

State of Misconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0617/2 JTK:kg:cph

2003 SENATE BILL 12

January 28, 2003 – Introduced by Senators Ellis, Erpenbach, Cowles, Schultz, Harsdorf, A. Lasee, Risser, Jauch, Robson, Hansen, Carpenter and M. Meyer, cosponsored by Representatives Musser, Travis, Black, Lassa, Vruwink, Kaufert, Hebl, Pope-Roberts, J. Lehman, Berceau and Miller. Referred to Committee on Education, Ethics and Elections.

AN ACT to repeal 11.01 (4m), 11.01 (12s), 11.01 (12w), (13) and (14), 11.01 (17g) 1 $\mathbf{2}$ and (17r), 11.05 (2r), 11.05 (3) (o), 11.05 (7), 11.06 (1) (cm) and (dm), 11.06 (3m), 3 11.06 (3r), 11.06 (3w), 11.06 (4) (e), 11.06 (11) (bm), 11.20 (8) (am), 11.21 (17), 11.26 (1m) and (1t), 11.26 (2) (ae), 11.26 (2) (as), 11.26 (2) (av), 11.26 (2m) and 4 5 (2t), 11.26 (8n) and (8r), 11.26 (9) (am), 11.26 (9) (c), 11.26 (9m), 11.26 (10a), 6 11.265, 11.31 (2m), 11.385, 11.50 (2) (b) 6., 11.50 (2) (h), 11.50 (2) (i), 11.50 (3), 7 11.60 (3r), 71.07 (6s) and 71.10 (4) (gw); to renumber 11.24 (2); to amend 8.10 (3) (intro.), 8.15 (6) (intro.), 8.20 (4), 11.05 (6) (title), 11.05 (6), 11.05 (12) (title), 8 9 11.06 (11) (c), 11.25 (2) (b) and 11.50 (11) (a); to repeal and recreate 5.02 (13), 10 5.05 (2), 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm), 8.30 (2), 8.35 (4) (a) 1. a. and b., 8.35 (4) (c) and 11 (d), 11.001 (2m), 11.05 (1), 11.05 (2), 11.05 (3) (c), 11.05 (3) (m), 11.05 (3) (r), 11.05 (5), 11.05 (9) (title), 11.05 (9) (b), 11.05 (12) (b), 11.05 (13), 11.06 (1) (intro.), 11.06 12(1) (e), 11.06 (2), 11.06 (2m) (title) and (a), 11.06 (2m) (b) to (d), 11.06 (3) (b) 1314 (intro.), 11.06 (4) (b), 11.06 (5), 11.06 (7m) (a), 11.06 (7m) (b), 11.06 (7m) (c), 11.07

1	(1), 11.07 (5), 11.09 (3), 11.10 (1), 11.12 (2), 11.12 (4), 11.12 (5), 11.12 (6), 11.12
2	(8) and (9), 11.14 (3), 11.16 (2), 11.16 (5), 11.19 (title), 11.19 (1), 11.20 (1), 11.20
3	(2), 11.20 (7), 11.20 (8) (intro.), 11.20 (8) (a), 11.20 (9), 11.20 (10) (a), 11.20 (12),
4	$11.21\ (2),\ 11.21\ (15),\ 11.21\ (16),\ 11.22\ (3),\ 11.23\ (1),\ 11.23\ (2),\ 11.24\ (1w),\ 11.24$
5	(4), 11.26 (1) (intro.), 11.26 (2) (intro.), 11.26 (2) (a), 11.26 (2) (am), 11.26 (3),
6	11.26 (4), 11.26 (5), 11.26 (6), 11.26 (8), 11.26 (9) (a), 11.26 (9) (b), 11.26 (10), 11.26
7	(12m), 11.26 (15) , 11.26 (17) (a) , 11.31 (1) (intro.), 11.31 (1) (a) to (d) , 11.31 (1)
8	(de), 11.31 (1) (e) and (f), 11.31 (2), 11.31 (3), 11.31 (3p), 11.31 (9), 11.38 (1) (a)
9	2., 11.38 (6), 11.38 (8) (b), 11.50 (1) (a) 1., 11.50 (1) (a) 2., 11.50 (1) (a) 2m., 11.50
10	(1) (am), 11.50 (1) (bm) and (cm), 11.50 (2) (a), 11.50 (2) (b) 3., 11.50 (2) (b) 4.,
11	$11.50\ (2)\ (b)\ 5.,\ 11.50\ (2)\ (c),\ 11.50\ (2)\ (f),\ 11.50\ (2)\ (g),\ 11.50\ (2)\ (j),\ 11.50\ (2m),$
12	11.50 (2s), 11.50 (2w), 11.50 (4), 11.50 (5), 11.50 (6), 11.50 (7) (intro.), 11.50 (8),
13	11.50 (9), 11.50 (10m), 11.50 (11) (e), 11.50 (14), 11.60 (4), 11.61 (1) (a), 19.42
14	(3m), (4g) and (4r), 19.45 (13), 19.49 (1m), 19.49 (5), 19.53 (6), 19.535, 19.59 (1)
15	(br), 19.59 (7), 19.59 (8) (c), 19.59 (8) (cm) and (cn), 20.510 (1) (q), 25.42, 71.08
16	(1) (intro.), 71.10 (3) and 806.04 (11m); <i>to create</i> 7.08 (2) (cs), 11.01 (16) (a) $3.$,
17	$11.05\ (3)\ (s),\ 11.05\ (5r),\ 11.12\ (2m),\ 11.26\ (2)\ (ad),\ 11.26\ (2)\ (au),\ 11.26\ (8m),\ 11.31$
18	(1m), 11.50 $(4m)$, 11.50 (10) , 11.60 $(3s)$ and $(3t)$, 13.625 $(3m)$ and 20.855 (4) (ba)
19	of the statutes; and to affect 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section 9115 (2v), (2w),
20	(2x) and $(2y),2001$ Wisconsin Act 109, section 9132 $(4v),2001$ Wisconsin Act
21	109, section 9215 (3v), 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section 9244 (6v), 2001
22	Wisconsin Act 109, section 9315 (2v) and (2w), 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section
23	9344 $(2v)$ and 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section 9415 $(1zx)$; relating to:
24	campaign financing, official action in return for providing or withholding
25	political contributions, services, or other things of value, lobbying regulation,

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designations for the Wisconsin election campaign fund by individuals filing state income tax returns, nonrefundable income tax credits for certain donations to the Wisconsin election campaign fund, candidate time on public broadcasting television stations and public access channels, statewide voter registration, staffing of the Elections Board, providing exemptions from emergency rule procedures, granting rule-making authority, making appropriations, and providing penalties.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes numerous changes in the campaign financing law. The bill also makes changes to the income tax laws, the lobbying regulation law, the code of ethics for state and local public officials, and the staffing of the Elections Board.

2001 Wisconsin Act 109 made comprehensive changes to campaign finance, ethics, lobbying regulation, income tax, public broadcasting, and cable television laws. Most changes made by Act 109 take effect on July 1, 2003. With the exception of provisions requiring candidate time on public broadcasting stations and public access channels at public expense, these provisions were made nonseverable so that if a court found that any of the provisions were unconstitutional all of the provisions would then be invalid. On December 11, 2002, in *Wisconsin Realtors Association et al. v. Ponto et al.*, Case No-02-C-424-C, the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Wisconsin found that one provision of Act 109 relating to advance reporting of certain independent disbursements before obligations are incurred to make those disbursements violates the First and Fourteenth amendments. While this decision is subject to appeal, it apparently precludes enforcement and administration of the Act 109 changes as of December 11, 2002. The Act 109 changes, however, currently remain in the statutes.

This bill deletes all of the changes described above made by Act 109, including the changes not affected by the nonseverability provision, and makes other changes effective on February 1, 2003, or on the day after the bill is published as an act, whichever is later. The following is a description of the changes made by this bill to the current statutes (in effect before July 1, 2003) and, in each case, a notation as to whether the change was contained within Act 109:

Significant changes include:

FILING OF CAMPAIGN FINANCE REPORTS

Exemptions from registration and reporting

Currently, any individual who accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs obligations, and any committee or group that makes or accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs obligations, in connection with one or more elections

for state or local office or one or more state or local referenda exceeding \$25 cumulatively within a calendar year is potentially subject to requirements to register with the appropriate filing officer and to file campaign finance reports.

Currently, with certain limited exceptions, any individual who accepts and makes or transfers political contributions, or who incurs obligations or makes disbursements for political purposes, and any organization that makes or transfers contributions, or that incurs obligations or makes disbursements for political purposes, must register and file reports with the appropriate filing officer or agency identifying contributions received and disbursements made and providing certain other information.

This bill provides that no individual who or organization which is subject to a registration requirement may make any contribution prior to the date of registration. The bill also provides that no registrant may accept any contribution from any individual who or organization which is subject to a registration requirement prior to the date of registration of that individual or organization.

Currently, a new registrant is generally prohibited from making a contribution or disbursement from property or funds received prior to the date of registration, except that, if a registrant holds property or funds at the time of registration that were not intended for political purposes in connection with an election for state or local office at the time that they were received, the registrant may report the property or funds as received on the date of registration and may then use the property or funds to make a contribution or disbursement.

This bill deletes that exception.

None of the above changes was included in Act 109.

Currently, a nonresident registrant need report only contributions and other income received from sources in this state and disbursements made and obligations incurred with respect to an election for state or local office in this state. This bill deletes this exception.

This change was included in Act 109.

Currently, with certain exceptions, a registrant who or which is required to register with a filing officer in this state must file regular reports identifying contributions received and disbursements made and providing certain other information. However, a committee of a candidate for the U.S. Senate or House of Representatives or a national political party committee need not file reports for any period covered in a report filed by the committee with the Federal Election Commission. In addition, a state political party committee which is registered with the Federal Election Commission and which makes contributions to candidates for national office, as well as contributions to other state political party committees, need not file reports for any period covered by a report filed by the committee with the Federal Election Commission if the Elections Board receives a copy of that report and the committee makes no contributions to any individual who or organization which is required to register with a filing officer under Wisconsin law. This bill deletes these exceptions to state reporting requirements.

The above changes were not included in Act 109.

Reporting thresholds

The bill also provides that an individual who accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs obligations or a group that makes or accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs obligations in connection with one or more referenda is not subject to registration and reporting requirements until the individual or group engages in activity exceeding \$100 cumulatively within a calendar year.

In addition, the bill permits an individual or committee to claim an exemption from reporting requirements if the individual or committee does not accept contributions, make disbursements, or incur obligations exceeding \$1,000 cumulatively within a calendar year with respect to an election for state office, and does not accept contributions exceeding \$100 from a single source cumulatively within a calendar year. If an individual or committee does not accept contributions, make disbursements, or incur obligations with respect to an election for any state office but accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs obligations with respect to an election for local office, the bill permits the individual or committee to claim an exemption from reporting requirements only if the individual or committee does not accept contributions, make disbursements, or incur obligations exceeding \$100 cumulatively within a calendar year.

The above changes were included in Act 109.

Electronic filing

Currently, reports under the campaign finance law must be filed by certain dates specified by law and must cover time periods specified by law. Candidates for state office or their personal campaign or authorized support committees and other individuals, committees, and groups supporting or opposing candidates for state office or statewide ballot questions file their reports with the state Elections Board. Each registrant for whom the Elections Board serves as a filing agency and who or that accepts contributions in a total amount or value of \$20,000 or more during a campaign period, or a biennial period for a registrant other than a candidate or personal campaign or support committee, must file reports with the board electronically. Any registrant who or that files a report electronically must also file a copy of the report recorded on a medium prescribed by the board.

This bill requires each committee that is currently required to file its campaign finance reports electronically to file those reports within 24 hours after a reportable transaction occurs. Under the bill, once a registrant becomes subject to an electronic reporting requirement, the requirement continues to apply until a termination report is filed, regardless of the level of continuing financial activity of the registrant. In accordance with current law, the bill also requires registrants who file electronically to file copies of reports, at the times currently prescribed by law, recorded on a medium prescribed by the board. The change applies effective with reports filed on or after the day on which the bill becomes law.

This change was included in Act 109.

Mass media activities

Currently, individuals who accept contributions, organizations that make or accept contributions, and individuals who or organizations that incur obligations or make disbursements for the purpose of influencing an election for state or local office

are generally required to register with the appropriate filing officer and to file financial reports with that officer, regardless of whether they act in conjunction with or independently of any candidate who is supported or opposed.

With certain exceptions, this bill imposes registration and reporting requirements, in addition, upon any individual who and organization that, within 60 days of an election and by means of communications media, makes any communication which includes a reference to a candidate at that election, an office to be filled at that election, or a political party. The bill also requires an individual or organization who or which becomes subject to a registration requirement by making such a communication to report, upon registration, the information that would have been required to be reported if the individual or organization had been registered with respect to any obligation incurred or disbursement made for the purpose of making such a communication prior to registration. The bill, however, does not require registration and reporting if the communication is made by a corporation, cooperative, or nonpolitical voluntary association and is limited to the corporation's, cooperative's, or association's members, shareholders, or subscribers.

Act 109 contained similar but not identical provisions.

Special reporting by certain registrants

Currently, a committee making contributions or a candidate or other individual or committee accepting contributions, making disbursements, or incurring obligations in support of or opposition to a candidate is generally required to file a report no later than the eighth day before a primary or election at which the candidate seeks nomination or election to office. The report must disclose contributions made or accepted, disbursements made, and obligations incurred through the 14th day prior to the primary or election. Currently, if a candidate for state office receives one or more contributions from a single contributor aggregating \$500 or more during the 14-day period preceding an election, the candidate must report to the Elections Board the information currently required to be disclosed pertaining to contributions received by the candidate no later than 24 hours following receipt of any such contribution or contributions.

This bill requires each candidate at the general or a special election for a major state office (the office of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, justice of the supreme court, state senator, or representative to the assembly) who does not accept a public grant (see below) and who makes any disbursement after the candidate has accumulated cash in his or her campaign depository or has made disbursements in his or her campaign exceeding a combined total of 75% of the amount of the disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks, to file daily reports, by electronic mail or facsimile transmission, with the Elections Board and with each candidate whose name appears on the ballot for the office in connection with which the disbursement is made. The daily reports may be filed no later than 24 hours after each disbursement is made, and must include the information that is currently required to be reported pertaining to disbursements made by candidates. The daily reports must be filed during the time period beginning with the later of the date of the disbursement that triggers the requirement or the 7th day after the applicable

primary election or the date that a primary would be held, if required, and ending with date of the election at which the candidate seeks office.

This bill also creates additional reporting requirements, applicable to certain special interest committees. Under the bill, reporting may be required of any special interest committee, other than a conduit, that receives any contribution, makes any disbursement, or incurs any obligation to make a disbursement (as currently defined) independently of a candidate for the purpose of advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate for a major state office at the general or a special election or any applicable primary election. In addition, reporting may be required of any special interest committee, other than a conduit, that receives any contribution, makes any disbursement, or incurs any obligation to make any other expenditure independently of a candidate for the purpose of making communications, within 60 days of an election and by means of communications media, which include a reference to a candidate at that election, an office to be filled at that election, or a political party. These additional reporting requirements do not apply to communications that are made by a corporation, cooperative, or nonpolitical voluntary association and that are limited to the corporation's, cooperative's, or association's members, shareholders, or subscribers.

Under the bill, the special interest committee must file these additional reports within 24 hours after a reportable transaction occurs.

Act 109 established similar requirements, but required certain reporting to occur before a transaction was permitted to occur.

Timeliness in filing reports

Currently, where a requirement is imposed under the campaign finance law for filing of a report by a specified date, the requirement may be satisfied by depositing the report with the U.S. Postal Service no later than the date provided by law for receipt of the report.

This bill permits satisfaction of the filing requirement only by delivering a report to the appropriate filing officer or agency on or before the date provided by law for receipt of the report or by depositing the report with the U.S. postal service no later than the third day before that date.

This change was included in Act 109.

DISBURSEMENT LIMITATIONS AND INDEPENDENT DISBURSEMENTS

Under current law, disbursement (expenditure) levels are specified for candidates for various state and local offices. These levels become a binding limitation upon any candidate for state office who accepts a state grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund or who agrees to be bound by the limitation, unless the candidate is opposed by a major opponent who could have qualified for a grant but declines to accept one. A candidate for state office who accepts a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund and who agrees to be bound by the disbursement limit applicable to the office which the candidate seeks may receive a grant equal to 45% of that disbursement limit, less certain committee contributions accepted by the candidate, if there are sufficient moneys in the fund to finance the full amount of grants for which candidates qualify.

Current law also imposes registration and financial reporting requirements on committees and individuals making disbursements independently of a candidate in support of or in opposition to a candidate for a state or local office. One requirement is the obligation of the committee or individual to file reports with the appropriate filing officer within 24 hours of making such a disbursement, if the disbursement is made less than 15 days before a primary or election and if the cumulative amount of such disbursements exceeds \$20.

This bill does the following:

1. It revises the current disbursement levels applicable to candidates for the offices shown in the following chart:

Office	Current Level	Proposed Level
Governor	\$1,078,200	\$2,000,000
Lieutenant governor	323,475	500,000
Attorney general	539,000	700,000
Secretary of state	215,625	250,000
State treasurer	215,625	250,000
Supreme court justice	215,625	300,000
State superintendent	215,625	250,000
State senator	34,500	100,000
Representative to the assembly	17,250	50,000

Act 109 also increased disbursement levels, but in some cases by different amounts.

2. It increases the total disbursement limitation for a candidate for partisan office at a general or special election whose name appears on the ballot at a primary election, who receives less than twice as many votes at that election as another candidate for the same office within the same party, and who has an opponent at the general or special election who received at least 6% of the votes cast for all candidates for that office at the primary election. Under the bill, the increased disbursement limitation is 120% of the amount provided for the candidate receiving the greatest number of votes for that office.

Act 109 did not include this change.

