judge 15or other court personnel.

16

SECTION 45. 800.12 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 800.12 (2) A municipality may by ordinance provide that a municipal judge
18 may impose a forfeiture for contempt under sub. (1) in an amount not to exceed \$50
19 or, upon nonpayment of the forfeiture, penalty assessment under s. 165.87 and jail
20 assessment under s. 302.46, any applicable emergency medical services surcharge
21 <u>under s. 345.15 (2)</u> and any applicable domestic abuse assessment under s. 973.055
22 (1), a jail sentence not to exceed 7 days.

23 SECTION 46. 814.60 (2) (cg) of the statutes is created to read:

24 814.60 (2) (cg) Emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2);

25 SECTION 47. 814.63 (3) (bg) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	814.63 (3) (bg) Emergency medical services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2).
2	SECTION 48. 938.237 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
3	938.237 (2) The procedures for issuance and filing of a citation, and for
4	for feitures, stipulations and deposits in ss. 23.50 to 23.67, 23.75 (3) and $(4),$ 66.119,
5	778.25, 778.26 and 800.01 to 800.04 except s. 800.04 (2) (b), when the citation is
6	issued by a law enforcement officer, shall be used as appropriate, except that this
7	chapter shall govern taking and holding a juvenile in custody, s. 938.37 shall govern
8	costs, penalty assessments and, jail assessments and emergency medical services
9	surcharges, and a capias shall be substituted for an arrest warrant. Sections 66.119
10	(3) (c) and (d), 66.12 (1) and 778.10 as they relate to collection of forfeitures do not
11	apply.
12	SECTION 49. 938.37 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	938.37 (1) A court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch.
14	48 may not assess costs or, assessments <u>or surcharges</u> against a juvenile under 14
15	years of age but may assess costs against a juvenile 14 years of age or older.
16	SECTION 50. 938.37 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	938.37 (3) Notwithstanding sub. (1), courts of civil and criminal jurisdiction
18	exercising jurisdiction under s. 938.17 may assess the same costs, penalty
19	assessments and, jail assessments and emergency medical services surcharges
20	against juveniles as they may assess against adults, except that witness fees may not
21	be charged to the juvenile.
22	SECTION 51. 973.05 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	973.05 (1) When a defendant is sentenced to pay a fine, the court may grant
24	permission for the payment of the fine, of the penalty assessment imposed by s.

25 165.87, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime victim and witness

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assistance surcharge under s. 973.045, any applicable deoxyribonucleic acid analysis 1 2 surcharge under s. 973.046, any applicable drug abuse program improvement 3 surcharge imposed by s. 961.41 (5), any applicable domestic abuse assessment 4 imposed by s. 971.37 (1m) (c) 1. or 973.055, any applicable emergency medical $\mathbf{5}$ services surcharge imposed by s. 345.15 (2), any applicable driver improvement 6 surcharge imposed by s. 346.655, any applicable weapons assessment imposed by s. 7 167.31, any applicable uninsured employer assessment imposed by s. 102.85 (4), any 8 applicable environmental assessment imposed by s. 299.93, any applicable wild 9 animal protection assessment imposed by s. 29.9965, any applicable natural 10 resources assessment imposed by s. 29.997 and any applicable natural resources 11 restitution payment imposed by s. 29.998 to be made within a period not to exceed 12120 days. If no such permission is embodied in the sentence, the fine, the penalty 13 assessment, the jail assessment, the crime victim and witness assistance surcharge, 14any applicable deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharge, any applicable drug abuse 15program improvement surcharge, any applicable domestic abuse assessment, any applicable emergency medical services surcharge, any applicable driver 16 17improvement surcharge, any applicable weapons assessment, any applicable 18 uninsured employer assessment, any applicable environmental assessment, any 19 applicable wild animal protection assessment, any applicable natural resources 20 assessment and any applicable natural resources restitution payment shall be 21payable immediately.

