

State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



2013 ASSEMBLY BILL 502

November 12, 2013 – Introduced by Representatives Severson, KNODL, KUGLITSCH, BERNIER, BROOKS, OHNSTAD, KOOYENGA, KERKMAN, JACQUE, NASS, T. LARSON, A. OTT, MURPHY and LEMAHIEU, cosponsored by Senators VUKMIR, DARLING, LAZICH, GROTHMAN, COWLES and LASSA. Referred to Committee on Health.

AN ACT to repeal 118.29 (1) (bm) and 118.29 (2) (a) 2m.; to amend 118.29 (2) (a) 3. and 450.11 (1); and to create 118.2925 and 448.03 (2) (q) of the statutes; relating to: the use of an epinephrine auto-injector on school premises or at a school-sponsored activity.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, certain school personnel who are authorized to do so by the school administrator, may administer an epinephrine auto-injector (a device designated to prevent or treat a life-threatening allergic reaction) to a pupil who appears to be experiencing a severe allergic reaction if the person who does so reports the allergic reaction dialing 911 as soon as practicable.

This bill eliminates this provision. Under the bill, the governing body of a public, private, or tribal school may adopt a plan for the management of pupils attending the school who have life-threatening allergies. The plan must be approved by a physician. If the governing body adopts a plan, it may authorize a school nurse, or designated school personnel who have received training specified in the school's plan, to do any of the following on a school premises or at a school-sponsored activity.

1. Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to a pupil to self-administer the auto-injector in accordance with a prescription specific to the pupil that is on file with the school nurse.

2. Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a pupil in accordance with a prescription specific to the pupil that is on file with the school nurse.

ASSEMBLY BILL 502

3. Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a pupil or other person who the school nurse or designated personnel believes is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the pupil or other person has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector.

The bill grants immunity from civil liability for a school and specified school personnel for injuries resulting from the administration or self-administration of epinephrine auto-injectors. The bill requires each school that has adopted a plan described above to report to the Department of Public Instruction each incident on school premises or at a school-sponsored activity that involved a severe allergic reaction or the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. 118.29 (1) (bm) of the statutes is repealed.
2	SECTION 2. 118.29 (2) (a) 2m. of the statutes is repealed.
3	SECTION 3. 118.29 (2) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	118.29 (2) (a) 3. Subject to sub. (4m), is immune from civil liability for his or
5	her acts or omissions in administering a nonprescription drug product or
6	prescription drug to a pupil under subd. 1., 2., 2m., or 2r. unless the act is in violation
7	of sub. (6) or the act or omission constitutes a high degree of negligence. This
8	subdivision does not apply to health care professionals.
9	SECTION 4. 118.2925 of the statutes is created to read:
10	118.2925 Life-threatening allergies in schools; use of epinephrine
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10 11	118.2925 Life-threatening allergies in schools; use of epinephrine auto-injectors. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:
10 11 12	 118.2925 Life-threatening allergies in schools; use of epinephrine auto-injectors. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section: (a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector
10 11 12 13	 118.2925 Life-threatening allergies in schools; use of epinephrine auto-injectors. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section: (a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector to a person's body.
10 11 12 13 14	 118.2925 Life-threatening allergies in schools; use of epinephrine auto-injectors. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section: (a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector to a person's body. (b) "Advanced practice nurse prescriber" means an advanced practice nurse

ASSEMBLY BILL 502

training specified in the plan adopted by the governing body of the school in sub. (2)
(a).

3 (d) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a device used for the automatic
4 injection of epinephrine into the human body to prevent or treat a life-threatening
5 allergic reaction.

- 6 (e) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery under7 ch. 448.
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(f) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed under s. 448.04 (1) (f).

9 (g) "School" means a public, private, or tribal school.

10 (h) "Self-administer" means to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to11 one's own body.

(2) SCHOOL PLAN. (a) The governing body of a school may adopt a plan for the
management of pupils attending the school who have life-threatening allergies. If
the governing body of a school does so, it shall specify in the plan the training
necessary to perform the activities under sub. (4). The governing body of a school
may not adopt a plan unless it has been approved by a physician.

(b) The governing body of a school that has adopted a plan under par. (a) shall
make the plan available on the governing body's Internet site or the Internet site of
each school under its jurisdiction or, if an Internet site does not exist, give a copy of
the plan to any person upon request.

(3) PRESCRIPTIONS FOR SCHOOLS. A physician, an advanced practice nurse
prescriber, or a physician assistant may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the
name of a school that has adopted a plan under sub. (2) (a), to be maintained by the
school for use under sub. (4).

2013 - 2014 Legislature

ASSEMBLY BILL 502

(4) Use of Epinephrine Auto-injectors. The governing body of a school that 1 $\mathbf{2}$ has adopted a plan under sub. (2) (a) may authorize a school nurse or designated 3 school personnel to do any of the following on school premises or at a school-sponsored activity: 4

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5 (a) Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to a pupil to self-administer the 6 epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with a prescription specific to the pupil that 7 is on file with the school nurse.

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(b) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a pupil in accordance with a 9 prescription specific to the pupil that is on file with the school nurse.

10 (c) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a pupil or other person who the 11 school nurse or designated school personnel in good faith believes is experiencing 12anaphylaxis in accordance with a standing protocol from a physician, an advanced 13practice nurse prescriber, or a physician assistant, regardless of whether the pupil 14 or other person has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector.

15(5) IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY: EXEMPTION FROM PRACTICE OF MEDICINE. A 16 school and its designated school personnel, and a physician, advanced practice nurse 17prescriber, or physician assistant who provides a prescription or standing protocol 18 for school epinephrine auto-injectors, are not liable for any injury that results from 19 the administration or self-administration of an epinephrine auto-injector under 20this section, regardless of whether authorization was given by the pupil's parent or 21guardian or by the pupil's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice nurse 22prescriber, unless the injury is the result of an act or omission that constitutes gross 23negligence or willful or wanton misconduct. The immunity from liability provided $\mathbf{24}$ under this subsection is in addition to and not in lieu of that provided under s. 895.48.

2013 – 2014 Legislature – 5 –

ASSEMBLY BILL 502

1	(6) REPORTS. (a) The governing body of a school that has adopted a plan under
2	sub. (2) (a) shall submit to the department, on a form developed by the department,
3	a report of each incident on school premises or at a school-sponsored activity that
4	involved a severe allergic reaction or the administration of an epinephrine
5	auto-injector.
6	(b) The department shall annually publish a report that summarizes and
7	analyzes all reports submitted to the department under par. (a) in the previous school
8	year.
9	SECTION 5. 448.03 (2) (q) of the statutes is created to read:
10	448.03 (2) (q) The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in
11	accordance with s. 118.2925.
12	SECTION 6. 450.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	450.11 (1) DISPENSING. No person may dispense any prescribed drug or device
14	except upon the prescription order of a practitioner. All prescription orders shall
15	specify the date of issue, the name and address of the practitioner, the name and
16	quantity of the drug product or device prescribed, directions for the use of the drug
17	product or device, the symptom or purpose for which the drug is being prescribed if
18	required under sub. (4) (a) 8., and, if the order is written by the practitioner, the
19	signature of the practitioner. Except as provided in s. ss. 118.2925 (3) and 448.035
20	(2), all prescription orders shall also specify the name and address of the patient. <u>A</u>
21	prescription order issued under s. 118.2925 (3) shall specify the name and address
22	of the school. Any oral prescription order shall be immediately reduced to writing
23	by the pharmacist and filed according to sub. (2).

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(END)