3. It creates a biennial cost-of-living adjustment that causes the statutory disbursement levels to be adjusted biennially, beginning in 2004, in accordance with a formula tied to the "consumer price index" determined by the U.S. Department of Labor.

This change was included in Act 109.

4. It replaces the provision requiring reports of cumulative independent disbursements exceeding \$20 made later than 15 days prior to a primary or election with a provision that requires cumulative independent disbursements *or obligations* exceeding \$20 during that period to be so reported.

Act 109 also required reporting of obligations, but subject to a different threshold.

5. It increases the disbursement limitation of any candidate who accepts a public grant by certain amounts for which matching grants from the Wisconsin election campaign fund are potentially available (see grant eligibility requirements and amounts, below).

Act 109 made similar but not identical changes.

6. It repeals the procedure by which a candidate who would not otherwise be subject to statutory disbursement limitations may voluntarily agree to comply with these limitations.

Act 109 did not include this change

7. It repeals the exemption from disbursement limitations that currently applies to any candidate who accepts a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund and who is opposed by a major opponent who could have qualified for a grant but declines to accept one. Under the bill, the candidate accepting the grant remains bound by the applicable disbursement limitations.

Act 109 did not include this change

CONTRIBUTION LIMITATIONS

Under current law, committees other than political party committees and legislative campaign committees are subject to limitations on the amount of contributions made cumulatively to a particular candidate. A committee may contribute up to \$43,238 to a candidate for statewide office. Current law also limits the cumulative amount of contributions that a committee may make annually to a particular political party, limits the cumulative amount of contributions that a political party may accept annually from a particular committee, and limits the aggregate total of contributions that a political party may accept during any biennium from all committees. Currently, a committee may annually contribute up to \$6,000 to a particular political party, a political party may accept up to \$6,000 from a particular committee, and a political party may accept up to \$150,000 in contributions from all committees during any biennium.

This bill establishes specified limitations on committee contributions to candidates for statewide office as follows: a) candidates for governor, \$45,000; b) candidates for lieutenant governor, \$15,000; c) candidates for attorney general, \$25,000; and d) candidates for secretary of state, state treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, or justice of the supreme court, \$10,000. Under the bill, the limitation on committee contributions to a particular political party, and on the annual amount that a political party may accept from a particular committee, is increased to \$18,000, and the aggregate limitation on contributions that a political party may accept during a biennium from all committees is increased to \$450,000.

Act 109 included similar changes, but in some cases specified different amounts.

Under current law, the aggregate contributions accepted by a candidate for state or local office from all committees, when combined with any grant received from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, may not exceed 65% of the disbursement level or limitation for the office that the candidate seeks. In addition, the contributions

received by a candidate for state or local office from all committees other than political party or legislative campaign committees, when combined with any grant received from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, may not exceed 45% of the disbursement level or limitation for the office that the candidate seeks. This bill provides instead that the aggregate contributions accepted by a candidate for state or local office from all political party committees may not exceed the following:

Office	Maximum Amount
Governor	\$400,000
Lieutenant governor	100,000
Attorney general	100,000
Secretary of state, state treasurer, justice of the supreme court or	
superintendent of public instruction	50,000
State senator	24,000
Representative to the assembly	12,000
Any other state or local office	20% of the value of the total dis- bursement level for the office

Act 109 did not include this change, but created other exceptions to this limitation.

In addition, the bill provides that the aggregate contributions received by a candidate for state or local office from all committees other than political party committees may not exceed the following:

Office	Maximum Amount
Governor	\$485,190
Lieutenant governor	145,564
Attorney general	242,550
Secretary of state, state treasurer, justice of the supreme court or	07.001
superintendent of public instruction	97,031
State senator	15,525
Representative to the assembly	7,763
Any other state or local office	25% of the value of the total dis- bursement level for the office

Act 109 made different changes to amounts of this limitation.

TREATMENT OF LEGISLATIVE CAMPAIGN COMMITTEES

Currently, the adherents of any political party in either house of the legislature may organize a "legislative campaign committee" to support the candidacy of

members of their party for legislative office. Committees other than legislative campaign committees and political party committees are generally subject to a limitation upon the contributions that they may make to candidates for legislative office or to political parties. Legislative campaign committees are subject only to overall limitations on the aggregate contributions that may be accepted by a candidate from entities other than individuals.

This bill eliminates the special status of legislative campaign committees, thus causing them to be treated in the same manner as other special interest committees for the purpose of contribution limitations.

This change was included in Act 109.

OTHER CONTRIBUTION RESTRICTIONS

This bill creates the following new prohibitions on contributions:

1. It prohibits contributions to incumbents who are seeking reelection to a partisan state office from the first Monday in January of each odd-numbered year through the enactment of the biennial budget act. The prohibition does not apply to contributions made to an incumbent who is subject to a recall election from the date on which the petition for a recall election is filed until the date of the recall election.

This change was included in Act 109.

2. It prohibits any committee from making a contribution to any special interest committee. The prohibition does not apply to a committee that is affiliated with a labor organization that transfers a contribution to another committee that is affiliated with the same labor organization.

Act 109 contained a similar but not identical provision.

3. It prohibits an elective state official or personal campaign committee of an elective state official from soliciting a lobbyist or principal (person who employs a lobbyist) to arrange for another person to make a contribution to that official or personal campaign committee or to another elective state official or the personal campaign committee of that official.

Act 109 did not include this change.

Currently, if a registrant receives a contribution, the registrant must deposit the contribution in its campaign depository account no later than the end of the fifth business day commencing after receipt, unless the registrant returns the contribution before that time. A registrant must report the occupation and principal place of employment of any individual who makes any contribution or contributions to a registrant exceeding \$100 in amount or value cumulatively within a calendar year. This bill provides that whenever a registrant receives a contribution in the form of money the registrant must obtain this information from a contributor, if required, before depositing the contributor's contribution in its campaign depository account. Under the bill, if the registrant does not obtain the required information within the period prescribed for making deposits, the registrant must return the contribution.

Act 109 did not include this change.

CONTRIBUTIONS THROUGH CONDUITS

Currently, if an individual or organization receives a political contribution consisting of money and transfers the contribution to another individual or

organization without exercising discretion as to the amount to be transferred and the individual to whom or the organization to which the transfer is made, the contribution is considered to be made by the original contributor for purposes of reporting by the ultimate recipient. The contribution is also treated as an individual contribution for purposes of determining compliance with contribution limitations and qualifying contributions for public grants. The individual or organization making the transfer is called a "conduit" under the law. In most cases, a conduit is required to register and file campaign finance reports unless the conduit does not transfer any contributions to candidates or to personal campaign, legislative campaign, or political party committees.

This bill treats a contribution of money made by an individual that is transferred by a conduit in accordance with current law as a contribution from the individual contributing to the conduit only for purposes of individual contribution limitations and qualification for a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund (see below). Under the bill, contributions made by conduits are considered to be committee contributions for purposes of limitations on the amounts of contributions that candidates may accept from committees.

Act 109 did not include this change.

DISPOSITION OF RESIDUAL OR EXCESS FUNDS

Under current law, residual funds remaining when a person who is required to register under the campaign financing law disbands or ceases incurring obligations, making disbursements, or accepting contributions or excess funds received by a registrant that may not be legally expended may generally be used for any lawful political purpose, returned to the original contributors, or donated to a charitable organization or the common school fund.

This bill allows residual or excess funds to be transferred to the Wisconsin election campaign fund.

This change was included in Act 109.

WISCONSIN ELECTION CAMPAIGN FUND

Sources and uses of funds

Under current law, the Wisconsin election campaign fund is financed through an individual income tax "checkoff." Every individual filing a state income tax return who has a tax liability or is entitled to a tax refund may direct that \$1 of general purpose revenue be transferred to the fund. Individuals filing a joint return may separately choose whether to direct that the \$1 transfer be made. All moneys transferred to the fund are placed in accounts for specified state offices, and candidates for those offices may qualify for grants from the fund to be used for specified campaign expenses. No moneys in the fund may be used for any other purpose.

This bill does the following:

1. It increases the amount of the individual income tax checkoff for the Wisconsin election campaign fund from \$1 to \$5, effective for tax returns filed for taxable years beginning on or after January 1 following the day on which the bill becomes law. Under the bill, individuals filing a joint return may separately choose whether to make the \$5 checkoff. The bill also permits individuals to determine

whether to designate their checkoffs for a "general account," which is distributed to all candidates who qualify for a grant, or for the account of an eligible political party, which is distributed to all candidates representing that party who qualify for a grant. However, if there are insufficient moneys in these accounts to permit any candidate who qualifies for a grant from receiving the full amount for which the candidate qualifies, the bill provides for the deficiency to be drawn from state general purpose revenue.

Except for the political party checkoff, Act 109 did not include these changes, but made diverse other changes to the income tax checkoff.

2. It authorizes the state Elections Board to set aside an amount not exceeding 5% of the moneys transferred to the Wisconsin election campaign fund in each year, before distributions are made to candidate office accounts, to provide public information concerning the purpose and effect of the fund and the income tax checkoff for the fund. As part of the public information program, the board must prepare an easily understood description of the purpose and effect of the fund and the tax checkoff. The Department of Revenue is required to include and highlight the description in its income tax preparation instructions related to the tax checkoff.

Act 109 contained similar but not identical provisions.

Grant eligibility requirements and amounts

Under current law, grants from the Wisconsin election campaign fund are available to finance specified campaign expenses of eligible candidates for the offices of state senator, representative to the assembly, governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state treasurer, secretary of state, justice of the supreme court, and superintendent of public instruction. To receive a grant, a candidate must file an application with the state Elections Board no later than the deadline for filing nomination papers. Following the primary election or the date on which a primary would be held, if required, the board determines whether a candidate who applies for a grant meets the following eligibility requirements:

1. If the candidate seeks a partial state office at a general election, the candidate must have received at least 6% of the total votes cast in the primary and have won the primary. If the candidate seeks a partial state office at a special election, the candidate must either: a) appear on the ballot or in the column of a political party whose candidate for the same office at the preceding general election received at least 6% of the vote; or b) receive at least 6% of the votes cast at the special election.

2. The candidate must have an opponent in the election.

3. The candidate must receive, during a specified time period, a specified amount through contributions from individuals of \$100 or less. For a candidate for the office of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, attorney general, justice of the supreme court, or superintendent of public instruction, the amount is 5% of the authorized disbursement level for the office which the candidate seeks. For a candidate for the office of state senator or representative to the assembly, the amount is 10% of the authorized disbursement level for the office which the candidate seeks.

Under current law, a candidate for any office who accepts a grant must comply with statutorily prescribed contribution and disbursement limitations, unless at least one of the candidate's opponents who received at least 6% of the votes cast for all candidates for that office at a partisan primary, if a primary was held, does not accept a grant and does not voluntarily agree to comply with the contribution and disbursement limitations for that office. The maximum grant that a candidate may receive is that amount which, when added to all other contributions accepted from sources other than individuals, political party committees, and legislative campaign committees, is equal to 45% of the authorized disbursement level for the office which the candidate seeks. No grants are available to finance campaign expenses in primary elections.

Currently, the Elections Board must notify the state treasurer that a candidate has qualified to receive a grant as soon as possible after the board is able to determine that the candidate has qualified to receive the grant. The state treasurer then has three business days to transmit the grant to the candidate.

This bill does the following:

1. It provides that a candidate for the office of state senator or representative to the assembly must receive contributions equal to only 3% of the authorized disbursement level for the office which the candidate seeks in order to qualify for a grant, but provides that the contributions of \$100 or less from individuals used by a candidate for any state office to determine eligibility for a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund must be made by individuals who reside in this state and, in the case of a candidate for legislative office, by individuals at least 50% of whom reside in a county having territory within the district in which the candidate seeks office.

Act 109 also made changes to grant-qualifying requirements, but included different provisions.

2. It provides that a candidate who applies for a grant may not accept any contribution from any committee other than a political party committee. If the candidate has accepted any contribution from a committee other than a political party committee during the campaign for the office that the candidate is currently seeking, the candidate must return the contribution to the contributor or donate the contribution to a charitable organization or to the Wisconsin election campaign fund or the common school fund before filing an application for a grant. The candidate may, however, later accept a contribution from a committee other than a political party committee if the candidate is determined by the Elections Board to be ineligible to receive a grant, after the date of that determination.

Act 109 included this change, subject to certain limitations.

3. It provides that the maximum grant that a candidate for state office may receive is the lesser of 45% of the authorized disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks, or that amount which, when added to all other contributions accepted by the candidate, is equal to the disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks, unless the candidate qualifies to receive a grant for primary election campaign expenses or a supplemental grant (see below).

Act 109 included other changes to maximum grant amounts

4. It permits a candidate who qualifies to receive a grant for a general, spring, or special election campaign, who was opposed at the primary election preceding that election by a candidate whose name appeared on the ballot, and who files double the minimum number of nomination paper signatures currently required for the office that the candidate seeks, to receive a grant to finance specified primary election campaign expenses. This grant, in combination with the grant received by the candidate for the election campaign, is equal to the lesser of 55% of the authorized disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks or that amount which, when added to all other contributions accepted by the candidate, is equal to the disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks, unless the candidate qualifies to receive a supplemental grant (see below).

Act 109 did not include this change.

5. It provides that a candidate who accepts a grant shall receive a supplemental grant in an amount equal to: a) the total amount of disbursements exceeding the amount of the disbursement limitation for that office made by an opposing candidate who does not accept a grant; b) the total amount of contributions received by special interest committees for the purpose of opposing the candidate who accepts the grant or supporting that candidate's opponent; and c) the total amount of any independent obligations that are incurred and disbursements that are made by special interest committees to oppose that candidate, or to support that candidate's opponent, including any independent obligations incurred or disbursements made by special interest committees in close proximity to the election for the purpose of making certain mass communications to oppose that candidate or to support that candidate's opponent, less disbursements made in payment of obligations previously reported, if the total amount exceeds 10% of the disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks to the extent that this amount exceeds the amount of any additional grant provided under b) attributable to contributions received by the committees incurring the obligations or making the disbursements.

Act 109 included provisions for supplemental grants, but under different conditions.

6. It requires the Elections Board and state treasurer to electronically transmit supplemental grants to qualifying candidates who so request within 24 hours after the candidates qualify to receive the supplemental grants.

Act 109 did not include this change.

PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS

Currently, violators of the campaign finance law are subject to a forfeiture (civil penalty) of not more than \$500 for each violation, except that violators of contribution limitations are subject to a forfeiture of not more than treble the amount unlawfully contributed. In addition, currently, any person who is delinquent in filing a report is subject to a forfeiture of not more than \$50 or one percent of the annual salary of the office for which a candidate is being supported or opposed, whichever is greater, for each day of delinquency. Currently, any person who makes an unlawful contribution is subject to a forfeiture of treble the amount of the unlawful contribution.

Currently, effective February 1, 2003, whoever intentionally violates certain provisions of the campaign finance law, such as registration requirements, contribution limitations, the prohibition against making contributions in the name of another person, the prohibition against using contributions for most nonpolitical purposes, and the prohibition against filing false reports and statements may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than six months, or both, if the violation does not exceed \$100 in amount or value, and may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than three years and six months, or both, if the violation exceeds \$100 in amount or value.

This bill provides that if any candidate or committee, other than a conduit, accepts a contribution, makes a disbursement, makes any other expenditure for the purpose of making certain mass media communications (see above) or incurs an obligation to make a disbursement to support or oppose a candidate for a major state office (governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer, state superintendent of public instruction, or justice of the supreme court) without first registering and reporting to the extent required under the bill, the offender is subject to a forfeiture (civil penalty) of not more than \$500 for each day of violation. The bill also provides that if any of these candidates or committees accepts one or more contributions, makes one or more disbursements, or incurs one or more obligations to make disbursements for such a purpose in an amount that is more or less than the amount reported by that candidate or committee:

l. By more than 5% but not more than 10%, the candidate or committee must forfeit four times the amount of the difference.

2. By more than 10% but not more than 15%, the candidate or committee must forfeit six times the amount of the difference.

3. By more than 15%, the candidate or committee must for feit eight times the amount of the difference.

Act 109 did not include this change.

INITIAL APPLICABILITY

All campaign finance changes under the bill apply to elections held on or after the day on which the bill becomes law.

ELECTIONS BOARD

This bill increases the authorized FTE positions for the board by 1.0 GPR campaign finance investigator position and 1.0 GPR auditor position.

This change was included in Act 109.

OFFICIAL ACTION IN RETURN FOR PROVIDING OR WITHHOLDING THINGS OF VALUE

Currently, no person may offer or give to a state public official, including a member of the legislature, directly or indirectly, and no state public official may solicit or accept from any person, directly or indirectly, anything of value if it could reasonably be expected to influence the state public official's vote, official actions, or judgment, or could reasonably be considered a reward for any official action or inaction on the part of the state public official.

This bill provides, in addition, that no state or local public official holding an elective office may, directly or by means of an agent, give, or offer or promise to give,

or withhold, or offer or promise to withhold, his or her vote or influence, or promise to take or refrain from taking official action with respect to any proposed or pending matter in consideration of or upon condition that any other person make or refrain from making a political contribution, or provide or refrain from providing any service or other thing of value, to or for the benefit of a candidate, a political party, any other person who is subject to a registration requirement under the campaign finance law, or any person making a mass communication that contains a reference to a clearly identified state or local public official or a candidate for state or local public office.

Violators are subject to a forfeiture (civil penalty) of not more than \$5,000 for each violation, and are also subject to a forfeiture in an amount equal to the amount or value of any political contribution, service, or other thing of value that was wrongfully obtained, or if no political contribution, service, or other thing of value was obtained, an amount equal to the maximum contribution that an individual is permitted to make to a candidate for the office sought or held by the official, whichever amount is greater. Intentional violators are guilty of a misdemeanor and are subject to a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$5,000 or imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year or both.