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22

SECTION 52. 973.05 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.05 (2) When a defendant is sentenced to pay a fine and is also placed on
probation, the court may make the payment of the fine, the penalty assessment, the
jail assessment, the crime victim and witness assistance surcharge, any applicable

deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharge, any applicable drug abuse program 1 $\mathbf{2}$ improvement surcharge, any applicable domestic abuse assessment, any applicable 3 uninsured employer assessment, any applicable emergency medical services surcharge, any applicable driver improvement surcharge, any applicable weapons 4 5 assessment, any applicable environmental assessment, any applicable wild animal 6 protection assessment, any applicable natural resources assessment and any 7 applicable natural resources restitution payments a condition of probation. When 8 the payments are made a condition of probation by the court, payments thereon shall 9 be applied first to payment of the penalty assessment until paid in full, shall then 10 be applied to the payment of the jail assessment until paid in full, shall then be 11 applied to the payment of part A of the crime victim and witness assistance surcharge 12until paid in full, shall then be applied to part B of the crime victim and witness 13assistance surcharge until paid in full, shall then be applied to the deoxyribonucleic 14 acid analysis surcharge until paid in full, shall then be applied to the drug abuse 15improvement surcharge until paid in full, shall then be applied to payment of the 16 emergency medical services surcharge until paid in full, shall then be applied to 17payment of the driver improvement surcharge until paid in full, shall then be applied 18 to payment of the domestic abuse assessment until paid in full, shall then be applied 19 to payment of the natural resources assessment if applicable until paid in full, shall 20then be applied to payment of the natural resources restitution payment until paid 21in full, shall then be applied to the payment of the environmental assessment if 22applicable until paid in full, shall then be applied to the payment of the wild animal 23protection assessment if applicable until paid in full, shall then be applied to $\mathbf{24}$ payment of the weapons assessment until paid in full, shall then be applied to

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payment of the uninsured employer assessment until paid in full and shall then be
 applied to payment of the fine.

3

SECTION 53. 973.05 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 973.05 (3) (a) In lieu of part or all of a fine imposed by a court, the court may $\mathbf{5}$ stay the execution of part or all of the sentence and provide that the defendant 6 perform community service work under pars. (b) and (c). The amount of the fine 7 actually paid, if any, shall be used to determine any applicable assessment or 8 surcharge under sub. (1), except that any applicable driver improvement surcharge 9 under s. 346.655, any applicable emergency medical services surcharge or any 10 domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 shall be imposed regardless of 11 whether part or all of the sentence has been stayed. If the defendant fails to comply 12with the community service order, the court shall order the defendant brought before 13 the court for imposition of sentence. If the defendant complies with the community 14service order, he or she has satisfied that portion of the sentence.

15

SECTION 54. 973.07 of the statutes is amended to read:

16 973.07 Failure to pay fine or costs or to comply with certain 17**community service work.** If the fine, costs, penalty assessment, jail assessment, 18 crime victim and witness assistance surcharge, applicable deoxyribonucleic acid 19 analysis surcharge, applicable drug abuse program improvement surcharge, 20 applicable domestic abuse assessment, applicable emergency medical services 21surcharge, applicable driver improvement surcharge, applicable weapons 22assessment, applicable uninsured employer assessment, applicable environmental 23assessment, applicable wild animal protection assessment, applicable natural 24resources assessment and applicable natural resources restitution payments are not paid or community service work under s. 943.017 (3) is not completed as required by 25

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the sentence, the defendant may be committed to the county jail until the fine, costs, 1 $\mathbf{2}$ penalty assessment, jail assessment, crime victim and witness assistance surcharge, 3 applicable deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharge, applicable drug abuse program 4 improvement surcharge, applicable domestic abuse assessment, applicable $\mathbf{5}$ emergency medical services surcharge, applicable driver improvement surcharge, 6 applicable weapons assessment, applicable uninsured employer assessment, 7 environmental assessment, applicable wild animal protection applicable assessment, applicable natural resources assessment or applicable natural 8 9 resources restitution payments are paid or discharged, or the community service work under s. 943.017 (3) is completed, for a period fixed by the court not to exceed 10 11 6 months.

12

SECTION 55. Initial applicability.

13 (1) This act first applies to violations occurring on the effective date of this14 subsection.

15

SECTION 56. Effective date.

16 (1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 7th month beginning afterpublication.

18

(END)