

State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



2013 ASSEMBLY BILL 536

November 25, 2013 – Introduced by Representatives Hutton, Sargent, August, Ballweg, Berceau, Bewley, Craig, Czaja, Kapenga, Kessler, Kleefisch, Knudson, Kooyenga, Murphy, Nass, Ohnstad, Sanfelippo, Sinicki, Thiesfeldt, Tittl, Vruwink and Wachs, cosponsored by Senators Grothman and Lehman. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

1	AN ACT to amend 134.43 (3), 968.27 (10) and 995.50 (7); and to create 968.373
2	and 968.375 (4) (c) of the statutes; relating to: prohibition on tracking the
3	location of a cellular telephone by law enforcement without a warrant.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law limits certain interceptions of communications and the use of pen register or trap and trace devices. This bill prohibits, with certain exceptions, law enforcement officers from tracking the location of a cellular telephone or other wireless communications device without first obtaining from a court a warrant authorizing the action. This bill also creates a process by which a law enforcement officer may apply to a court for such a warrant.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. 134.43 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
 134.43 (3) Any person who is the victim of an intrusion of privacy under this
 section is entitled to relief under s. 995.50 (1) and (4) unless the act is permissible
- 7 under ss. 968.27 to 968.37 <u>968.373</u>.

2013 - 2014 Legislature

ASSEMBLY BILL 536

SECTION 2. 968.27 (10) of the statutes is amended to read: 1 2 968.27 (10) "Investigative or law enforcement officer" means any officer of this 3 state or political subdivision thereof, who is empowered by the laws of this state to 4 conduct investigations of or to make arrests for offenses enumerated in ss. 968.28 to 968.37 violations of the laws that he or she is employed to enforce, and any attorney 5 6 authorized by law to prosecute or participate in the prosecution of those offenses. 7 **SECTION 3.** 968.373 of the statutes is created to read: 8 968.373 Warrant to track a communications device. (1) DEFINITION. In 9 this section, "communications device" includes any wireless or mobile device that 10 transmits wire or electronic communications. 11 (2) PROHIBITION. Except as provided in sub. (8), no investigative or law enforcement officer may identify or track the location of a communications device 1213without first obtaining a warrant under sub. (4). 14(3) APPLICATION FOR WARRANT. Upon the request of a district attorney or the

14 (3) APPLICATION FOR WARRANT. Opon the request of a district attorney or the 15 attorney general, an investigative or law enforcement officer may apply to a judge 16 for a warrant to authorize a person to identify or track the location of a 17 communications device. The application shall be under oath or affirmation, may be 18 in writing or oral, and may be based upon personal knowledge or information and 19 belief. In the application, the investigative or law enforcement officer shall do all of 10 the following:

21

(a) Identify the communications device.

22

(b) Identify, if known, the owners or possessors of the communications device.

23 (c) Identify, if known, the person who is the subject of the investigation.

24 (d) Provide a statement of the criminal offense to which the information likely25 to be obtained relates.

2013 - 2014 Legislature

ASSEMBLY BILL 536

1 (e) Provide a statement that sets forth facts and circumstances that provide 2 probable cause to believe the criminal activity has been, is, or will be in progress and 3 that identifying or tracking the communications device will yield information 4 relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation.

5 (4) WARRANT. A judge shall issue a warrant authorizing a person to identify or 6 track the location of a communications device if the judge finds that the application 7 satisfies the requirements under sub. (3). A warrant issued under this subsection 8 may not authorize the action for a period that exceeds 60 days. A judge may extend 9 the authorized period upon the request of the attorney general or a district attorney 10 if the request satisfies the requirements under sub. (3). Each extension may not 11 exceed 60 days but there is no limit on the number of extensions a judge may grant.

12(4m) SECRECY. A warrant under sub. (4) shall be issued with all practicable 13 secrecy and the request, application, or other information upon which the warrant 14is based may not be filed with the clerk or made public until the warrant has been 15executed and returned to the court. The judge may issue an order sealing the 16 application, request, or other information upon which the warrant is based. The 17judge may issue an order prohibiting any person who has been ordered by the judge to provide assistance to the applicant from disclosing the existence of the warrant or 18 19 of the investigation to any other person unless ordered by a judge.