The bill also provides that, if the Ethics Board refuses or otherwise fails to authorize an investigation or a district attorney fails to initiate a prosecution with respect to any violation of the prohibition created by the bill within 30 days after receiving a verified complaint alleging such a violation, the person making the complaint may bring a lawsuit to recover a forfeiture on behalf of the state. If the person making the complaint prevails, the bill provides that the court may require the defendant to pay the complainant's attorney fees and costs, but any forfeiture recovered must be paid to the state. If the court finds that a lawsuit was frivolous, the court must award fees and costs to the defendant. The bill provides that no complaint alleging a violation of the prohibition contained in the bill may be filed during the period beginning 120 days before a general or spring election or the date that a special election is ordered and ending on the date of that election against a candidate who files a declaration of candidacy to have his or her name appear on the ballot at that election.

This change was included in Act 109.

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Act 109 requires, effective on July 1, 2003, that free time on public broadcasting television stations and public access channels be provided to candidates for state office. Under current law, the Federal Communications Commission grants licenses for the operation of public broadcasting television stations. Also under current law, a city, village, or town is authorized to grant a franchise to a person that allows that person to operate a cable television system in the city, village, or town. Under the franchise, the person may be required to provide cable television channels that the city, village, or town may use for public, educational, or governmental purposes. A channel that is used exclusively for public, rather than educational or governmental purposes, is commonly referred to as a public access channel. A city, village, or town may allow another person to operate the channel. Act 109 also required the Elections Board to

promulgate rules that require licensees of public broadcasting stations and operators of public access channels to provide a minimum amount of free time to candidates for state office at general, spring, and special elections. The rules must require the same amount of time for each candidate for a particular state office, but may require different amounts of time for different offices. These changes are not affected by the court decision in *Wisconsin Realtors Association v. Ponto* (see above).

This bill repeals these provisions.

NONSEVERABILITY

Currently, if any part of an act is found by a court to be invalid, those parts that are valid are severed from the invalid part and the severed parts continue in force. This bill provides that, if any of the following parts of the bill is unconstitutional, then all of the following parts are void: a) parts relating to the reporting of independent obligations and disbursements for mass communications; b) parts relating to the provision of supplemental grants to candidates who are opposed or whose opponents are supported by any independent obligations or disbursements, including those that are reportable under current law; c) parts relating to the reporting of contributions received for the purpose of making such independent disbursements; and d) parts relating to the provision of supplemental grants to candidates who are intended to be opposed or whose opponents are intended to be supported through the use of such contributions.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report concerning the proposed penalty and the costs or savings that are likely to result if the bill is enacted.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. 5.02 (13) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is
- 2 repealed and recreated to read:
- 5.02 (13) "Political party" or "party" means a state committee registered under
 s. 11.05 and organized exclusively for political purposes under whose name
 candidates appear on a ballot at any election, and all county, congressional,
 legislative, local and other affiliated committees authorized to operate under the

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same name. For purposes of ch. 11, the term does not include a committee filing an
 oath under s. 11.06 (7).

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3 SECTION 2. 5.05 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is
4 repealed and recreated to read:

5 5.05 (2) AUDITING. In addition to the facial examination of reports and 6 statements required under s. 11.21 (13), the board shall conduct an audit of reports 7 and statements which are required to be filed with it to determine whether violations 8 of ch. 11 have occurred. The board may examine records relating to matters required 9 to be treated in such reports and statements. The board shall make official note in 10 the file of a candidate, committee, group, or individual under ch. 11 of any error or 11 other discrepancy which the board discovers and shall inform the person submitting 12the report or statement.

13 SECTION 3. 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin
14 Act 109, are repealed and recreated to read:

157.08 (2) (c) As soon as possible after the canvass of the spring and September primary votes, but no later than the first Tuesday in March and the 4th Tuesday in 16 17September, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and who the board 18 determines are eligible to receive payments from the Wisconsin election campaign 19 20 fund. The board shall also electronically transmit a similar list of candidates who 21the board determines are eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (9) (b), (ba), or (bb) 22within 24 hours after any candidate qualifies to receive such a grant. Each list shall 23contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's 24registration form, the office for which the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any. 25

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LRB-0617/2 JTK:kg:cph SECTION 3

1 (cm) As soon as possible after the canvass of a special primary, or the date that $\mathbf{2}$ the primary would be held, if required, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list 3 of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) 4 and who the board determines are eligible to receive a grant from the Wisconsin 5 election campaign fund prior to the election. The board shall also transmit a similar 6 list of candidates, if any, who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and who the 7 board determines are eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (1) (a) 2. after the 8 special election. The board shall electronically transmit a similar list of candidates 9 who the board determines are eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (9) (b), (ba), 10 or (bb) within 24 hours after any candidate qualifies to receive such a grant. Each 11 list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for which the individual is a candidate and 1213 the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

14

SECTION 4. 7.08 (2) (cs) of the statutes is created to read:

15 7.08 (2) (cs) In each even-numbered year, certify to the state treasurer for the
period beginning with the month following certification and ending with the month
in which the next certification is made by the board:

No later than July 1, the name of each political party that qualifies under
 s. 11.50 (1) (am) 1. as an eligible political party as of the preceding June 1 and whose
 state chairperson has filed a request to establish an account for the party under s.
 11.50 (2s) (a).

22 2. No later than December 15, the name of each political party that qualifies
23 under s. 11.50 (1) (am) 2. as an eligible political party as of the date of the preceding
24 general election and whose state chairperson has filed a written request to establish
25 an account for the party under s. 11.50 (2s) (a).

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1	SECTION 5. 8.10 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	8.10 (3) (intro.) The certification of a qualified elector under s. 8.15 (4) (a) shall
3	be appended to each nomination paper. The <u>Except as otherwise required under s.</u>
4	<u>11.50 (4m) for a candidate who seeks a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign</u>
5	fund, the number of required signatures on nomination papers filed under this
6	section is as follows:
7	SECTION 6. 8.15 (6) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	8.15 (6) (intro.) The Except as otherwise required under s. 11.50 (4m) for a
9	candidate who seeks a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, the number
10	of required signatures on nomination papers shall be as follows:
11	SECTION 7. 8.20 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	8.20 (4) The Except as otherwise required under s. 11.50 (4m) for a candidate
13	who seeks a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, the number of
14	required signatures on nomination papers for independent candidates shall be the
15	same as the number specified in s. 8.15 (6). For independent presidential electors
16	intending to vote for the same candidates for president and vice president, the
17	number of required signatures shall be not less than 2,000 nor more than 4,000
18	electors.
19	SECTION 8. 8.30 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is
20	repealed and recreated to read:
21	8.30(2) If no registration statement has been filed by or on behalf of a candidate
22	for state or local office in accordance with s. 11.05 $(2g)$ by the applicable deadline for
23	filing nomination papers by the candidate, or the deadline for filing a declaration of
24	candidacy for an office for which nomination papers are not filed, the name of the
25	candidate may not appear on the ballot. This subsection may not be construed to

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exempt a candidate from applicable penalties if he or she files a registration
 statement later than the time prescribed in ss. 11.01 (1) and 11.05 (2g).

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3 SECTION 9. 8.35 (4) (a) 1. a. and b. of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin
4 Act 109, are repealed and recreated to read:

8.35 (4) (a) 1. a. If the former candidate was a partisan candidate, donated to
the former candidate's local or state political party, donated to a charitable
organization, or transferred to the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election
campaign fund, as instructed by the former candidate or, if the candidate left no
instruction, by the former candidate's next of kin; or

b. If the former candidate was a nonpartisan candidate, donated to a charitable
organization or transferred to the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election
campaign fund, as instructed by the former candidate or, if the candidate left no
instruction, by the former candidate's next of kin; or

SECTION 10. 8.35 (4) (c) and (d) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin
 Act 109, are repealed and recreated to read:

8.35 (4) (c) The transfer to the replacement candidate under par. (b) shall be 16 17made and reported to the appropriate filing officer by the former candidate's campaign treasurer. If the former candidate is deceased and was serving as his or 18 her own campaign treasurer, the former candidate's petitioner or personal 19 20representative shall make the transfer and file the report. The report shall be made 21in the manner provided under s. 11.21 (16), if applicable, or otherwise at the 22appropriate interval under s. 11.20 (2) or (4) and shall include a complete statement 23of all contributions, disbursements, and incurred obligations pursuant to s. 11.06 (1) $\mathbf{24}$ covering the period from the day after the last date covered on the former candidate's 25most recent report to the date of disposition.

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1 (d) The newly appointed candidate shall file his or her report in the manner 2 provided under s. 11.21 (16), if applicable, or otherwise at the next appropriate 3 interval under s. 11.20 (2) or (4) after his or her appointment. The appointed 4 candidate shall include any transferred moneys in his or her first report.

5 SECTION 11. 11.001 (2m) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
6 is repealed and recreated to read:

7 11.001 (**2m**) The legislature finds a compelling justification for minimal 8 disclosure of all communications made near the time of an election that include a 9 reference to a candidate at that election, an office to be filled at that election, or a 10 political party in order to permit increased funding for candidates who are affected 11 by those communications. This minimal disclosure burden is outweighed by the need 12 to establish an effective funding mechanism for affected candidates to effectively 13 respond to communications that may impact an election.

SECTION 12. 11.01 (4m) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
is repealed.

16 SECTION 13. 11.01 (12s) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 14. 11.01 (12w), (13) and (14) of the statutes, as created by 2001
Wisconsin Act 109, are repealed.

19 SECTION 15. 11.01 (16) (a) 3. of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act
20 109, is created to read:

11.01 (16) (a) 3. A communication that is made by means of one or more
communications media, other than a communication that is exempt from reporting
under s. 11.29, that is made during the period beginning on the 60th day preceding
an election and ending on the date of that election and that includes a reference to
a candidate whose name is certified under s. 7.08 (2) (a) or 8.50 (1) (d) to appear on

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the ballot at that election, a reference to an office to be filled at that election, or a 1 $\mathbf{2}$ reference to a political party.

3 **SECTION 16.** 11.01 (17g) and (17r) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin 4 Act 109, are repealed.

5

SECTION 17. 11.05 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read: 6

7 11.05 (1) COMMITTEES AND GROUPS. (a) Except as provided in s. 9.10 (2) (d), every 8 committee, other than a personal campaign committee, that makes or accepts 9 contributions, incurs obligations, or makes disbursements in a calendar year in an 10 aggregate amount in excess of \$25 shall file a statement with the appropriate filing 11 officer giving the information required by sub. (3). In the case of any committee other 12than a personal campaign committee, the statement shall be filed by the treasurer. 13A personal campaign committee shall register under sub. (2g).

14(b) Every political group subject to registration under s. 11.23 which makes or 15accepts contributions, incurs obligations, or makes disbursements in a calendar year in an aggregate amount in excess of \$100 shall file a statement with the appropriate 16 17filing officer giving the information required by sub. (3).

18 **SECTION 18.** 11.05 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read: 19

20 11.05 (2) INDIVIDUALS. (a) Except as provided in s. 9.10 (2) (d), every individual, 21other than a candidate or agent of a candidate, who accepts contributions, incurs 22obligations, or makes disbursements with respect to one or more elections for state 23or local office in a calendar year in an aggregate amount in excess of \$25 shall file $\mathbf{24}$ a statement with the appropriate filing officer giving the information required by sub. (3). An individual who guarantees a loan on which an individual, committee or 25

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1	group subject to a registration requirement defaults is not subject to registration
2	under this subsection solely as a result of such default.
3	(b) Every individual who accepts contributions, incurs obligations, or makes
4	disbursements with respect to one or more referenda in a calendar year in an
5	aggregate amount in excess of \$100 shall file a statement with the appropriate filing
6	officer giving the information required by sub. (3).
7	SECTION 19. 11.05 (2r) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
8	is repealed.
9	SECTION 20. 11.05 (3) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
10	is repealed and recreated to read:
11	11.05 (3) (c) In the case of a committee, a statement as to whether the
12	committee is a personal campaign committee, a political party committee, a support
13	committee, or a special interest committee.
14	SECTION 21. 11.05 (3) (m) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
15	is repealed and recreated to read:
16	11.05 (3) (m) In the case of a personal campaign committee, the name of the
17	candidate on whose behalf the committee was formed or intends to operate and the
18	office or offices that the candidate seeks.
19	SECTION 22. 11.05 (3) (o) of the statutes is repealed.
20	SECTION 23. 11.05 (3) (r) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
21	is repealed and recreated to read:
22	11.05 (3) (r) In the case of a candidate or personal campaign committee of a
23	candidate, the telephone number or numbers and a facsimile transmission number
24	or electronic mail address, if any, at which the candidate may be contacted.
25	SECTION 24. 11.05 (3) (s) of the statutes is created to read:

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11.05 (3) (s) In the case of a registrant that has made a communication 1 $\mathbf{2}$ identified in s. 11.01 (16) (a) 3., a report containing the information specified in s. 3 11.06 (1) with respect to any obligation to make a disbursement incurred or any 4 disbursement made for the purpose of making such a communication prior to 5 registration.

6

SECTION 25. 11.05 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109. 7 is repealed and recreated to read:

8 11.05 (5) CHANGE OF INFORMATION. Any change in information previously 9 submitted in a statement of registration shall be reported by the registrant to the 10 appropriate filing officer within 10 days following the change. This period does not 11 apply in case of change of an indication made under s. 11.06 (2m), which shall be 12reported no later than the date that a registrant is subject to a filing requirement 13under s. 11.06 (2m). Any such change may be reported only by the individual or by 14the officer who has succeeded to the position of an individual who signed the original 15statement; but in the case of a personal campaign committee, a candidate or campaign treasurer may report a change in the statement except as provided in s. 16 1711.10 (2), and in the case of any other committee or group, the chief executive officer 18 or treasurer indicated on the statement may report a change. If a preexisting support 19 committee is adopted by a candidate as his or her personal campaign committee, the 20candidate shall file an amendment to the committee's statement under this 21subsection indicating that all information contained in the statement is true, correct 22and complete.

23

SECTION 26. 11.05 (5r) of the statutes is created to read:

 $\mathbf{24}$ 11.05 (5r) CONTRIBUTION PRIOR TO REGISTRATION PROHIBITED. (a) Except as provided in sub. (13), no person, committee, or group subject to a registration 25

1 requirement may make any contribution prior to the date of registration under this 2 section. 3 (b) No registrant may accept any contribution from a person, committee, or 4 group subject to a registration requirement prior to the date of registration of that $\mathbf{5}$ person, committee, or group. 6 **SECTION 27.** 11.05 (6) (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 7 11.05 (6) (title) CONTRIBUTION OR DISBURSEMENT FROM PREEXISTING ASSETS 8 PROHIBITED. 9 **SECTION 28.** 11.05 (6) of the statutes is amended to read: 10 11.05 (6) CONTRIBUTION OR DISBURSEMENT PROHIBITED. Except as provided in 11 subs. (7) and sub. (13), no person, committee, or group subject to a registration 12requirement may make any contribution or disbursement from property or funds 13 received prior to the date of registration under this section. 14**SECTION 29.** 11.05 (7) of the statutes is repealed. 15**SECTION 30.** 11.05 (9) (title) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16 109. is repealed and recreated to read: 1711.05 (9) (title) DEPOSIT OF CONTRIBUTIONS; CONDUITS. **SECTION 31.** 11.05 (9) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 18 is repealed and recreated to read: 19 20 11.05 (9) (b) An individual who or a committee or group which receives a 21contribution of money and transfers the contribution to another individual, 22committee, or group while acting as a conduit is not subject to registration under this 23section unless the individual, committee, or group transfers the contribution to a 24candidate or a personal campaign, political party, or support committee. **SECTION 32.** 11.05 (12) (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 25

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1 11.05 (12) (title) TIME OF REGISTRATION; ACCEPTANCE OF UNLAWFUL CONTRIBUTIONS.
 SECTION 33. 11.05 (12) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

4 11.05 (12) (b) Except as authorized under sub. (13), a committee, group, or 5 individual other than a candidate or agent of a candidate shall comply with sub. (1) or (2) no later than the 5th business day commencing after receipt of the first 6 7 contribution by such committee, group, or individual, and before making any 8 disbursement. No committee, group, or individual, other than a candidate or agent 9 of a candidate, may accept any contribution or contributions exceeding the amount 10 specified in sub. (1) or (2) during a calendar year at any time when the committee, 11 group, or individual is not registered under this section except within the initial 125-day period authorized by this paragraph.

13 SECTION 34. 11.05 (13) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
14 is repealed and recreated to read:

15 11.05 (13) BANK ACCOUNT AND POSTAL BOX; EXEMPTION. An individual, committee, 16 or group does not violate this section by accepting a contribution and making a 17 disbursement in the amount required to rent a postal box, or in the minimum amount 18 required by a bank or trust company to open a checking account, prior to the time of 19 registration, if the disbursement is properly reported on the first report submitted 20 under s. 11.20 or 11.21 (16) after the date that the individual, committee, or group 21 is registered, whenever a reporting requirement applies to the registrant.

