



2005 ASSEMBLY BILL 91

February 8, 2005 – Introduced by Representatives GUNDRUM, BIES, KRAWCZYK, HINES, STONE, LOTHIAN, ALBERS, PRIDEMORE and VRAKAS. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

1 **AN ACT** *to amend* 800.095 (4) (b) 1. of the statutes; **relating to:** noncompliance
2 with a municipal court order.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, if a person is found guilty of violating a municipal ordinance, the municipal court may order the offender to pay a forfeiture, make restitution, pay any appropriate assessment, and pay the costs of prosecution, including court fees. If the offender agrees to do so, the court may order the person to perform community service work in lieu of making these payments. If the offender fails to comply with the court's order, the court may issue a warrant for the offender's arrest and require him or her to appear in court. When the offender does appear in court, current law allows the court to modify or suspend the order, order the person to perform community service work, or order the person imprisoned until the amount ordered is paid. The maximum term of imprisonment is 90 days, and the amount of the outstanding order is reduced by \$25 for each day of imprisonment.

This bill allows the municipal court, when ordering a term of imprisonment, to make that term consecutive with or concurrent to any other imprisonment to which the offender is currently serving.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