(5) ASSISTANCE. Upon the request of the attorney general, a district attorney,
or a law enforcement agency authorized by a warrant issued under sub. (4) to track
or identify the location of a communications device, the court shall order a provider
of electronic communication service or other person to provide to an investigative or
law enforcement officer information, facilities, and technical assistance to identify
or track the location of the communications device. A person who is ordered under

- 3 -

2013 – 2014 Legislature

ASSEMBLY BILL 536

this subsection to provide assistance shall be compensated for the reasonable
 expenses incurred.

3 (6) CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION. (a) Information obtained under this
4 section regarding the location of a communications device is not subject to the right
5 of inspection and copying under s. 19.35 (1).

6 (b) The attorney general, a law enforcement agency, or a district attorney that 7 obtains under this section information regarding the location of a communications 8 device, or evidence derived from the information, shall destroy any information or 9 evidence derived from it if the trial court reaches final disposition for all charges in 10 connection with the investigation that was the subject of the warrant under sub. (4) 11 and no person was adjudged guilty of a crime in connection with the investigation.

(c) Information regarding the location of a communications device that is
obtained under this section may be disclosed to other investigative or law
enforcement officers.

(6m) RETURN. A warrant issued under sub. (4) shall be returned, including in
the form of a summary description of the information received, to the court not later
than 5 days after the records or information described in the warrant are received
by the attorney general, district attorney, or law enforcement agency, whichever is
designated in the warrant.

(7) DEFENSE AND IMMUNITY. (a) A person on whom a warrant issued under sub.
(4) is served is immune from civil liability for acts or omissions in providing records
or information, facilities, or assistance in accordance with the terms of the warrant.

(b) A person who discloses the location of a communications device under sub.
(8) (b) is immune from civil liability for the acts or omissions in making the disclosure
in accordance with sub. (8) (b).

2013 – 2014 Legislature

ASSEMBLY BILL 536

1	(c) No cause of action may arise against any provider of electronic
2	communication service, or its officers, employees, or agents or other persons specified
3	in the court order under sub. (5), for providing information, facilities, or assistance
4	in accordance with the terms of a court order under sub. (5).
5	(7m) TECHNICAL IRREGULARITIES. Evidence disclosed under a warrant issued
6	under sub. (4) may not be suppressed because of technical irregularities or errors not
7	affecting the substantial rights of the defendant.
8	(8) EXCEPTION. (a) The prohibition in sub. (2) does not apply to an investigative
9	or law enforcement officer who identifies or tracks the location of a communications
10	device if any of the following applies:
11	1. The customer or subscriber provides consent for the action.
12	2. An emergency involving danger of death or serious physical injury to any
13	person exists and identifying or tracking the location of the communications device
14	is relevant to preventing the death or injury or to mitigating the injury.
15	(b) A provider of electronic communication service may disclose the location of
16	a communications device without a warrant if any of the following applies:
17	1. The customer or subscriber provides consent for the particular disclosure.
18	2. The provider of electronic communication service believes in good faith that
19	an emergency involving the danger of death or serious physical injury to any person
20	exists and that disclosure of the location is relevant to preventing the death or injury
21	or to mitigating the injury.
22	(8m) JURISDICTION. For purposes of this section, a person is considered to be
23	doing business in this state and is subject to service and execution of process from
24	this state, if the person makes a contract with or engages in a terms of service

agreement with any other person, whether or not the other person is a resident of this

- 5 -

2013 – 2014 Legislature

ASSEMBLY BILL 536

state, and any part of the performance of the contract or provision of service takes
 place within this state on any occasion.

3 (9) SEIZURE. Any device used in violation of sub. (2) may be seized as contraband
4 by any law enforcement officer and forfeited to this state in an action under s.
5 973.075.

6 SECTION 4. 968.375 (4) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

968.375 (4) (c) A record or information that identifies the location of a device
used to transmit electronic or wire communications.

9 SECTION 5. 995.50 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

995.50 (7) No action for invasion of privacy may be maintained under this
section if the claim is based on an act which is permissible under ss. 196.63 or 968.27
to 968.37 968.373.

13

SECTION 6. Initial applicability.

14 (1) This act first applies to information regarding the location of a15 communications device obtained on the effective date of this subsection.

16

(END)