SECTION 35. 11.06 (1) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
109, is repealed and recreated to read:

24 11.06 (1) CONTENTS OF REPORT. (intro.) Except as provided in subs. (2) and (2m)
25 and s. 11.19 (2), each registrant under s. 11.05 shall make full reports, upon a form

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1	prescribed by the board and signed by the appropriate individual under sub. (5), of
2	all contributions received, contributions or disbursements made, and obligations
3	incurred. Each report shall contain the following information, covering the period
4	since the last date covered on the previous report, unless otherwise provided:
5	SECTION 36. 11.06 (1) (cm) and (dm) of the statutes, as created by 2001
6	Wisconsin Act 109, are repealed.
7	SECTION 37. 11.06 (1) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
8	is repealed and recreated to read:
9	11.06 (1) (e) An itemized statement of contributions over \$20 from a single
10	source donated to a charitable organization or to the common school fund, with the
11	full name and mailing address of the donee, and a statement of contributions over
12	\$20 transferred to the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund.
13	SECTION 38. 11.06 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
14	is repealed and recreated to read:
15	11.06 (2) DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN INDIRECT DISBURSEMENTS. Notwithstanding
16	sub. (1), if a disbursement is made or obligation incurred by an individual other than
17	a candidate or by a committee or group which is not primarily organized for political
18	purposes, and the disbursement does not constitute a contribution to any candidate
19	or other individual, committee, or group, the disbursement or obligation is required
20	to be reported only if the purpose is to expressly advocate the election or defeat of a
21	clearly identified candidate or the adoption or rejection of a referendum. The
22	exemption provided by this subsection shall in no case be construed to apply to a
23	political party, personal campaign, or support committee.
24	SECTION 39. 11.06 (2m) (title) and (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001

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SECTION 39. 11.06 (2m) (title) and (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001
Wisconsin Act 109, are repealed and recreated to read:

1 11.06 (2m) (title) GENERAL REPORTING EXEMPTIONS. (a) Any person, committee, $\mathbf{2}$ or group, other than an individual or committee required to file an oath under s. 11.06 3 (7), who or which does not anticipate accepting contributions, making 4 disbursements, or incurring obligations in an aggregate amount in excess of \$1,000 5 in a calendar year and does not anticipate accepting any contribution or contributions from a single source, other than contributions made by a candidate to 6 7 his or her own campaign, exceeding \$100 in that year may indicate on its registration 8 statement that the person, committee, or group will not accept contributions, incur 9 obligations, or make disbursements in the aggregate in excess of \$1,000 in any 10 calendar year and will not accept any contribution or contributions from a single 11 source, other than contributions made by a candidate to his or her own campaign, 12exceeding \$100 in any calendar year. Any registrant making such an indication is 13not subject to any filing requirement if the statement is true. The registrant need 14not file a termination report. A registrant not making such an indication on a 15registration statement is subject to a filing requirement. The indication may be revoked and the registrant is then subject to a filing requirement as of the date of 16 17revocation, or the date that aggregate contributions, disbursements, or obligations 18 for the calendar year exceed \$1,000, or the date on which the registrant accepts any 19 contribution or contributions exceeding \$100 from a single source, other than 20contributions made by a candidate to his or her own campaign, during any calendar 21year, whichever is earlier.

22

23

SECTION 40. 11.06 (2m) (b) to (d) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, are repealed and recreated to read:

24 11.06 (2m) (b) Any individual or committee who or which is required to file an
25 oath under s. 11.06 (7) and who or which accepts contributions, makes

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disbursements, or incurs obligations for the purpose of supporting or opposing one 1 2 or more candidates for state office and who or which does not anticipate accepting 3 contributions, making disbursements, or incurring obligations in an aggregate 4 amount in excess of \$1,000 in a calendar year and does not anticipate accepting any $\mathbf{5}$ contribution or contributions from a single source exceeding \$100 in that year may 6 indicate on its registration statement that the individual or committee will not 7 accept contributions, incur obligations, or make disbursements in the aggregate in 8 excess of \$1,000 in any calendar year and will not accept any contribution or 9 contributions from a single source exceeding \$100 in any calendar year. Any 10 registrant making such an indication is not subject to any filing requirement if the 11 statement is true. The registrant need not file a termination report. A registrant not 12making such an indication on a registration statement is subject to a filing 13 requirement. The indication may be revoked and the registrant is then subject to a 14filing requirement as of the date of revocation, or the date on which aggregate 15contributions, disbursements, or obligations for the calendar year exceed \$1,000, or 16 the date on which the registrant accepts any contribution or contributions exceeding 17\$100 from a single source during any calendar year, whichever is earlier.

18 (c) Any individual or committee who or which is required to file an oath under 19 s. 11.06 (7) and who or which accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs 20 obligations for the purpose of supporting or opposing one or more candidates for local 21office but not for the purpose of supporting or opposing any candidate for state office 22 and who or which does not anticipate accepting contributions, making 23disbursements, or incurring obligations in an aggregate amount in excess of \$100 in 24a calendar year may indicate on its registration statement that the individual or committee will not accept contributions, incur obligations, or make disbursements 25

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1	in the aggregate in excess of \$100 in any calendar year and will not accept any
2	contribution or contributions from a single source, other than contributions made by
3	a candidate to his or her own campaign, exceeding \$100 in any calendar year. Any
4	registrant making such an indication is not subject to any filing requirement if the
5	statement is true. The registrant need not file a termination report. A registrant not
6	making such an indication on a registration statement is subject to a filing
7	requirement. The indication may be revoked and the registrant is then subject to a
8	filing requirement as of the date of revocation, or the date that aggregate
9	contributions, disbursements, or obligations for the calendar year exceed \$100,
10	whichever is earlier.
11	(d) If a revocation by a registrant under this subsection is not timely, the
12	registrant violates s. 11.27 (1).
13	SECTION 41. 11.06 (3) (b) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin
14	Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:
15	11.06 (3) (b) (intro.) A nonresident registrant that makes a report under sub.
16	(1) shall ensure that the report separately states information under sub. (1)
17	concerning all of the following, in a manner prescribed by the board:
18	SECTION 42. 11.06 (3m) of the statutes is repealed.
19	SECTION 43. 11.06 (3r) of the statutes is repealed.
20	SECTION 44. 11.06 (3w) of the statutes is repealed.
21	SECTION 45. 11.06 (4) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
22	is repealed and recreated to read:
23	11.06 (4) (b) Unless it is returned or donated within 15 days of receipt, a

11.06 (4) (b) Unless it is returned or donated within 15 days of receipt, a
 contribution must be reported as received and accepted on the date received. This
 paragraph applies notwithstanding the fact that the contribution is not deposited in

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1 a campaign depository account by the closing date for a reporting period as provided

2 in s. 11.20 (8) or the reporting deadline provided in s. 11.21 (16).

SECTION 46. 11.06 (4) (e) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 47. 11.06 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
is repealed and recreated to read:

6 11.06 (5) REPORT MUST BE COMPLETE. A registered individual or treasurer of a 7 group or committee shall make a good faith effort to obtain all required information. 8 The first report shall commence no later than the date that the first contribution is 9 received and accepted or the first disbursement is made. Each report shall be filed 10 with the appropriate filing officer on the dates designated in s. 11.20 and, if the 11 registrant files reports under s. 11.21 (16), at the times specified in s. 11.21 (16). The 12individual or the treasurer of the group or committee shall certify to the correctness 13 of each report. In the case of a candidate, the candidate or treasurer shall certify to 14the correctness of each report. If a treasurer is unavailable, any person designated 15as a custodian under s. 11.05 (3) (e) may certify to the correctness of a report.

16 SECTION 48. 11.06 (7m) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 17 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

18 11.06 (7m) (a) If a committee which was registered under s. 11.05 as a political party committee supporting candidates of a political party files an oath under sub. 19 20 (7) affirming that it does not act in cooperation or consultation with any candidate 21who is nominated to appear on the party ballot of the party at a general or special 22 election, that the committee does not act in concert with, or at the request or 23suggestion of, such a candidate, that the committee does not act in cooperation or 24consultation with such a candidate or agent or authorized committee of such a candidate who benefits from a disbursement made in opposition to another 25

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1 candidate, and that the committee does not act in concert with, or at the request or $\mathbf{2}$ suggestion of, such a candidate or agent or authorized committee of such a candidate 3 who benefits from a disbursement made in opposition to another candidate, the 4 committee filing the oath may not make any contributions in support of any 5 candidate of the party at the general or special election or in opposition to any such 6 candidate's opponents exceeding the amounts specified in s. 11.26 (2), except as 7 authorized in par. (c). 8 **SECTION 49.** 11.06 (7m) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 9 109, is repealed and recreated to read: 10 11.06 (7m) (b) If the committee has already made contributions in excess of the 11 amounts specified in s. 11.26 (2) at the time that it files an oath under sub. (7), each 12candidate to whom contributions are made shall promptly return a sufficient amount 13of contributions to bring the committee into compliance with this subsection and the 14committee may not make any additional contributions in violation of this subsection. 15**SECTION 50.** 11.06 (7m) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16 109. is repealed and recreated to read: 1711.06 (7m) (c) A committee filing an oath under sub. (7) which desires to change its status to a political party committee may do so as of December 31 of any 18 even-numbered year. Section 11.26 does not apply to contributions received by such 19 20a committee prior to the date of the change. Such a committee may change its status 21at other times only by filing a termination statement under s. 11.19 (1) and 22reregistering as a newly organized committee under s. 11.05.

23 SECTION 51. 11.06 (11) (bm) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 24 109, is repealed.

25 SECTION 52. 11.06 (11) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	11.06 (11) (c) A contribution of money received from a conduit, accompanied by
2	the information required under par. (a), is considered to be a contribution from the
3	original contributor <u>for the purposes of ss. 11.26 (1) and (4) and 11.50 (2) (b) 5</u> .
4	SECTION 53. 11.07 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
5	is repealed and recreated to read:
6	11.07 (1) Every nonresident committee or group making contributions and
7	every nonresident individual, committee, or group making disbursements exceeding
8	the amount specified in s. $11.05(1)$ or (2) in a calendar year within this state shall
9	file the name, mailing and street address and the name and the mailing and street
10	address of a designated agent within the state with the office of the secretary of state.
11	An agent may be any adult individual who is a resident of this state. After any
12	change in the name or address of such agent the new address or name of the successor
13	agent shall be filed within 30 days. Service of process in any proceeding under this
14	chapter or ch. 12, or service of any other notice or demand may be made upon such
15	agent.
16	SECTION 54. 11.07 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
17	is repealed and recreated to read:
18	11.07 (5) Any campaign treasurer or individual who knowingly receives a
19	contribution made by an unregistered nonresident in violation of this section may
20	not use or expend such contribution but shall immediately return it to the source or
21	at the option of the campaign treasurer or individual, donate the contribution to a
22	charitable organization or to the common school fund or transfer the contribution to
23	the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund.
24	SECTION 55. 11.09 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
25	is repealed and recreated to read:

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11.09 (3) Each registrant whose filing officer is the board, who or which makes 1 $\mathbf{2}$ disbursements in connection with elections for offices which serve or referenda 3 which affect only one county or portion thereof, except a candidate, personal 4 campaign committee, political party committee, or other committee making 5 disbursements in support of or in opposition to a candidate for state senator. representative to the assembly, court of appeals judge, or circuit judge, shall file a 6 7 duplicate original of each financial report filed with the board with the county clerk or board of election commissioners of the county in which the elections in which the 8 9 registrant participates are held. Such reports shall be filed no later than the dates 10 specified under s. 11.20 (2) and (4) for the filing of each report with the board. This 11 subsection does not apply to a registrant who or which files reports under s. 11.21 12(16).

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13 SECTION 56. 11.10 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
14 is repealed and recreated to read:

1511.10(1) Each candidate in an election shall appoint one campaign treasurer. Except as provided in s. 11.14 (3), each candidate shall designate one campaign 16 17depository account within 5 business days after the candidate receives his or her first 18 contribution and before the candidate makes or authorizes any disbursement in 19 behalf of his or her candidacy. If a candidate adopts a preexisting support committee 20as his or her personal campaign committee, the candidate shall make such 21designation within 5 business days of adoption. The person designated as campaign 22treasurer shall be the treasurer of the candidate's personal campaign committee, if 23any. The candidate may appoint himself or herself or any other elector as campaign $\mathbf{24}$ treasurer. A registration statement under s. 11.05 (2g) must be filed jointly by every candidate and his or her campaign treasurer. The candidate does not qualify for 25

ballot placement until this requirement is met. Except as authorized under s. 11.06 1 2 (5), the campaign treasurer or candidate shall certify as to the correctness of each 3 report required to be filed, and the candidate bears the responsibility for the accuracy 4 of each report for purposes of civil liability under this chapter, whether or not the 5 candidate certifies it personally.

6

SECTION 57. 11.12 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109. 7 is repealed and recreated to read:

8 11.12 (2) Any anonymous contribution exceeding \$10 received by a campaign 9 or committee treasurer or by an individual under s. 11.06 (7) may not be used or 10 expended. The contribution shall be donated to the common school fund or to any 11 charitable organization or transferred to the board for deposit in the Wisconsin 12election campaign fund, at the option of the treasurer.

13 **SECTION 58.** 11.12 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

14 11.12 (2m) If the campaign treasurer of a registrant receives a contribution in 15the form of money that is made by an individual who has made contributions to the registrant cumulatively within a calendar year exceeding \$100 in amount or value. 16 17and the contributor has not provided to the treasurer the information required under s. 11.06 (1) (b), the treasurer shall obtain the information from the contributor before 18 19 depositing the contribution in the campaign depository account. If the treasurer does 20 not receive the information within the period prescribed under s. 11.14 (1), the 21treasurer shall return the contribution to the contributor.

22**SECTION 59.** 11.12 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 23is repealed and recreated to read:

2411.12 (4) Each registrant shall report contributions, disbursements, and incurred obligations in accordance with s. 11.20 and, if the registrant files reports 25

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under s. 11.21 (16), in accordance with s. 11.21 (16). Except as permitted under s. 1 $\mathbf{2}$ 11.06 (2), each report shall contain the information which is required under s. 11.06 3 (1).

4

SECTION 60. 11.12 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 5 is repealed and recreated to read:

6 11.12 (5) If any contribution or contributions of \$500 or more cumulatively are 7 received by a candidate for state office or by a committee or individual from a single 8 contributor later than 15 days prior to a primary or election such that they are not 9 included in the preprimary or preelection report submitted under s. 11.20 (3), the 10 treasurer of the committee or the individual receiving the contribution shall, within 11 24 hours of receipt, inform the appropriate filing officer of the information required 12under s. 11.06 (1) in such manner as the board may prescribe. The information shall 13also be included in the treasurer's or individual's next regular report. For purposes 14of the reporting requirement under this subsection, only contributions received 15during the period beginning with the day after the last date covered on the preprimary or preelection report, and ending with the day before the primary or 16 17election need be reported. This subsection does not apply to a registrant who or which files reports under s. 11.21 (16). 18

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SECTION 61. 11.12 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 20is repealed and recreated to read:

2111.12 (6) (a) If an individual or committee incurs an obligation or makes a 22disbursement of more than \$20 cumulatively to advocate the election or defeat of a 23clearly identified candidate later than 15 days prior to a primary or election in which $\mathbf{24}$ the candidate's name appears on the ballot without cooperation or consultation with a candidate or agent or authorized committee of a candidate who is supported or 25

whose opponent is opposed, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion 1 2 of such a candidate, agent or committee, the individual or treasurer of the committee 3 shall, within 24 hours after incurring the obligation or making the disbursement, 4 inform the appropriate filing officer of the information required under s. 11.06 (1) in 5 such manner as the board may prescribe. For purposes of this paragraph, obligations and disbursements cumulate beginning with the day after the last date covered on 6 7 the preprimary or preelection report and ending with the day before the primary or 8 election. Upon receipt of a report under this paragraph, the filing officer shall, within 9 24 hours of receipt, mail a copy of the report to all candidates for any office in support 10 of or opposition to one of whom an incurred obligation or disbursement identified in 11 the report is incurred or made. A committee that files a report pertaining to a 12disbursement under par. (c) is not required to file a report pertaining to the same 13 disbursement under this paragraph. This paragraph does not apply to a committee 14that files reports under s. 11.21 (16).

15(c) 1. If any committee identified under s. 11.05 (3) (c) as a special interest committee, other than a conduit, receives any contribution, makes any 16 17disbursement, or incurs any obligation to make a disbursement for the purpose of 18 advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate for a state office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (de), (e), or (f) at the general or a special election, or any 19 20 such candidate who seeks a nomination for such an office at a primary election, or 21for a purpose described in s. 11.01 (16) (a) 3., without cooperation or consultation with 22 a candidate or agent or authorized committee of a candidate who is supported or 23whose opponent is opposed, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion 24of such a candidate, agent, or committee, the committee shall report to the board within 24 hours thereafter, in such manner as the board may prescribe, the name of 25

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1 each candidate who is supported or whose opponent is opposed and the total amount $\mathbf{2}$ of contributions received, disbursements made, and obligations incurred for such a 3 purpose in support of or opposition to that candidate.

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2. A committee which is required to file reports under this paragraph shall also 5 report to the board, together with its report under subd. 1., in such manner as the 6 board may prescribe, the amount and date of each contribution received, 7 disbursement made, or obligation incurred for the purpose of advocating the election 8 or defeat of a candidate specified in this paragraph in the manner specified in this 9 paragraph, and the name of the candidate in support of or in opposition to whom the 10 contribution was received, disbursement made, or obligation incurred.

11 A committee which files a report under this paragraph concerning a 3. 12disbursement is not required to file a report pertaining to the same disbursement 13 under par. (a).

14(d) All information reported by a registrant under this subsection shall also be 15included in the next regular report of the registrant under s. 11.20.

16 **SECTION 62.** 11.12 (8) and (9) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 17109, are repealed and recreated to read:

18 11.12 (8) If a candidate for a state office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (de), (e), or (f) who does not accept a grant under s. 11.50 makes any disbursement after that 19 20 candidate has accumulated cash in his or her campaign depository account or has 21made disbursements during his or her campaign, as defined in s. 11.31 (7), exceeding 22a combined total of 75% of the amount specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (de), (e), or (f), 23as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), for the office that the candidate seeks, that candidate $\mathbf{24}$ or the candidate's personal campaign committee shall file daily reports with the board and with each candidate whose name is certified to appear on the ballot for the 25

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1 office in connection with which the disbursement is made, by electronic mail or 2 facsimile transmission, on each day beginning with that date or the 7th day after the 3 primary election or the date that a primary would be held, if required, whichever is 4 later, and ending on the date of the election at which the candidate seeks office. Each 5 report shall contain information pertaining to each disbursement made by the candidate or committee and shall be filed no later than 24 hours after that 6 7 disbursement is made. Each report shall include the same information concerning 8 each disbursement that is required to be reported for other disbursements under s. 9 11.06 (1). The information shall also be included in the next regular report of the 10 candidate or committee under s. 11.20.

(9) Whenever a report is required to be filed with a candidate by electronic mail or facsimile transmission under this section, the report shall be filed at the address or number of the candidate or personal campaign committee as shown on the registration statement of the candidate or committee. If no electronic mail address or facsimile transmission number is shown, the report shall be filed at the mailing address shown on the statement.

