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and

LRB-2676/2 SRM:bjk:rs

2009 SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 32

April 24, 2009 – Introduced by Senators Darling, Taylor, Miller and Lehman, cosponsored by Representatives Knodl, Kerkman, Berceau, Pope-Roberts, Townsend, Spanbauer, Bernard Schaber and Bies. Referred to Committee on Senate Organization.

1	Relating to: Proclaiming May 2, 2009, as Pediatric Stroke Awareness Day.
2	Whereas, a stroke, also known as a "cerebrovascular accident," is an acute
3	neurologic injury that occurs when the blood supply to a part of the brain is
4	interrupted by a clot in the artery or a burst of the artery; and
5	Whereas, a stroke is a medical emergency that can cause permanent neurologic
6	damage or even death if not promptly diagnosed and treated; and
7	Whereas, the risk of stroke in children is greatest in the first year of life,
8	particularly in the first month of life when neonatal stroke occurs in about one of
9	every 4,000 live births; and
10	Whereas, a baby can have a stroke before birth; and
11	Whereas, nearly six out of every 100,000 children have a stroke each year; and
12	Whereas, stroke is among the top ten causes of death for children in the United
13	States; and
14	Whereas, up to 25 percent of all children who experience a stroke die as a result;

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Whereas, stroke recurs in 20 percent of children who have experienced a prior stroke; and

Whereas, the death rate for children who experience a stroke before the age of one year is the highest out of all age groups; and

Whereas, more than half of children who experience a stroke will suffer serious, long-term neurological disabilities, including hemiplegia, which is paralysis of one side of the body; seizures; speech and vision problems; and learning difficulties; and

Whereas, those disabilities may require lifelong physical, occupational, and speech therapies, and surgeries; and

Whereas, the permanent health concerns and treatments resulting from strokes that occur during childhood and young adulthood have a considerable impact on children, families, and society; and

Whereas, very little is known about the cause, treatment, and prevention of pediatric stroke; and

Whereas, medical research is the only means by which the citizens of the United States can identify and develop effective treatment and prevention strategies for childhood stroke; and

Whereas, early diagnosis and treatment of pediatric stroke greatly improves the chances that the affected child will recover and not experience a recurrence; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, That the legislature designates May 2, 2009, as "Pediatric Stroke Awareness Day" and urges the people of Wisconsin to support the efforts, programs, services, and advocacy of

- organizations that work to enhance public and clinical awareness of prenatal,
- 2 neonatal, and childhood stroke.

3 (END)