

State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



2013 ASSEMBLY BILL 607

- January 7, 2014 Introduced by Representatives C. TAYLOR, RINGHAND, KAHL, BARNES, BERCEAU, BERNARD SCHABER, GENRICH, HEBL, KOLSTE, MASON, OHNSTAD, POPE, SARGENT, SHANKLAND, SINICKI and WACHS, cosponsored by Senators Miller, RISSER and L. TAYLOR. Referred to Committee on Consumer Protection.
- 1
 AN ACT to renumber 100.335 (2) and 100.335 (3); to renumber and amend

 2
 100.335 (1); to amend 100.335 (title), 100.335 (4) (b), 100.335 (4) (c), 100.335

 3
 (4) (d), 100.335 (5) and 100.335 (6); and to create 100.335 (1) (b), 100.335 (2)

 4
 (title), 100.335 (3m), 100.335 (4) (title) and 100.335 (7) (title) of the statutes;

 5
 relating to: manufacture and sale of food and beverage containers that contain

 6
 bisphenol A and providing penalties.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law prohibits a person from manufacturing or selling at wholesale a "child's container," which is defined as an empty baby bottle or spill-proof cup for use by a child who is three years or younger, that contains bishpenol A (BPA). In addition, a manufacturer or wholesaler of a child's container must ensure that the container is conspicuously labeled as not containing BPA. Current law also requires a retail seller to ensure that a child's container is so labelled, and prohibits a retail seller from selling a child's container that contains BPA. The foregoing requirements do not apply to the sale of a used child's container. Current law allows the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (DATCP) to commence actions to restrain violations of the foregoing requirements. In addition, DATCP is authorized to order manufacturers, wholesalers, and retail sellers to recall child containers sold in violation of the requirements. A manufacturer or wholesaler who violates the requirements is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$100 and not more

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than \$10,000 for each violation, and is also subject to a fine of not more than \$5,000, imprisonment for not more than one year in the county jail, or both. A retail seller who violates the requirements is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$50 and not more than \$200 for each violation. If a court imposes a forfeiture or fine, current law requires the court to also impose a surcharge equal to 50 percent of the forfeiture or fine, which is appropriated to DATCP for enforcing and administering the foregoing requirements.

This bill creates additional requirements for food containers that contain BPA. The bill defines "food container" as any container in which any food or beverage is intended to be enclosed for retail sale of the food or beverage. The bill prohibits the manufacture or wholesale of food containers that contain BPA unless the manufacturer or wholesaler ensures that the food container is conspicuously labeled as containing BPA. The bill also prohibits a person from selling food or beverage at retail in a container that contains BPA unless the container is conspicuously labeled as containing BPA. The bill's requirements do not apply to sales of used food containers.

As with violations of child container requirements under current law, the bill authorizes DATCP to commence actions to restrain violations of the bill and to issue recall orders. Manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers who violate the bill are subject to the forfeitures under current law that apply to violations of the child container requirements. However, the bill does not subject manufacturers or wholesalers to fines or imprisonment. If a court imposes a forfeiture under the bill, the court must also impose a 50 percent surcharge, which is appropriated to DATCP for enforcing and administering both the child container requirements under current law and the food container requirements under the bill.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. 100.335 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	100.335 (title) Child's containers containing Containers and bisphenol
3	A.
4	SECTION 2. 100.335 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 100.335 (1) (intro.) and
5	amended to read:
6	100.335 (1) <u>DEFINITIONS.</u> (intro.) In this section, "child's:

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1	(a) "Child's container" means an empty baby bottle or spill-proof cup primarily
2	intended by the manufacturer for use by a child 3 years of age or younger.
3	SECTION 3. 100.335 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
4	100.335 (1) (b) "Food container" means any container in which any food or
5	beverage is intended to be enclosed for retail sale of the food or beverage.
6	SECTION 4. 100.335 (2) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
7	100.335 (2) (title) CHILD'S CONTAINER.
8	SECTION 5. 100.335 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 100.335 (2) (am).
9	SECTION 6. 100.335 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 100.335 (2) (bm).
10	SECTION 7. 100.335 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:
11	100.335 (3m) FOOD CONTAINERS. (a) No person may manufacture or sell, or offer
12	for sale, at wholesale in this state a food container that contains bisphenol A unless
13	the person ensures that the food container is conspicuously labeled as containing
14	bisphenol A.
15	(b) No person may sell, or offer for sale, food or beverage at retail in a food
16	container that contains bisphenol A unless the food container is conspicuously
17	labeled as containing bisphenol A.
18	SECTION 8. 100.335 (4) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
19	100.335 (4) (title) ENFORCEMENT.
20	SECTION 9. 100.335 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	100.335 (4) (b) The department or a district attorney may commence an action
22	in the name of the state to recover a forfeiture to the state of not less than \$100 nor
23	more than \$10,000 for each violation of sub. (2) (am) or (3m) (a). A person who
24	violates sub. (2) (am) may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more
25	than one year in the county jail or both.

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1	SECTION 10. 100.335 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	100.335 (4) (c) The department or a district attorney may commence an action
3	in the name of the state to recover a forfeiture to the state of not less than \$50 nor
4	more than \$200 for each violation of sub. (3) (2) (bm) or (3m) (b).
5	SECTION 11. 100.335 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	100.335 (4) (d) For purposes of this subsection, each child's container or food
7	container manufactured, sold, or offered for sale in violation of this section
8	constitutes a separate violation.
9	SECTION 12. 100.335 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	100.335 (5) ORDERS. The department may, after notice and opportunity for
11	hearing under s. 93.18, order a manufacturer or seller of a child's container or food
12	<u>container</u> in violation of this section to recall the container or to repair any defects
13	in a container that has been sold. No person may refuse to comply with an order
14	under this subsection.
15	SECTION 13. 100.335 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	100.335 (6) <u>EXEMPTION.</u> This section does not apply to the sale of a used child's
17	container <u>or food container</u> .
18	SECTION 14. 100.335 (7) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
19	100.335 (7) (title) SURCHARGE.
20	SECTION 15. Effective date.
21	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after
22	publication.
23	(END)

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(END)