SECTION 63. 11.14 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
is repealed and recreated to read:

19 11.14 (3) Notwithstanding sub. (1), any candidate who serves as his or her own 20 campaign treasurer and who is authorized to make and makes an indication on his 21 or her registration statement under s. 11.06 (2m) that he or she will not accept 22 contributions, make disbursements, or incur obligations in an aggregate amount 23 exceeding \$1,000 in a calendar year, and will not accept any contribution or 24 contributions from a single source, other than contributions made by the candidate 25 to his or her own campaign, exceeding \$100 in a calendar year, may designate a single

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personal account as his or her campaign depository account, and may intermingle 1 2 personal and other funds with campaign funds. If a separate depository account is 3 later established by the candidate, the candidate shall transfer all campaign funds 4 in the personal account to the new depository account. Disbursements made from 5 such personal account need not be identified in accordance with s. 11.16 (3).

6

SECTION 64. 11.16 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109. 7 is repealed and recreated to read:

8 11.16 (2) LIMITATION ON CASH CONTRIBUTIONS. Every contribution of money 9 exceeding \$50 shall be made by negotiable instrument or evidenced by an itemized 10 credit card receipt bearing on the face the name of the remitter. No treasurer may 11 accept a contribution made in violation of this subsection. The treasurer shall 12promptly return the contribution, donate the contribution to the common school fund 13 or to a charitable organization, or transfer the contribution to the board for deposit 14in the Wisconsin election campaign fund in the event that the donor cannot be identified. 15

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SECTION 65. 11.16 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

18 11.16 (5) ESCROW AGREEMENTS. Any personal campaign committee or political party committee may, pursuant to a written escrow agreement with more than one 19 20 candidate, solicit contributions for and conduct a joint fund raising effort or program 21on behalf of more than one named candidate. The agreement shall specify the 22percentage of the proceeds to be distributed to each candidate by the committee 23conducting the effort or program. The committee shall include this information in $\mathbf{24}$ all solicitations for the effort or program. All contributions received and disbursements made by the committee in connection with the effort or program shall 25

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1	be received and disbursed through a separate depository account under s. 11.14 (1)
2	that is identified in the agreement. For purposes of s. 11.06 (1), the committee
3	conducting the effort or program shall prepare a schedule in the form prescribed by
4	the board supplying all required information under s. 11.06 (1) and items qualifying
5	for exclusion under s. 11.31 (6) for the effort or program, and shall transmit a copy
6	of the schedule to each candidate who receives any of the proceeds within the period
7	prescribed in s. 11.06 (4) (c).
8	SECTION 66. 11.19 (title) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
9	11.19 (title) Carry-over of surplus funds; dissolution of registrants;
10	termination reports.
11	SECTION 67. 11.19 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
12	is repealed and recreated to read:
13	11.19(1) Whenever any registrant disbands or determines that obligations will
14	no longer be incurred, and contributions will no longer be received nor disbursements
15	made during a calendar year, and the registrant has no outstanding incurred
16	obligations, the registrant shall file a termination report with the appropriate filing
17	officer. Such report shall indicate a cash balance on hand of zero at the end of the
18	reporting period and shall indicate the disposition of residual funds. Residual funds
18 19	reporting period and shall indicate the disposition of residual funds. Residual funds may be used for any political purpose not prohibited by law, returned to the donors
19	may be used for any political purpose not prohibited by law, returned to the donors
19 20	may be used for any political purpose not prohibited by law, returned to the donors in an amount not exceeding the original contribution, transferred to the board for
19 20 21	may be used for any political purpose not prohibited by law, returned to the donors in an amount not exceeding the original contribution, transferred to the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, or donated to a charitable

25 subsection with a termination report filed under this subsection. If a termination

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report or suspension report under sub. (2) is not filed, the registrant shall continue
to file periodic reports with the appropriate filing officer, no later than the dates
specified in s. 11.20 and, if the registrant files reports under s. 11.21 (16), no later
than the times specified in s. 11.21 (16). This subsection does not apply to any
registrant making an indication under s. 11.06 (2m).

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6 7 is rep

SECTION 68. 11.20 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

8 11.20 (1) All reports required by s. 11.06 which relate to activities which 9 promote or oppose candidates for state office or statewide referenda and all reports 10 under s. 11.08 shall be filed with the board. All reports required by s. 11.06 which 11 relate to activities which promote or oppose candidates for local office or local referenda shall be filed with the appropriate filing officer under s. 11.02, except 1213reports filed under s. 11.08. Each registrant shall file the reports required by this 14section. If the registrant is subject to a requirement under s. 11.21 (16) to report 15electronically the same information that is reportable under this section, the 16 registrant shall, in addition, file the reports required by this section recorded on a 17medium specified by the board.

18 SECTION 69. 11.20 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 19 is repealed and recreated to read:

- 11.20 (2) Preprimary and preelection reports under s. 11.06 (1) shall be
 received by the appropriate filing officer no earlier than 14 days and no later than
 8 days preceding the primary and the election.
- 23 SECTION 70. 11.20 (7) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
 24 is repealed and recreated to read:

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1	11.20(7) Except as otherwise required under s. 11.21 (16), in the event that any
2	report is required to be filed under this chapter on a nonbusiness day, it may be filed
3	on the next business day thereafter.
4	SECTION 71. 11.20 (8) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
5	109, is repealed and recreated to read:
6	11.20 (8) (intro.) Reports filed under subs. (2) , (4) , and $(4m)$ shall include all
7	contributions received and transactions made as of the end of:
8	SECTION 72. 11.20 (8) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
9	is repealed and recreated to read:
10	11.20 (8) (a) The 15th day preceding the primary or election in the case of the
11	preprimary and preelection report.
12	SECTION 73. 11.20 (8) (am) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act
13	109, is repealed.
14	SECTION 74. 11.20 (9) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
15	is repealed and recreated to read:
16	11.20 (9) Except as provided in ss. 11.06 $(2m)$ and 11.19 (2) , the duty to file
17	reports under this section continues until a termination report is filed in accordance
18	with s. 11.19.
19	SECTION 75. 11.20 (10) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
20	109, is repealed and recreated to read:
21	11.20 (10) (a) Where a requirement is imposed under this section for the filing
22	of a financial report which is to be received by the appropriate filing officer no later
23	than a certain date, the requirement may be satisfied either by actual receipt of the
24	report by the prescribed time for filing at the office of the filing officer, or by filing a
25	report with the U.S. postal service by first class mail with sufficient prepaid postage,

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addressed to the appropriate filing officer, no later than the 3rd day before the date 1 $\mathbf{2}$ provided by law for receipt of such report.

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3 **SECTION 76.** 11.20 (12) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read: 4

5 11.20 (12) If a candidate is unopposed in a primary or election, the obligation 6 to file the reports required by this chapter does not cease. Except as provided in ss. 7 11.06 (2m) and 11.19 (2), a registrant who makes or receives no contributions, makes 8 no disbursements or incurs no obligations shall so report on the dates designated in 9 subs. (2) and (4).

10

SECTION 77. 11.21 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 11 is repealed and recreated to read:

1211.21 (2) Furnish to each registrant prescribed forms for the making of reports 13and statements. Forms shall be sent by 1st class mail not earlier than 21 days and 14 not later than 14 days prior to the applicable filing deadline under s. 11.20, and 15addressed to the attention of the treasurer or other person indicated on the 16 registration statement. Forms need not be sent to a registrant who has made an 17indication that aggregate contributions, disbursements, and obligations will not 18 exceed the amount specified under s. 11.06 (2m) or to a registrant who has been 19 granted a suspension under s. 11.19 (2). Forms for reports shall not be sent by the 20board to a registrant if the registrant is required to file reports with the board in an 21electronic format. Whenever any notice of filing requirements under this chapter is 22sent to a candidate's campaign treasurer, the board shall also send a notice to the 23candidate if he or she has appointed a separate treasurer. Failure to receive any form or notice does not exempt a registrant from compliance with this chapter. 24

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SECTION 78. 11.21 (15) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
 is repealed and recreated to read:

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- 11.21 (15) Inform each candidate who files an application to become eligible to
 receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund of the dollar amount of
 the applicable disbursement limitation under s. 11.31 (1) or (1m), adjusted as
 provided under s. 11.31 (9), which applies to the office for which such person is a
 candidate. Failure to receive the notice required by this subsection does not
 constitute a defense to a violation of s. 11.27 (1) or 11.31.
- 9 SECTION 79. 11.21 (16) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
 10 is repealed and recreated to read:
- 11 11.21 (16) Require each registrant for whom the board serves as filing officer 12and who or which accepts contributions in a total amount or value of \$20,000 or more 13 during a campaign period to file each campaign finance report that is required to be 14filed under this chapter in an electronic format, and accept from any other registrant 15for whom the board serves as a filing officer any campaign finance report that is required to be filed under this chapter in an electronic format. A registrant who or 16 17which becomes subject to a requirement to file reports in an electronic format under 18 this subsection shall initially file the registrant's report in an electronic format for the period which includes the date on which the registrant becomes subject to the 19 20 requirement or, if the registrant is required to report transactions within 24 hours 21of their occurrence, within 24 hours after the date on which the registrant becomes 22 subject to the requirement. To facilitate implementation of this subsection, the board 23shall specify, by rule, a type of software that is suitable for compliance with the 24electronic filing requirement under this subsection. The board shall provide copies of the software to registrants at a price fixed by the board that may not exceed cost. 25

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Each registrant who or which files a report under this subsection in an electronic 1 $\mathbf{2}$ format shall also file a copy of the report with the board that is recorded on a medium 3 specified by the board. The copy shall be signed by an authorized individual and filed 4 with the board by each registrant no later than the time prescribed for filing of the 5 report under this chapter. If a registrant is a committee, the copy shall be certified by an authorized individual and filed with the board by the registrant no later than 6 7 24 hours after the occurrence of any transaction that is reportable under s. 11.06 (1). 8 If a registrant or other person becomes subject to a requirement to report 9 electronically under this subsection, the registrant or other person shall continue to 10 report electronically regardless of the amount of contributions accepted or 11 expenditures made by the registrant or other person, until a termination report is 12filed. The board shall provide complete instructions to any registrant who or which 13files a report under this subsection. In this subsection, the "campaign period" of a 14candidate, personal campaign committee or support committee begins and ends with 15the "campaign" of the candidate whose candidacy is supported, as defined in s. 11.26 (17), and the "campaign period" of any other registrant begins on January 1 of each 16 17odd-numbered year and ends on December 31 of the following year. Section 990.001 18 (4) does not apply to the computation of time permitted for compliance with the filing requirements under this subsection. 19

20 **SECTION 80.** 11.21 (17) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 21is repealed.

22**SECTION 81.** 11.22 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 23is repealed and recreated to read:

 $\mathbf{24}$ 11.22 (3) Furnish to each registrant prescribed forms for the making of reports and statements. Forms shall be sent by 1st class mail not earlier than 21 days and 25

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not later than 14 days prior to the applicable filing deadline under s. 11.20 and 1 $\mathbf{2}$ addressed to the attention of the treasurer or other person indicated on the 3 registration statement. Forms need not be sent to a registrant who has made an 4 indication that aggregate contributions, disbursements and obligations will not 5 exceed the amount specified under s. 11.06 (2m) or to a registrant who has been 6 granted a suspension under s. 11.19 (2). Whenever any notice of the filing 7 requirements under this chapter is sent to a candidate's campaign treasurer, the 8 filing officer shall also send a notice to the candidate if he or she has appointed a 9 separate treasurer. Failure to receive any form or notice does not exempt a registrant 10 from compliance with this chapter.

11

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SECTION 82. 11.23 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

13 11.23 (1) Any group or individual may promote or oppose a particular vote at 14any referendum in this state. Before making disbursements, receiving 15contributions, or incurring obligations in excess of \$100 in the aggregate in a 16 calendar year for such purposes, the group or individual shall file a registration 17statement under s. 11.05 (1) or (2). In the case of a group the name and mailing 18 address of each of its officers shall be given in the statement. Every group and every 19 individual under this section shall designate a campaign depository account under 20 s. 11.14. Every group shall appoint a treasurer, who may delegate authority but is 21jointly responsible for the actions of his or her authorized designee for purposes of 22civil liability under this chapter. The appropriate filing officer shall be notified by 23a group of any change in its treasurer within 10 days of the change under s. 11.05 (5). 24The treasurer of a group shall certify the correctness of each statement or report submitted by it under this chapter. 25

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1	SECTION 83. 11.23 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
2	is repealed and recreated to read:
3	11.23 (2) Any anonymous contribution exceeding \$10 received by an individual
4	or group treasurer may not be used or expended. The contribution shall be donated
5	to the common school fund or to any charitable organization or transferred to the
6	board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, at the option of the
7	treasurer.
8	SECTION 84. 11.24 (1w) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
9	is repealed and recreated to read:
10	11.24 (1w) No candidate or personal campaign committee of a candidate who
11	applies for a grant under s. 11.50 may accept any contribution from a committee
12	other than a political party committee.
13	SECTION 85. 11.24 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 11.24 (5).
14	SECTION 86. 11.24 (4) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is
15	repealed and recreated to read:
16	11.24 (4) (a) No person may make a contribution to an incumbent partisan state
17	elective official or to the personal campaign committee or support committee
18	authorized under s. 11.05 (3) (p) of that official for the purpose of promoting that
19	official's nomination or reelection to the office held by the official during the period
20	beginning on the first Monday of January in each odd-numbered year and ending
21	on the date of enactment of the biennial budget act.
22	(b) Notwithstanding par. (a), a person may make a contribution to an
23	incumbent partisan state elective official against whom a recall petition has been
24	filed during the period beginning on the date that the petition offered for filing is filed

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under s. 9.10 (3) (b) and ending on the date of the recall election unless the official
 resigns at an earlier date under s. 9.10 (3) (c).

3

SECTION 87. 11.25 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 11.25 (2) (b) Notwithstanding par. (a), a registrant may accept contributions $\mathbf{5}$ and make disbursements from a campaign depository account for the purpose of 6 making expenditures in connection with a campaign for national office; for payment 7 of civil penalties incurred by the registrant under this chapter but not under any 8 other chapter; or for payment of the expenses of nonpartisan campaigns to increase 9 voter registration or participation. Notwithstanding par. (a), a personal campaign 10 committee or support committee may accept contributions and make disbursements 11 from a campaign depository account for payment of inaugural expenses of an 12individual who is elected to state or local office. If such expenses are paid from 13 contributions made to the campaign depository account, they are reportable under 14s. 11.06 (1) as disbursements. Otherwise, such expenses are not reportable under s. 1511.06 (1). If contributions from the campaign depository account are used for such 16 expenses, they are subject to s. 11.26.

SECTION 88. 11.26 (1) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
109, is repealed and recreated to read:

19 11.26 (1) (intro.) No individual, except an individual serving as a conduit, may
 20 make any contribution or contributions to a candidate for election or nomination to
 21 any of the following offices and to any individual or committee under s. 11.06 (7)
 22 acting solely in support of such a candidate or solely in opposition to the candidate's
 23 opponent to the extent of more than a total of the amounts specified per candidate:
 24 SECTION 89. 11.26 (1m) and (1t) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin

25 Act 109, are repealed.

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1	SECTION 90. 11.26 (2) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
2	109, is repealed and recreated to read:
3	11.26 (2) (intro.) No committee, other than a political party committee, and no
4	individual or committee serving as a conduit, may make any contribution or
5	contributions to a candidate for election or nomination to any of the following offices
6	and to any individual or committee under s. 11.06 (7) acting solely in support of such
7	a candidate or solely in opposition to the candidate's opponent to the extent of more
8	than a total of the amounts specified per candidate:
9	SECTION 91. 11.26 (2) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
10	is repealed and recreated to read:
11	11.26 (2) (a) Candidates for governor, \$45,000.
12	SECTION 92. 11.26 (2) (ad) of the statutes is created to read:
13	11.26 (2) (ad) Candidates for lieutenant governor, \$15,000.
14	SECTION 93. 11.26 (2) (ae) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
15	is repealed.
16	SECTION 94. 11.26 (2) (am) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act
17	109, is repealed and recreated to read:
18	11.26 (2) (am) Candidates for attorney general, \$25,000.
19	SECTION 95. 11.26 (2) (as) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
20	is repealed.
21	SECTION 96. 11.26 (2) (au) of the statutes is created to read:
22	11.26 (2) (au) Candidates for secretary of state, state treasurer, state
23	superintendent, or justice, \$10,000.
24	Section 97. 11.26 (2) (av) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
25	is repealed.

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1 SECTION 98. 11.26 (2m) and (2t) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin 2 Act 109, are repealed.

- 3 SECTION 99. 11.26 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
 4 is repealed and recreated to read:
- 11.26 (3) The contribution limitations of subs. (1) and (2) apply cumulatively
 to the entire primary and election campaign in which a candidate participates,
 whether or not there is a contested primary election. The total limitation may be
 apportioned in any manner desired between the primary and election. All moneys
 cumulate regardless of the time of contribution.
- SECTION 100. 11.26 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
 is repealed and recreated to read:
- 12 11.26 (4) Except as provided in sub. (10), no individual, except an individual 13 serving as a conduit, may make any contribution or contributions to all candidates 14 for state and local offices and to any individuals who or committees which are subject 15 to a registration requirement under s. 11.05, including committees of a political 16 party, to the extent of more than a total of \$10,000 in any calendar year.
- SECTION 101. 11.26 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
 is repealed and recreated to read:
- 19 11.26 (5) The contribution limits provided in subs. (1) and (4) do not apply to 20 a candidate who makes any contribution or contributions to his or her own campaign 21 for office from the candidate's personal funds or property or the personal funds or 22 property which are owned jointly or as marital property with the candidate's spouse, 23 with respect to any contribution or contributions made to that candidate's campaign 24 only. A candidate's personal contributions shall be deposited in his or her campaign 25 depository account and reported in the normal manner.

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SECTION 102. 11.26 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
 is repealed and recreated to read:

3 11.26 (6) When a candidate adopts a preexisting support committee as his or
4 her personal campaign committee, the support committee is deemed to have been the
5 same committee as the candidate's personal campaign committee for purposes of the
6 application of subs. (1), (2), and (9). The limitations prescribed in subs. (2) and (9)
7 do not apply to the transfer of contributions which is made at the time of such
8 adoption, but do apply to the contributions which have been made by any other
9 committee to the support committee at the time of adoption.

SECTION 103. 11.26 (8) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
is repealed and recreated to read:

12 11.26 (8) (a) No political party, as defined in s. 5.02 (13), may receive more than 13 a total of \$450,000 in value of its contributions in any biennium from all other 14 committees, excluding transfers between party committees of the party. In this 15 paragraph, a biennium commences with January 1 of each odd-numbered year and 16 ends with December 31 of each even-numbered year.

- (b) No such political party may receive more than a total of \$18,000 in value
 of its contributions in any calendar year from any specific committee or its subunits
 or affiliates, excluding political party committees.
- (c) No committee, other than a political party committee, may make any
 contribution or contributions, directly or indirectly, to a political party under s. 5.02
 (13) in a calendar year exceeding a total value of \$18,000.
- 23 **SECTION 104.** 11.26 (8m) of the statutes is created to read:

1	11.26 (8m) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), no committee may make a
2	contribution to any other committee except a political party, personal campaign, or
3	support committee.
4	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to any contribution made by a committee that
5	is affiliated with a labor organization to any other committee that is affiliated with
6	the same labor organization.
7	SECTION 105. 11.26 (8n) and (8r) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin
8	Act 109, are repealed.
9	SECTION 106. 11.26 (9) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
10	109, is repealed and recreated to read:
11	11.26 (9) (a) No individual who is a candidate for state or local office may receive
12	and accept more than the following amount during any primary and election
13	campaign combined from political party committees:
14	1. For a candidate for the office of governor, \$400,000.
15	2. For a candidate for the office of lieutenant governor, \$100,000.
16	3. For a candidate for the office of attorney general, \$100,000.
17	4. For a candidate for the office of secretary of state, state treasurer, justice, or
18	state superintendent, \$50,000.
19	5. For a candidate for the office of state senator, \$24,000.
20	6. For a candidate for the office of representative to the assembly, \$12,000.
21	7. For a candidate for any other state or local office, 20% of the value of the total
22	disbursement level, as determined under s. 11.31 (1) and adjusted as provided under
23	s. 11.31 (9) but without respect to any adjustment under s. 11.31 (1m), for the office
24	for which he or she is a candidate.

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1	SECTION 107. 11.26 (9) (am) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act
2	109, is repealed.
3	SECTION 108. 11.26 (9) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
4	109, is repealed and recreated to read:
5	11.26 (9) (b) No individual who is a candidate for state or local office may receive
6	and accept more than the following amount during any primary and election
7	campaign combined from all committees other than political party committees
8	subject to a filing requirement:
9	1. For a candidate for the office of governor, \$485,190.
10	2. For a candidate for the office of lieutenant governor, \$145,564.
11	3. For a candidate for the office of attorney general, \$ 242,550.
12	4. For a candidate for the office of secretary of state, state treasurer, justice, or
13	state superintendent, \$97,031.
14	5. For a candidate for the office of state senator, \$15,525.
15	6. For a candidate for the office of representative to the assembly, \$7,763.
16	7. For a candidate for any other state or local office, 25% of the value of the total
17	disbursement level, as determined under s. 11.31 (1) and as adjusted as provided
18	under s. 11.31 (9) but without respect to any adjustment under s. 11.31 (1m), for the
19	office for which he or she is a candidate.
20	SECTION 109. 11.26 (9) (c) of the statutes is repealed.
21	SECTION 110. 11.26 (9m) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
22	is repealed.
23	SECTION 111. 11.26 (10) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
24	is repealed and recreated to read:

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11.26 (10) No candidate for state office who files a sworn statement and 1 2 application to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund may make 3 contributions of more than 200% of the amounts specified in sub. (1) to the 4 candidate's own campaign from the candidate's personal funds or property or the $\mathbf{5}$ personal funds or property which are owned jointly or as marital property with the 6 candidate's spouse, unless the board determines that the candidate is not eligible to 7 receive a grant. For purposes of this subsection, any contribution received by a 8 candidate or his or her personal campaign committee from a committee which is 9 registered with the federal elections commission as the authorized committee of the 10 candidate under 2 USC 432 (e) shall be treated as a contribution made by the 11 candidate to his or her own campaign. The contribution limit of sub. (4) applies to 12amounts contributed by such a candidate personally to the candidate's own 13 campaign and to other campaigns, except that a candidate may exceed the limitation 14if authorized under this subsection to contribute more than the amount specified to 15the candidate's own campaign, up to the amount of the limitation.

SECTION 112. 11.26 (10a) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed.

18 **SECTION 113.** 11.26 (12m) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

19 11.26 (12m) For purposes of subs. (1) and (4), a contribution of money received
20 from a conduit identified in the manner prescribed in s. 11.06 (11) (a) shall be
21 considered a contribution received from the original contributor.

SECTION 114. 11.26 (15) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

11.26 (15) The fact that 2 or more committees, other than personal campaign
 committees, utilize common policies and practices concerning the endorsement of

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1	candidates or agree to make contributions only to such endorsed candidates does not
2	affect the right of each committee independently to make contributions up to the
3	amount specified under sub. (2).
4	SECTION 115. 11.26 (17) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
5	109, is repealed and recreated to read:
6	11.26 (17) (a) For purposes of application of the limitations imposed in subs.
7	(1), (2), (9), and (10), the "campaign" of a candidate begins and ends at the times
8	specified in this subsection.
9	SECTION 116. 11.265 of the statutes is repealed.
10	SECTION 117. 11.31 (1) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin
11	Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:
12	11.31 (1) SCHEDULE. (intro.) The following levels of disbursements are
13	established with reference to the candidates listed below. The levels are subject to
14	adjustment under subs. $(1m)$ and (9) . Except as provided in sub. (2) , such levels do
15	not operate to restrict the total amount of disbursements which are made or
16	authorized to be made by any candidate in any primary or other election.
17	SECTION 118. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin
18	Act 109, are repealed and recreated to read:
19	11.31 (1) (a) Candidates for governor, \$2,000,000.
20	(b) Candidates for lieutenant governor, \$500,000.
21	(c) Candidates for attorney general, \$700,000.
22	(d) Candidates for secretary of state, state treasurer, or state superintendent,
23	\$250,000.
24	SECTION 119. 11.31 (1) (de) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act
25	109, is repealed and recreated to read:

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1	11.31 (1) (de) Candidates for justice, \$300,000.
2	SECTION 120. 11.31 (1) (e) and (f) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin
3	Act 109, are repealed and recreated to read:
4	11.31 (1) (e) Candidates for state senator, \$100,000 total in the primary and
5	election, with disbursements not exceeding \$72,000 for either the primary or the
6	election.
7	(f) Candidates for representative to the assembly, \$50,000 total in the primary
8	and election, with disbursements not exceeding \$36,000 for either the primary or the
9	election.
10	SECTION 121. 11.31 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:
11	11.31 (1m) Disbursement level for candidates in competitive partisan
12	PRIMARY ELECTIONS. The total disbursement level for any candidate for a partisan
13	office at a general or special election whose name appears on the ballot as a candidate
14	for an office at a primary election preceding that election and who receives less than
15	twice as many votes at that primary election as another candidate for the same office
16	within the same political party, and who has an opponent in the general or special
17	election who received at least 6% of the votes cast for all candidates for the office that
18	the candidate seeks on all ballots at the September primary or any special primary
19	preceding the general or special election, is 120% of the amount specified in sub. (1)
20	for the candidate for the same office who receives the greatest number of votes in the
21	primary election, as adjusted as provided in sub. (9).
22	SECTION 122. 11.31 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
23	is repealed and recreated to read:
24	11.31 (2) LIMITATION IMPOSED. No candidate for state office at a spring or general

25 election who files a sworn statement and application to receive a grant from the

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1	Wisconsin election campaign fund may make or authorize total disbursements from
1	
2	his or her campaign treasury in any campaign to the extent of more than the amount
3	prescribed in sub. (1) or (1m), whichever is applicable, adjusted as provided under
4	sub. (9), unless the board determines that the candidate is not eligible to receive a
5	grant or sub. (3p) applies. No candidate for state office at a special election who files
6	a sworn statement and application to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election
7	campaign fund may make or authorize total disbursements from his or her campaign
8	treasury in any campaign to the extent of more than the amount prescribed under
9	sub. (1), adjusted as provided under sub. (9), for the preceding spring or general
10	election for the same office, unless the board determines that the candidate is not
11	eligible to receive a grant or sub. (3p) applies.
12	SECTION 123. 11.31 (2m) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
13	is repealed:
14	SECTION 124. 11.31 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
15	is repealed and recreated to read:
16	11.31 (3) GUBERNATORIAL CAMPAIGNS. For purposes of compliance with the
17	limitations imposed under sub. (2), candidates for governor and lieutenant governor
18	of the same political party who both accept grants from the Wisconsin election
19	campaign fund may agree to combine disbursement levels under sub. (1) (a) and (b),
20	adjusted as provided under sub. (9), and reallocate the total level between them. The
21	candidates shall each inform the board of any such agreement.
22	SECTION 125. 11.31 (3p) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
23	is repealed and recreated to read:

24 11.31 (3p) CANDIDATES RECEIVING ADDITIONAL GRANTS; EXCEPTION. If a candidate
25 receives a grant under s. 11.50 (9) (b), (ba), or (bb), the disbursement limitation of

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that candidate for the campaign in which the grant is received is increased by the amount of that grant.

3 SECTION 126. 11.31 (9) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
4 is repealed and recreated to read:

11.31 (9) ADJUSTMENT OF DISBURSEMENT LEVELS. (a) In this subsection,
"consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each
12-month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor
statistics of the U.S. department of labor.

9 (b) The dollar amounts of all disbursement limitations specified in sub. (1) shall 10 be subject to a cost-of-living adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in 11 accordance with this subsection. To determine the adjustment, the board shall 12calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 13 12-month period ending on December 31 of each odd-numbered year and the 14consumer price index for calendar year 2003. For each biennium, the board shall 15adjust the disbursement limitations specified under sub. (1) by that percentage to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$25 in 16 17the case of amounts of \$1 or more, which amount shall be in effect until a subsequent 18 rule is promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), 19 and (3), determinations under this subsection may be promulgated as an emergency 20 rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary 21for the public peace, health, safety, or welfare, and without a finding of emergency. 22 **SECTION 127.** 11.38 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 23109, is repealed and recreated to read:

11.38 (1) (a) 2. Notwithstanding subd. 1., any such corporation or association
 may establish and administer a separate segregated fund and solicit contributions

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from individuals to the fund to be utilized by such corporation or association, for the 1 $\mathbf{2}$ purpose of supporting or opposing any candidate for state or local office but the 3 corporation or association may not make any contribution to the fund. The fund shall 4 appoint a treasurer and shall register as a political committee under s. 11.05. A 5 parent corporation or association engaging solely in this activity is not subject to 6 registration under s. 11.05, but shall register and file special reports on forms 7 prescribed by the board disclosing its administrative and solicitation expenses on behalf of such fund. A corporation not domiciled in this state need report only its 8 9 expenses for administration and solicitation of contributions in this state together 10 with a statement indicating where information concerning other administration and 11 solicitation expenses of its fund may be obtained. The reports shall be filed with the 12filing officer for the fund specified in s. 11.02 in the manner provided under s. 11.21 13 (16), if applicable, or otherwise in the manner in which continuing reports are filed 14under s. 11.20 (4) and (8).

15**SECTION 128.** 11.38 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 16 is repealed and recreated to read:

1711.38 (6) Any individual or campaign treasurer who receives funds in violation 18 of this section shall promptly return such funds to the contributor, donate the funds to the common school fund or a charitable organization or transfer the funds to the 19 20 board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, at the treasurer's option. 21**SECTION 129.** 11.38 (8) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 22109, is repealed and recreated to read:

2311.38 (8) (b) Except as authorized in s. 11.05 (12) (b) and (13), prior to making $\mathbf{24}$ any disbursement on behalf of a political group which is promoting or opposing a particular vote at a referendum and prior to accepting any contribution or making 25

1	any disbursement to promote or oppose a particular vote at a referendum, a
2	corporation or association organized under ch. 185 shall register with the
3	appropriate filing officer specified in s. 11.02 and appoint a treasurer. The
4	registration form of the corporation or association under s. 11.05 shall designate an
5	account separate from all other corporation or association accounts as a campaign
6	depository account, through which all moneys received or expended for the adoption
7	or rejection of the referendum shall pass. The corporation or association shall file
8	reports under s. 11.20 and under s. 11.21 (16), if applicable, providing the
9	information required under s. 11.06 (1).
10	SECTION 130. 11.385 of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is
11	repealed.
12	SECTION 131. 11.50 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
13	109, is repealed and recreated to read:
14	11.50 (1) (a) 1. For purposes of qualification for a grant from the general
15	account:
16	1. a. With respect to a spring or general election, any individual who is certified
17	under s. 7.08 (2) (a) as a candidate in the spring election for justice or state
18	superintendent, or an individual who receives at least 6% of the vote cast for all
19	candidates on all ballots for any state office, except district attorney, for which the
20	individual is a candidate at the September primary and who is certified under s. 7.08
21	(2) (a) as a candidate for that office in the general election, or an individual who has
22	been lawfully appointed and certified to replace either such individual on the ballot
23	at the spring or general election; and who has qualified for a grant under sub. (2).
24	b. With respect to a special election, an individual who is certified under s. 8.50
25	(1) (d) as a candidate in a special election for state superintendent, or an individual

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who is certified under s. 8.50 (1) (d) as a candidate in a special election for any state 1 $\mathbf{2}$ office, except district attorney, on the ballot or column of a party whose candidate for 3 the same office at the preceding general election received at least 6% of the vote cast 4 for all candidates on all ballots for the office, or an individual who has been lawfully 5 appointed and certified to replace either such individual on the ballot at a special 6 election, or an individual who receives at least 6% of the vote cast for all candidates 7 on all ballots for any state office, except district attorney, at a partisan special election; and who qualifies for a grant under sub. (2). Where the boundaries of a 8 9 district in which an individual seeks office have been changed since the preceding 10 general election such that it is not possible to calculate the exact number of votes that 11 are needed by that individual to qualify as an eligible candidate prior to an election 12under this subdivision, the number of votes cast for all candidates for the office at the 13 preceding general election in each ward, combination of wards or municipality which 14is wholly contained within the boundaries of the newly formed district shall be 15calculated. If the candidate of the political party on whose ballot or column the 16 individual appears in the newly formed district obtained at least 6% of the number 17of votes calculated, the individual is deemed to qualify as an eligible candidate prior to the election under this subdivision. 18

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SECTION 132. 11.50 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

21 11.50 (1) (a) 2. With respect to a special election, an individual who is certified 22 under s. 8.50 (1) (d) as a candidate in a special election for state superintendent, or 23 an individual who is certified under s. 8.50 (1) (d) as a candidate in a special election 24 for any state office, except district attorney, on the ballot or column of a party whose 25 candidate for the same office at the preceding general election received at least 6%

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of the vote cast for all candidates on all ballots for the office, or an individual who has 1 $\mathbf{2}$ been lawfully appointed and certified to replace either such individual on the ballot 3 at a special election, or an individual who receives at least 6% of the vote cast for all 4 candidates on all ballots for any state office, except district attorney, at a partisan $\mathbf{5}$ special election; and who qualifies for a grant under sub. (2). Where the boundaries 6 of a district in which an individual seeks office have been changed since the preceding 7 general election such that it is not possible to calculate the exact number of votes that 8 are needed by that individual to qualify as an eligible candidate prior to an election 9 under this subdivision, the number of votes cast for all candidates for the office at the 10 preceding general election in each ward, combination of wards or municipality which 11 is wholly contained within the boundaries of the newly formed district shall be 12calculated. If the candidate of the political party on whose ballot or column the 13 individual appears in the newly formed district obtained at least 6% of the number 14of votes calculated, the individual is deemed to qualify as an eligible candidate prior 15to the election under this subdivision.

16 **SECTION 133.** 11.50 (1) (a) 2m. of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 17109, is repealed and recreated to read:

11.50 (1) (a) 2m. For purposes of qualification for a grant from a political party 18 19 account, an individual who is certified under s. 7.08 (2) (a) in the general election or 20 a special election as the candidate of an eligible political party for a state office, other 21than district attorney, or an individual who has been lawfully appointed and certified 22 to replace such an individual on the ballot at the general or a special election and who 23has qualified for a grant under sub. (2).

24SECTION 134. 11.50 (1) (am) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 25109, is repealed and recreated to read:

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11.50 (1) (am) "Eligible political party" means any of the following: 1 $\mathbf{2}$ 1. A party qualifying under s. 5.62 (1) (b) for a separate ballot or one or more 3 separate columns or rows on a ballot for the period beginning on the date of the 4 preceding general election and ending on the day before the general election that 5 follows that election. 6 2. A party qualifying under s. 5.62 (2) for a separate ballot or one or more 7 separate columns or rows on a ballot for the period beginning on the preceding June 1, or if that June 1 is in an odd-numbered year, the period beginning on June 1 of the 8 9 preceding even-numbered year, and ending on May 31 of the 2nd year following that 10 June 1. 11 SECTION 135. 11.50 (1) (bm) and (cm) of the statutes, as created by 2001 12Wisconsin Act 109, are repealed and recreated to read: 11.50 (1) (bm) "General account" means the account in the fund created under 1314sub. (2w). (cm) "Political party account" means an account in the fund created under sub. 15(2s).16 17**SECTION 136.** 11.50 (2) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read: 18 19 11.50 (2) (a) Any individual who desires to qualify as an eligible candidate may 20file an application with the board requesting approval to participate in the fund. The 21application shall be filed no later than the applicable deadline for filing nomination 22papers under s. 8.10 (2) (a), 8.15 (1), 8.20 (8) (a), or 8.50 (3) (a), no later than 4:30 p.m. 23on the 7th day after the primary or date on which the primary would be held if $\mathbf{24}$ required in the case of write-in candidates, or no later than 4:30 p.m. on the 7th day after appointment in the case of candidates appointed to fill vacancies. 25The

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application shall contain a sworn statement that the candidate and his or her 1 $\mathbf{2}$ authorized agents have complied with the contribution limitations prescribed in s. 3 11.26 and the disbursement limitations imposed under s. 11.31 (2), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), at all times to which such limitations have applied to his or her candidacy 4 $\mathbf{5}$ and will continue to comply with the limitations at all times to which the limitations 6 apply to his or her candidacy for the office in contest, unless the board determines 7 that the candidate is not eligible to receive a grant or s. 11.31 (3p) applies. The 8 application shall also contain a sworn statement that the candidate and his or her 9 agents have not accepted any contribution made by a committee other than a 10 political party committee during the campaign, or, if any such contribution has been 11 accepted, that the contribution has been returned or donated as provided in par. (i), and the candidate and his or her agents will not accept any such contribution during 12 13the campaign, unless the candidate is determined by the board to be ineligible to 14 receive a grant after the date of that determination.

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SECTION 137. 11.50 (2) (b) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

1711.50 (2) (b) 3. The candidate has an opponent who is certified for placement 18 on the election ballot as a candidate for the same office;

19 SECTION 138. 11.50 (2) (b) 4. of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act

20 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

2111.50 (2) (b) 4. The financial reports filed by or on behalf of the candidate as 22of the date of the spring or September primary, or the date that the special primary 23is or would be held, if required, indicate that his or her statement filed with the 24application under par. (a) is true; and

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SECTION 139. 11.50 (2) (b) 5. of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

3 11.50 (2) (b) 5. The financial reports filed by or on behalf of the candidate as 4 of the date of the spring or September primary, or the date that the special primary 5 is or would be held, if required, indicate that the candidate has received an amount 6 equal to at least 3% of the applicable authorized disbursement limitation, as 7 determined under s. 11.31 (1) and adjusted under s. 11.31 (9) but without respect to any adjustment under s. 11.31 (1m), from contributions of money, other than loans, 8 9 made by individuals who reside in this state and, in the case of a candidate for 10 legislative office, by individuals at least 50% of whom reside in a county having 11 territory within the legislative district in which the candidate seeks office, which 12contributions have been received during the period ending on the date of the spring 13primary and July 1 preceding such date in the case of candidates at the spring 14election, or the date of the September primary and January 1 preceding such date 15in the case of candidates at the general election, or the date that a special primary will or would be held, if required, and 90 days preceding such date or the date a 16 17special election is ordered, whichever is earlier, in the case of candidates at a special 18 election, which contributions are in the aggregate amount of \$100 or less, and which 19 contributions are fully identified and itemized as to the exact source thereof. A 20 contribution received from a conduit which is identified by the conduit as originating 21from an individual shall be considered a contribution made by the individual. Only 22the first \$100 of an aggregate contribution of more than \$100 may be counted toward 23the required percentage.

SECTION 140. 11.50 (2) (b) 6. of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act
109, is repealed.

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SECTION 141. 11.50 (2) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

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3 11.50 (2) (c) If a candidate has not filed financial reports as of the date of the 4 spring primary, September primary, special primary, or date that the special primary 5 would be held, if required, which indicate that he or she has met the qualification 6 under par. (b) 5., the candidate may file a special report with the board. Such report 7 shall be filed not later than the 7th day after the primary, or 7th day after the date 8 the primary would be held, if required, and shall include such supplementary 9 information as to sources of contributions which may be necessary to complete the 10 candidate's qualification. The special report shall cover the period from the day after 11 the last date covered on the candidate's most recent report, or from the date on which 12the first contribution was received or the first disbursement was made, whichever 13 is earlier, if the candidate has not previously filed a report, to the date of such report. 14All information included on the special report shall also be included in the 15candidate's next report under s. 11.20. This paragraph does not apply to a candidate 16 who files reports under s. 11.21 (16).

SECTION 142. 11.50 (2) (f) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
is repealed and recreated to read:

19 11.50 (2) (f) The board shall inform each candidate in writing of the approval 20 or disapproval of the candidate's application, as promptly as possible after the date 21 of the spring primary, September primary, special primary, or date that the primary 22 would be held, if required. With respect to a candidate at a special election who 23 applies for a postelection grant under sub. (1) (a) 2., the board shall inform the 24 candidate in writing of the conditional approval or disapproval of the candidate's 25 application at the same time.

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1	SECTION 143. 11.50 (2) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
2	109, is repealed and recreated to read:

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3 11.50 (2) (g) A candidate who voluntarily files an application to receive a grant 4 in accordance with this subsection accepts and agrees to comply with the 5 contribution limitations prescribed in s. 11.26 and the disbursement limitations 6 imposed under s. 11.31 (2), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), as binding upon himself 7 or herself and his or her agents during the campaign of that candidate as defined in 8 s. 11.31 (7), as a precondition to receipt of a grant under this section, unless the board 9 determines that the candidate is not eligible to receive a grant or s. 11.31 (3p) applies. 10 **SECTION 144.** 11.50 (2) (h) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 11 109, is repealed.

SECTION 145. 11.50 (2) (i) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
is repealed.

SECTION 146. 11.50 (2) (j) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
is repealed and recreated to read:

16 11.50 (2) (j) If a candidate who desires to apply for a grant has accepted, or the 17candidate's personal campaign committee has accepted, a contribution from a committee other than a political party committee during the campaign for the office 18 19 that the candidate seeks, the candidate shall, before filing an application to receive 20 a grant, return the contribution or its monetary equivalent to the contributor, or, at 21the contributor's option, donate an amount equal to the contribution to the fund or 22to the common school fund. If the board later determines that the candidate is 23ineligible to receive a grant, the candidate may then accept contributions from $\mathbf{24}$ committees other than political party committees after the date of that determination. 25

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SECTION 147. 11.50 (2m) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
 is repealed and recreated to read:

- 11.50 (2m) PUBLIC INFORMATION. (a) Annually, no later than September 1, the
 board may notify the state treasurer that an amount not exceeding 5% of the amount
 transferred to the fund in that year shall be placed in a public information account.
 Moneys in this account shall be expended by the board for the purpose of providing
 public information concerning the purpose and effect of this section and s. 71.10 (3).
- 8 (b) As part of the public information program under par. (a), the board shall 9 prepare an easily understood description of the purpose and effect of this section and 10 s. 71.10 (3).
- (c) Any amount placed in the public information account that is not expendedby the board in any year shall be retained in that account.
- 13 SECTION 148. 11.50 (2s) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
 14 is repealed and recreated to read:
- 1511.50 (2s) POLITICAL PARTY ACCOUNTS. (a) There is established a political party 16 account for each eligible political party. Each political party account consists of all 17moneys designated by individuals for deposit in that account under s. 71.10 (3) (a). 18 (b) From the account of each eligible political party, the board shall apportion 19 moneys to eligible candidates representing that party who qualify to receive grants. 20Whenever an eligible candidate representing an eligible political party receives a grant, the state treasurer shall first make payment of the grant from the political 2122party account of that party, to the extent that sufficient moneys are available in that 23account to make payment of the grant.

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1	(c) If a political party for which an account is established under this subsection
2	ceases to be an eligible political party, the board shall transfer the unencumbered
3	balance of that account to the general account.
4	SECTION 149. 11.50 (2w) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
5	is repealed and recreated to read:
6	11.50 (2w) GENERAL ACCOUNT. There is established a general account within
7	the fund consisting of all moneys designated by individuals for deposit in that
8	account under s. 71.10 (3) (a).
9	SECTION 150. 11.50 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
10	SECTION 151. 11.50 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
11	is repealed and recreated to read:
12	11.50 (4) PAYMENT OF GRANT AMOUNTS. The state treasurer shall make payment
13	of each grant to an eligible candidate from the political party account of that
14	candidate's political party, if any, if there are sufficient moneys in that account to
15	make full payment of the grant, and then from the general account. If there are
16	insufficient moneys in the general account to make full payment of a grant, the state
17	treasurer shall supplement the general account from the appropriation under s.
18	20.855 (4) (ba) in an amount sufficient to make full payment of the grant. Except as
19	provided in subs. (4m) and (10), the amount of each grant is the amount specified in
20	sub. (9).
21	SECTION 152. 11.50 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:
22	11.50 (4m) GRANTS FOR PRIMARY CAMPAIGNS. If an eligible candidate who
23	qualifies to receive a grant in a spring, general, or special election was opposed in the
24	spring or September primary, or in a special primary, by a candidate who qualified

25 to have his or her name appear on the primary ballot and the eligible candidate won

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nomination in that primary, the board shall award to that candidate the primary 1 2 grant specified in sub. (9) (a) at the same time that grants are distributed under that 3 paragraph for the spring, general, or special election, provided that the candidate 4 has filed with the board, no later than the time specified in s. 8.10 (2) (a), 8.15 (1), 5 8.20 (8) (a), or 8.50 (3) (a) nomination papers containing at least the following number of valid signatures of electors for the office that the candidate seeks: 6 7 (a) For candidates for statewide offices, not less than 4,000 electors. 8 (b) For candidates for state senator, not less than 800 electors. 9 (c) For candidates for representative to the assembly, not less than 400 electors. 10 **SECTION 153.** 11.50 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 11 is repealed and recreated to read: 1211.50 (5) TIME OF DISBURSEMENT. The state treasurer shall make the 13 disbursements of grants under sub. (9) (a) to the campaign depository account of each 14eligible candidate by the end of the 3rd business day following notice from the board 15under s. 7.08 (2) (c) or (cm). If an eligible candidate notifies the state treasurer of the 16 information required to make electronic transfers to the candidate's campaign 17depository account, the state treasurer shall transfer to the candidate any supplemental grants under sub. (9) (b), (ba), or (bb) for which the candidate qualifies 18 19 immediately following notice from the board under s. 7.08 (2) (c) or (cm). Eligible 20 candidates for governor and lieutenant governor of the same political party may 21combine accounts if desired.

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SECTION 154. 11.50 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

24 11.50 (6) EXCESS MONEYS. If the amounts which are to be apportioned to each
25 eligible candidate are more than the amount which a candidate may accept under

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1	sub. (9), or more than the amount which a candidate elects to accept under sub. (10),
2	the excess moneys shall be retained in the fund.
3	SECTION 155. 11.50 (7) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin
4	Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:
5	11.50 (7) UTILIZATION. (intro.) Grants distributed under this section may be
6	utilized only for deposit in a campaign depository account under s. 11.10. Grants may
7	be expended only for one or more of the following:
8	SECTION 156. 11.50 (8) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
9	is repealed and recreated to read:
10	11.50 (8) LAPSING GRANTS. All grants disbursed under sub. (5) remain the
11	property of the state until disbursed or encumbered for a lawful purpose. All grant
12	moneys that are unspent and unencumbered by a candidate on the day after the
13	election in which the candidate participates shall revert to the state. All deposits and
14	refunds derived from grant moneys that are received by a candidate at any time after
15	the day of the election in which the candidate participates shall revert to the state.
16	All reversions shall be returned to the board by the candidate and shall be deposited
17	in the fund.
18	SECTION 157. 11.50 (9) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
19	is repealed and recreated to read:
20	11.50 (9) (a) AMOUNT OF GRANTS. Except as provided in this paragraph and pars.
21	(b), (ba), and (bb) the total grant available to an eligible candidate may not exceed
22	an amount equal to the lesser of 45% of the disbursement level specified for the office
23	that the candidate seeks, as determined under s. 11.31 $\left(1\right)$ and adjusted under s.
24	11.31 (9) but without respect to any adjustment under s. 11.31 (1m) or that amount
25	which, when added to all other contributions accepted by the candidate, is equal to

the disbursement level specified for the office that the candidate seeks, as 1 2 determined under s. 11.31 (1) and adjusted as provided under s. 11.31 (9) but without 3 respect to any adjustment under s. 11.31 (1m). Except as provided in pars. (b), (ba), 4 and (bb), the total grant available to an eligible candidate who qualifies for a grant $\mathbf{5}$ for primary campaign expenses under sub. (4m) may not exceed an amount equal to 6 the lesser of 55% of the disbursement level specified for the office that the candidate 7 seeks, as determined under s. 11.31 (1) and adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), but without 8 respect to any adjustment under s. 11.31 (1m), or that amount which, when added 9 to all other contributions accepted by the candidate, is equal to the disbursement 10 level specified for the office that the candidate seeks, as determined under s. 11.31 11 (1) and adjusted under s. 11.31 (9) but without respect to any adjustment under s. 1211.31 (1m). The board shall scrutinize accounts and reports and records kept under 13 this chapter to assure that applicable limitations under ss. 11.26 (9) and 11.31 are 14not exceeded and any violation is reported. No candidate or campaign treasurer may 15accept grants exceeding the amount authorized by this subsection.

16 (b) If an eligible candidate who accepts a grant is opposed by one or more 17candidates in a general or special election whose names are certified under s. 7.08 18 (2) (a) or 8.50 (1) (d) to appear on the ballot, and if a committee receives any 19 contribution or contributions that are intended to be used or that are used to oppose 20 the election of the eligible candidate who accepts a grant or to support a certified 21opponent of that candidate without cooperation or consultation with any certified 22 opposing candidate or such a candidate's agent or authorized committee, and not in 23concert with, or at the request or suggestion of any certified opposing candidate's 24agent or authorized committee, then the board shall make an additional grant to the 25eligible candidate who accepts a grant in an amount equal to the total amount of

contributions received for the purpose of advocating the election of the certified
 opposing candidate or for the purpose of opposing the election of the eligible
 candidate who accepts the grant, as reported by committees under s. 11.12 (6) (c).

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(ba) If an eligible candidate at a primary or election, or both, who accepts a 4 5 grant is opposed by one or more candidates who are required, or whose personal 6 campaign committees are required, to file a report under s. 11.12 (8), then the board 7 shall make an additional grant to the eligible candidate who accepts a grant in an 8 amount equal to the total amount or value of disbursements, as reported under s. 9 11.12 (8), made by the opposing candidate or candidates exceeding the amount 10 specified under s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (de), (e), or (f) for the office which the candidate 11 seeks, as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9) but without respect to any adjustment under s. 11.31 (1m). 12

13(bb) If the sum of the aggregate obligations incurred and disbursements made 14 by committees against an eligible candidate and the aggregate obligations incurred 15and disbursements made by committees for that candidate's opponent, as reported 16 under s. 11.12 (6) (c), less disbursements made in payment of obligations previously 17reported, exceeds 10% of the amount specified under s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (de), (e), or (f), 18 for the office that the eligible candidate seeks as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), but 19 without respect to any adjustment under s. 11.31 (1m), then the board shall make 20an additional grant to the eligible candidate equal to that sum, to the extent that the 21sum exceeds the amount of any additional grant under par. (b) attributable to 22contributions received by the committees incurring the obligations or making the 23disbursements.

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SECTION 158. 11.50 (10) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	11.50 (10) VOLUNTARY LIMITATION. Any eligible candidate may, by written
2	request, limit his or her participation in the fund to a lesser amount than that
3	authorized under sub. (9).
4	SECTION 159. 11.50 (10m) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
5	109, is repealed and recreated to read:
6	11.50 (10m) RETURN OF GRANTS. An individual who receives a grant prior to an
7	election in which he or she is a candidate and who desires to return any portion of
8	the grant shall return that portion no later than the 2nd Tuesday in October
9	preceding a general election, the 4th Tuesday preceding a spring election, or the 3rd
10	Tuesday preceding a special election. A candidate who returns all or any portion of
11	a grant under this subsection remains bound by the candidate's statement filed
12	under sub. (2) (a).
13	SECTION 160. 11.50 (11) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
$\frac{13}{14}$	SECTION 160. 11.50 (11) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 11.50 (11) (a) No Except as authorized for candidates who are awarded grants
14	11.50 (11) (a) No Except as authorized for candidates who are awarded grants
14 15	11.50 (11) (a) No <u>Except as authorized for candidates who are awarded grants</u> <u>under sub. (4m), no</u> grant may be utilized in any primary.
14 15 16	 11.50 (11) (a) No Except as authorized for candidates who are awarded grants <u>under sub. (4m)</u>, no grant may be utilized in any primary. SECTION 161. 11.50 (11) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
14 15 16 17	 11.50 (11) (a) No Except as authorized for candidates who are awarded grants under sub. (4m), no grant may be utilized in any primary. SECTION 161. 11.50 (11) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:
14 15 16 17 18	 11.50 (11) (a) No Except as authorized for candidates who are awarded grants under sub. (4m), no grant may be utilized in any primary. SECTION 161. 11.50 (11) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read: 11.50 (11) (e) No candidate may expend, authorize the expenditure of or incur
14 15 16 17 18 19	 11.50 (11) (a) No Except as authorized for candidates who are awarded grants under sub. (4m), no grant may be utilized in any primary. SECTION 161. 11.50 (11) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read: 11.50 (11) (e) No candidate may expend, authorize the expenditure of or incur any obligation to expend any grant if he or she violates the pledge required under
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 11.50 (11) (a) No Except as authorized for candidates who are awarded grants under sub. (4m), no grant may be utilized in any primary. SECTION 161. 11.50 (11) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read: 11.50 (11) (e) No candidate may expend, authorize the expenditure of or incur any obligation to expend any grant if he or she violates the pledge required under sub. (2) (a) as a precondition to receipt of a grant.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 11.50 (11) (a) No Except as authorized for candidates who are awarded grants under sub. (4m), no grant may be utilized in any primary. SECTION 161. 11.50 (11) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read: 11.50 (11) (e) No candidate may expend, authorize the expenditure of or incur any obligation to expend any grant if he or she violates the pledge required under sub. (2) (a) as a precondition to receipt of a grant. SECTION 162. 11.50 (14) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,

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1	1. No later than July 1, the name of each political party that qualifies under
2	sub. (1) (am) 1. as an eligible political party as of the preceding June 1 and whose
3	state chairperson has filed a request to establish an account for the party under sub.
4	(2s) (a).
5	2. No later than December 15, the name of each political party that qualifies
6	under sub. (1) (am) 2. as an eligible political party as of the date of the preceding
7	general election.
8	(b) As soon as possible after receiving a valid application from an eligible
9	candidate under sub. (2) (a) and determining that the candidate is eligible to receive
10	a grant, the board shall certify to the secretary of revenue the full name of that
11	candidate as the name appears on the candidate's nomination papers.
12	(c) In each certification under this subsection, the board shall specify the
13	expiration date of the certification.
14	SECTION 163. 11.60 (3r) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
15	is repealed.
16	SECTION 164. 11.60 (3s) and (3t) of the statutes are created to read:
17	11.60 (3s) Notwithstanding sub. (1), if any candidate or committee, other than
18	a conduit, accepts a contribution, makes a disbursement, or incurs an obligation to
19	make a disbursement for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for an
20	office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (de), (e), or (f) without first registering under s.
21	11.05 (1), (2), or (2g) to the extent required under s. 11.05 (1), (2), and (2g), or without
22	reporting the information required under s. 11.12 (6) (c) or (8) or 11.20 (3) or (4) with
23	respect to that contribution, disbursement, or obligation, to the extent required
24	under ss. 11.12 (6) (c) and (8) and 11.20 (3) and (4), the candidate or other individual

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or committee may be required to forfeit not more than \$500 per day for each day of
 continued violation.

(3t) Notwithstanding sub. (1), if any candidate or committee, other than a
conduit, accepts one or more contributions, makes one or more disbursements, or
incurs one or more obligations to make disbursements for the purpose of supporting
or opposing a candidate for an office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (de), (e), or (f) in
an amount or value that differs from the amount reported by that individual or
committee under s. 11.12 (6) (c) or (8) or 11.20 (3) or (4):

9 (a) By more than 5% but not more than 10% cumulatively, the candidate or 10 other individual or committee shall forfeit 4 times the amount or value of the 11 difference.

(b) By more than 10% but not more than 15% cumulatively, the candidate or
other individual or committee shall forfeit 6 times the amount or value of the
difference.

(c) By more than 15% cumulatively, the candidate or other individual or
committee shall forfeit 8 times the amount of the difference.

SECTION 165. 11.60 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
is repealed and recreated to read:

19 11.60 (4) Actions under this section arising out of an election for state office or 20 a statewide referendum may be brought by the board or by the district attorney of 21 the county where the violation is alleged to have occurred, except as specified in s. 22 11.38. Actions under this section arising out of an election for local office or local 23 referendum may be brought by the district attorney of the county where the violation 24 is alleged to have occurred. Actions under this section arising out of an election for 25 county office or a county referendum may be brought by the county board of election

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commissioners of the county wherein the violation is alleged to have occurred. In 1 $\mathbf{2}$ addition, whenever a candidate or personal campaign committee or agent of a 3 candidate is alleged to have violated this chapter, action may be brought by the district attorney of any county any part of which is contained within the jurisdiction 4 5 or district in which the candidate seeks election. If a violation concerns a district 6 attorney or circuit judge or candidate for such offices, the action shall be brought by 7 the attorney general. If a violation concerns the attorney general or a candidate for 8 such office, the governor may appoint special counsel under s. 14.11 (2) to bring suit 9 in behalf of the state. The counsel shall be independent of the attorney general and 10 need not be a state employe at the time of appointment. 11 **SECTION 166.** 11.61 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read: 121311.61 (1) (a) Whoever intentionally violates s. 11.05 (1), (2), or (2g), 11.07 (1) 14 or (5), 11.10 (1), 11.12 (5), 11.23 (6), or 11.24 is guilty of a Class I felony. 15**SECTION 167.** 13.625 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:

16 13.625 (3m) No elective state official and no personal campaign committee of
an elective state official may solicit a lobbyist or principal to arrange for another
person to make a campaign contribution to that official or personal campaign
committee or to another elective state official or the personal campaign committee
of that official.

SECTION 168. 19.42 (3m), (4g) and (4r) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, are repealed and recreated to read:

23 19.42 (3m) "Candidate," except as otherwise provided, has the meaning given
24 in s. 11.01 (1).

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1 (4g) "Clearly identified," when used in reference to a communication 2 containing a reference to a person, means one of the following:

3 (a) The person's name appears.

4 (b) A photograph or drawing of the person appears.

5

(c) The identity of the person is apparent by unambiguous reference.

6 (4r) "Communication" means a message transmitted by means of a printed 7 advertisement, billboard, handbill, sample ballot, radio or television advertisement, 8 telephone call, or any medium that may be utilized for the purpose of disseminating 9 or broadcasting a message, but not including a poll conducted solely for the purpose 10 of identifying or collecting data concerning the attitudes or preferences of electors.

SECTION 169. 19.45 (13) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

1319.45 (13) No state public official holding an elective office may, directly or by 14 means of an agent, give, or offer or promise to give, or withhold, or offer or promise 15to withhold, his or her vote or influence, or promise to take or refrain from taking 16 official action with respect to any proposed or pending matter in consideration of, or 17upon condition that, any other person make or refrain from making a political 18 contribution, or provide or refrain from providing any service or other thing of value, 19 to or for the benefit of a candidate, a political party, any other person who is subject 20to a registration requirement under s. 11.05, or any person making a communication 21that contains a reference to a clearly identified state public official holding an 22elective office or to a candidate for state public office.

23 SECTION 170. 19.49 (1m) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
24 is repealed and recreated to read:

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1	19.49 (1m) No complaint alleging a violation of s. 19.45 (13) may be filed during
2	the period beginning 120 days before a general or spring election, or during the
3	period commencing on the date of the order of a special election under s. 8.50, and
4	ending on the date of that election, against a candidate who files a declaration of
5	candidacy to have his or her name appear on the ballot at that election.
6	SECTION 171. 19.49 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
7	is repealed and recreated to read:
8	19.49 (5) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), no action may be taken on any
9	complaint that is filed later than 3 years after a violation of this subchapter or subch.
10	III of ch. 13 is alleged to have occurred.
11	(b) The period of limitation under par. (a) is tolled for a complaint alleging a
12	violation of s. 19.45 (13) or 19.59 (1) (br) for the period during which such a complaint
13	may not be filed under s. 19.49 (1m) or 19.59 (8) (cm).
14	SECTION 172. 19.53 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
15	is repealed and recreated to read:
16	19.53 (6) An order requiring the accused to forfeit not more than \$500 for each
17	violation of s. 19.43, 19.44, or 19.56 (2) or not more than \$5,000 for each violation of
18	any other provision of this subchapter, or not more than the applicable amount
19	specified in s. 13.69 for each violation of subch. III of ch. 13. If the board determines
20	that the accused has realized economic gain as a result of the violation, the board
21	may, in addition, order the accused to forfeit the amount gained as a result of the
22	violation. In addition, if the board determines that a state public official has violated
23	s. 19.45 (13), the board may order the official to forfeit an amount equal to the amount
24	or value of any political contribution, service, or other thing of value that was
25	wrongfully obtained. If the board determines that a state public official has violated

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s. 19.45 (13) and no political contribution, service, or other thing of value was
obtained, the board may order the official to forfeit an amount equal to the maximum
contribution authorized under s. 11.26 (1) for the office held or sought by the official,
whichever amount is greater. The attorney general, when so requested by the board,
shall institute proceedings to recover any forfeiture incurred under this section or s.
19.545 which is not paid by the person against whom it is assessed.

SECTION 173. 19.535 of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is
repealed and recreated to read:

9 19.535 Direct enforcement. If the board refuses or otherwise fails to 10 authorize an investigation under s. 19.49 (3) with respect to a violation of s. 19.45 (13) 11 within 30 days after receiving a verified complaint alleging a violation of s. 19.45 (13), 12the person making the complaint may bring an action to recover the forfeiture under 13 s. 19.53 (6) on his or her relation in the name, and on behalf, of the state. In such 14actions, the court may award actual and necessary costs of prosecution, including 15reasonable attorney fees, to the relator if he or she prevails, but any forfeiture 16 recovered shall be paid to the state. If the court finds in any such action that the 17cause of action was frivolous as provided in s. 814.025, the court shall award costs 18 and fees to the defendant under that section.

19 SECTION 174. 19.59 (1) (br) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act
20 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

19.59 (1) (br) No local public official holding an elective office may, directly or
by means of an agent, give, or offer or promise to give, or withhold, or offer or promise
to withhold, his or her vote or influence, or promise to take or refrain from taking
official action with respect to any proposed or pending matter in consideration of, or
upon condition that, any other person make or refrain from making a political

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contribution, or provide or refrain from providing any service or other thing of value, 1 to or for the benefit of a candidate, a political party, any other person who is subject $\mathbf{2}$ 3 to a registration requirement under s. 11.05, or any person making a communication 4 that contains a reference to a clearly identified local public official holding an elective 5 office or to a candidate for local public office.

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SECTION 175. 19.59 (7) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109. 7 is repealed and recreated to read:

8 19.59 (7) (a) Any person who violates sub. (1) may be required to forfeit not 9 more than \$1,000 for each violation, and, if the court determines that the accused has 10 violated sub. (1) (br), the court may, in addition, order the accused to forfeit an 11 amount equal to the amount or value of any political contribution, service, or other 12thing of value that was wrongfully obtained.

13(b) Any person who violates sub. (1) may be required to forfeit not more than 14\$1,000 for each violation, and, if the court determines that a local public official has 15violated sub. (1) (br) and no political contribution, service, or other thing of value was 16 obtained, the court may, in addition, order the accused to forfeit an amount equal to 17the maximum contribution authorized under s. 11.26 (1) for the office held or sought by the official, whichever amount is greater. 18

19 20

SECTION 176. 19.59 (8) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

2119.59 (8) (c) If the district attorney fails to commence an action to enforce sub. 22(1) (a), (b), or (c) to (g) within 20 days after receiving a verified complaint or if the 23district attorney refuses to commence such an action, the person making the $\mathbf{24}$ complaint may petition the attorney general to act upon the complaint. The attorney general may then bring an action under par. (a) or (b), or both. 25

SECTION 177. 19.59 (8) (cm) and (cn) of the statutes, as created by 2001
 Wisconsin Act 109, are repealed and recreated to read:

19.59 (8) (cm) No complaint alleging a violation of sub. (1) (br) may be filed
during the period beginning 120 days before a general or spring election, or during
the period commencing on the date of the order of a special election under s. 8.50, and
ending on the date of that election, against a candidate who files a declaration of
candidacy to have his or her name appear on the ballot at that election.

8 (cn) If the district attorney refuses or otherwise fails to commence an action to 9 enforce sub. (1) (br) within 30 days after receiving a verified complaint alleging a 10 violation of sub. (1) (br), the person making the complaint may bring an action to 11 recover the forfeiture under sub. (7) on his of her relation in the name, and on behalf, of the state. In such actions, the court may award actual and necessary costs of 12prosecution, including reasonable attorney fees, to the relator if her or she prevails, 1314 but any forfeiture recovered shall be paid to the state. If the court finds in any such 15action that the cause of action was frivolous as provided in s. 814.025, the court shall 16 award costs and fees to the defendant under that section.

SECTION 178. 20.510 (1) (q) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act
109, is repealed and recreated to read:

19 20.510 (1) (q) Wisconsin election campaign fund. As a continuing 20 appropriation, from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, the moneys determined 21 under s. 11.50 to provide for payments to eligible candidates whose names are 22 certified under s. 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm) and to provide for public information as 23 authorized under s. 11.50 (2m).

24 **SECTION 179.** 20.855 (4) (ba) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	20.855 (4) (ba) Wisconsin election campaign fund supplement. A sum sufficient
2	equal to the amounts required to make full payment of grants which candidates
3	qualify to receive from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, to be transferred from
4	the general fund to the Wisconsin election campaign fund no later than the time
5	required to make payments of grants under s. 11.50 (5).
6	SECTION 180. 25.42 of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is
7	repealed and recreated to read:
8	25.42 Wisconsin election campaign fund. All moneys appropriated under
9	s. 20.855 (4) (b) and (ba) together with all moneys deposited under ss. 8.35 (4) (a),
10	11.07 (5), 11.12 (2), 11.16 (2), 11.19 (1), 11.23 (2), and 11.38 (6), all moneys reverting
11	to the state under s. 11.50 (8) and all gifts, and bequests and devises received under
12	s. 11.50 (13) constitute the Wisconsin election campaign fund, to be expended for the
13	purposes of s. 11.50. All moneys in the fund not disbursed by the state treasurer shall
14	continue to accumulate indefinitely.
15	SECTION 181. 71.07 (6s) of the statutes is repealed.
16	SECTION 182. 71.08 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
17	71.08 (1) IMPOSITION. (intro.) If the tax imposed on a natural person, married
18	couple filing jointly, trust, or estate under s. 71.02, not considering the credits under
19	ss. 71.07 (1), (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (2fd), (3m), (3s), (6),
20	and (9e), 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1ds), (1dx), (1fd), (2m) and (3), and
21	71.47 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1ds), (1dx), (1fd), (2m), and (3) and subchs. VIII
22	and IX and payments to other states under s. 71.07 (7), is less than the tax under this
23	section, there is imposed on that natural person, married couple filing jointly, trust,
24	or estate, instead of the tax under s. 71.02, an alternative minimum tax computed
25	as follows:

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SECTION 183. 71.10 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is repealed and recreated to read:

3 71.10 (3) CAMPAIGN. (a) Every individual filing an income tax return who has a tax liability or is entitled to a tax refund may designate \$5 for transfer to the 4 $\mathbf{5}$ Wisconsin election campaign fund. If the individuals filing a joint return have a tax 6 liability or are entitled to a tax refund, each individual may make a designation of 7 \$5 under this subsection. Each individual making a designation shall indicate 8 whether the amount designated by that individual shall be placed in the general 9 account for the use of all eligible candidates for state office, or in the account of an 10 eligible political party whose name is certified to the secretary of revenue under s. 11 11.50 (14). If an individual does not indicate that the amount of his or her designation shall be placed in the account of a particular eligible political party, that amount shall 1213be placed in the general account.

14 (b) The secretary of revenue shall provide a place for designations under par. 15(a) on the face of the individual income tax return and shall provide next to that place 16 a statement that a designation will not increase tax liability. The secretary shall also 17provide and highlight a place in the instructions that accompany the return for any 18 information submitted to the secretary by the elections board under s. 11.50 (2m) 19 without cost to the board. No later than the 15th day of each month, the secretary 20of revenue shall certify to the elections board, the department of administration, and 21the state treasurer the total amount of designations made on returns processed by 22the department of revenue during the preceding month and the amount of 23designations made during that month for the general account and for the account of each eligible political party. If any individual attempts to place any condition or 24

1	restriction upon a designation not authorized under par. (a), that individual is
2	deemed not to have made a designation on his or her tax return.
3	(c) The names of individuals making designations under this subchapter shall
4	be strictly confidential.
5	SECTION 184. 71.10 (4) (gw) of the statutes is repealed.
6	SECTION 185. 806.04 (11m) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act
7	109, is repealed and recreated to read:
8	806.04 (11m) CAMPAIGN FINANCE REGISTRATION. Any person who proposes to
9	publish, disseminate, or broadcast, or causes to be published, disseminated, or
10	broadcast, any communication may commence a proceeding under this section to
11	determine the application to that person of a registration requirement under s. 11.05
12	(1), (2), or (2g).
13	SECTION 186. 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section 9115 (2v), (2w), (2x) and (2y) are
14	repealed.
15	SECTION 187. 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section 9132 (4v) is repealed.
16	SECTION 188. 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section 9215 (3v) is repealed.
17	SECTION 189. 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section 9244 (6v) is repealed.
18	SECTION 190. 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section 9315 (2v) and (2w) are repealed.
19	SECTION 191. 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section 9344 (2v) is repealed.
20	SECTION 192. 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, section 9415 (1zx) is repealed.
21	SECTION 193. Nonstatutory provisions.
22	(1) NONSEVERABILITY. Notwithstanding section 990.001 (11) of the statutes, if
23	a court finds that all or any portion of sections 11.01 (16) (a) 3., 11.12 (6) (c), 11.26
24	(8m), or 11.50 (9) (b) or (bb) of the statutes, as affected by this act, is unconstitutional,

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1	then sections 11.01 (16) (a) 3., 11.12 (6) (c), 11.26 (8m), and 11.50 (9) (b) and (bb) of
2	the statutes, as affected by this act, are void in their entirety.
3	SECTION 194. Appropriation changes; elections board.
4	(1) In the schedule under section 20.005 (3) of the statutes for the appropriation
5	to the elections board under section 20.510 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by the
6	acts of 2003, the dollar amount is increased by \$76,100 for fiscal year 2003–04 and
7	the dollar amount is increased by \$85,100 for fiscal year 2005–06 to increase the
8	authorized FTE positions for the elections board by 1.0 GPR campaign finance
9	investigator position and 1.0 GPR auditor position and to fund supporting expenses
10	for these positions.
11	SECTION 195. Initial applicability.
12	(1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), this act first applies to
13	elections held on the day after publication.
14	(2) The treatment of section $71.10(3)(a)$ of the statutes first applies to claims
15	filed for taxable years beginning on January 1 of the year in which this subsection
16	takes effect, except that if this subsection takes effect after July 31 the treatment
17	first applies to claims filed for taxable years beginning on January 1 of the year
18	following the year in which this subsection takes effect.
19	(3) The treatment of section $11.31(9)$ of the statutes first applies to adjustments
20	for the biennium beginning on January 1, 2006.
21	SECTION 196. Effective date.
22	(1) This act takes effect on February 1, 2003, or on the day after publication,
23	whichever is later.
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(END)

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